MultiBoot User Guide

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First Edition: June 2008

Document Part Number: 468461-001

Product notice

This user guide describes features that are common to most models. Some features may not be available on your computer.

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1 About the boot device order

As the computer starts, the system attempts to boot from enabled boot devices. The MultiBoot utility, which is enabled at the factory, controls the order in which the system selects a boot device. Boot devices can include optical drives, diskette drives, a network interface card (NIC), hard drives, and USB devices. Boot devices contain bootable media or files that the computer needs to start and operate properly.

NOTE: Some boot devices must be enabled in Computer Setup before they can be included in the boot order.

The factory setting is for the computer to select the boot device by searching enabled boot devices and drive bay locations in the following order:

- NOTE: Some of the boot devices and drive bay locations listed may not be supported on your computer.
 - Notebook MultiBay
 - Internal hard drive
 - USB diskette drive
 - USB CD-ROM
 - USB hard drive
 - Notebook Ethernet
 - Secure Digital (SD) Memory Card
 - Docking station MultiBay
 - External SATA drive

You can change the order in which the computer searches for a boot device by changing the boot order in Computer Setup. You can also press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen, and then press f9. Pressing f9 displays a menu that shows the current boot devices and allows you to select a boot device. Or, you can use MultiBoot Express to set the computer to prompt you for a boot location each time the computer turns on or restarts.

If MultiBoot is disabled, the computer uses a fixed boot order that consists of first searching for a drive A boot device. If none is found, the computer looks for a drive C boot device. Drive A boot devices include optical drives and diskette drives. Drive C boot devices include optical drives and hard drives.

The NIC does not have an assigned drive letter.

NOTE: An optical drive (such as a CD-ROM drive) can boot either as drive A or drive C, depending on the format of the boot CD.

The following list describes the factory setting for boot order in which drive letters A and C are assigned when MultiBoot is disabled. (The actual order varies by configuration.)

- Boot order for drive A boot devices:
 - Optical drive in an optional docking device or in an optional external MultiBay that contains a disc formatted as drive A
 - Optical drive in the internal MultiBay (select models only) that contains a disc formatted as drive A
 - 3. Diskette drive in an optional docking device or in an optional external MultiBay
- Boot order for drive C boot devices:
 - Optical drive in an optional docking device or in an optional external MultiBay that contains a disc formatted as drive C
 - Optical drive in the internal MultiBay (select models only) that contains a disc formatted as drive C
 - **3.** Hard drive in the computer hard drive bay
 - 4. Hard drive in an optional docking device or in an optional external MultiBay
- NOTE: Because no drive letter is associated with the NIC, changing the boot order of a NIC does not affect the drive letters of the other devices.

2 Enabling boot devices in Computer Setup

The computer will boot to a USB device or a NIC device only if the device has first been enabled in Computer Setup.

To start Computer Setup and enable a USB device or a NIC device as a boot device, follow these steps:

- Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f10 to enter BIOS Setup.
- To enable bootable media in USB drives or in drives inserted into an optional docking device (select models only), use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select System Configuration > Device Configurations. Confirm that Enabled is selected next to USB legacy support.
 - NOTE: The USB Port option must be enabled in order to use USB legacy support. It is enabled at the factory. If the port becomes disabled, reenable it by selecting **System Configuration > Port Options**, and then clicking **Enabled** next to **USB Port**.

- or -

To enable a NIC device, select **System Configuration > Boot Options**, and then click **Enabled** next to **PXE Internal NIC boot**.

4. To save your changes and exit Computer Setup, click **Save** in the lower-left corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

- or -

Use the arrow keys to select **File > Save changes and exit**, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

NOTE: To connect a NIC to a Preboot eXecution Environment (PXE) or Remote Program Load (RPL) server without using MultiBoot, press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen, and then quickly press f12.

3 Considering boot order changes

Before changing the boot order, note the following considerations:

- When the computer restarts after the boot order has been changed, the computer attempts to start using the new boot order.
- If there is more than one type of boot device, the computer attempts to boot using the first of each type of boot device (except for optical devices). For example, if the computer is connected to an optional docking device (select models only) that contains a hard drive, this hard drive will be shown in the boot order as a USB hard drive. If the system attempts to boot from this USB hard drive and fails, it will not attempt to boot to the hard drive in the hard drive bay. Instead, it will try to boot to the next type of device in the boot order. However, if there are 2 optical devices, and the first optical device does not boot (either because it does not contain media or the media is not a boot disc), the system will try to boot to the second optical device.
- Changing the boot order also changes the logical drive designations. For example, if you start up
 from a CD-ROM drive with a disc formatted as drive C, that CD-ROM drive becomes drive C and
 the hard drive in the hard drive bay becomes drive D.
- The computer will boot from a NIC device only if the device has been enabled in the Built-In Device
 Options menu of Computer Setup and if booting from the device has been enabled in the Boot
 Options menu of Computer Setup. Booting from a NIC does not affect logical drive designations
 because no drive letter is associated with the NIC.
- Drives in an optional docking device (select models only) are treated like external USB devices in the boot order.

4 Choosing MultiBoot preferences

You can use MultiBoot in the following ways:

- To set a new boot order that the computer uses each time it is turned on, by changing the boot order in Computer Setup.
- To dynamically choose the boot device, by pressing esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen, and then pressing f9 to enter the Boot Device Options menu.
- To use MultiBoot Express to set variable boot orders. This feature prompts you for a boot device each time the computer is turned on or restarted.

Setting a new boot order in Computer Setup

To start Computer Setup and set a boot device order that the computer uses each time it is turned on or restarted, follow these steps:

- Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f10 to enter BIOS Setup.
- Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select System Configuration > Boot Options. Confirm that Enabled is selected next to MultiBoot.
 - NOTE: MultiBoot is enabled at the factory.
- Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select a device in the list.
- 5. To move the device up in the boot order, use a pointing device to click the plus sign (+) or press the + key.
 - or -

To move the device down in the boot order, click the minus sign (-) or press the - key.

- **6.** To save your changes and exit Computer Setup, click **Save** in the lower-left corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
 - or -

Use the arrow keys to select File > Save changes and exit, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

Dynamically choosing a boot device using the F9 prompt

To dynamically choose a boot device for the current startup sequence, follow these steps:

- 1. Open the Select Boot Device menu by turning on or restarting the computer, and then pressing esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f9.
- 3. Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select a boot device, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect immediately.

Setting a MultiBoot Express prompt

To start Computer Setup and set the computer to display the MultiBoot startup location menu each time the computer is started or restarted, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f10 to enter BIOS Setup.
- Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select System Configuration > Boot Options, and then press enter.
- 4. In the Express Boot Popup Delay (Sec) field, enter the length of time in seconds that you want the computer to display the startup location menu before it defaults to the current MultiBoot setting. (When 0 is selected, the Express Boot startup location menu is not displayed).
- 5. To save your changes and exit Computer Setup, click **Save** in the lower-left corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

- or -

Use the arrow keys to select **File > Save changes and exit**, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

Entering MultiBoot Express preferences

When the Express Boot menu displays during startup, you have the following choices:

- To specify a boot device from the Express Boot menu, select your preference within the allotted time, and then press enter.
- To prevent the computer from defaulting to the current MultiBoot setting, press any key before the allotted time expires. The computer will not start until you select a boot device and press enter.
- To allow the computer to start according to the current MultiBoot settings, wait for the allotted time to expire.

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