COMPAQ

Presario

Mobile Internet PC Beyond Setup Guide 1800 Series

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Glossary

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Introduction

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Where Can I Find Information?, 1-2

Symbols and Graphics, 1-4

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Congratulations! As the owner of a new Presario Notebook computer, you have joined the world-wide community of mobile computer users. Once your Notebook is set up and connected to the Internet, you can explore vast regions of information, entertainment, and services online.

The *Beyond Setup Guide* is designed for both experienced computer users and beginners. This easy-to-scan guide helps you find the information you want as quickly as possible. It's also designed to familiarize you with the following:

- Features you'll want to try during the first few days or weeks
- Keeping your Notebook running smoothly
- Solving common problems as they occur



Where Can I Find Information?

This section describes the documentation that came in the box with your new Notebook.



See also

The Compaq Web site is available worldwide. As you explore the Internet, stop at the following address for information about products, services, and special offers:

www.compaq.com



Did you know...

The Beyond Setup Guide is also available on the Compaq Web site:

www.compaq.com/mypresario

Printed Documents

Your new Presario Notebook computer came with printed documents containing helpful reference information. If you have access to the Internet, you can also view these and other documents on the Compaq Web site at www.compaq.com/mypresario.

Note: Additional documents to those described here may vary per region.

Easy Setup Poster

This poster shows you how to set up your Notebook. When you finish, fold the poster and store it with your documents for future use. For more information about the hardware that came with your new Notebook, refer to "Your Notebook at a Glance" later in this guide.

Beyond Setup Guide

This easy-to-scan guide explains how to set up your Notebook and get acquainted with its features. It also introduces:

- Common computer tasks
- The Internet
- Notebook maintenance
- Solutions for computer problems
- Compaq service and support tools

Safety and Comfort Guide

This document explains how to protect your equipment from damage, protect yourself from injury, and ensure your comfort while using your Notebook.

Warranty Certificate

The warranty details the Compaq commitment to service during the warranty period. Keep the warranty certificate in a safe place for future reference.

Presario Operating System Manual

The *Presario Operating System Manual* explains how to communicate with your Notebook using the Microsoft[®] Windows[®] operating system. It also introduces:

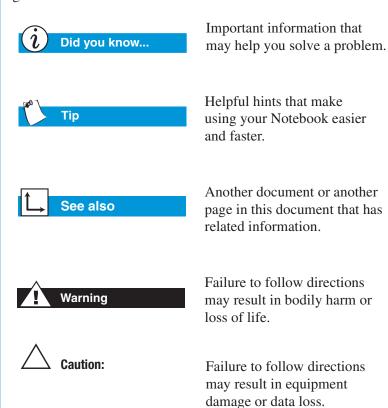
- File Management, which covers creating, saving, deleting, renaming, and moving files
- Customizing the Windows desktop
- Using the Windows online Help

Note: The illustrations shown and the features described in this document may differ slightly from your Presario Notebook computer.

Symbols and Graphics

Symbols

The following words and symbols have special meaning in this guide and in the electronic documentation:



Graphics

The illustrations shown and the features described in this document may differ slightly from your Presario Notebook computer.

Safety



Warning

To reduce the risk of electric shock and damage to the equipment, read the Safety and Comfort document.



Did you know...

To protect your equipment from power surges, plug all power cords into a high-quality surge protector. If you have a dedicated telephone line for the modem, buy a surge protector with a telephone jack.



Tip

After your Notebook is safely disconnected from AC power and the phone line, you can run your Notebook on battery power.

Disconnecting Your Notebook from the Power Source

To shut down your Notebook properly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Close all open programs.
- On the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, then click **Shut Down...** The Shut Down Windows dialog box is displayed.
- 3. Select the **Shut Down** option.

Note: If the Notebook does not turn off automatically, then press and hold the **Power** button until it shuts down.

4. Unplug the power cord from the wall outlet and unplug the modem line from the wall jack.

Protecting Your Notebook During an Electrical Storm

During an electrical storm, you should take the following precautions to protect your Notebook from damage. You should immediately disconnect your Notebook from the power source.

- If you are not using a surge protector, unplug all power cords from the wall outlets.
- Disconnect your Notebook from the wall outlets.
- Turn off the power button on all surge protectors.
- If a telephone line from your Notebook is plugged directly into the wall jack (without going through a surge protector), unplug the line from the wall jack.

Your Notebook at a Glance



In This Chapter

Front of Your Presario Notebook, 2-2

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Before you begin using your new Presario Notebook computer, you'll want to look at some of the basic components.



To open your Notebook, slide the **1 Display Release Latches** forward and gently lift the lid.

Front of Your Presario Notebook

Open your Notebook and take a look at these components:

- Common Features
- Internet Zone Buttons and Lights
- Function Keys
- Status Display and CD/DVD Controls



See also

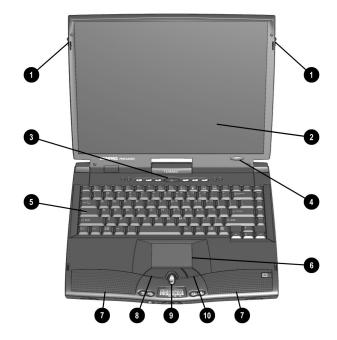
"Turning Your Notebook On and Off" later in this guide to learn more about how to start and shut down your Notebook.



See also

"TouchPad" later in this guide for more information on using the TouchPad.

Common Features



- Display Release Latch
- 2 Display
- O Power Button
- Model Number
- 6 Keyboard

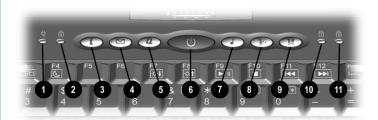
- TouchPad
- Speakers
- 8 Left TouchPad Button
- Scroll Up/Down Button
- Right TouchPad Button



See also

"Reprogramming Your Internet Zone Buttons" in Chapter 3 of this guide to learn how to program the Internet zone buttons to suit your needs.

Internet Zone Buttons and Lights



- AC Adapter Light
- Caps Lock Light
- Instant Internet Access Button
- 4 Instant E-mail Button
- Power Button

- Digital Audio Button
- Entertainment Button
- Retail Central Button
- Num Lock Light

Note: Before using these buttons, you must have access to the Internet.

	-	
Button	Button Description	Default Button Action
i	Instant Internet Access	Provides your daily start point to the Internet. It connects you to a personalized Web page filled with local weather, news, sports, and financial information.
	Instant E-mail	Provides you with one-touch access for sending and reading your e-mail.
Q	My Presario	Connects instantly to Compaq for product information, helpful hints, performance updates, service, and more.
J	Digital Audio	Launches Rioport Audio Manager to play MP3 music.
	Entertainment	Launches the lcast Web site which provides up-to-date entertainment information.
	Retail Central	Provides instant connection to your computer store and a variety of leading consumer companies.
(Fn+F1)	Favorite Program Launch	Launches the My Presario Web site. Can be reprogrammed to launch any application or Web site.
(Fn+F2)	Favorite Program Launch	Launches the lcast Web site. Can be reprogrammed to launch any application or Web site.

Function Keys



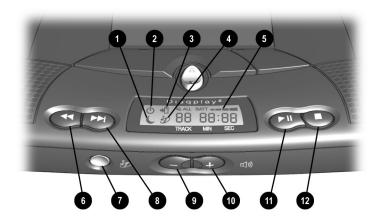
The following keys are assigned:



To access these features, press and hold down the Fn key, press the numbered function key, and then release both keys simultaneously.

Button	Description	
F1	User-programmable favorite program launch key	
F2	User-programmable favorite program launch key	
F3	Switches between the display and external monitor in the following order: Display External Monitor Display and External Monitor TV-Out	
F4	Sleep	
F5	None	
F6	None	
F7	Brightness control down	
F8	Brightness control up	
F9	CD or DVD play/pause	
F10	CD or DVD stop	
F11	CD or DVD previous track	
F12	CD or DVD next track	

Status Display and CD/DVD Controls



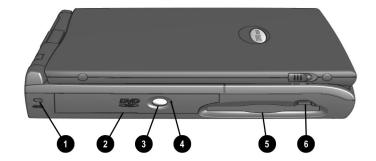
- Sleep Status Icon
- Power Status Icon
- **3** Battery Charging Status Icon
- Disqplay² Status Icon
- 6 Battery Gauge
- **6** Previous Track Button

- Disqplay² On/Off Button
- Next Track Button
- Volume Down Button
- Volume Up Button
- Play/Pause Button
- Stop Button

Left and Right Panels

Take a look at the left and right sides of your Notebook. This is where the CD or DVD drive, diskette drive, battery and PC Card slot are located.

Components on Left Side



- Security Slot
- CD or DVD Drive
- 3 CD or DVD Eject Button
- 4 CD or DVD Manual Eject Hole
- 6 Diskette Drive
- 6 Diskette Eject Button



See also

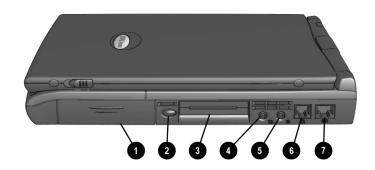
"Inserting the Battery" in Chapter 3 of this guide for more information about the battery.



Did you know...

PC Cards are credit card-sized removable options that expand the capability of your Notebook.

Components on Right Side



- Battery Compartment
- PC Card Eject Button
- PC Card Slot (Type I, II, or III)
- 4 Headphone Jack

- Microphone Jack
- Modem Port
- Ethernet Port

Back Panel

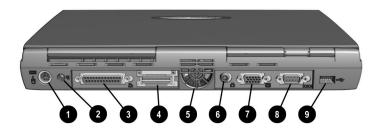
Take a look at the back of your Notebook. This is where you connect external hardware such as a printer, mouse, or external monitor.



See also

"Attaching Hardware Devices" later in this guide for more information on attaching external devices.

Components on Back



- Mouse/Keyboard Connector
- AC Adapter Connector
- Printer/Parallel Port
- QuikDock Connector
- **6** Fan Vent

- TV-Out Connector
- External Monitor (VGA) Port
- Serial Port
- O USB Port

Underside

Here's what's on the underside of your Notebook. This is where the memory compartment and the pop-up feet are located.



Tip

Before calling Compaq Customer Support you will need the serial number from the underside of your Notebook.

Components on Underside



- Pop-Up Feet
- Model and Serial Number
- Memory Compartment
- Speaker Ports

QuikDock

With the QuikDock you can create a permanent work space, or "dock" for your Notebook, complete with external monitor, keyboard, mouse, and printer.



Did you know...

QuikDock is an option that can be purchased separately for your Notebook.

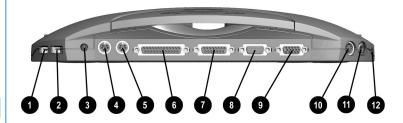


See also

QuikDock is an option that can be purchased separately for your Notebook. See the Options Catalog icon on the desktop for more information. The catalog is only available in selected areas. See your Compaq authorized retailer for details.

QuikDock Features

The QuikDock provides external ports for various connectors, allowing you to dock and remove your Notebook while your hardware devices remain connected to the QuikDock. The illustration and table below show where to connect external devices to the QuikDock.



- USB
- USB
- AC Adapter
- Mouse
- 6 Keyboard
- O Printer

- Game/Midi
- Serial
- Monitor
- S-Video
- Composite TV-Out
- Audio Line Out

Using Your Notebook



In This Chapter

Power On!, 3-2

TouchPad, 3-6

Display Options, 3-9

Storage Drives, 3-12

Security, 3-13

Your Presario Notebook computer is designed for easy setup, use, and upgrading. In this chapter, you'll become familiar with using your Notebook's features.



Power On!

This section helps you get your Notebook set up and running.

- Plugging and Unplugging AC Power
- Turning Your Notebook On and Off
- Using Battery Power
- **Optimizing Processor** Speed



See also

The Easy Setup Poster and the "Government Approvals" section in the Safety and Comfort Guide for worldwide power cord information.



Warning

To reduce the risk of electrical shock, fire, or damage to the equipment, do not use converter kits sold for appliances to power your Notebook. Use only the Compaq adapter that came with your Notebook or a Compaq replacement part.

Plugging and Unplugging AC Power

Do's

- Ensure that you can reach the electrical outlet easily.
- Unplug the AC adapter from the electrical outlet when you want to disconnect AC power from your Notebook.



To unplug from the electrical outlet, grasp the cord by the plug.

Don'ts

- Do not leave the AC adapter plugged into the electrical outlet when it is not connected to your Notebook.
- Do not place anything on power cords or cables. Arrange them so that no one accidentally steps on or trips over them.

Surge Protectors

Using surge protectors and line conditioners can substantially reduce the risk of electrical shock and aid in protecting your Notebook from power-source problems.

During a power surge, the voltage level of electricity coming into your Notebook can increase and cause data loss or system damage. Protect your Notebook and peripherals by connecting them to a surge suppressor, which absorbs voltage surges and prevents them from reaching your Notebook.



Caution: High voltages can enter your Notebook through the phone line connected to the modem. To protect your Notebook during electrical storms, use a telephone line surge protector.

Why Use AC Power When I've Got a Battery?

When you're not on the go, you'll want to use your Notebook's AC adapter to supply power. This ensures that the battery is always charged.

When your Notebook does not have a charged battery, you should save your work and turn off your Notebook before unplugging it from the AC power supply.

Turning Your Notebook On and Off

To turn on your Notebook, press the **Power** \bigcirc button, which is located at the top of the keyboard.

To turn off your Notebook properly, complete the following steps:



- 1. Save your work and exit all open programs.
- 2. Click the **Start** button, then click **Shut Down**, and select the **Shut down** option.
- 3. Click the **OK** button. After a few seconds, your Notebook will turn off.

Note: If your Notebook is not responding, press and hold down the **Power** \bigcirc button until your Notebook shuts down.

Power Button Functionality

When your Notebook is on, pressing the **Power** \bigcirc button places your Notebook in Hibernation mode. The settings for the Power button are as follows:

- Press and release once to enter Hibernation mode
- Press and hold down to shut down your Notebook

Note: You should only press and hold down the **Power** button to shut down your Notebook if it is locked up or not responding. Compaq does not recommend that you turn off your Notebook using this method under normal circumstances. To turn off your Notebook properly, refer to the procedure above.



Did you know...

When a charged battery is in your Notebook, you can simply unplug it from AC power. Your Notebook automatically switches to battery power.



Did you know...

Hibernation is a state of no-power consumption.
When your Notebook enters this mode, the contents of the memory are saved to the hard disk and your Notebook is powered off.



Warning

Your Notebook contains a lithium ion battery pack. Improper handling of the battery pack can result in fire and chemical burns. Do not disassemble, crush, puncture, short external contacts, dispose of in water or fire, or expose it to temperatures higher than 60° C (140° F). Replace only with the Compaq battery pack specified for your Notebook.



See also

"Caring For Your Battery" later in this guide.



Did you know...

The battery charges whether your Notebook is on or off. It continues charging until the battery is fully charged or the AC power is disconnected.



Tir

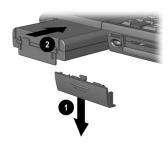
If you will not be using your Notebook for an extended period of time, Compaq recommends that you unplug the electrical cord from the outlet and remove the battery while your Notebook is not in use.

Using Battery Power

Inserting the Battery

To insert your battery into the battery compartment, complete the following steps:

1. Push down **1** on the battery compartment door to remove the door.



- 2. Insert ② the new battery into the battery compartment with the label side turned up.
- 3. Close the battery compartment door by gently pushing up on the door until it snaps into place.

Charging the Battery

To charge the battery, insert the battery in the battery compartment and connect your Notebook to AC power. Leave your Notebook plugged into the electrical outlet until the **Battery Charging** icon is no longer displayed. This ensures that the battery is fully charged.



Optimizing Processor Speed

(available on select models)

Some Presario Notebook models use the Pentium® III Processor featuring Intel® SpeedStepTM Technology. This technology gives you the capability to optimize your Notebook's processor speeds based on the power source in use.

The default SpeedStep icons for each power source are listed below:



Did you know...

When maximum performance is selected, the processor operates at full (100%) speed. When battery optimized mode is selected, the processor operates at approximately 80% of the maximum performance mode.



The checkered flag icon in the system tray on the Windows taskbar indicates External AC Power and Maximum Performance.



The non-checkered flag icon in the system tray on the Windows taskbar indicates Battery Optimized Performance.

To change the setting for either power source, AC or battery, right-click the **SpeedStep** icon in the **System Tray** and select either **Battery Optimized Performance** or Maximum Performance.



TouchPad

In this section you'll learn how to select, click and double-click with the TouchPad:

- Using the TouchPad Instead of a Mouse
- Tapping and Double-Tapping
- Edge Motion



See also

"Caring for Your Presario Notebook" later in this guide for tips on keeping your TouchPad clean.



See also

"Attaching Hardware Devices" later in this guide to learn how to attach an external mouse.

Using the TouchPad Instead of a Mouse

Just like the mouse, the TouchPad lets you draw lines or point to items on the Windows desktop. Try dragging the pointer across the screen by gently dragging your finger across the TouchPad.



Left-Click

To left-click, press the **Left** TouchPad button. It is located directly below the TouchPad. The left TouchPad button works as the select or drag button. To double-click an item, move the pointer over the item and press the left TouchPad button twice in rapid succession.

Right-Click

The right TouchPad button works as the context menu or special drag button. Press the **Right** TouchPad button to get context-sensitive options.

Scroll Button

The Scroll button is the equivalent of the up and down buttons of the scroll bar on the side of your screen. To view other areas of a document or browser window, press the **Scroll** button in the desired direction.

Note: The Scroll button is only functional with some software applications.



