HP ProLiant Firmware Maintenance CD User Guide



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Intended audience

This guide is intended for individuals who are familiar with the configuration and operation of Microsoft® Windows®, Windows Server® 2003, Windows Server® 2008, Linux, smart components, and deployment of firmware and software to systems and options. Because of the risk of data loss, only individuals experienced with using firmware and software should implement the procedures in this guide.

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Introduction

HP ProLiant Firmware Maintenance CD overview

The HP ProLiant Firmware Maintenance CD provides a collection of firmware for your ProLiant servers and options. Beginning with the Firmware Maintenance CD 7.50, the HP Smart Update Manager utility enables you to deploy firmware components from a single, easy-to-use interface that is supported in both Microsoft® Windows® and Linux environments. This utility enables legacy support of existing firmware components while simplifying the firmware deployment process. The CD also provides installation logic and version control that check for dependencies, installing only the correct updates for optimal system configuration.

To deploy the Firmware Maintenance CD contents, see "Online deployment (on page 7)" and "Offline deployment (on page 7)."

CAUTION: The Firmware Maintenance CD and its contents should be used only by individuals who are experienced and knowledgeable in their use. Before using HP Smart Update Manager to update firmware, be sure to back up the target server and take all other necessary precautions so that mission-critical systems are not disrupted if a failure occurs.

HP Smart Update Manager stores host and group information from session to session. However, user names, passwords, and existing credentials are not stored.

Minimum requirements

To successfully deploy HP Smart Update Manager on target systems based on a Microsoft® Windows® operating system, the following must be available:

- A local administrative system with 512 MB of memory, running a supported Windows® operating system
- Sufficient hard-drive space of at least twice the file size of the components to be deployed
- WMI enabled

NOTE: When attempting to use the remote deployment functionality of HP Smart Update Manager on any edition of Windows Server® 2008, you must ensure that the File and Print Services feature is enabled and that the File and Print Services exception has been enabled in the Windows® firewall. Failure to do so prevents HP Smart Update Manager from deploying remote Windows® target servers.

To successfully deploy HP Smart Update Manager on target systems based on a Linux operating system, the following must be available:

- A local administrative system with 512 MB of memory, running a supported Linux operating system
- glibc 2.2.4-26 or later
- gawk 3.1.0-3 or later

- sed 3.02-10 or later
- pciutils-2.1.8-25.i386.rpm or later

To successfully update HP Smart Update Manager on remote target systems based on a Linux operating system, the following must be available:

- tcl-8.x package
- tcl-5.x package
- expect-5.x package

IMPORTANT: The HP Smart Update Manager does not support cross-platform deployments (for example, deployments from Linux systems to Windows® systems).

Obtaining the HP ProLiant Firmware Maintenance CD

The ProLiant Firmware Maintenance CD can be downloaded at no cost from the HP website (<u>http://www.hp.com/support</u>) and as part of the ProLiant Essentials Foundation Pack. The HP Smart Update Manager utility is available from the ProLiant Firmware Maintenance CD.

Deployment options

You can run the Firmware Maintenance CD either online or offline:

When performing an online deployment, you must boot the server from the operating system that is already installed and running.

Deployment	Supported systems
Online deployment	HP Smart Update Manager supports online deployments of all ROM flash components for both Windows® and Linux including:
	HP Onboard Administrator for HP c-Class BladeSystem
	 System hard-drive (SAS and SATA)
	Array-controller
	Lights-Out Management ROM flash components

NOTE: The Onboard Administrator is supported only in online deployments.

When performing an offline deployment, you can boot the server from the Firmware Maintenance CD or a USB drive key that contains the Firmware Maintenance CD contents.

Deployment	Supported systems
Offline deployment	HP Smart Update Manager supports offline deployments of all ROM flash components including:
	System hard-drive
	Array-controller
	QLogic and Emulex Fibre Channel HBA
	Lights-Out Management ROM flash components

NOTE: You can add firmware components to the USB drive key in the /compaq/swpackages directory.

Online deployment

To deploy components online:

- 1. Choose one of the following options:
 - Insert the Firmware Maintenance CD. The Firmware Maintenance CD interface opens.

NOTE: In Linux, if the autostart is not enabled, you must manually start the Firmware Maintenance CD.

- Insert the USB drive key. Manually start the interface and open a CLI. To access the Firmware Maintenance CD, enter one of the following commands:
 - In Windows®, enter _autorun\autorun_win
 - In Linux, enter /autorun
- 2. Read the End-User License Agreement. To continue, **click Agree.** The Firmware Maintenance CD interface appears.
- 3. Click the Firmware Update tab.
- 4. Click Install Firmware. The HP Smart Update Manager is initiated.
- 5. Select, and then install the desired components. For more information, see "Local host installations using the GUI (on page 15)" or "Multiple-host installations using the GUI (on page 27)."

Offline deployment

To deploy components offline:

- 1. Boot the server from the Firmware Maintenance CD or a USB drive key.
- 2. At the prompt, select a language and keyboard.
- 3. Click Continue.
- Read the End-User License Agreement. To continue, click Agree. The Firmware Maintenance CD interface appears.
- 5. Click the Firmware Update tab.
- 6. Click Install Firmware. The HP Smart Update Manager is initiated.
- 7. Select, and then install the desired components. For more information, see "Local host installations using the GUI (on page 15)" or "Multiple-host installations using the GUI (on page 27)."

HP USB key utility

The HP USB Key Utility is a Windows® application that enables you to copy the Firmware Maintenance CD contents to a USB memory key. You can then run the Firmware Maintenance applications from a USB key instead of from the CD.

To make a bootable CD fro Windows users:

- Download the USB Key Utility Smart Component to a directory on your hard drive, and then switch to that directory. The downloaded file is a self-extracting executable with a filename based on the USB Key Utility Smart Component Number.
- 2. From that drive and directory, execute the downloaded file.

Deployment of components not on Firmware Maintenance CD

If you have components not on the Firmware Maintenance CD, you can add new components to HP Smart Update Manager. To deploy software and firmware components not on the Firmware Maintenance CD:

- 1. Obtain the components from the HP website (<u>http://www.hp.com</u>).
- 2. Create a bootable USB key ("HP USB key utility" on page 8), or copy the \compaq\swpackages directory to the hard dive, and then remove the read-only bit.

Trusted Platform Module

The TPM, when used with BitLocker, measures a system state and, upon detection of a changed ROM image, restricts access to the Windows® file system if the user cannot provide the recovery key. HP Smart Update Manager detects if a TPM is enabled in your system. If a TPM is detected in your system or with any remote server selected as a target, for some newer models of ProLiant, HP Smart Update Manager utilities for iLO, Smart Array, NIC, and BIOS warn users prior to a flash. If the user does not temporarily disable BitLocker and does not cancel the flash, the BitLocker recovery key is needed to access the user data upon reboot.

A recovery event is triggered if:

- The user does not temporarily disable BitLocker before flashing the System BIOS when using the Microsoft BitLocker Drive Encryption.
- The user has optionally selected to measure iLO, Smart Array, and NIC firmware.

If HP Smart Update Manager detects a TPM, a pop-up warning message appears.

<u>.</u>	CAUTION: A Trusted Platform Module (TPM) has been detected in this system. Failure to perform proper OS encryption procedures will result in loss of access to your data if recovery key is not available. Recommended procedure for Microsoft Windows(R) BitLocker(TM) is to "suspend" BitLocker prior to System ROM or Option ROM firmware flash. If you do not have your recovery key or have not suspended BitLocker, exit this flash. Failure to follow these instructions will result in loss of access to your data.
	<u></u> K

TPM scenarios

The following table discusses the TPM detection scenarios that you might encounter.

Scenario	Result
If the TPM is detected and enabled, the installation is not silent, and a system ROM must be updated.	A pop-up warning message appears. After OK is selected, you can continue. The installation is not canceled.
If the TPM is detected and enabled, the installation is silent, the /tpmbypass switch is not given, and any firmware updated must be applied to the server.	No pop-up warning appears. A new log file is generated (%systemdrive%\cpqsystem\log\cpqstub.log). Because the installation is silent, the installation is terminated and cannot continue.
If the TPM is detected and enabled with Option ROM Measuring, the installation is not silent, and a system ROM must be updated.	A pop-up warning message appears. After OK is selected, you can continue. The installation is not canceled.
If the TPM is detected and enabled with Option ROM Measuring, the installation is silent; the /tpmbypass switch is not given, and any firmware updated must be applied to the server.	No pop-up warning appears. A new log file is generated (%systemdrive%\cpqsystem\log\cpqstub.log). Because the installation is silent, the installation is terminated and cannot continue.
If the TPM is detected and enabled, the installation is silent, and the /tpmbypass switch is supplied.	The installation occurs.

Other scenarios do not affect the normal installation procedure.