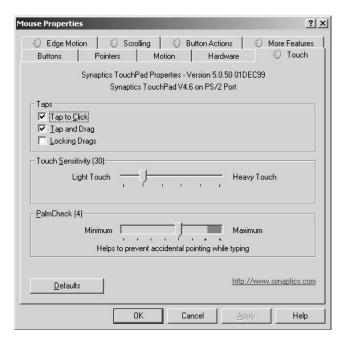
To get additional help for setting advanced TouchPad features, click the Dutton or select **Help** from the Mouse Properties dialog box.



To help prevent accidental pointing while typing, drag the PalmCheck slider towards maximum.

Tapping and Double-Tapping

Your TouchPad has a Tapping feature that works like the left mouse button. If enabled, you can tap once on the TouchPad to select an object and tap twice to double-click.

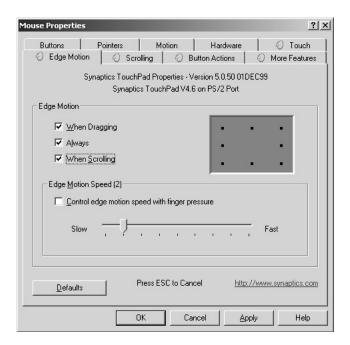


To turn on the tapping feature, complete the following steps:

- 1. From the Windows desktop, click **Start**, point to **Settings**, and then click **Control Panel**.
- 2. Double-click the **Mouse** dialog box.
- 3. Select the **Touch** tab and click the **Tap to Click** check box to turn on the tapping feature.
- 4. Click **OK** to accept the changes and close the dialog box.

Edge Motion

Edge Motion allows you to continue to scroll once your finger reaches the edge of the TouchPad. When this feature is turned on, the window continues to scroll until you lift your finger.



To turn on Edge Motion, complete the following steps:

- 1. From the Windows desktop, click **Start**, point to **Settings**, and then click **Control Panel**.
- 2. Double-click the **Mouse** icon.
- 3. Click the **Edge Motion** tab.
- 4. Select **When Dragging**, **Always**, and **When Scrolling** to turn on Edge Motion.
- 5. Click **OK** to accept the changes and close the dialog box.

Display Options

In this section:

- Changing Resolution
- Adjusting Brightness



Did you know...

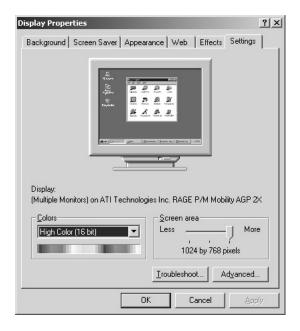
Your Notebook's display is already set to its optimal resolution. Compaq recommends changing the resolution setting only if you encounter problems.

Changing Resolution

If the display only fills part of the screen or the default resolution does not suit your needs, you may want to adjust the display resolution.

To change the display resolution, complete these steps:

- 1. On the Taskbar, click the **Start** button, point to **Settings**, and then click **Control Panel**.
- 2. Double-click **Display** to open the Display Options dialog box, and then click the **Settings** tab.



- 3. Under **Screen area**, click the **resolution slider** and drag it to the desired resolution.
- 4. Click **OK** to accept the new settings, then close the **Control Panel** window.

Tip

You can also adjust the display brightness by pressing Fn+F7 to decrease the brightness or Fn+F8 to increase the brightness.



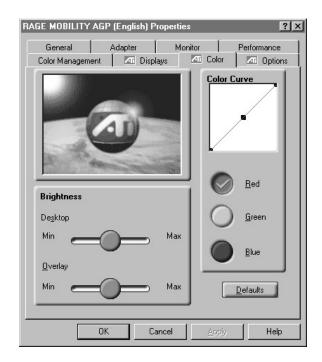
Did you know...

Key combinations such as the example, Fn+F7, used above mean that you should press and hold down the **Fn** key, press the **F7** key, and then release both keys simultaneously.

Adjusting Brightness

If your display is too faint or too bright, the brightness controls may not be set properly. To correct this condition, complete the following steps:

- 1. On the taskbar, click **Start**, point to **Settings**, and then click **Control Panel**.
- 2. Double-click **Display** and click the **Settings** tab.
- 3. Click the **Advanced** button to open the RAGE MOBILITY AGP Properties dialog box.



- 4. Click the **Color** tab. Under **Brightness**, click and drag the **Desktop** slider to the desired brightness.
- 5. Click **OK** to close the dialog box and click **OK** again to close the Display Properties dialog box, then close the Control Panel window.

Internet Zone Buttons

The Internet Zone buttons, located above your Notebook's keyboard, automatically connect you to the Internet. These buttons give you one-touch access to your most frequently used Internet activities.

This section covers:

- Reprogramming the Internet Zone Buttons
- Disabling the Internet Zone Buttons



See also

"Front of your Presario Notebook" in Chapter 2 of this guide for descriptions of each button and its default action.



Did you know...

You can also access the Internet Zone options from the taskbar by clicking Start, selecting Programs, and then clicking Reprogram Easy Access Buttons.

Reprogramming the Internet Zone Buttons

You can reprogram the Internet Zone buttons to reflect your personal preferences.

To reprogram your Internet Zone buttons, complete the following steps:

- 1. From the Windows taskbar, right-click the Easy Access Internet Zone icon and choose Reprogram Easy Access Buttons.
- 2. Follow the instructions provided.

Disabling the Internet Zone Buttons

You may turn off all Internet Zone buttons from the Easy Access icon. When turned off, the Internet Zone buttons are inactive. The **Easy Access Internet Zone** icon located on the taskbar appears with a red X on top. You can still access the button functions if you click the **Easy Access Internet Zone** icon.

To disable the Internet Zone buttons, complete the following steps:

- From the Windows taskbar, right-click the Easy Access Internet Zone icon.
- 2. Click **Disable Easy Access Buttons**.



To enable the Internet Zone buttons, complete the following steps:

- 1. From the Windows taskbar, right-click the **Easy Access Internet Zone** icon.
- 2. Click Enable Easy Access Buttons.

Storage Drives

- Identifying Your Storage Drives
- Using the Diskette Drive



Did you know...

On selected models, Compaq provides a back-up utility (or system save) that allows you to save your data and applications to a partitioned drive located on your hard disk. To determine the total hard disk size, add the size of both the C and D drives together.



Tip

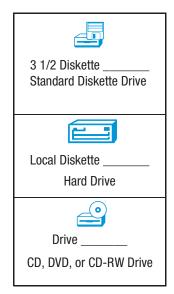
To prevent damage to the diskette and the information stored on it, wait until diskette drive activity is complete before removing the diskette.

Identifying Your Storage Drives

Your diskette drive, hard drive, and CD, CD-RW, or DVD drive are designated with letters of the alphabet, as well as with icons.

To determine your drive letters, complete the following steps:

- From the Windows desktop, double-click the My Computer icon. The icons for each drive and corresponding drive letters are displayed in the My Computer window.
- 2. Use the icons to the right to identify your drive.



Note: Your Notebook comes with a CD, DVD, or CD-RW drive.

Using the Diskette Drive

To insert a diskette into the diskette drive, hold the diskette with the label facing up and the arrow on the diskette pointing towards the drive, and gently push the diskette into the drive.



To remove a diskette, press the **Eject** button on the diskette drive.

Security

In this section:

- Using the Security Slot
- Power-On Password

Using the Security Slot

To use the security slot found on the rear corner of your Notebook, complete the following steps:

1. Insert a locking device (such as a Kensington lock) into the security slot.



2. Turn the locking device clockwise 90 degrees.

To remove the locking device, turn the locking device counterclockwise 90 degrees and remove the device from the slot.

Power-On Password

You can set a power-on password that will secure the information you store on the hard disk. When turning on your Notebook, this password must be entered before you can access your files.



Setting the Password

To set the power-on password, complete the following steps:

- 1. Press the Power button to turn on your Notebook.
- 2. After the Compaq logo is displayed, a cursor is shown in the upper right corner of the screen for a few seconds. While the cursor is visible, press the **F10** key.



Caution: F10 Setup is for experienced users only. Changing settings may affect the functionality of your Notebook.

- 3. Using your arrow keys, select the **Security** option from the menu bar.
- 4. Move to **Set Supervisor Password**. Press the **Enter** key.



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Pressing the **F9** key at any point within the setup returns your Notebook to the default settings.

5. Set your personal password, and press the **Enter** key. You must confirm the password and press the **Enter** key again.



Caution: Write your password down in a secure location. If you forget or lose your password, a Compaq service technician must reset your Notebook for you to be able to access your files.

- 6. Move to **Password on boot** using the + or keys to select **Enable**.
- 7. Using the arrow keys, select **Exit** from the menu bar.
- 8. Make sure that **Exit Saving Changes** is selected. Press the **Enter** key.
- 9. Select **Yes** to save your changes and exit.

Your power-on password is now set. Every time you turn on your Notebook, resume working from Hibernation mode, or access F10 Setup, you must enter this password.

Removing the Password

To remove a power-on password, complete the following steps:

- Access F10 Setup as above, enter your current password, and press the Enter key. In the spaces to enter your new password and confirm new password, press the Enter key. Press the Enter key again to exit the screen.
- 2. Move to **Password on boot** using the + or key to select **Disable**.
- 3. Using your arrow keys, select **Exit** from the menu bar.
- 4. Make sure that **Exit Saving Changes** is selected. Press the **Enter** key.
- 5. Select **Yes** to save your changes and exit.

Common Tasks



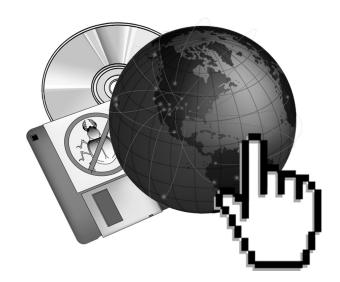
In This Chapter

TV-Out Connection, 4-2

Anti-Virus Software, 4-5

Software and Hardware, 4-7

Now that your Presario Notebook computer is set up and running, you may want to explore and learn about some of the common tasks performed by your Notebook.



TV-Out Connection

With TV-Out connection, you can play games on a bigger screen or watch DVD movies on a TV rather than your Notebook display.

This section helps you to complete the following tasks:

- Connect and Enable TV-Out Connection
- Set Your
 Television Format
- Adjust the Television Screen
- Switch Between Displays



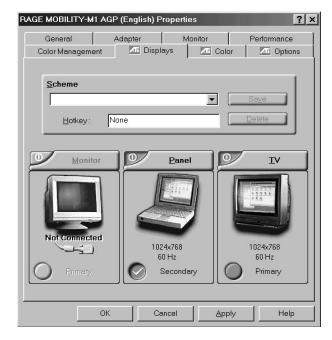
"Playing a DVD Movie on a TV" later on in this guide.

Connecting and Enabling TV-Out

To connect your Notebook and your television, you need a composite video cable (RCA cable) to plug into your TV, VCR, or other device. These cables can be purchased in a retail TV store or a computer store.

To connect and enable TV-Out, complete the following steps:

- 1. Connect your Notebook and your television with a composite video cable.
- 2. From the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, point to **Settings**, click **Control Panel**.
- 3. Double-click the **Display** icon to open the Display Properties dialog box and then click the **Settings** tab.
- 4. Click the **Advanced** button to open the RAGE MOBILITY AGP Properties dialog box and then click the **Displays** tab.



5. Click the top left corner of the **TV** button to enable TV-Out. TV-Out is enabled if the button next to **Primary** is blue.

- 6. Click **Apply** to accept the changes and then click **OK** to exit both dialog boxes.
- 7. If your Notebook asks you to restart Windows, click **OK** for the new settings to take effect.

At this time, the display may be rolling. To correct this problem, you must set your TV format.

Setting Your Television Format

To properly view images, you must set your Notebook to your country's standard for television transmission. To do this, complete the following steps:

- 1. From the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, point to **Settings**, click **Control Panel**.
- 2. Double-click the **Display** icon to open the Display Properties dialog box and then click the **Settings** tab.
- 3. Click the **Advanced** button, then click the **Displays** tab.
- 4. Click the right corner of the **TV** button.
- 5. Click the **Format** tab.
- 6. Make sure **Select by country** is selected.
- 7. Scroll to find your country, then select it.
- 8. Click **OK** to exit both dialog boxes.
- 9. If your Notebook asks you to restart Windows, click **OK** for the new settings to take effect.

Your television format is now set and the television image should be stable.



The resolution of your Notebook display is much greater than the resolution of your TV. Image quality on the TV varies from application to application. Text viewed on a TV may have reduced quality.

Adjusting the Television Screen

After you have enabled your television, you may need to adjust the size or location of the image on your screen.

To make adjustments to your display, complete the following:

- 1. From the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, point to **Settings**, click **Control Panel**.
- 2. Double-click the **Display** icon to open the Display Properties dialog box and then click the **Settings** tab.
- 3. Click the **Advanced** button to open the RAGE MOBILITY AGP Properties dialog box, and then click the **Displays** tab.
- 4. Click the right corner of the **TV** button.
 - To change the brightness, contrast, or color saturation, click the **Attributes** tab and then click and drag the sliders to the desired settings.
 - To change the position and screen size, click the Adjustments tab and click the appropriate buttons to adjust as necessary.
- 5. Click **OK** to exit both dialog boxes.

Switching Between Displays

You can switch between your television and your display or external monitor by pressing **Fn+F3**. The order in which they change is:

- Display
- External Monitor
- Display and External Monitor
- TV-Out

Anti-Virus Software



Did you know...

Compaq provides anti-virus scanning and free software updates for one year through the Internet.

Using Anti-Virus Software

A virus is a program that attaches itself to a file on your Notebook and then spreads from one file to another. Viruses can damage data, cause computers to malfunction, and display annoying or offensive messages. Some viruses may go unnoticed for long periods of time because they are activated on a certain date or time. Protect your Notebook from a virus by:



- Using an anti-virus scanning program to scan for viruses on your drives or diskettes. This scanning program is located in the Start menu. If you need help using the program, select Help in the menu bar.
- Backing up your files periodically to diskettes, a separate hard drive, or a high-capacity storage drive.
- Write-protecting diskettes. A virus cannot infect a write-protected diskette.
- Obtaining all software from reputable sources and checking the software for viruses before installing it.
- Using your anti-virus program to check files and programs that are on diskettes, attached to e-mail messages, or downloaded from the Internet.
- Disabling macros on suspicious Microsoft Word and Excel files. These programs warn you if a document that you are opening contains a macro that might have a virus.
- Updating your anti-virus program periodically to keep up with new viruses.

Recognizing a Computer Virus

A computer virus is a program that damages or erases files or programs. Your Notebook can become "infected" with a virus when you open a contaminated program or file. Some signs indicating that your Notebook may be infected include:

- Strange characters or crude statements suddenly appearing on your screen
- Hard drive, memory, or software error messages
- Damage to files or directories for no apparent reason
- Strange responses to commands
- Sharp decrease in performance or program speed

Removing a Virus

If you suspect your Notebook has been infected with a virus, find and remove the virus immediately using an Anti-Virus program.

After you have followed the instructions provided by the Anti-Virus program, complete the following steps:

- 1. Turn off your Notebook and leave it off for at least 30 seconds.
- 2. Turn on your Notebook and rescan for the virus.



Software and Hardware

Discover how easy it is to add and remove software or attach new hardware devices. With easy-to-follow instructions, you can completely and safely install or remove software programs and hardware devices with no worries. This section covers:

- Adding and Removing Software
- Attaching Hardware Devices

Adding and Removing Software

Software can be installed from a CD, a diskette, or downloaded from a Web site. Many software CDs automatically begin the installation process when placed in the CD drive. If you have software that does not automatically begin the installation process, you can install the software by using the Microsoft Windows Add/Remove Programs utility.

Installing Software from a CD or Diskette

To install software from a diskette or from a CD that does not automatically install, complete the following steps:



- 1. Close all programs.
- 2. From the Windows taskbar, click the **Start** button, point to **Settings**, and then click **Control Panel**.
- 3. Double-click the **Add/Remove Programs** icon. The Add/Remove Program Properties window is displayed.
- 4. Click Install.
- 5. Insert the CD or diskette into the proper drive and click **Next**.

Microsoft Windows finds the CD or diskette and begins the installation process.



Check the downloaded program file for viruses before installation.

Installing a Downloaded Program File

To install a program file that you have downloaded from the Internet to your hard disk, complete the following steps:

- 1. Terminate your Internet connection.
- 2. Close all programs.
- 3. From the Windows taskbar, click the **Start** button, point to **Settings**, and then click **Control Panel**.
- 4. Double-click the **Add/Remove Programs** icon to open the Add/Remove Program Properties dialog box.
- 5. Click **Install** to open the Install Program from Floppy Disk or CD-ROM window.



- 6. Click **Next** to open the Run Installation Program window.
- 7. Click **Browse** to locate and select the *setup.exe* or *install.exe* file for the downloaded software.
- 8. Click **Open** to begin the installation process.

Attaching Hardware Devices

To install a new hardware device such as a printer or USB device to your Notebook, complete the following steps:

- 1. Turn off your Notebook.
- 2. Connect the device to your Notebook according to the instructions that come with it.
- 3. Turn on your Notebook and follow the instruction that came with your device for installing any needed drivers.

You may be prompted to insert the Windows Installation CD or diskettes. If this occurs, complete the following steps:

1. At the **Add New Hardware Wizard**, click **Next** to begin installing the drivers and files necessary to make the new hardware work.



2. Select Search for the best driver for your device (Recommended) and click Next.

- 3. Select **Specify a location**.
 - If C:\WINDOWS\OPTIONS\CABS is not displayed in the drop-down box, select it from the drop-down list or type it in the box and click **Next**. The Wizard begins installing the necessary files and drivers for the new hardware.
- 4. When the Wizard completes installing the files and drivers, click the **Finish** button.

You may need to restart your Notebook for the new hardware to be recognized by your Notebook.

Using the CD or DVD Drive



In This Chapter

Insert and Remove Discs, 5-2

Audio CDs and Video Discs, 5-4

DVDs, 5-8

Video Display Options, 5-15

CD-RW Basics, 5-16

Who would ever have thought that your home entertainment center could fit in your lap or on a desktop? Your Presario Notebook computer allows you to listen to your favorite music and (on select models) watch your favorite movies almost anywhere you go. To help you understand what options lie at your fingertips and how to use these options, this chapter includes information for:



- Inserting and removing CD or DVD discs
- Playing audio CDs
- Playing both DVD and non-DVD videos
- Adjusting the display options with the DVD Control Panel
- Creating audio, data, and backup CDs

Insert and Remove Discs

This section covers:

- Inserting a Disc
- Removing a Disc
- Manually Ejecting a Disc

Inserting a Disc

To load a disc into the disc drive, complete the following steps:



Caution: Improper handling of a CD or DVD can damage the disc and could potentially damage the drive.

- 1. Press the **Eject** button located on the front of the drive.
- 2. Remove a disc from its protective case, holding the disc by its center hole and outer edge to avoid touching the surface.
- 3. Place the disc, label side up (unless it is a double-sided DVD), into the round area of the tray. Gently press the disc down onto the center spindle of the tray until the disc snaps into place.



Caution: Before closing the disc tray, ensure that the disc snaps onto the spindle in the center of the tray. You can damage the disc and your Notebook if the disc is not seated properly.



4. Push the tray back into the drive until the drive locks into place.

Removing a Disc

To remove a disc from the drive. complete the following steps:



- 1. Press the **Eject** button on the drive.
- 2. Remove a disc from the tray, gently pushing down on the center spindle while pulling up on the outer edges. Avoid touching the surface of the disc.
- 3. Push the tray back into the drive until it locks into place.



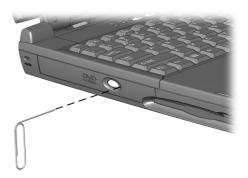
Did you know...

If your Notebook power is off, you will not be able to eject a disc from the CD or DVD drive. To remove a disc without powering up your Notebook, you must manually eject the disc from the drive.

Manually Ejecting a Disc

If you need to eject a disc when the power is off, complete the following steps to eject the disc manually:

1. Make sure the power is off and any external power sources are disconnected.



- 2. Insert a small rod or pin, such as a paper clip (approximately 1/16 inch in diameter and at least 3/8 inch in length) into the Manual Eject Hole and push firmly as shown in the figure above.
- 3. Remove the disc from the tray.
- 4. Gently push the tray back into the drive until it locks into place.

Audio CDs and Video Discs

In this section you'll learn how to play audio and video discs with your Notebook. This section covers:

- Playing Audio CDs
- Playing Audio CDs Using Disqplay2
- Playing Non-DVD Video Discs



Did you know...

You can also use the function keys to play an audio CD. These keys are shown in "Function Keys" earlier in this guide.



Did you know...

The Compact discs (CD) is the most common way to store information to use on your Notebook. Compact disk holds more than 450 times the information that can be stored on a floppy disk.

Playing Audio CDs

To play an audio CD, insert the disc into the CD or DVD drive. After a few seconds the Compaq CD Player opens and the disc automatically starts playing.



If disc play does not start automatically, complete the following steps:

- 1. On the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, point to **Programs**, **Accessories**, **Entertainment**, and then click **CD Player**.
- 2. Once the CD Player opens, click the **Play** button to begin playing the CD.
- 3. Click the **Stop** button to stop playing the CD.

To remove the disc from the drive, click the **Eject** \triangleq button on the CD Player.

Disabling the Self-Starting Feature (available on select models)

To disable the self-starting feature, complete the following steps:

- 1. On the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, point to **Settings**, and then click **Control Panel**.
- 2. Double-click the **System** icon to open the System Properties dialog box.
- 3. Click the **Device Manager** tab, and then double-click **CDROM** from the list of devices.
- 4. Select your CD/DVD drive from this list. Click **Properties** to open the CD/DVD System Properties dialog box.
- 5. Click the **Settings** tab, and ensure that the check box next to **Auto Insert Notification** is clear.
- 6. Click **OK** to close the dialog box.

Playing Audio CDs Using Disqplay²

The Disqplay² allows you to play audio CDs without starting your Notebook. While your Notebook is powered off, press and hold the **Disqplay** button to turn on the Disqplay².

The status display shows a digital readout that indicates the play status of your audio CD. You can forward, replay, pause or stop playing a CD at the push of a button.



The Disgplay² has the following button functions:

Icon	Function
	Disqplay ² Power On/Off
	Skip the CD to the previous track
	Skip the CD to the next track
	Pause the CD from play mode or resume play mode
	Stop playing the CD
_	Volume Down
+	Volume Up

The buttons on the outer front of your Notebook control the speaker volume and the Disqplay² on/off power. Press the **Volume Down** — button to lower the speaker volume and the **Volume Up** + button to raise the speaker volume.



If the CD or DVD drive cannot read a disc or takes too long to start, check to ensure the disc is clean and inserted properly.

Using Repeat Track

To continuously repeat a single track, complete the following steps:

- 1. While the track is playing, press the **Play/Pause** button.
- 2. Press the **Previous Track** ★ button. The **Repeat** ← icon is shown on the status display and the track starts playing.
- 3. To stop the track from repeating, press any button.

Using Repeat All

To continuously repeat a CD, complete the following steps:

- 1. While the track is playing, press the **Play/Pause** button.
- 2. Press the **Next Track** button.

 The **Repeat All** All icon is shown on the status display and the current track starts playing.
- 3. To stop the CD from repeating, press any button.

Playing Non-DVD Video Discs

To play a video disc, insert the disc into the CD or DVD drive. After a few seconds, the disc automatically starts playing.

If disc play does not start automatically, complete the following steps:



- 1. On the Windows taskbar, click the **Start** button, point to **Programs**, **Accessories**, **Entertainment**, and then click **Windows Media Player**.
- 2. Once the player opens, select **File**, and then **Open** from the menu.
- 3. Click the **Browse...** button.
- 4. Locate and double-click the **CD Drive** icon. You should see a list of files and file folders.

Note: CD movies are usually stored in a file folder that begins with the letters *MPEG*.

- 5. Double-click the folder that contains the CD movie files.
- 6. Select a movie file and click the **Open** button. A viewing window for the movie is displayed.
- 7. Click the **Play** button on the window to begin playing the movie.

DVDs

In this section you'll learn how to play DVD discs with your Notebook.

This section covers:

- Using the DVD Player
- Playing a DVD Movie on a TV
- Using "Regionalized" DVDs



Did you know...

Digital Versatile Discs (DVDs) look like CDs, but they store movies. DVDs store about 28 times more information than video CDs.



Did you know...

The DVD drive will take a few seconds to start playback because it must first determine the type of media being played.



Tip

For the best playback quality, close all other applications in the background while playing a DVD.

Using the DVD Player

(available on select models)

Your Notebook's DVD Drive reserves the best seat in the house for you, so you can watch all of your favorite movies anytime, anywhere. The DVD Player is simple and fun to use.



You have two options for starting the DVD Player:

- Insert a DVD disc into the DVD drive. After a few seconds, the Compaq DVD Player control panel opens and playback begins.
- If a DVD disc is already inserted in the drive, start the DVD player by pressing the **Play** button on the status panel on the front of your Notebook. The Compaq DVD Player control panel opens and playback begins.

On-Screen Controls

The on-screen controls allow you to quickly and easily access the features of the DVD Player.



The table below provides you with button identifications and descriptions to help you operate the player.

Button	Title	Description
	Open	Displays a list of files for playback.
	Eject	Opens the DVD drive to load or remove discs.
	DVD Options	Displays the DVD Options menu for selecting Video Display and Parental Controls .
44	Rewind	Rewinds the content. Press Play to resume playback.
H	Previous	Moves to the previous track and resumes playback.
	Stop	Stops the content playback and returns to the start of the content file.
	Play	Begins playback of selected content.
Ш	Pause	Pauses playback. Press Pause or Play to resume playback.
M	Next	Skips to the beginning of the next track.
>>	Fast Forward	Advances to a selected location. Press Play to resume playback.

Button	Title	Description
	Root Menu/ Resume	Shows what is available on the DVD for playback.
	Change Subtitle	Displays or changes subtitles viewed on the window. This feature is allowed only for DVD content with subtitles. This feature is available only when the content allows changes to the audio track.
7	Change Audio	Changes the playing audio track to audio of another track located on the DVD. Most commonly used with multi-language content to change the spoken/heard language. This feature is available only when the content allows changes to the audio track.
\blacksquare	Title Menu/ Resume	Displays the main title menu so you can select content.
	Change Camera Angle	Changes the camera angle of content being played. This feature is allowed only for DVD content created using multiple cameras and camera angles.
UBL	3D Audio	Activates the 3D Audio feature for virtual surround sound.
1	Volume	Increases the volume level when the bar is moved up and decreases the volume level when the bar is moved down.
□ (1))	Mute	Turns the audio off. Press the Mute or Volume button to resume audio.
X	Close Player	Closes the program.
	Minimize	Minimizes the size of the Display window of the program.
?	Help	Shows the Help file.

Setting the Play Features

The DVD Player has two modes or play settings: the DVD mode and the File mode. Use the DVD mode to play a standard DVD. Use the File mode to play movie or MPEG files.

To play content from the File mode, complete the following steps:

- 1. Click the **Open** icon on the DVD Player control panel. The list of files is displayed.
- 2. Select the file you want to view.
- 3. Click **Open**. The content begins playing.

Not all of the following features are available on all DVDs:

- If the DVD Player is in the File mode, the Subtitle button is disabled.
- If the DVD Player is in the DVD mode and your disc does not have Subtitle language options, the Subtitle button is disabled.
- If the DVD Player is in the DVD mode and your DVD has Subtitle language options, the Subtitle \nearrow button is enabled.

When a DVD is inserted into the CD or DVD drive, the features available on the DVD player are displayed. When a particular feature is not available, the respective button does not respond when clicked.



DVD movies can only be viewed on one display at a time. If two or more displays are active (Notebook display plus TV, for example), the movie will show as a black box or blank screen on one of the displays. This is normal.



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Press and hold the **Fn** key while pressing the **F3** key to switch the display from your Notebook to the TV.

Playing a DVD Movie on a TV

Set up your TV-Out connection following the procedures in the "Common Tasks" chapter of this guide.

- 1. Once your TV-Out connection is properly set up, start the DVD player by one of these methods:
 - Insert a DVD disc into the drive. After a few seconds, the Compaq DVD Player control panel opens and playback begins.
 - If the disc is already inserted in the DVD drive, press the **Play** button on the status panel on the front of your Notebook. The Compaq DVD Player control panel opens and playback begins.
- 2. Press the **Fn+F3** keys to switch the display from your Notebook to the attached TV.

Note: You may need to press **Fn+F3** more than once to transfer the image to the TV. Refer to "Switching Between Displays" in the "Common Tasks" chapter of this guide for more information.

3. You can switch the display from the TV back to your Notebook at any time by pressing **Fn+F3** again.



When attempting to play a DVD that does not match the drive's region setting, you will see the message, "The disk region is different from the region of the drive... Do you wish to change the

To close the player without changing the drive's region setting, click **No**.

drive region?"

To change the region setting and play the DVD disc, click **Yes** and follow the on-screen instructions.

Using "Regionalized" DVDs

Some models have a "regionalized" feature that limits the playback of discs to specific geographical regions.

If your Notebook has this feature, the region code on the DVD drive must match the region code on the disc.

Although the DVD drive region code is set at the factory, some DVD drives (depending on the make and model) allow you to change the region code. If your Notebook has this feature, you can change the code a maximum of five times.



If your Notebook offers the option to change region settings, complete the following steps:

- 1. Insert a DVD disc into the DVD drive. The Compaq DVD Player control panel opens automatically.
- 2. Click the **DVD Options ☑** icon on the lower left corner of the player. The DVD Options dialog box opens.
- 3. Select the **DVD Region** tab. The selected option indicates the drive's current region setting.
- 4. If the drive's region setting matches the disc's region setting, click **OK**.

Note: If the drive's region setting does not match the disc, you will need to select a new region to play the disc.



You can only change the region code for the DVD drive five times. The fifth setting change you make becomes the permanent region on the player. Each time you make a change to the drive's region setting, the remaining number of changes allowed on the DVD drive is displayed.

Selecting Your Region Setting

To change the DVD drive region setting, complete these steps:

- 1. With a DVD disc in the drive, open the Compaq DVD Player.
- 2. Click the **DVD Options ☑** icon on the lower left corner of the player to open the DVD Options dialog box.
- 3. Click the **DVD Region** tab.
- 4. Select the desired region from the displayed map or from the options buttons.

Note: You will only be allowed to select the region that matches the disc inserted in the drive. All other options will appear dimmed.



5. Click **OK** to close the dialog box.

Video Display Options

You already know how to play DVDs and video CDs. This section shows you how to adjust the display options while watching videos on your Notebook.

Showing and Hiding the DVD Panel

To hide the DVD Player panel, click anywhere outside the DVD control panel.

To view the DVD Player control panel when the DVD Content Picture window is set to full-size, move the cursor to the edge of the screen.

Zooming the View

To enlarge the DVD Player picture window to full-window size, double-click anywhere on the picture.

To return to a smaller window, double-click anywhere on the picture.

CD-RW Basics (available on select models)

If your Notebook has a CD-RW drive, you can create your own audio and data CDs. This section covers:

- Installing Adaptec Easy CD CreatorTM 4
- Using Adaptec Easy CD Creator 4
- Preventing Buffer Underrun Errors
- Accessing Easy CD Creator 4 Users Information



Did you know...

CD-RW refers to Compact
Discs (or Drives) that are
Readable and Writable.



Did you know...

You must close all other Windows programs before installing Adaptec Easy CD Creator 4.

Installing Adaptec Easy CD Creator™ 4

Insert the *Adaptec Easy CD Creator 4* disc into the CD-RW drive and complete the following steps to install the Adaptec Easy CD Creator software.

Easy CD Creator and Direct CD

To install the Easy CD Creator, complete the following steps:

- 1. Once the CD is inserted, the Adaptec Installation dialog box opens. Click **Easy CD Creator**.
- 2. Follow the on-screen installation instructions.
- 3. When prompted, select a location on the hard disk to store the Easy CD Creator program, or accept the recommended location, and then click **Next**.
- 4. When prompted, select a folder where the program icons will be placed. Click **Next** to continue installation.
- 5. When prompted, insert the *Adaptec Update Diskette* if one was provided with the Adaptec Easy CD Creator software. Follow the on-screen instructions to continue the installation.

Note: If an *Adaptec Update Diskette* did not come with the software, click **Skip** and follow the on-screen instructions to continue installation.

6. When the installation is complete, click **Finish**.

To install the Direct CD program, complete the following steps:

- 1. On the Adaptec Installation Window, click **Direct CD**.
- 2. Follow the on-screen installation instructions.
- 3. When prompted, select a location on the hard disk to store the Direct CD program, or accept the recommended location, and then click **Next**.
- 4. When prompted, select a folder where the program icons will be placed. Click **Next** to continue the installation.

5. When prompted, insert the Adaptec Update Diskette if one was provided with the Adaptec Easy CD Creator software. Follow the on-screen instructions to continue the installation.

Note: If an *Adaptec Update Diskette* did not come with the software, click **Skip** and follow the on-screen instructions to continue installation.

6. When the installation is complete, click **Finish**.

Take Two

Take Two is used to back up the contents of your hard disk to a single or multiple CDs. After your data is backed up to CD, you can easily restore all selected files.

To install Take Two, complete the following steps:

- 1. From the Adaptec Installation dialog box, click **Take Two** and follow the on-screen installation instructions.
- 2. When prompted, select a location on the hard disk to store the Take Two program, or accept the recommended location, and then click **Next**.
- 3. When prompted, select a folder where the program icons will be placed. Click **Next** to continue installation.
- 4. When prompted, insert the Adaptec Update Diskette if one was provided with the Adaptec Easy CD Creator software. Follow the on-screen instructions to continue the installation.

Note: If an *Adaptec Update Diskette* did not come with the software, click **Skip** and follow the on-screen instructions to continue installation.

5. When setup is complete, click **OK**.



After installation of Adaptec Easy CD Creator 4, you will be prompted to restart your Notebook. You must restart your Notebook before you can begin using Adaptec Easy CD Creator 4.



Did you know...

When you start or restart your Notebook, Adaptec Easy CD Creator 4 prompts you with a Web-CheckUP option. Web-CheckUP connects to the Adaptec Web site on the Internet and searches for Adaptec software programs that can be updated on your Notebook.

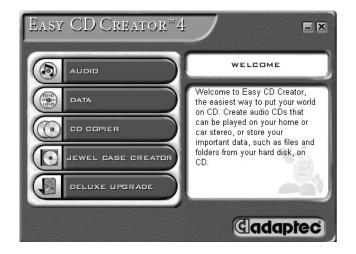


Tip

If you are using the Easy CD Creator Standard Edition and would like to upgrade to the Deluxe Edition, contact your nearest software retailer or run Web-CheckUP.

Using Adaptec Easy CD Creator 4

To access the main menu of the Adaptec Easy CD Creator 4, from the Windows taskbar click **Start**, point to **Programs**, then to **Adaptec Easy CD Creator 4**, and then click **Create CD**. The Adaptec main menu is displayed.