Firmware Maintenance CD powered by HP Smart Update Manager

Deployment scenarios

HP Smart Update Manager deploys smart firmware components on a local host or one or more remote hosts. The remote hosts must be online and running the same operating system as the system running HP Smart Update Manager. For example, when the remote hosts are running Linux, the HP Smart Update Manager must also be running on a Linux operating system. HP Smart Update Manager supports the following operating systems:

- Windows Server® 2003
- Windows Server® 2003 x64
- Windows Server® 2008
- Windows Server® 2008 x64
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 4
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5
- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 9
- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 10 x86

The following table describes typical HP Smart Update Manager deployment scenarios.

Scenario	Description		
Graphical deployment on a local	Use this scenario when you:		
host	• Are not familiar with command line tools.		
	 Are deploying components on a local, single host. 		
	• Do not require scripting.		
Scripted deployment on a local	Use this scenario when you:		
host	• Are familiar with command line tools.		
	• Are deploying components on a local, single host.		
	• Must perform a customized, scripted deployment.		
Graphical deployment to a remote	Use this scenario when you:		
host	• Are not familiar with command line tools.		
	• Are deploying components on one or more remote hosts.		
	• Do not require scripting.		

Scenario	Description
Scripted deployment to a remote	Use this scenario when you:
host	 Are familiar with command line tools.
	 Are deploying components on one or more hosts.
	 Must perform a customized, scripted deployment to one or more host systems.

Graphical deployment on a local host

To easily deploy components to a single local host, use the HP Smart Update Manager GUI.

To deploy components to a local host using the GUI:

- 1. Ensure all minimum requirements are met as described in "Minimum requirements (on page 5)."
- 2. Ensure that the components to be deployed are accessible to the local host and are available in the same directory as the HP Smart Update Manager.

For information about performing the deployment using the GUI, see "Local host installations using the GUI (on page 15)."

Scripted deployment on a local host

To deploy components to a local host using the command line interface:

- 1. Ensure all minimum requirements are fulfilled as described in "Minimum requirements (on page 5)."
- 2. Ensure that the components to be deployed are accessible to the local host and are available in the same directory as the HP Smart Update Manager.
- **3.** Create a script to customize the deployment. See "Scripted deployment (on page 40)" for more information.
- 4. Execute the script.

Deployment to multiple remote hosts

NOTE: A remote host can be the IP address or DNS name of a remote server, remote iLO NIC port, or BladeSystem Onboard Administrator.



To deploy components to multiple remote hosts using the GUI:

- 1. Ensure that all minimum requirements are met as described in "Minimum requirements (on page 5)."
- 2. Ensure that the components to be deployed are accessible to the administrative system and are available in the same directory as the HP Smart Update Manager.

For more information about performing the deployment using the graphical interface, see "Multiple-host installations using the GUI (on page 27)."

To deploy components to multiple remote hosts using the CLI:

- 1. Ensure that all minimum requirements are met as described in "Minimum requirements (on page 5)."
- 2. Ensure that the components to be deployed are accessible to the administrative system and are available in the same directory as the HP Smart Update Manager.
- 3. Create a script to customize the deployment. For more information, see "Scripted deployment (on page 40)."
- 4. Execute the script.

Keyboard support

The HP Smart Update Manager graphical user interface has accelerator keys that enable you to manage and control common tasks quickly. To ensure proper navigation, the following are a few reminders.

- Depending on the operating system, you must press **ALT** to see the task corresponding to the underlined letter.
- The accelerator keys work by pressing **ALT + the underlined letter**.
- Press Space to select items such as hosts or groups.
- Press Tab to select from a list, and then press the arrow keys to toggle radio buttons.

First time execution

The HP Smart Update Manager provides an easy-to-use graphical interface that enables you to deploy and maintain firmware components. To access the HP Smart Update Manager, see "Deployment Options (on page 6)." The Inventory Progress screen appears while the HP Smart Update Manager builds an inventory of available updates. After checking the system for installed items, HP Smart Update Manager installs the updates.

HP Smart Update Manager		
🍈 HP Smart	Update Manager	-7
Inventory Progress		
Step 1 of 3:	Build Inventory of Available Updates	
	D:/compaq/swpackages\cpD06123.exe	
		45%
Step 2 of 3	Check System for Installed Items	
Step 3 of 3	Install Updates	
		C-ancel

Selecting an installation host for the first time

The Select Installation Host(s) screen appears when the inventory process ("First time execution" on page 12) is complete.

t Installation Host(s)				
al Host (hp-h8akl379g73m)				
note Host or Group (Select fr	om List)			P310015 P81005
Host Name	Æ	Type	Last Used	Description
DL360 GS		Group	Nevernets (11100	Management servers
HP-IVC7/RN4YF1F		Host	2008.06.27, 11:53	Windows server
SQL server		Group		DL 320

The Select Installation Host(s) screen enables you to choose a host for component installation. By default, the first time you run HP Smart Update Manager on a particular system, the only host available is the local host. However, you can also select remote hosts as your targets. For more information about using the graphical interface for multiple remote deployments, see "Multiple-host installations using the GUI (on page 27)."