Creating Audio CDs

An Audio CD is used only for playing music, not for data storage. The Adaptec Easy CD Creator 4 allows you to record CDs and audio files. You can even create your own "greatest hits" Audio CD that contains tracks from multiple artists.

To create an Audio CD, complete the following steps:

- 1. On the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, point to **Programs**, **Adaptec Easy CD Creator 4**, and then click **Create CD**.
- On the Welcome screen, click Audio. After the Audio screen is displayed, click Audio CD. The Easy CD Creator window opens.
- 3. To open an Audio CD layout click the small arrow next to the **New** button on the toolbar. Click **Audio CD** from the drop-down list and an Audio CD Layout opens.



You can record any combination of tracks, WAV, or MP3 files to an Audio CD.



Did you know...

If information about the music CD is located on your hard disk, the CD title, artist name, and the name of each track are displayed. If this information does not appear and you have access to the Internet, click the CDDBTM Internet button on the toolbar to download the information from the online CDDBTM Music Service.



Did you know...

To test the drive performance, Compaq recommends using the Emulate Only option (located in the Options window) when recording a new CD-R or using your Notebook for the first time. This allows you to perform a test run before actually recording.



Did you know...

When you have finalized a CD-R disc, no additional tracks can be added to the disc.

- 4. If you are recording tracks from an existing music CD, insert the music CD into your CD drive and continue with the next step. To begin recording WAV or MP3 files, continue with the next step.
- 5. In the left pane of the Explorer section, select the CD-ROM drive containing the music CD; a list of the tracks on the CD appears to the right. If you are recording WAV or MP3 files, select the folder where your files are located.
- 6. Select the track, WAV, or MP3 file you want to record in the right pane of the Explorer section, and then click **Add** on the toolbar. Repeat until the Audio CD Layout contains all of the tracks and files that you want to record.
- 7. Click **Create CD**. The CD Creation Process dialog box opens.
- 8. When prompted, remove your Audio CD and insert a blank CD into your CD-Recorder and click **OK** to start recording.
- 9. When the CD Creation Process is complete, click **OK**.

Note: If you have tracks on other music CDs that you want to record, repeat steps 3-5 for each music CD from which you want to record. During the actual recording process, Easy CD Creator prompts you to reinsert the appropriate music CD for the track being recorded.

Creating Data CDs

A Data CD is ideal for backing up important files such as personal documents and files on your hard disk. The Data CD is designed for data storage only, and cannot be played on your home stereo like an Audio CD.

To create a Data CD, complete the following steps:

- 1. On the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, point to **Programs**, **Adaptec Easy Creator 4**, and then click **Create CD**.
- 2. On the Welcome screen, click **Data**. The Data screen opens.
- 3. On the Data screen, click **Data CD**. The Easy CD Creator window opens.

- 4. To open a Data CD Layout, click the small arrow next to the **New** button on the toolbar. Select **Data CD** from the dropdown list and a Data CD Layout opens.
- 5. Insert a blank CD into your CD-Recorder.
- 6. In the **Explorer** section, select the data file or folder you want to record, and then click **Add** on the toolbar. Repeat until the Data CD Layout contains all the files and folders you want to record.
- 7. Click **Create CD**. The CD Creation Setup dialog box opens.
- 8. Click **OK** to start recording.

DirectCD

DirectCD allows you to write files directly onto CD-Recordable or CD-ReWritable CDs.

To begin using DirectCD, complete the following steps:

- 1. On the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, point to **Programs**, **Adaptec Easy CD Creator 4**, and then click **Create CD**.
- 2. On the Welcome screen, click **Data**. The Data screen opens.
- 3. On the Data screen, click **DirectCD**. The Adaptec DirectCD Wizard! dialog box opens.
- 4. Follow the on-screen instructions to begin writing the CD.

Jewel Case Creator

The Jewel Case Creator allows you to create custom jewel case covers, inserts, and CD labels. To start the Jewel Case Creator, double-click the **Jewel Case Creator** button on the Adaptec CD Creator Menu. For detailed information on how to create customized products, refer to the Online Help Manual.



Easy CD Creator is designed to assist you in reproducing material for which you own the copyright or have obtained permission to copy from the copyright owner. Unless you own the copyright or have permission to copy from the copyright owner, you may be violating copyright law and be subject to payment of damages and other remedies. If you are uncertain about your rights, contact your legal advisor.



Did you know...

In extreme cases, some errors may render your disc unusable. If this occurs, it may be necessary to start over with a new disc and then properly dispose of the old disc.

CD Copier

The CD Copier is used to back up almost any kind of CD.

To make a backup copy of a CD, complete the following steps:

- 1. On the Windows taskbar click **Start**, point to **Programs**.
- 2. Point to Adaptec Easy CD Creator 4 on the Programs menu, point to Features.
- 3. Click **CD Copier**. The CD Copier window opens.
- 4. Click the **Source and Destination** tab.
- 5. Under **Copy from**, select the drive containing the original CD.
- 6. Under **Record to**, select the drive containing the blank CD. This is the CD-recordable drive.
- 7. Click **Copy** to begin recording a copy of your CD.

Preventing Buffer Underrun Errors

A *Buffer Underrun* is an error that occurs when the flow of data to the CD-Recorder is interrupted. Once a buffer underrun occurs, the CD creation process is halted.

The following are suggestions for preventing buffer underruns:

- Close other programs and disable tasks or applications running in the background such as screen savers and virus software.
- Ensure that the temporary files created during CD recording are created on the local hard disk, not in a directory on a network drive.

Note: To change the location where the temporary files are stored, click **Tools,** select **Options** from the menu, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

- Open the Systems Properties dialog box by clicking System from the Control Panel. Click the Device Manager tab and ensure that Allow Disconnect is set for both the CD-Recorder and the hard disk.
- Do not attempt to record CDs from files on a network. If the desired files are on a network, copy them to your local hard disk before recording the CD.

Note: A buffer underrun error can occur on single or dual optical drive systems (CD-ROM, CD-RW, or DVD-ROM drive).

Accessing Easy CD Creator 4 Users Information

The Easy CD Creator 4 software included with your Notebook comes with step-by-step instructions, the Quick Reference Guide provided by Adobe Acrobat 4.0, and a complete user's manual called Online Help to answer any questions you might have about the functionality of the software with your CD-RW Drive.

To access Online Help while using the Audio or Data CD Creator, click **Help** from the toolbar, then select **Contents and Index** from the drop-down list.

To use the Adobe Acrobat Quick Reference Guide and glossary of terms, click **Start**, then **Programs**, then **Adaptec Easy CD Creator**, then click **Quick Reference Guide**.

Let's Go Surfing

6

In This Chapter

Basic Concepts, 6-2

Browsers, 6-8

Search Engines, 6-10

"Surfing the Web" can be a wonderful way to use and enjoy your Notebook. Surfing offers new opportunities daily for shopping, education, news, entertainment, research, and education.

Possibilities abound on the Web. This chapter helps you discover them. When you do, you will not be alone. It is estimated that thousands of new users connect to the Web every day for the first time.



Basic Concepts

This section helps you answer these questions:

- What is the Internet?
- What is the World Wide Web?

i Did you know...

The Internet is changing communication and commerce around the world.

The World Wide Web is part of the Internet. Several decades ago, the U.S. military began developing the Internet. It wasn't long before academic and industrial researchers began using it to share data.

Vast numbers of new computer users stimulated Internet growth over the last ten years. Millions of homes and businesses now use their computers to communicate through this system.

Welcome to the World Wide Web. Whatever other uses you have for your computer, this one can be the most interesting.

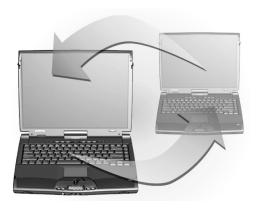
What is the Internet?

The *Internet* is a vast communications system for computers. Cables, phone lines, and radios connect huge numbers of computers around the world. These connections allow many simultaneous public and private communications.

The Internet does not have an owner or manager. It is a cooperative effort between individuals, private organizations, universities, businesses, and governments.

 \widehat{i} Did you know...

Computers in a network can share information as well as devices such as printers and scanners. Let's take a brief look at how the Internet is put together. A *network* is the basic building block of the Internet. Two computers create a small network when they are linked to each other.



A network can link multiple computers. For example, a large company could link all its computers within a single network.

On a higher level, networks can link to other networks. In fact, huge numbers of networks are linked worldwide to form the Internet. Together they provide seemingly endless amounts of information for topics such as:

- Entertainment
- Commerce
- Research
- Education



What is the World Wide Web?

Inside the Internet is the World Wide Web (www). Although the World Wide Web is the part of the Internet that you are most likely to be interested in, it is only one small part of the whole system.

The complete Internet offers a number of tools, including e-mail, the World Wide Web, and other communication services.

Here is some basic information about aspects of the Web that will help you understand this new world.

World Wide Web

The *World Wide Web* is a popular system that is set up within the Internet specifically for publishing and accessing information. It is also known as the *Web*. The letters *www* stand for World Wide Web.

Web Sites and Web Pages

World Wide Web information is grouped in *Web sites* that are home to one or more *Web pages*. Web pages can provide text, graphics, animation, audio, and video to your computer.

Hyperlinks

Many Web pages include *hyperlinks*, also known as *links*, that transport your search at the click of a button. A link can be to another place on the same Web page or to another computer halfway around the world.





Did you know...

Hyperlinks make it easy to jump from place to place on the World Wide Web.

Hyperlinks often appear in Web pages as colored, underlined text. You will also find hyperlinks hidden in buttons, pictures, and drawings on a Web page.

When you pass your cursor over a hidden hyperlink, the normal cursor arrow turns into a hand with the thumb and first finger extended.

Click on a hyperlink and discover where it sends you.

These links can move you from page to page, site to site, Web server to Web server—all over the world!

Web Servers

Information on the World Wide Web is stored on computers called *Web servers*. Web servers are like electronic libraries. Web servers are scattered throughout the world.

Surfing the Web

Using your computer to tour the World Wide Web is called *surfing the Web*. Sometimes you'll just be looking to see what's there. At other times, you'll be looking for something specific.



Internet Address (URL)

A Web site has an *Internet address* that tells your computer how to find it. An Internet address is known as a *Uniform Resource Locator*, or *URL*. It identifies the location of a Web site just as your home address identifies where you live.



Tip

Your Presario Notebook provides you with a selection of Internet Service Providers (ISPs).



Did you know...

High-speed Internet access may be available in your area. Check with your ISP or local telephone company for more information.



Did you know...

Your Presario Notebook has a built-in Ethernet connection which is the most common way to connect to high-speed Internet access.



See also

The "Search Engines" section later in this chapter for detailed information about searching on the Internet.

Internet Service Provider (ISP)

A company that provides access to the Internet is an *Internet Service Provider (ISP)*. Your computer's connection to an ISP's computer is your entry point to the Web. You must establish an account with the ISP of your choice.



Modem

A computer's physical connection to the Internet is typically through a telephone line. Your computer contains hardware called a *modem* that sends and receives information over a standard telephone line. There are on-screen instructions you must follow when you set up your modem.

Search Engine

A *search engine* is a program used on Web sites that allows you to search the Internet for keywords you enter. The search engine generates a list of Web pages that contain your keywords.

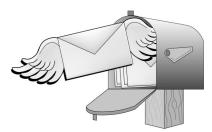
Once you access the Internet, you can use a search engine to begin searching for information. You can choose from many search engines on the Internet. To access one of these search engines, type in a URL, such as **www.compaq.com**. URLs take you to the requested site.

Tip

Check with your Internet Service Provider for details about the e-mail service they provide.

E-mail

A form of mail delivered over the Internet is *e-mail*. It is like a paperless letter that goes directly from one computer to another. To get e-mail, both the sender and recipient must have e-mail accounts. Your ISP is one possible provider of an e-mail account.



Browsers

This section covers the following:

- What is a Browser?
- Using Microsoft Internet **Explorer**



Tip

Learn to use the features in your browser. It makes your Internet experience much more enjoyable.



Did you know...

Your Notebook comes with Microsoft Internet Explorer pre-installed.



America Online® (AOL) users must start AOL and log on before starting Internet Explorer.

What is a Browser?

A Web browser is a program that allows you to see Web sites on the Internet.

Your computer's browser performs four basic tasks. When you provide a Web site's URL, your browser will:

- Contact the Web site.
- Gather information from the Web site.
- Display information from the Web site on your computer screen.
- File, print, or dispose of information from the Web site as you choose.

Using Microsoft Internet Explorer

Your Internet PC comes with a browser called Microsoft Internet Explorer. It is the most widely used browser in the world.

When you use your browser, the first page it displays is the default home page. You can customize or change this page. You can also customize other browser features.

Look in the browser Help files for instructions on customizing your browser.

Note: To use Microsoft Internet Explorer, you must have an active account with an ISP. You must also have a physical connection, such as a phone line, to your ISP's computer.



Did you know...

Microsoft Internet Explorer has an extensive Help section that includes a tour of its major features.



See also

"Internet Zone Buttons" in Chapters 2 and 3 for information about identifying, reprogramming, and disabling the Internet Zone buttons. To begin surfing the Internet with Microsoft Internet Explorer, complete either of the following:

- From the Windows desktop, double-click the **Internet Explorer** icon.
- From the Windows taskbar, click the **Start** button, point to **Programs**, and then click the **Internet Explorer** sicon.

An alternative method uses the **Internet Zone** buttons on your keyboard.

To connect to the Web with this procedure, simply press one of the Internet Zone buttons.

Note: The **Internet Zone** buttons on your computer may differ from those shown here.



These buttons give you quick access to the most frequently used Internet activities. They can be programmed to reflect your personal preferences.

Search Engines

This section will help you perform the following tasks:

- Choosing a Search Engine
- Using a Search Engine
- Searching on the Web
- Accessing Files from the Internet



Did you know...

Each search engine has a different look and feel. Try various search engines to see which one you like.

Choosing a Search Engine

Many different search engines exist on their own Web sites. Each one keeps a list, or *database*, of registered Web sites. The search engine's master list includes a description and Internet address for each of its registered Web sites.



Some search engines keep generalpurpose lists while others limit their lists to a single topic.

- An example of a general-purpose search engine is AltaVista[®] at www.altavista.com. Some ISPs, such as America Online[®], provide their own general-purpose search engine.
- An example of a specialized search engine would be one that only lists Web sites about one specific topic.

You can locate search engines in more than one way:

- Click your browser's **Search** button.
- Ask a search engine to list other search engines.



Tip

Choose your keywords carefully. Your choice determines the success of your search.



Did you know...

URL means Uniform Resource Locator. A URL is an address for a resource or Web site on the Internet.

Using a Search Engine

Most search engines ask for a keyword. A *keyword* is a single word or simple phrase that describes your topic.

- When entering keywords, you can enter an entire sentence to limit the search to a more specific topic. For example, for information about searching the Internet, enter searching the Internet, instead of Internet.
- After you enter a keyword search, the search engine generates a list of hyperlinks to all Web sites that contain your keywords. Click a link to go to a specific Web site.

For practice, search for the Compaq Web site:

- 1. Connect to the Internet and open your browser.
- 2. Enter the following URL into the **Address** box of your Web browser: **www.altavista.com.**
- 3. Enter **Compaq** in the box next to **Find this**.
- 4. Click **Search**. Your browser should display numerous links to different Compaq Web sites.

To use a search engine, complete these steps:

- 1. Choose a keyword that describes your topic.
- 2. Type that keyword into the search engine.
- 3. Click the **go** button (or other button provided) to send your request.

Once you have entered a keyword, the search engine will:

- Review the descriptions of the Web sites in its records
- Create a list of the Web sites that contain your keyword
- Display the list on your screen

The list the search engine returns to you includes a brief description of each Web site as well as its URL.



Try various keywords and compare the results. You can also use the same keyword in different search engines.



Check your browser's Help files for specific information on using your Favorites folder.

Searching on the Web

You can now begin searching on the Web.

Briefly examine the list provided by the search engine. Then,

- If you don't like the list, change the keyword and ask the search engine to generate a new list.
- If you see a Web site that looks interesting, click its URL or enter its URL in your browser.

After you have chosen and visited a Web site, you can easily return to the search engine.

- Use the Back arrow in your browser to return to the list.
- Choose another Web site from the list or generate a new list.

Your browser keeps a chronological list of the Web sites you visit. The forward arrow and back arrow let you move through that list to revisit Web sites.



If you know the URL of the Web site you want to visit, type it directly into the Address box of your Web browser. For example, you can visit the Compaq Web site by typing the following URL into the **Address** box of your Web browser:

www.compaq.com/athome/exploration

The URL of a Web site that you want to remember can be placed in your browser's **Favorites** folder. Some suggested Web sites are already in that folder. You can open your Favorites folder and easily visit a Web site by clicking on its name.

Accessing Files from the Internet

Accessing files from the Internet can be as simple as the push of a button. You may want to access files such as software upgrades and patches, videos, music, the latest news, or up-to-date virus-detection files.



To access a file on the Internet, complete the following:

- 1. Open your Web browser and enter a Web address or search for the information you need.
- 2. Once you have located a source for the information, follow the Web site's directions to view or download the file.

In Conclusion

The Internet has its own terms and ways of doing things. You learned about many of them in this chapter. Come back to this chapter as often as you need.



See also

The "Anti-Virus Software" section of chapter 4 for more information about how to protect your Notebook and your files from viruses.

Caring for Your Battery



In This Chapter

Battery Care, 7-2

Battery Calibration, 7-4

Power Management, 7-9

When you're on the go, AC wall outlets are not always available and sometimes you'll want to use battery power. This chapter shows you how to maintain and recharge your battery properly so that your Presario Notebook computer has the power necessary to continue running. After you have read this chapter, you will be able to complete the following tasks:

- Increase the length of battery operating time.
- Correct a low-battery condition.
- Store your battery
- Recycle your battery

Battery Care

When AC wall outlets are not available or convenient, the battery becomes the "life-line" of your Notebook. In this section you will become familiar with the following:

- Using the Battery
- Storing the Battery
- Recycling the Battery



Warning

If your Notebook contains a lithium-ion battery pack, improper handling of the battery pack may result in fire and chemical burns. Do not disassemble, crush, puncture, short external contacts, dispose of in water or fire, or expose it to temperatures higher than 60° C (140° F). Replace only with the Compaq battery pack specified for your Notebook.



Tic

For safety reasons when operating under AC Power, Compaq recommends that you keep a battery installed. This ensures that you have a charged battery when you need it.

Using the Battery

Your Notebook allows you to use either AC power or battery power. If an AC wall outlet is not available, you will want to use battery power. This section of "Caring for Your Battery" will help you:

- Determine the amount of remaining battery power
- Determine what affects the length of battery operating time

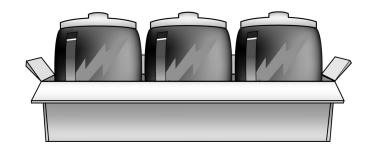
Checking Battery Power

To determine the amount of remaining battery power, follow these steps:

- 1. Double-click the **Battery Charge** icon or the **AC power** icon located on the right side of the Windows taskbar.
- 2. Check the lights on your battery or status panel gauge, depending on what type of Notebook you have.

Storing the Battery

If you will not be using your Notebook for an extended period of time, you must take precautions to ensure that your battery is stored correctly.





Tip

Temperature plays an important role in recharging your battery. To gain maximum capacity, allow both the battery and your Notebook to cool to 68°F (20°C), which is room temperature, before recharging the battery.



Tip

You may store your battery within the following temperature range: 32° F to 113° F (0°C to 45°C). To extend its operating life, store the battery in a cool dry place.



See also

"Government Approvals" section of the Safety and Comfort Guide for more information on recycling.

Refer to the following storage requirements.

NiMH Battery - If your Notebook uses a NiMH (nickel-metal-hydride) battery and you will not be using your Notebook for a long period of time (more than two weeks):

- Use your Notebook until the battery is *drained completely*.
- Remove the battery from your Notebook and store it separately.

Li-ion Battery - If your Notebook uses a Li-ion (lithium-ion) battery and you will not be using your Notebook for a long period of time (more than two weeks):

- Use your Notebook until the battery is *drained to 50 percent*.
- Remove the battery and store it separately.

Recycling the Battery

In North America, dispose of nickel-metal-hydride or lithium-ion batteries by taking advantage of the Compaq battery recycling program. You will be provided with a postage-paid battery pack mailer pre-addressed to a reclamation facility where the metals are recycled.



Do not dispose of batteries with general household waste. Dispose of or recycle them by using a public collection system or returning them to Compaq, your authorized Compaq partners, or their agents.

Battery Calibration

All batteries lose their charge if they have not been used for a long period of time. In this section of "Caring for Your Battery" you will become familiar with the following:

- Calibrating the Battery
- Maximizing Battery Operating Time
- Fixing a Low-Battery Condition

Calibrating the Battery

You may notice that the battery gauge does not correctly display the battery charge level when you first receive your Notebook, or if you have not used your Notebook for a long period of time. If the battery gauge becomes inaccurate, you must recalibrate your battery. Recalibrating the battery simply means recharging the battery to its maximum capacity and resetting the battery gauge to display the level of charge accurately.



To recalibrate the battery, complete the following steps:

- 1. Plug in the AC adapter:
 - a. Allow the battery to charge until the Battery Charge icon turns off, showing that the battery is fully charged.
 - b. After the battery charge light or the icon turns off, unplug the AC adapter.
- 2. Turn on or restart your Notebook.

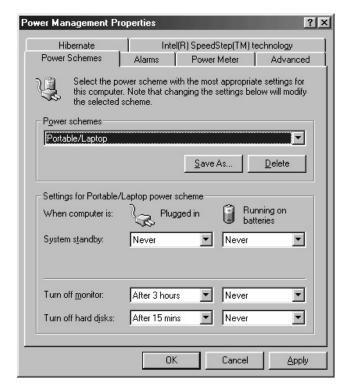
Steps 3 through 6 prevent your Notebook from entering Sleep mode. These steps also allow the battery to drain faster.

- 3. On the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, point to **Settings**, and then click **Control Panel**.
- 4. Double-click the **Power Management** icon on the **Control Panel**. The Power Management Properties dialog box opens.



Do not plug in the AC adapter while the battery is draining or you will have to start over with step 1.





- 6. From Running on Batteries column:
 - a. In the Turn off Monitor drop-down list, select Never.
 - b. In the Turn off Hard Disk drop-down list, select Never.
 - c. In the **System Standby** drop-down list, select **Never**.
- 7. Click **OK** to close the Power Management Properties box.
- 8. Let the battery drain until your Notebook reaches Hibernation and turns off.
- 9. Plug in the AC adapter. Restart your Notebook.
- 10. Return to the Power Management Properties dialog box under **Control Panel** and re-enter your Power Savings settings to the desired level.

The battery is now calibrated.



You can use your Notebook while the battery is draining or charging.



Tip

If you will not be using your Notebook for an extended period of time, Compaq recommends that you unplug the electrical cord from the outlet and remove the battery while your Notebook is not in use.



Did you know...

The battery will charge whether your Notebook is on or off, and will continue to charge until the battery is fully charged or AC power is disconnected.

Battery Charging Time

Battery charging time will vary based on the initial battery charge, the type of battery, and the activity of your Notebook while charging.

Purchasing Spare or Extra Batteries

Over time, all batteries lose the ability to operate at full capacity and the battery will have to be replaced. To purchase a new battery, contact your Compaq-authorized dealer or access the Compaq Web site at: www.compaq.com/athome.

Maximizing Battery Operating Time

The battery operating time depends on your power management settings. Your Notebook components, the options, and the applications that you use also affect the operating time. This section of "Caring for Your Battery" shows you how to increase the length of time you are able to operate under battery power.

The display, processor, CD/DVD drive, and hard drive use the most battery power. To maximize the battery operating time, perform one or more of the following actions:

- Reduce display brightness and select a short wait for your screen saver.
- Select a screen saver that does not generate a lot of graphics or motion.
- Reduce audio volume or use headphones.
- Exit modem programs when you are not using them.
- Remove PC Cards when you are not using them.
- Remove CDs or DVDs when you are not using them.
- Use Sleep or Hibernation mode to turn off your Notebook when you are not using it.



Did you know...

Once your Notebook has entered Hibernation mode, it will not turn on until it is plugged into an AC adapter or the drained battery is replaced with a charged one.

Fixing a Low-Battery Condition

A low-battery condition exists when the battery has less than 10 percent of its power remaining. This section of "Caring for Your Battery" will show you how to correct a low-battery condition and what to do if your Notebook loses all battery power.

When your Notebook loses all battery power, it begins Hibernation, a process that cannot be interrupted. If Hibernation has begun, you must allow your Notebook to finish saving your information and shut off automatically before trying to correct the low-battery condition.



The availability of an AC wall outlet will determine which solution you should use to correct a low-battery condition. Use one of the following options:

Connect the AC Adapter

This solution allows you to continue working without being interrupted and simultaneously charges the drained battery. You don't have to turn off your Notebook before connecting the AC adapter. Your Notebook automatically switches to AC power once you connect the AC adapter.

Replace the Drained Battery with a Charged One

If you cannot connect the AC adapter but you have a charged battery, you can change to battery power and continue working. To replace the drained battery with a charged one, complete the following steps:

- 1. Save your work.
- 2. Turn off your Notebook (or initiate Hibernation).



- 3. Replace the drained battery with the charged one.
- 4. Press the **Power** button to turn on your Notebook.
- 5. Resume your work.

When AC power becomes available, repeat these same steps but insert the drained battery and charge it by plugging in the AC adapter.

Suspend Your Work

If you cannot plug in the AC adapter and you do not have a charged replacement battery, start Hibernation by pressing the **Power** \bigcirc button. When a power source (AC or battery) becomes available, press the **Power** \bigcirc button to turn your Notebook on and resume your work.

Power Management



Did you know...

Presario Notebooks have power-saving features that protect your data and conserve battery and monitor life.

Saving Energy

Congratulations! You are no longer a "new user." Now you know how to use some of the fun, basic functions of your new Presario Notebook computer, like surfing the Web. Now, it's time to learn about some advanced features, such as power management, Hibernation and Sleep modes.

What is Power Management?

This section explains the following:

- Understanding Power Management
- Starting and Ending Power Modes
- Power Management Settings
- Changing Power Management Settings

Understanding Power Management

Power management lets you reduce your Notebook power consumption. Your Notebook has two power management modes:

- Hibernation saves information to the hard drive and then turns off your Notebook. Your Notebook hibernates when the **Power** button is pressed, when the battery has little power left, or when your Notebook (operating on battery power) is in Sleep mode for more than one hour.
- Sleep, also called Standby, puts your Notebook in low-power mode. It is still on, but the display appears blank.



Caution: Although Sleep mode maintains system information and open files, you will lose any unsaved information if you turn off your Notebook before you end the Sleep mode.

Starting and Ending Power Modes



Did you know...

Your Notebook automatically goes into Hibernation if your battery is low or after one hour of Sleep. When it is on AC power, it does not go into Hibernation.



See also

Presario Operating System Manual for more information on changing Power Management settings.

If you want to	Then	Result / Indicators
Put your Notebook to sleep manually	Press the Fn+F4 keys. Or click the Start button on the Windows Taskbar, Shut Down, then Standby.	Moon cicon appears on status display.
Wake your Notebook from Sleep manually	Press any key.	Moon cicon disappears on status display.
Put your Notebook into Hibernation manually	Press the Power button once. Or click the Start button, Shut Down, then Hibernate.	Power icon does not appear on status display.
Wake your Notebook from Hibernation manually	Press the Power Obutton once.	Power \bigcirc icon appears on status display.

Service and Support



In This Chapter

Preventive Maintenance, 8-2

Backup Utilities, 8-5

Hard Disk Errors, 8-6

Hard Disk Space Management, 8-8

System Support, 8-10

Maintaining your Notebook by keeping it clean and keeping the vents free from dust promotes greater longevity and higher performance. If Notebook components are not cleaned periodically, the probability of system failure increases.



The information in this chapter provides helpful instructions for the maintenance and care of your Notebook.

Preventive Maintenance

This section covers:

- Cleaning Your Notebook's Exterior
- Cleaning the Keyboard
- Cleaning the Display Screen
- Cleaning the TouchPad
- Caring for Your Presario Notebook



Warning

Always disconnect the power from your Notebook and disconnect any other peripherals before attempting to clean your Notebook or any of its components.



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Foam swabs or cosmetic applicators are preferred to cotton swabs because cotton can add rather than remove lint.

Cleaning Your Notebook's Exterior



Caution: When you shut down your Notebook, the power turns off. However, some electrical currents may still be flowing through the Notebook. To completely disconnect power from the Notebook, unplug the power and modem cables from the wall outlets and remove the battery.

Using a damp, lint-free cloth, clean the keyboard, the Notebook's exterior, and other external parts on your Notebook.



Caution: Do not use household cleaning solvents because they will damage the finish on your Notebook.

Cleaning the Keyboard

You should clean the keyboard periodically to rid it of dust, lint, and any other foreign particles that may become trapped beneath the keys. Use a compressed can of air with a straw extension attached to blow air in and around the keys. Cleaning the keyboard prevents keys from sticking and jamming. It also makes typing a more pleasant experience.





Caution: Do not use liquids of any kind on the keyboard, as they may permanently damage the keyboard.



Caution: Do not use a regular vacuum cleaner for cleaning the keyboard because you may deposit normal household debris on the surfaces rather than remove it.



Tip

Give your Presario Notebook a safe home. If your Notebook is consistently exposed to direct sunlight, consider moving it. The heat from the sun shining on the display screen can reduce its performance and cause glare.



Did you know...

Your Notebook is cooled by air that is drawn in through the vents and blown out through the exhaust fan. It is important to keep the vents free of dust and debris. Brush any dust away from the vents with a damp cloth but do not attempt to dismantle the Notebook to clean dust from the inside of the Notebook. If you dismantle your Notebook, you may permanently damage the components on your Notebook.

Cleaning the Display Screen

The surface of your display screen may look fuzzy or smudged. You can use a soft, damp, lint-free cloth to wipe the screen clean.

If the display screen requires any additional cleaning, use an antistatic screen cleaner or pre-moistened antistatic wipes.



Caution: Never spray water or any other cleaning fluids or chemicals directly on the screen. You may permanently damage your Notebook.

Cleaning the TouchPad

Grease and dirt on the TouchPad can cause your cursor to jump around on the display screen. To avoid this, periodically clean the TouchPad with a damp cloth. Remember, before using your Notebook, always wash your hands.



Caring for Your Presario Notebook

Your Presario Internet Notebook is designed as a durable product. However, when you transport it, we recommend that you put it in a portable notebook carrying case. To enhance the life of your system, follow these Do's and Don'ts.

Do's

- Carry and store your Notebook in a portable notebook carrying case.
- Keep diskettes and modular disk drives away from magnetic fields. Magnetic fields can erase data on your diskettes and your hard drives.
- Keep your Notebook away from extreme temperatures (for example, in parked cars, near heaters, or near open windows). Extreme temperatures can damage your Notebook or cause it to perform poorly.

Don'ts

- Bump or drop your Notebook.
- Put objects on top of it. Even if your Notebook is stored in a durable carrying case, it is not made to support extra weight.
- Leave the CD/DVD ROM door open when it is not in use. It can get damaged.
- Handle liquids around your Notebook. Exposure to almost any liquid can result in expensive repairs that are not covered under your warranty.
- Expose your Notebook to dusty or dirty environments. Dust and dirt can clog internal components and mechanisms.

Backup Utilities | Using Backup Devices

To retrieve files that may have been lost or damaged, you should back up your files regularly to diskettes or other backup media.

You can back up all the files on your Notebook or you can select specific files and folders. Use diskettes to do a partial backup of selected files or folders.

Use backup devices such as tape drives or other high-capacity backup devices to do a complete hard-disk backup.

Hard Disk Errors

This section covers:

- Using ScanDisk
- Using Disk Cleanup
- Deleting Stored Files
- Defragmenting Your Hard Disk



Tip

In the ScanDisk dialog box, you can select the option "Automatically fix errors."



Did you know...

You can also optimize your disk space with other options. For detailed information, see the Presario Notebook Operating System Manual included with your new Notebook.



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Compaq recommends using ScanDisk, using Disk Cleanup, and Defragmenting your hard drive at least once a week to optimize the performance of your Notebook.

Using ScanDisk

The ScanDisk utility examines the hard disk for surface errors and file and folder problems. ScanDisk corrects these problems so that Windows and other programs run efficiently.

Use ScanDisk from once a week to once a month, depending on how often you use your Notebook. Also use ScanDisk if you encounter hard disk problems.

To run ScanDisk, complete the following steps:

- 1. Click Start, Programs, and then Accessories.
- 2. Click System Tools, and then ScanDisk.
- 3. Select the disk(s) you want to check for errors.
- 4. Select the type of test you want to run.
- 5. Click **Start** to begin scanning your hard disk for errors.
- 6. Click **Close** when finished.

Using Disk Cleanup

Optimize your system by using the Disk Cleanup maintenance feature offered in Microsoft Windows. When you use the Disk Cleanup tool, you can free hard disk space on your Notebook by:

- Deleting temporary Internet files
- Deleting downloaded program files
- Emptying the Recycle Bin
- Deleting files from your temporary folder
- Deleting files created by other Windows tools
- · Removing optional Windows components not in use
- Removing installed programs that you do not use
- Converting your hard disk to the FAT32 file system

Deleting Stored Files

To free hard disk space, remove unused files stored on your hard disk by completing these steps.

- 1. Double-click the **My Computer** icon on your Windows desktop.
- 2. Right-click the disk that you want to free space on.
- 3. Click **Properties**, then click **Disk Cleanup** on the General tab.
- 4. Select the files you want to remove by clicking the adjacent check boxes.
- 5. Click **OK** to confirm your request, and then click **OK** to start the deletion process.

i Did you know...

Defragmenting your Notebook on a regular basis optimizes the speed of your Notebook.

Defragmenting Your Hard Disk

The Disk Defragmenter utility rearranges files and unused space on your hard disk so that programs can run faster.



▲ Caution: Plug your Notebook into AC Power before defragmenting the hard disk.



Caution: Do not turn off the Notebook during the defragmentation process.

To defragment your hard disk, complete the following steps:

- 1. Click **Start**, **Programs**, and then **Accessories**.
- 2. Click **System Tools**, then **Disk Defragmenter**. A dialog box prompting you to select the drive you want to defragment is displayed.
- 3. Select the drive you wish to defragment.
- 4. Click \mathbf{OK} to begin defragmenting your selected hard disk.

Hard Disk Space Management

This section covers:

- Checking the Hard Disk Space
- Deleting Unnecessary Files
- Using the Recycle Bin

Checking the Hard Disk Space

In Windows, you can see a chart of the available hard disk space.

To check your hard disk space, complete the following steps:

- Double-click the **My Computer** icon. The My Computer window is displayed.
- Right-click the hard disk where you want to check available file space, then select **Properties.** The System Properties dialog box displays and shows the free and used space on the disk.

Deleting Unnecessary Files

By deleting unnecessary files from the hard disk, you free disk space and help improve your Notebook's performance. Use the Windows Disk Cleanup utility to delete temporary Windows files, temporary Internet files, empty the Recycle Bin, and delete unneeded electronic mail files.