The following columns are included in the Select Installation Host(s) screen:

- Host Name—Displays the host IP address or DNS name.
- Type—Categorizes the system as a host or group.
- Last Used—Enables you to sort the list by the most recently used hosts.
- Description—Displays the user-defined description given to a host.

When the Remote Host or Group option in the Select Installation Host(s) screen is selected, you can sort your view of the host list by selecting Only Hosts, Only Groups, or Both.

-View		
Only Hosts	🔿 Only Groups	 Both

The Select Installation Host(s) screen also includes the following buttons:

• Manage Hosts—Enables you to add, edit, and delete hosts.

- Manage Groups—Enables you to add, edit, and delete groups.
- Edit—Enables you to edit the selected host.
- Next—Proceeds to the next step in the installation process where the local or remote system checks for already installed items.
- Exit—Exits HP Smart Update Manager.

To continue selecting an installation host, click **Next.** For multiple remote deployments, enter the credentials for the host. The Select Items to be Installed screen appears.

Selecting components to install for the first time

The Select Items to be Installed screen displays information about which components are available for installation on your system and enables you to select or deselect components to install.

	1.10	
		2
	Reboot System After Ins	tallation Reboot Options
	C If Needed C Always	s
Ratus	Optional Actions	Additional
		-
Ready for installation		
Ready for installation		
Ready for installation		
🗌 Already up-tx-date		Installation Options
Aiready up-ta-date		Installation Options
	Şəbat All Desde	it Delauk
	Ready for initialation Ready for initialation Ready for initialation Ready up-ta-date Already up-ta-date	Reboot System After Ins G If Needed C Always Ready for installation Ready for installation Ready for installation Already up-ta-date Ahready up-ta-date Sebct Al Desde

For more information about the Select Items to be Installed screen and its sections, see "Selecting components to install (on page 17)."

Local host installations using the GUI

HP Smart Update Manager can deploy smart components on a local host or on one or more remote hosts. You can easily deploy components on a local host by using the Smart Update Manager GUI.

Selecting an installation host

To continue with the deployment process using a local host, select a host from the Select Installation Host(s) screen, and click **Next**.

t installation host(s)					
al Host (hp-h8akl379g73m)				Manage Hos	ts Hanaze Gr
Note Host or Group (Select f	rom List)	Type	Last Lood	Description	
16.83.61.52		HVIR	2008.05.27, 11:53		
DL360 G5		Group		Management servers	
HP-IVCZORN4YF1F		Host	2008.06.27, 11:53	Windows server	
SD server		Group		04.920	
1997 TO 199				UE 320	
				00.300	

The Discovery Progress screen appears while the HP Smart Update Manager checks the local system to see which items are already installed.

Selecting components to install

When the discovery process ("Selecting an installation host" on page 16) is complete, the Select Items to be Installed screen appears.

🙀 HP Smart Update Manager					- 18 X
🍥 HP Smart Update Manager		od.			
Select Items to be Installed					2
Host: localhost		F Reboot Syst	em After Installatio	n <u>R</u> eboot Opt	ions
Status: 🔍 Ready (3 Updates, approx. 3 Minutes, 10 Seconds)		C If Needed	C Always		
Product	Ratus	Option	al Actions	Additional	
Updates to be Installed					
HP FroLlant IDL360 (05 (F58) Servers Installed Version: 2008.01.24 Available Version: 2008.04.14	Ready for installation				
Smart Array P400 and P400 Installed Version: 4.12 Available Version: 5.20	Ready for installation				
Online ROM Flash Component: for Windows - HP Integrated Lights-Out 2 Installed Version: 1:50 Available Version: 1:60	Ready for installation				
- Reboot required to activate completed updates -					
Installation Not Needed					
DG036A8853 and DG072A8854 drives: Installed Version: HP07 Available Version: HE07 (A)	🖾 Already up-to-date		le I	stalation Options	
HP NC-Series Broadcom Online Firmware Upgrade Utility for Windows Server 2003/2008 x64 Editions Installed Version: See Device Details Available Version: 2.1.2.0 Select Devices	🖾 Already up-to-date		k	stalation Options	
					-
		Select Al	Deselect_All	Defact	8
Egit				[nstal]	

The Select Items to be Installed screen includes the following sections:

- Product—Lists the system on which the selected items are installed.
- Status—Indicates if the installation is ready.
- Reboot section—Enables you to specify reboot settings and determine when reboots occur.
- Component selection pane—Enables you to specify which components to install.