Caution: If you do not intend to delete files that are selected for deletion, cancel the request by clicking **No** when prompted.

To use Windows Disk Cleanup, complete the following steps:

- Click Start, then select Programs, Accessories, System Tools, then Disk Cleanup. The Select Drive dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Select the disk you want to clean up and click **OK.** The Disk Cleanup dialog box is displayed.
- 3. Click the check box beside each file type you want to delete. For more information about each file type you can delete, read the descriptions in the Disk Cleanup dialog box.
- 4. Click **OK**, then click **Yes** to confirm. The selected files are deleted.

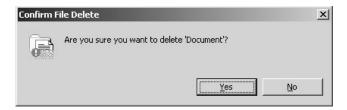


You can also double-click on the **Recycle Bin** icon and open the folder to select items that you wish to keep.

Using the Recycle Bin

When you delete files from your Notebook, they are not completely eliminated from your hard disk. They are temporarily stored in a system folder referred to as the Recycle Bin. You can recover these files if necessary. To delete these files, follow this process:

- 1. On your desktop, right-click the **Recycle Bin** icon.
- 2. Click the **Empty Recycle Bin** option and the **Confirm File Delete** dialog box is displayed.



3. Click **Yes** to confirm the deletion.

If program files are stored in the Recycle Bin folder, the your Notebook identifies them and prompts you to verify your intention to delete these files.

System Support

This section covers:

- Compaq Diagnostics
- System Record
- Compaq Service Connection
- Internet Support



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You can select **Quick** or **Complete** as a starting point for a Custom test. If you select **Interactive mode**, stay with your Notebook for the interactive test portions.

Compaq Diagnostics

(available on select models)

Compaq Diagnostics provides an easy way to perform system checks and diagnose problems. When you double-click the **Compaq Diagnostics** icon located in the **Compaq Support** folder on the Windows desktop, a progress bar is displayed while the application analyzes your Presario Notebook for information about its components. After approximately one minute, a Summary window with the component information is displayed.

A row of icons is located at the top of the window. Clicking these icons provides information about the components being tested. Refer to the following table for descriptions of the tabs.

Tab	Description	
Overview	Contains information about your Notebook	
Test	Selects the devices you want tested	
Status	Shows progress of tests and faults detected	
Log	Shows a record of all device tests and detailed results	
Error	Reports details of errors detected	

Types of Tests

You may conduct a Quick, Complete, or Custom test. If you choose the Quick test, it can be run in either the interactive or unattended mode.

Complete or Custom tests are completed only in the Interactive mode, since they test the audio and video components of your Presario Notebook. You must be present to confirm the test results. Complete testing takes approximately 10 minutes.

The Test tab has the following main regions: Types of Test, Test mode, an Information Window, and a Component List (under the Type of Test box). The Component List resembles Windows Explorer: Click the + to open a component folder, then the component for information about it. The information window may show further tests that can be performed on certain components. You can request any or all of the subtests.

Testing Equipment

To run a test, complete the following steps:

- 1. Click the **Test** tab.
- 2. Choose the type of test: **Quick, Complete,** or **Custom**. In Custom, you will need to check the boxes in the Component List for each test you want.
- 3. Select Interactive mode or Unattended mode.
- 4. Click the **Begin Test** button at the bottom of the window. The Status tab automatically replaces the Test tab on your window. You can follow the progress of individual tests on this window.

When the tests are complete, the progress bar in the Status window is green if the test is successful and red if the test fails. The lower part of the Status tab provides details of the tests that are completed.

The Long tab lists all the tests and also provides information about the number of times each test was run, the time taken for the test, and the number of errors detected. You can save this information by clicking the **Save** button at the bottom of the window.

The Error tab provides details about the errors detected, including error codes. These error codes reveal useful information that a Compaq technician uses to advise you on how to correct problems with your Notebook.

System Record

(available on select models)

System Record reports all of the devices that came with your Notebook, as well as all the devices you have added or changed since you purchased your Notebook. System Record highlights these changes in red. This allows you to isolate and diagnose possible problems with your Notebook.

To access System Record, complete the following steps:

- 1. From the Windows desktop, double-click the **Compaq Support** icon.
- 2. Double-click the **System Record** icon.

The System Record tab displays the Base.log, which displays all the devices that came with your Notebook, and the Now.log, which displays all the devices you have added or changed. The changes you have made to your Notebook are highlighted in red. For example, if your Notebook came with 64 megabytes (MB) of memory and you upgrade to 96 MB of memory, your Base.log displays 64 MB of memory and the Now.log displays 96 MB. The memory lines in the Now.log are noted in red lettering, which indicates a change made to your Notebook's original amount of memory.

Compaq Service Connection

(available on select models)

Tip

If the Service Connection cioon is visible in the Windows taskbar, the service is already active.

Turning Compaq Service Connection On and Off

If you wish to turn on the Compaq Service Connection manually, complete the following steps:

- 1. Double-click the **Compaq Support** icon in the Windows desktop.
- 2. Double-click the **Service Connection** \bigcirc icon.

Note: If the **Service Connection** icon is visible on the Windows taskbar, the service is already active.

The Compaq Service Connection remains active and is ready to perform updates when you log on to the Internet.

To turn off the Compaq Service Connection, complete the following steps:

- 1. Right-click the **Service Connection** icon on the Windows taskbar.
- 2. Select Shutdown Compaq Service Connection.

How Does It Work?

The Compaq Service Connection software operates in the background while you are performing other tasks on your Notebook. You will only be aware that it is working when a Notice is displayed.

If you are using your modem when the Compaq Service Connection software initiates an update, it waits until the modem is idle before downloading any information. You are not interrupted while using your Web browser or e-mail programs. When a Notice is displayed, usually as a rotating Q, complete the following steps to obtain the update:

- 1. Double-click the Notice to reveal the update identification.
- 2. Install, postpone, or delete the download by clicking the appropriate button.
 - If you ignore the Notice, it disappears after a minute or two. However, the update is still available for you to download at any time during the next 10 days.
 - If you have not downloaded the update within 10 days, it will be automatically cancelled.

To view the updates you have downloaded and the updates that are still available, double-click the **Compaq Support** icon on the Windows desktop, then double-click the **Service**Connection icon. A list of updates is displayed in the window. The updates that have not yet been accepted are highlighted and bolded.

Privacy and Data Security

Compaq Service Connection is committed to providing you with beneficial software updates and information. To provide you with these updates and information, non-personal information limited to your Notebook model number, serial number, and software ID files is communicated to the Compaq server.

Files sent to your Presario Notebook are protected by a personalized security number, similar to a Personal Identification Number (PIN), to ensure that you receive the correct information. Compaq Service Connection does not access, share, or send any personal information, files, or data on your Notebook over the Internet.

If you no longer wish to receive updates from the Compaq Service Connection, you can turn it off at any time.



Tip

You can also access Internet Support through the Instant Answer button (available on select models) on your keyboard.

Internet Support

The Internet Support icon allows you to access the Compaq Service and Support Web page for your country. The Compaq Service and Support Web page provides you with tools and information to help make using your Compaq Presario easier than ever.

To access the Compaq Service and Support Web page, complete the following steps:

- 1. Make sure your Notebook is connected to the Internet.
- 2. From the Windows desktop, double-click the **Compaq Support** icon.
- 3. Double-click the **Internet Support** icon. Icons representing flags of various countries are displayed in a window.
- 4. Click the icon that represents your country's flag.

You will be connected to your country's specific Service and Support Web page.

9

Solutions

In This Chapter

Basic Solutions, 9-2

Frequently Asked Questions, 9-3

Solutions Tables, 9-9

You turn on your Notebook and it won't start. You try to print and nothing happens. You get an error message that prevents you from getting your work done—and there's no one around who knows what to do. Help!

In this chapter you'll learn easy ways to increase computer performance and solve some basic computer problems:

- In "Frequently Asked Questions" (FAQs), you'll find answers to questions such as: Where can I find the specifications for my Compaq Presario Notebook computer? How do I change my Notebook display resolution? What types of upgrades are available for my Notebook?
- In "Solutions Tables," you'll find common problems described in detail and several solutions to try and fix the problems.

If you can't solve a problem yourself, we'll show you how to contact Compaq Support for all the help you'll need.



Basic Solutions

Before you consult our extensive list of common solutions, try these helpful hints. If you still need help, this section tells you how to quickly find the solution.

In this section:

- Helpful Hints
- Finding Solutions Quickly

Helpful Hints

If you encounter minor problems with your Notebook, display, or software, refer to the following list of general suggestions before taking further action:

- Ensure that your Notebook is plugged into the AC adapter and that the adapter is plugged into a working electrical outlet.
- Ensure that your Notebook is turned on and the Power O light or icon is lit.
- Adjust the brightness and contrast controls of the display.
- Remove any diskettes from the diskette drive before turning on your Notebook.

Finding Solutions Quickly

To help you find a solution quickly, most of the information in this chapter is divided into three columns:

- 1. *Symptom*—describes the symptom or warning that indicates a problem.
- 2. *Problem*—identifies one or more reasons why the symptom occurred.
- 3. *Solution*—describes how you should try to fix the problem.

If the listed solution does not fix your problem, try another solution for the symptom or try the solution a second time.

If a problem persists and you can't resolve it, contact a Compaq Authorized Service Provider. Refer to your *Warranty Statement* for details.

Frequently Asked Questions

- General Ouestions
- Display Questions
- Questions about Sound
- Ouestions about Movies
- Questions about Peripherals
- Questions about Upgrades
- Error Messages



See also

For more information, please refer to your Microsoft Windows Operating System Manual.



See also

You can refer to other documentation that comes with your Notebook or peripheral devices. Examples include Microsoft Windows manuals, third-party software manuals, and hardware documentation such as printer manuals.



See also

"Common Tasks" chapter in this guide for more information about anti-virus software.

General Questions

Q. Where can I find more information about my Notebook?

A. In the printed documentation that came with your Notebook. Also visit the Compaq support Web site at:

http://www.compaq.com/athome/support/serv_note.html

Q. What is Microsoft Windows?

A. Microsoft Windows is an operating system.

Q. What is an operating system?

A. An operating system is software that tells your Notebook what to do. It translates keyboard strokes and mouse movements into a language your Notebook can understand. Your Notebook comes with a Microsoft operating system already installed.

Q. What is a computer virus and how can I remove it?

A. A computer virus is a program that can cause damage to your Notebook. Your Notebook usually comes with preinstalled third-party virus scan software to remove computer viruses. However, since new viruses constantly emerge, you should check with your software vendor about software upgrades. These upgrades are usually available on the Internet.

Q. I can't connect to the Internet. What's the problem?

A. First, you must have an account with an Internet Service Provider (ISP). Your modem must also be configured correctly, and you must have a cable connecting the modem port to the phone jack. Also ensure that you have an Internet browser installed, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer or Netscape Navigator[®].

Q. The keyboard does not respond when I press any button. What should I do?

A. Press and hold the **Power** \bigcirc button to power off your Notebook then restart, or call Compaq customer support for assistance.



See also

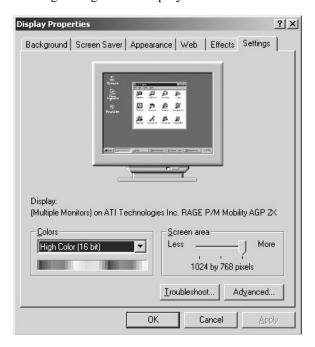
Presario Notebook Operating System Manual for information on how to create additional hardware profiles. **Q**. Why is my Notebook slow when coming out of Hibernation mode or when not on the network?

A. If the internal Ethernet hardware (network card) is set up to connect to a network, Windows tries to access the network through the Ethernet hardware. If a connection does not exist, then start-up delays or loss of functionality can occur. One way to overcome these problems is to use the Hardware Profile feature of Windows. This feature allows you to create two different Hardware Profiles that are selectable upon start-up: one with the internal Ethernet hardware enabled, and one with internal Ethernet hardware disabled.

Display Questions

Q. How can I change the display settings on my Notebook?

A. Right-click on the Windows desktop and select **Properties**. The following dialog box is displayed:

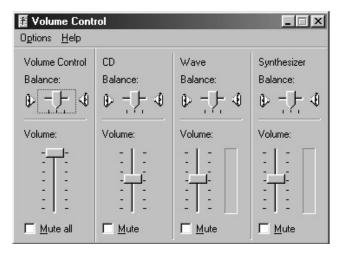


Select the **Settings** tab and make changes as necessary. Click **OK** when you finish to apply the settings.

- **Q**. My display (monitor) is blank. What should I do?
- **A.** Your Notebook might be in either Sleep (Standby) or Hibernation mode. Try pressing any key to wake your Notebook from Sleep (Standby) mode. If this does not correct the problem, press the **Power** button once to resume from Hibernation mode.

Questions about Sound

- **Q**. There is no sound coming from my Notebook. What's wrong?
- **A**. You can control the sound coming from your Notebook speakers by double-clicking the **Volume** icon in the taskbar. The Volume Control dialog box is displayed:



Make sure the **Mute all** box is not checked in the **Volume Control Balance** panel.

Questions about Movies

- **Q**. When I play a DVD movie on TV-Out, the movie shows only on the display panel. What should I do?
- A. You may need to press the **Fn+F3** keys more than once to transfer the image to the TV.
- **Q**. The DVD movie is too dim or too bright. What should I do?
- **A.** Adjust the brightness setting and the Advanced Display properties.

Questions about Peripherals

- **Q**. My Notebook is connected to a printer, but I am unable to print. What's wrong?
- A. If the printer is attached directly to your Notebook, make sure that the power cable is plugged into the wall and the printer is turned on. Check to make sure that the connector cable between your Notebook and the printer is properly attached. Also, ensure that you have the correct driver for your printer installed on your Notebook. If you are still have trouble printing, refer to the instructions that came with your specific printer model.
- **Q**. How do I know how much battery power I have?
- A. See the Battery Status icon on the System tray on the Windows taskbar.



See also

"Adjusting Brightness" section in this guide.



See also

"Using Your Notebook" in this guide for more information on charging the battery.

Questions about Upgrades

Q. Can I download upgrades from the Compaq Internet site?

A. Yes. You can download Compaq upgrades, called *Softpaqs*, such as video drivers, diagnostics, and flash ROM at:

http://web14.compaq.com/falco/sp_list.asp

Note: You must know your Presario Notebook Model and Serial Numbers (located underneath your Notebook).

Q. Where do I get information about memory upgrades?

A. See the following site:

http://athome.compaq.com

Error Messages

Error messages are displayed on the screen to alert you when problems occur and when your input is required to resolve a problem.

Q. I receive an Out of Memory message while a program is running. What's wrong?

A. Your Notebook operating system resources are low. Close one or more programs to recover resources.

Note: You may have to restart your Notebook to completely recover Windows memory.



See also

"Solving Hard Disk Problems" in this chapter for information about the hard disk.

- **Q**. I receive hard disk error messages. What is wrong?
- **A**. A hard disk error message is displayed when part of the hard disk has failed. The hard drive can be restored by using the ScanDisk utility.

To repair the hard disk using the ScanDisk Utility, complete the following steps:

- Click the Start button, point to Programs, Accessories, System Tools, then click ScanDisk to open the ScanDisk dialog box.
- 2. Select the hard disk and any other desired options.
- 3. Click the **Start** button to begin the repair process.
- **Q**. I receive a non-system disk or disk error message. What is wrong?
- **A**. If you have a non-system or disk error message, check the following:
- Check the diskette drive to see if you have a diskette in the drive. When drive activity stops, remove the diskette and press the Spacebar to continue the startup process.
- If a diskette is not in the drive, the system files have been damaged. To repair the system files, complete the following steps:
 - a. Insert the startup diskette that you have created for your operating system in the diskette drive.
 - b. Press and hold down the **Power** \bigcirc button until your Notebook shuts down.
 - c. Press the **Power** \bigcirc button to restart your Notebook.
 - d. At the A:\ prompt, type SYS C: and press the Enter key. The following message is displayed:
 'SYSTEM TRANSFERRED'. This operation restores the system files to your hard disk.
 - e. When the operation is complete, restart your Notebook.

Solutions Tables

In this section:

- Audio and Video
- Battery and Power
- Mass Storage
- Games and Internet
- Keyboard and TouchPad
- Memory and PC Card

Audio and Video

Audio		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
No sound.	Volume has been muted.	On the taskbar, click the Volume (1) icon and clear the Mute check box.
	Your Notebook is in Sleep mode. This is identified when the Sleep icon is displayed.	Press any key.
Sound is too low.	Volume is set too low.	Click the Volume cicon on the taskbar, and click the Volume slider and drag it up, or press the Volume Up button.
Sound is distorted.	Volume is set too high.	Click the Volume cicon on the taskbar, and click the Volume slider and drag it down, or press the Volume Down button.
Audio CD or DVD does not play.	See CD or DVD in "Fixing Mass Storage Problems" later in this chapter.	
Volume cicon is missing from the Windows taskbar.	The Show Volume Control on taskbar option has not been selected.	 On the taskbar, click the Start button, and point to Settings. Click Control Panel. Double-click Sound and Multimedia. Select Show volume control on taskbar, and click OK.



Did you know...

Video is also referred to as the display.



Tip

Key combinations, such as the example Fn+F8 used in these solutions, mean that you should press and hold down the Fn key, press the F8 key, and then release both keys simultaneously.

Video or Display		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
Screen is blank.	Screen saver is enabled.	Press the Spacebar or click with the TouchPad.
	Your Notebook is in Sleep mode. This is identified when the Sleep icon is displayed.	Press any key.
	The external monitor display is selected.	Press the Fn+F3 keys to switch between the LCD display, external monitor, TV-Out (available on select models), and simultaneous display.
Display is too faint.	Brightness and contrast controls are not set properly.	Press the Fn+F8 keys to turn up the brightness. (On select models, you can adjust the contrast.)
Display only fills part of the screen.	Your resolution settings are not set properly.	 On the taskbar, click the Start button and point to Settings. Click Control Panel. Double-click Display. Click the Settings tab. In the Screen area, click the slider and drag it to the desired resolution. Click OK to accept the new settings, then close the Control Panel window.
Characters are garbled or the display flashes when your Notebook is connected to an external monitor.	The external monitor's resolution is set too high for your Notebook.	Restart your Notebook and reset the Display settings for a lower resolution. Refer to the solution for "Display only fills part of the screen" for more details.

Battery and Power

Battery		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
Battery gauge is not accurate.		Calibrate the battery. Refer to "Calibrating the Battery" in this guide for details.
Battery charging indicator does not appear and battery does not charge.	Battery needs calibrating.	Allow time for the battery to return to room temperature.
	Battery is at the end of its life.	Replace the battery. Refer to "Recycling the Battery" in this guide for battery recycling information.
	Battery was exposed to temperature extremes.	Keep the battery within the recommended temperature ranges. Refer to "Maintaining the Battery" in this guide.
Battery charge does not last as long as expected.	Battery is not fully draining.	Calibrate the battery. Refer to "Calibrating the Battery" in this guide.
	Battery was exposed to extreme temperatures.	Keep the battery within the recommended temperature ranges. Refer to "Maintaining the Battery" in this guide.
	Battery has partially self-discharged.	Recharge the battery.
	Power Management is disabled.	Reset the power management options. Refer to "Calibrating the Battery" in this guide.

Battery		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
(cont'd) Battery charge does not last as long as expected.	Battery is at the end of its life.	Replace the battery. Refer to "Recycling the Battery" in this guide for battery recycling information.
Your Notebook has entered the Low Battery state, but it did not beep.	Volume is set too low to hear the warning beep, or a CD is playing and the alarm does not interrupt play to issue a warning beep.	Adjust volume if necessary.
Your Notebook is beeping and the Low Battery warning appears or the battery gauge is below 10%.	Your Notebook has entered a Low Battery stage.	If possible, immediately connect your Notebook to AC power. If connecting to AC power is not possible, you have the following choices: Save your files and perform a normal Windows shut down. Initiate Hibernation by pressing the Power button. Let your Notebook go into Hibernation automatically (if enabled).

Power		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
You forgot your power-on password.	Your Notebook will not start without entering the power-on password.	Take your Notebook to your local Compaq Authorized Service Provider. See the <i>Warranty Statement</i> for details.
Your Notebook will not turn on.	Power button on your Notebook has not been pressed.	Press the Power button on your Notebook.
	Power plug is not properly connected to AC adapter or wall outlet.	Reconnect the power plug to AC adapter and wall outlet.
	AC adapter is not properly connected to back of your Notebook.	Reconnect the AC adapter to the back of your Notebook.
	Battery is fully discharged or not installed.	Connect AC adapter to the back of your Notebook and a wall outlet or insert a charged battery.
	Keyboard controller needs to be reset.	 Unplug AC adapter from back of your Notebook. Remove the battery and wait 30 seconds. Reinstall AC adapter and battery.
	Wall outlet is bad.	Test the outlet by connecting a different electrical device to outlet.
	Wrong memory modules were used in upgrade, or memory modules were installed in the wrong location.	Contact your Compaq Authorized Service Provider to verify the type of memory modules to use and where to install them. See the <i>Warranty</i> Statement for details.



"Error Messages" earlier in this chapter.

Power		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
Your Notebook is not responding to keyboard or TouchPad.	Your Notebook has locked up.	Restart your Notebook by pressing CTRL+ALT+DEL keys simultaneously or hold down the Power button until your Notebook turns off.
	A program you are using is not certified for Windows by Microsoft.	Verify program is certified by Microsoft (see program packaging for this information). If program is Microsoft certified then see the next problem.
One of the following messages is displayed: "Operating System Not Found," or "Non- system disk or disk error."	A diskette that does not contain system files needed to start your Notebook is in the diskette drive.	When drive activity stops, remove the diskette, and press the Spacebar to continue the startup process.
	System files may have been damaged. Insert a boot diskette or Windows Startup diskette to restart your Notebook.	Insert an emergency diskette that has been created for your operating system in the diskette drive. 1. Restart your Notebook. This task rebuilds the system files on your hard drive. 2. Restart your Notebook.
"Illegal Operation has Occurred" error message is displayed.	Configuration file may be corrupted.	If possible, save all data, close all programs, and restart your Notebook.



See also

"Error Messages" earlier in this chapter.

Mass Storage



Did you know...

Mass Storage media include CDs, DVDs, diskettes, and the hard disk.

CD or DVD Drive		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
CD/DVD drive cannot read a disc or takes too long to start.	The disc is inserted improperly.	Reinsert the CD with the label facing up and verify the disc is securely snapped down on the spindle.
	The DVD drive takes longer to start because it must determine the type of media being played before it can start.	Wait at least 30 seconds to let the DVD drive determine the type of media being played. If disc still does not start, refer to the solution for related problems.
	The disc is dirty.	Clean the disc with a CD cleaning kit available in most computer stores.
DVD Player performance is poor when running other programs simultaneously.	DVD playback requires large amounts of processing power; therefore, the system cannot process other tasks simultaneously at maximum performance.	To provide maximum performance, close all other programs while playing DVD media. It may also be necessary to restart Windows to free all resources.
Cannot eject CD or DVD.	Power is not on.	Manually eject the disc (see "Using Your CD or DVD Drive" in this guide) or turn on your Notebook.
Display is corrupted when playing some DVD movies.	Copyright material at beginning of movie causes momentary corruption.	Wait a few seconds for video corruption to clear up. If it does not clear up, then stop and restart the DVD movie.

Diskette Drive		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
Not reading drive: "Abort, Retry, Fail?" message appears.	A non-formatted diskette is inserted.	Format the diskette using the following steps: 1. Double-click the My Computer icon on the desktop. 2. Select the 3 1/2 Floppy (A:) drive. 3. Click File and point to Format. 4. Select the desired options, and click Start to begin formatting the diskette.
	Diskette is damaged.	Replace the diskette with a new one.
Diskette drive is continually active.	The diskette is improperly inserted.	Remove the diskette and reinsert it as follows: 1. Insert the edge with the sliding cover into the drive facing up. 2. Push the diskette all the way into the drive until the it stops.
	Diskette is damaged.	Replace the diskette with a new one.
Diskette drive cannot read a diskette.	Diskette is not formatted.	Format the diskette by following these steps: 1. From the desktop, double-click the My Computer icon. 2. Select the 3 1/2 Floppy (A:) drive. 3. Click File, and point to Format. 4. Select the desired options, and click Start to begin formatting the diskette.

Diskette Drive		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
(cont'd) Diskette drive cannot read a diskette.	The wrong type of diskette is being used.	Check the type of drive you have and use the correct diskette type.
Diskette drive cannot save information to diskette.	Diskette is not formatted.	Format the diskette by following these steps: 1. From the desktop, double-click the My Computer icon. 2. Select the 3 1/2 Floppy (A:) drive. 3. Click File and point to Format. 4. Select the desired options, and click Start to begin formatting the diskette. Once the format is complete, you should be able to save your information.
	Diskette is write-protected.	Slide the write-protection tab to the unlocked position on the diskette.
	Diskette is full or file is too big.	Use another diskette or compress the file to reduce the file size.
	File save command was not properly executed.	When saving information to the diskette drive, verify you are using the correct drive.
	Diskette is damaged.	Replace the damaged diskette.

Hard Drive		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
Hard drive error message is displayed.	Part of the hard drive failed.	Insert an emergency diskette that has been created for your operating system in the diskette drive. 1. Restart your Notebook. This operation rebuilds the system files on your hard disk. 2. When the operation is complete, restart your Notebook. For further assistance call the Compaq Customer Support number for your region.
"Non-system disk or disk error" message is displayed.	A diskette that does not contain system files needed to start your Notebook is in the diskette drive.	When drive activity stops, remove the diskette and press the Spacebar to continue the startup process.
	System files are damaged.	Insert a startup diskette that has been created for your operating system in the diskette drive. 1. Restart your Notebook. 2. At the A:\ prompt, type SYS C: and press Enter. The following message is displayed: 'SYSTEM TRANSFERRED'. This operation restores the system files to your hard disk. 3. Restart your Notebook.

Games and Internet

Games		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
Game frequently stops responding or locks up.	Minimum hardware or software requirements set by manufacturer are not met.	Review the game packaging or call the game's manufacturer to verify the minimum hardware and software requirements.
	Game was not set up properly when installed.	Reinstall the program, noting any settings and default selections that pertain to your Notebook, and restart the game.

Internet		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
Cannot connect to the Internet.	Internet service provider (ISP) account is not set up properly.	Verify Internet settings, or contact your Internet service provider (ISP) for assistance.
	Modem is not set up properly.	Reconnect the modem, verifying the telephone line to wall jack connection. Refer to the Compaq Easy Setup poster.
	Web browser is not set up properly.	Verify your web browser is installed and set up to work with your ISP.

Internet		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
	If no dial tone is found, another telephone handset on the same line is not on the receiver.	Verify all telephone handsets on the same line are on the receiver.
	Messages are not cleared from answering service.	If you use an answering service that modifies your telephone's dial tone to inform you of messages, clear all messages and try your call again.
Instant Internet Zone buttons do not respond.	ISP connection is not established.	Connect to your ISP and retry the Instant Internet Zone buttons.



Did you know...

The TouchPad is your Notebook's mouse. Use your finger on the TouchPad to direct the cursor across the screen.

Keyboard and TouchPad

Keyboard and TouchPad		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
Keyboard commands or keystrokes are not recognized by your Notebook.	Program in use has stopped responding to commands.	Turn off your Notebook using the TouchPad. 1. On the taskbar, click the Start button. 2. Click Shut Down 3. Select the Shut down option, and click OK. 4. After the shutdown is complete, restart your Notebook. If your Notebook does not shut down, press and hold down the Power button until your Notebook turns off.
Fn+Num Lk or Shift+Num Lk does not turn the internal NumLock on.	The internal keyboard NumLock is disabled when an external PS/2 keyboard or keypad is present.	Use keypad on the external keyboard, or unplug the external keyboard to use internal keypad feature.
When typing, some of the letter keys return numbers to the screen.	The NumLock feature is turned on.	Press the Fn or Shift key while pressing the Num Lk key to turn Num Lock off.
Cursor jumps to a different location while typing.	TouchPad needs to be cleaned.	Wipe the TouchPad with a damp cloth and wipe it dry.
Cursor does not respond.	TouchPad needs to be cleaned.	Wipe the TouchPad with a damp cloth and wipe it dry.

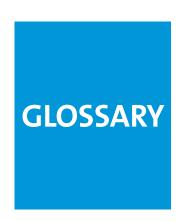
Keyboard and TouchPad		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
(cont'd) Cursor does not respond.	Program in use has stopped responding to commands.	Turn off your Notebook using your keyboard. 1. Press the Ctrl and Esc keys simultaneously. 2. From the Windows Start menu, use the arrow keys to select Shut Down and press the Enter key. 3. Select the Shut down option (you may need to use the arrow keys to select it), and press the Enter key. 4. After the shutdown is complete, restart your Notebook. If your Notebook does not shut down, press and hold down the Power button until your Notebook turns off.
	TouchPad needs to be cleaned.	Wipe the TouchPad with a damp cloth and wipe it dry.

Keyboard and TouchPad		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
(cont'd) Cursor does not respond.	The TouchPad sensitivity settings may need adjustment.	Restore default TouchPad settings. 1. On the taskbar, click the Start button and point to Settings. 2. Click Control Panel and double-click Mouse. 3. Click the Touch tab and then the Defaults button. 4. Click OK, and close the Control Panel window.
	TouchPad has been set up to interpret TouchPad taps as clicks, and this setting may need adjustment.	 Adjust the TouchPad settings. On the taskbar, click the Start button and point to Settings. Click Control Panel, and double-click Mouse. Click the Touch tab, and clear the Tap to click option. To adjust the PalmCheck Settings, click the slider and drag it to the right until the Maximum setting is reached. Click OK, and close the Control Panel window.
	The PageUp, PageDown, Home, or End keys were accidentally pressed while typing.	Avoid pressing these keys when pressing the Backspace or Enter keys.

Memory and PC Card

Memory		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
Insufficient memory message is displayed.	All available memory is used by open programs and memory is needed for the desired task.	Close one or more programs and retry. If this does not solve the problem, restart Windows to recover additional memory.

PC Cards		
Symptom	Problem	Solution
Your Notebook does not recognize the PC Card.	PC Card is not fully inserted in the slot or is upside down.	Remove the card and gently reinsert it. Refer to the manufacturer's documentation for details.
	The PC Card device driver is not installed.	Install the device driver. Refer to the documentation that came with your PC Card or contact the PC Card manufacturer.
	PC Card may not be supported by Windows.	Review the PC Card packaging to verify the PC Card is compatible or contact the manufacturer directly.



This Glossary defines commonly used terms to help new users understand computer concepts. Some of these terms are used in this guide.

1394 port A new type of connector for plugging in peripherals, such as video cameras, with extremely fast data-transfer rates. The 1394 standard synchonizes audio and video files by delivering data at a guaranteed rate—in real time. See *peripheral*.



Acrobat® Reader™ Software created by Adobe Systems that allows you to view an electronic document with the exact layout intended by the author. The Acrobat Reader can be downloaded free of charge from the Adobe Web site. See *software*.

anti-virus software A program that detects and, in many cases, repairs the damage caused by a computer virus.

application Software installed on a computer. See *program*.



backup Copy of a file that is kept in case the original is lost or damaged. Backups can be kept on the hard disk, a diskette, an LS Compaq drive, or even a CD.

bit The smallest possible piece of computer information—a single digit. See *digital*.

boot To start or restart the computer. During the start-up process, information necessary for the computer to operate is loaded into memory. See *main memory*.

browser Software that searches for, displays, and downloads text, graphics, sound, and video from the Internet.

Microsoft Internet Explorer and Netscape Navigator are two popular browsers.

bug A mistake in the design of computer software or hardware. Because of their complexity, many have minor bugs. As soon as the manufacturer becomes aware of the problem, modifications are made to correct it.



bulletin board An electronic notice board on the Internet where people can post notices for others with similar interests. Professional organizations and clubs often have bulletin boards for members to share information and opinions.

electronic on/off signals, strung together to make a message that the computer can interpret). Most information is organized into bytes. One byte of data is usually required to represent a single character that you can see on the screen (a letter, number, punctuation mark, or other symbol). For example, the byte 01001000 represents the capital letter H. See *bit*.



cable modem A modem that allows you to access the Internet via your cable television provider. Continuously connected to the Internet, it allows high-speed, high-capacity data transfer.

CD (compact disc) Media used in a CD-ROM drive. The disc is a circular piece of plastic that stores digital data on one side, using laser technology.



CD-ROM A compact disc with read-only data. You cannot erase or record over the data.

CD-RW A compact disc with rewritable data. You can write to the disc using a rewritable or recordable CD drive.

chat An Internet feature that allows you to exchange typed messages with another person (or a group of people) in real time. A message you type instantly displays on the other person's computer.

click To push down and quickly release either the left or right mouse button.

Ctrl+Alt+Delete Pressing and holding down the Ctrl key, then the Alt key, and then the Delete key, simultaneously, to close a program that is locked (not responding). Use Ctrl+Alt+Delete a second time to shut down a computer that is locked. Unsaved data is erased from memory. When the computer restarts, it displays an error message that Windows was not properly shut down, and it scans the hard disk for errors.

cursor The blinking vertical line on the screen that indicates where the next character appears when you type.



data Information that can be processed by a computer. See *digital*.

database A collection of similar data that is designed for easy retrieval of information.

dedicated line A telephone line that is always connected to the modem (inside the computer) to provide constant access to the Internet. A separate telephone line is used for phone calls. See *modem*.

default The option that the software automatically chooses for you when you don't indicate a choice yourself. For example, when you print a document, the Print dialog box asks which pages to print (the default is All) and how many copies to

print (the default is 1). You can change the settings, and you can designate the new settings as the default.

defragmenting The rearrangement of files and unused space on your hard disk so programs can run faster.

desktop See *Windows desktop*.

dialog box A small window that requests information from the user before a command can be carried out.



digital A system that uses electronic signals to transfer data in the form of bits. A bit is represented by a single digit. Computers use only two digits—either a 0 or a 1—in various combinations. See bit and byte.

discussion group A group discussion on a topic of mutual interest held on the Internet. Instead of meeting in a classroom, students may meet for group discussions on the Internet.

directory See folder.

- **disk** High-capacity storage media, such as the hard disk inside the computer and the removable media used in a Zip drive or Jaz drive.
- diskette Low-capacity, removable storage media made of flexible plastic film encased in a hard plastic shell. Since the plastic film is flexible, the 3.5-inch diskette is sometimes referred to as a floppy disk.
- **diskette drive** The drive that reads and writes to a diskette.
- **double-click** To push down and quickly release the left mouse button two times in rapid succession to open an item.
- **download** To receive files from another computer on the Internet.
- **drive** A device that reads and sometimes writes to storage media. Examples are the CD drive, DVD drive, LS Compaq drive, diskette drive, and hard drive.
- driver Software that enables the operating system to recognize and operate devices installed in or attached to the computer, such as a printer. All drives that use removable media and all peripheral devices have drivers. You can download updated drivers from the manufacturer's Web site. See *peripheral device*.
- **drop-down menu** A list of options that drops down when you click a menu on the menu bar or the down arrow on a dialog box.

DSL (digital subscriber line)

A telephone line that carries both voice and data signals; it allows you to talk on the phone and surf the Internet at the same time. The data part of the line, which is continuously connected to the Internet, allows high-speed, high-capacity data transfer. Your local telephone company provides the necessary equipment—a DSL modem, a network interface card, and a splitter.

- **DSL modem** A modem that connects to the Internet using digital subscriber line service through an existing copper telephone line.
- **DVD (digital versatile disc)** A CD-sized disc that stores full-length movies, music videos, and multimedia computer games with three-dimensional graphics. Both single-sided and double-sided discs are available.



encrypt To translate data into a secret code. You must have access to a secret key or password to read an encrypted file. See *secure Web site*.

area network technology. An Ethernet LAN typically uses coaxial cable or special upgrades of twisted pair wires. The most commonly installed Ethernet systems provide transmission speed up to 10Mbps are called 10BASE-T. Devices are connected to the cable and compete for access using a Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection protocol.

Explorer See Microsoft Internet Explorer and Microsoft Windows Explorer.

F

fax modem A modem that allows your computer to transmit and receive faxes.

The fax modem can transmit documents to fax machines and other computers with fax modems. It can broadcast a fax to several sites at once. A dual-purpose modem functions as both a regular modem that transmits files as attachments, and a fax modem that transmits printed documents.

file extension A dot and two or three letters after a file name that indicate the program in which the file was created. For example, *.doc* indicates that the file was created in Microsoft Word.

floppy disk See diskette.

folder Represented by an icon that looks like a yellow manila folder, a folder contains other folders (subfolders) and

files. Both MS-DOS and early versions of Microsoft Windows used the term directory (and subdirectories) for folder (and subfolders).



G

game port A connector on the back of the computer for plugging in a joystick. See *joystick*.

GIF (pronounced giff). A file format for graphics displayed on the Internet. They are easily identified by the file extension *.gif.* See *JPEG*.

graphical interface Communication between a person and a computer by means of images. With a pointing device, such as a mouse, you click an icon to tell the computer what you want. See *icon*.

graphics Pictures or illustrations, including drawings, pie charts, bar graphs, street maps, architectural and engineering designs, fashion designs, musical scores, cartoons, animated images, and photographs. A graphics card enables the monitor to display these items on the screen. See *SVGA*.

Н

hard disk Internal storage media for permanent storage of system files, software, and data files. The hard disk consists of flat, round platters. Each side of each platter has a head that floats on a thin cushion of air over the surface of the rapidly spinning disk and picks up (reads) magnetically stored data or records (writes) data onto the disk.

hard drive The drive that reads and writes to the hard disk. If you have a large hard drive, it may be divided into several partitions. Each partition is designated by a different icon and a drive letter, beginning, with the letter C. Partition C: contains the files the computer uses to start up. The other partitions contain no preinstalled files.

hardware The physical components of a computer—the parts you can physically touch. See *software*.

HTML (hypertext markup language)

The standard language for documents designed for viewing on the Internet with a browser. Tags, embedded in the documents, mark the location of other electronic files—including text, graphics, audio, and video files. Click on the links to jump from one document to another. Documents formatted for a browser can be identified by the file extension .htm or .html. See *hyperlink*.

http:// (hypertext transfer protocol)
This protocol commands the Web server to

locate the Web site you requested and transmit the Web site to your computer.

hyperlink The embedded link to another document. When you pass the cursor over a link (usually highlighted text or an image), a small hand with a pointed index finger is displayed. When you click the link, the document to which it points is automatically transferred to your computer—no matter where on the Internet the file is stored. See *HTML*.

icon A small picture that represents a menu command, file, program, tool, or peripheral.

interactive A computer program that responds to you as if you were having a conversation. You give instructions; the computer performs an action or requests additional information. Computer games, multimedia, and tutorials are interactive programs.

interface A means of communication between two entities. A person and a computer interface through a monitor, keyboard, and mouse. Two computers interface through a network or Internet connection.

Internet A worldwide collection of computer networks that are interconnected so that users can share electronic information.

Internet Explorer See Microsoft Internet Explorer.

Internet keyboard A keyboard that resembles a typewriter keyboard, but is equipped with special buttons programmed to connect to the Internet.

Internet phone A video telephone that allows you to make long-distance calls over the Internet.

ISP (Internet service provider) A company that provides access to the Internet. To use the service, you need the service provider's software, a user-name, a password, and access phone number(s). Through a modem, you can log on to the ISP, surf the World Wide Web, and send and receive e-mail.

joystick A lever that moves in all directions to control the movement of a pointer or objects on the screen. It is used for computer games in which you drive, fly, or shoot objects displayed by the monitor.

JPEG (pronounced J-peg). A file format for graphics, especially photographs, displayed on the Internet. It is easily identified by the file extension .jpg. JPEG

files, which store more information per pixel than GIF files, are used for complex, high-resolution images. See *GIF*. See also *pixel*.



link See *hyperlink*.

log on To gain access to a computer network, or the Internet by entering a user-name and password. See *network*.

left click To push down and quickly release the left mouse button to select an item.



main memory Physical memory chips (RAM) inside the computer. Every program you launch and every file you open must be copied from a storage disk, disc, or diskette into main memory. The amount of main memory in your computer determines how many programs you can run and how much data you can process at one time. Memory is measured in megabytes (1 million bytes or characters) of information. Most personal computers come with a minimum of 32 megabytes of main memory—the minimum recommendation for Windows programs. You can insert extra memory (visit the following website for more information www.compaq.com/my presario). See *RAM*. See also *byte*.

microprocessor A silicon chip inside your computer that processes the instructions and data from input devices (such as the keyboard and mouse) and communicates them to output devices (such as the monitor, speakers, and printer).

Microsoft Internet Explorer A Web browser developed by the Microsoft Corporation. See *browser*.

Microsoft Windows The most popular computer operating system in the world. It is characterized by the use of windows and icons. Each running program and open file has its own window. Instead of memorizing commands, you click icons to communicate with the computer. Clicking the minimize button shrinks a program to an icon on the taskbar. Clicking the icon redisplays the program as a window. You can have several windows open at the same time and toggle from one to another by using Alt+Tab. (Press and hold down the Alt key, press the Tab key, and then release both keys. A palette with an icon for each program is displayed. Click the icon for the program you want.)

MIDI (musical instrument digital interface) (pronounced middy). An interface that allows the computer to record sounds created by a synthesizer and then manipulate the data to produce new sounds, such as changing the key of a composition. See *interface*. See also *digital*.

MIDI connector A connector on the back of the computer for plugging in a synthesizer keyboard.

MIDI format A file format used to store electronic music sounds. It can be identified by the file extension .mid. A sound card that supports MIDI files allows the computer to generate the synthesized musical sounds found in games, CD-ROMs, and presentation packages.

minimize To shrink a running program window into an icon on the Windows taskbar. Click the icon to restore the program window. See *Microsoft Windows*.

modem A device in the computer that converts data from digital format to analog format so that it can be transferred through a standard telephone line to another computer. The modem in the receiving computer converts the data back to digital format. See *digital*.

mouse A device that you move across the top of your desk (or a mousepad) to move the pointer or cursor on the screen. Click to select an item, double-click to launch a program, and right-click to see a shortcut menu.mouse pointer The arrow on the screen that moves with the mouse.

MP3 The file extension for MPEG, audio layer 3, sound files. This format compresses sound data from a stereo music CD to one-half of its original size without sacrificing sound quality. Because of their small size, MP3 files can easily be transferred over the Internet. You can download individual songs or entire CDs in MP3 format to your computer. The format is easily identified by the file extension .mp3.



multimedia Two or more media formats used together, such as text, graphics, animation, audio, or video.

music software Programs for composing and editing music. When you play a tune on a synthesizer keyboard connected to a computer, the music program translates what you play into a written score.

N

navigate To move through a Web site or online document by clicking the hyperlinks embedded in the text or images. See *hyperlink*.

Netscape Navigator A Web browser developed by the Netscape Communications Corporation. See *browser*.

network Two or more computers linked together to share resources, such as programs, files, and printers.

network interface card (NIC) An expansion card or other device used to connect a computer to a local area network.

newsgroup A discussion group on the Internet where people can post or read messages on thousands of topics, such as professional basketball, environmental protection, and Himalayan cats,

newsreader A program that lets you read and post messages to newsgroups.

news server A server that receives the Usenet news feed (all the individual messages collected from 100,000 news servers around the world). You access the news server through your Internet Service Provider. See *Usenet*. See also *newsgroup*.

O

- **online** To be communicating with another computer through a modem or network. You are online when you log on and establish a connection. You are offline when you lose or terminate a connection. See *modem*. See also *network*.
- online Help A manual that displays on the screen while you are actually working in a program and need help. It can be accessed through the Help menu at the top of the screen. Help for Windows can be accessed from the Start button on the taskbar.
- **online shopping** Ordering products on the Internet. You can purchase books, flowers, music CDs, toys, groceries, stocks, airline tickets, and used cars.
- OS (operating system) The interface that permits a person and a computer to "talk" to one another. Microsoft Windows, the most popular operating system, displays icons, menus, and dialog boxes to find out what you want. You use a mouse and keyboard to reply. See *Microsoft Windows*. See also *interface*.

P

- parallel port A connector on the back of the computer for plugging in a parallel cable attached to a parallel device, such as a printer. Data is transferred, one byte at a time, through eight data wires (one for each bit in the byte). All eight bits travel side by side and arrive at the same time. A parallel port is faster than a serial port, which lets data through one bit at a time. See *digital*. See also *serial port*.
- **PC card** A removable device that is designed to plug into a PCMCIA slot to accommodate devices such as a modem, fax, and rotating storage media.
- **path** A sequence of information that directs the operating system to a file. For example, C:\Windows\Clouds.bmp is the path to a bitmap file named Clouds. It is located in a folder named Windows, which is located on the C drive.
- **peripheral** An external device connected to a computer. Examples are a monitor, keyboard, mouse, printer, scanner, joystick, and digital camera.
- **pixel** One of the individual dots, or picture elements, that compose a graphical image. See *graphics*.
- **playlist** Tracks chosen to play from a CD or DVD.

plug-and-play A feature, introduced with Windows 95, to simplify the use of some peripheral devices. Once the device has been installed (in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions), you can plug it into the computer while the computer is running. The operating system automatically recognizes the new device. (In order to connect a non-plug-and-play device, you must first shut down the computer.) See *peripheral*.

pop-up menu A list of options that pops up when you right-click an icon on the desktop or taskbar, the vacant part of the desktop, a selection in a document, or a file in Windows Explorer. See *right-click*.

processor (short for microprocessor). The brains of the computer. See *microprocessor*.

product key A unique series of letters and numbers that are assigned to each software package you buy. You are asked to enter the product key when you install the software. When you register the software, you transmit the product key to the manufacturer to enter in a customer database. Later, when you call for technical support, you are asked for the product key. The technician matches it against the database to determine whether you qualify for support. You should keep a record of all product keys to protect your investment. They are comparable to the serial numbers on hardware. See *software*.

program Software that you install on a computer for word processing, drawing, manipulating photos, reconciling your bank statement, calculating your taxes, composing music, or playing games. It is occasionally referred to as an application. See *software*.

Q

QuikDock A device that provides ports for external devices, allowing you to "dock" and remove your Notebook while your hardware remains connected to the QuikDock.

R

RAM (random access memory) The main memory of the computer. It holds a copy of the operating system, any programs that are running on the computer, and any data that is being processed. RAM is temporary memory; turning off the computer clears RAM. The more RAM your computer has, the faster the programs respond. See *main memory*. See also *ROM*.

right-click To push down and quickly release the right mouse button to display a shortcut menu of the most commonly used commands for the item you clicked. See *pop-up menu*.

ROM (read-only memory) Memory that contains the basic instructions for the microprocessor. ROM is permanent memory; turning off the computer does not erase it. Since you cannot change or write to ROM, it is referred to as read only. See *microprocessor*.

S

scanner A device that creates digital images of printed documents and photographs. Software allows you to save and edit the images on the computer. See *digital*. See also *software*.

screen saver A moving picture or pattern that appears on the screen when you stop using your computer for a specified period of time. Originally designed to protect the monitor, screen savers are now used for amusement.

across the screen when a document or Web page is too long or too wide to view all at once. Scroll bars are located along the right side and across the bottom of a window. When scroll arrows are present at the ends of the bars, you know that some information is off the screen. Click on one

of the arrows to scroll the information into view.

scroll mouse A mouse with a scroll wheel (between the two mouse buttons) for automatic scrolling through long documents or Web pages.

search engine A program, accessed on the Internet, that allows you to search large databases for information, using keywords or phrases. See *database*.

encrypts data to protect it from unauthorized use. When you purchase items over the Internet, you are asked to type your name, mailing address, e-mail address, and credit card information on an electronic form. Sending information to a secure Web site is comparable to giving it over the telephone when you order from a catalog. (But never send your social security number over the Internet. Criminals can steal your identity with your social security number.) See *encrypt*.

serial port A small connector on the back of the computer (or keyboard) for plugging in a thin cable attached to a serial device, such as a mouse. Serial devices transfer data, one bit at a time, through a data wire. The serial cable has two wires for bidirectional communication (sending and receiving information simultaneously). See digital. See also parallel port.

shareware Software you can try before you buy. After a trial period, usually 30 days, the program uninstalls unless you pay for it You can download shareware from the Internet. See *software*.

shortcut An icon on the Windows desktop that you double-click to launch a program.

shortcut menu A menu that pops up when you right-click an icon on the Windows desktop or taskbar, the vacant part of the desktop, a selection in a document, or a file in Windows Explorer. The options on the pop-up menu are the most commonly used commands that relate to the item you right-clicked. See *right-click*.

sleep mode A low-power state that saves electricity when the computer is not in use.



software The invisible code stored in digital bits and bytes. It consists of a set of instructions that tell the hardware what tasks to perform. See *digital*. See also *program*.

surf To jump from place to place on the Internet, searching for topics of interest, by clicking hyperlinks. Instead of searching for specific information, surfing is an undirected type of Web browsing. You amuse yourself by clicking whatever catches your fancy.

surge protector A device that protects a computer from fluctuations in power. A surge protector regulates the flow of electricity to the computer and prevents high-voltage surges from damaging the equipment.

SVGA (super video graphics array) A video display standard that offers greater resolution and color depth than VGA. The resolution (clarity and sharpness) of an image is determined by the number of pixels that can be displayed per square inch. Color depth is determined by the number of colors (from 256 to 16 million) that can be displayed simultaneously. The number of both pixels and colors is limited by the amount of video memory on the SVGA system. See *pixel*.



taskbar See Windows taskbar.



upload To send information to another computer on the Internet.

UPS (uninterruptible power supply) A device that provides a short-term backup power supply, as well as surge protection.

URL (uniform resource locator) The address of a Web site, such as **www.compaq.com**.

A connector for plugging in multiple, ultra-high-speed peripherals. USB ports are gradually replacing serial ports and parallel ports and eliminating the need for so many connectors and so many cables. (Multiple USB peripherals can be linked together in a chain to share the same port.) Windows 98 included a built-in driver for USB peripherals. Windows Millennium supports a new USB standard that is 40 times faster than the previous standard. See *serial port* and *parallel port*. See also *peripheral*.

Usenet (users' network) A world-wide network of computers set up to transmit messages to newsgroups. See *newsgroups*.



V.90 standard A standard adopted in 1998 to resolve two competing technologies for 56Kbps modems. (If your

modem does not conform to the V.90 standard, you can visit the manufacturer's Web site and download a software upgrade.)

video phone See *Internet phone*.

virus A set of software instructions written to harm computers. A virus can cause unusual messages to display on the screen, destroy information on the hard disk, or cause your hard disk to crash. Some viruses affect your computer immediately; others are set to activate on a certain date. See *anti-virus software*.



WAV A file format used to store sounds. WAV sound files can be identified by the file extension .wav. Microsoft and IBM developed the format for Windows programs that support sound.

Web See World Wide Web.

Web browser See browser.

window A framed area that displays on the Windows desktop after you select an item or open a program.

Windows desktop The main screen you see when your computer completes startup. The desktop displays icons (small pictures) that represent items in the operating system (such as My Computer and Recycle Bin), shortcuts to programs installed on your computer, and shortcuts to folders or files. See *shortcut*.

Windows Explorer A file management program that lets you see the hierarchy of folders on your computer and all the files and subfolders in each folder. Visualizing the hierarchy is useful for copying and moving files. You can open the folder that contains the file you want to move or copy, click and drag the file to a new folder, and then drop it in. To find Windows Explorer, click the **Start** button, and point to **Programs**. You can create a shortcut to Windows Explorer.

Windows taskbar The gray bar running along the bottom of the screen when your computer completes startup. The Start button is on the left side of the taskbar, and the systray (a tray with icons and the computer clock) is on the right. Programs that are running, but minimized into icons, are displayed in the middle of the taskbar.

wizard Part of a program that guides you through a complex process, such as signing up with an Internet service provider or posting a Web site to a server. Most programs on CD-ROMs have wizards to guide you through the installation process.

World Wide Web A system of Internet servers that support documents formatted in HTML. See *HTML*.

Z

zipped file A file that has been squeezed to a smaller size by compression software, such as WinZip. An archive (group of related files that are zipped together) can be transmitted as an e-mail attachment much faster than individual files. An archive takes up less storage space on your disk. It can be identified by the file extension .zip. An archive contains a self-extracting program with the file extension .exe (for executable). Double-click the executable file, and a wizard guides you through the process of unzipping the files. See wizard.

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