When updating installation for some but not all NIC components, select the devices to be updated in the window that appears. If the NIC firmware listed for the device does not have a version, you cannot add that firmware to the device using HP Smart Update Manager.

When multiple hardware devices such as hard drives or array controllers exist in a single server, HP Smart Update Manager lists each device only once. If the devices have different firmware versions, then the versions are listed from earliest to latest in a range. When multiple instances of the firmware are available for installation, the instances are listed from latest to earliest. If necessary, all hardware device firmware is flashed to the selected version.

The Select Items to be Installed screen also includes the following buttons:

- Select All—Selects all available components for installation.
- Deselect All—Deselects all components selected for installation.

- Default—Restores the selections in the product installation pane to the default view, which is based on the existing configuration of the local system.
- Exit—Exits HP Smart Update Manager.
- Install—Installs all selected components.
- Add Supplemental—Enables you to deploy additional components from a removable device. The
 additional components must be located on the root of the device. This button is available only for
 offline deployments.

NOTE: HP Smart Update Manager does not support supplemental update for self-discovered components. If you need to add additional components to the Firmware CD, the Firmware CD must be migrated to a USB key and the new components added to the \compaq\swpackages directory. For information on how to create the USB key version of the Firmware CD, see HP USB key utility (on page 8).

The component selection pane in the Select Items to be Installed screen is divided into sections, which might vary depending on your system. These sections include the following headings:

 Deselected By User—You have deselected the components in this section, and the components are not installed.

Deselected By User		
HP Insight Management Agents for Windows Server 2003 Installed Version: None Available Version: 7.80.0.0	Deselected by User	
HP Virus: Throttle for Windows Server 2003 Installed Version: None Available Version: 8.60.0.0	Deselected by User	
HP Version Control Agent for Windows Installed Version: None Available Version: 21.8.780	Deselected by User	

Installation Not Needed—The components in this section do not need to be updated, but can be. To
update the components, select the components, and then click Installation Options.

Ir	stallation Not Needed		
	Smart Array P600 Installed Version: 1.52 Available Version: 1.52 (A)	Already up-to-diate	Installation Options
	HP ProLiant DL380 G 4 (P51) Installed Version: 2006.04.26 Available Version: 2006.04.26 (B)	Already up-to-date	Installation Options
	HP Network Configuration Utility for Windows Server 2003 Installed Version: 8,70.0.0 Available Versions: 8,70.0.0 8,60.0.0	🖾 Already up-to-diate	Installation Options

 Excluded by Filtering—The components in this section were excluded through your filtering options. You can use the Select Bundle Filter option to change the exclusion on a single target. For multiple targets, this must be repeated on each additional target.

Excluded by Filtering		
Smart Array P600 Installed Version: 1.52 Available Version: 1.52 (A)	Deselected by User	
Smart Array 641/642 Installed Version: 2.76 Available Version: 2.80 (Å)	Deselected by User	
HP ProLiant DL380 G 4 (P51) Installed Version: 2006.04.26 Available Version: 2006.04.26 (B)	Deselected by User	

• Updates to be Installed—The components in this section can be installed on your system.

U	pdates to be installed			
2	Smart Array 641/642 Installed Version: 2.76 Available Version: 2.80 (A)	Ready for installation		
4	HP Virus Throttle for Windows Server 2003 Installed Version: None Available Version: 8.60, 0.0	Ready for installation		
A.	HP Insight Management Agents for Windows Server 2003 Installed Version: None Available Versions: 7.30.00 7.380.00	Failed Dependencies <u>View Failed Dependencies</u>	Configurable Configure Now	

 Optional Updates—The components in this section are not selected for installation by default, even if the product is not already installed or is installed but not up-to-date. To include the component in the installation set, you must select the component.



 No Device Driver Installed—The devices supported by the components in this section are detected on the system, but HP Smart Update Manager requires a device driver before the component can be made available for installation. Install the device driver.

No Device Driver Installed	
HP Integrated Lights-Out 2 Irstallec Version: None Available Version: 1.42	The supported devices

Status field

Status: 🔟 None Selected

The Status field of the Select Items to be Installed screen displays information about whether the installation is ready to proceed or not.

lcon	Text	Description			
\bigcirc	Ready	I selected components are ready to be installed.			
	Already up-to- date	No component installation is required.			
	None Selected	No components are selected for installation.			

lcon	Text	Description
	x Critical Action	X components are not ready for installation due to failed dependencies, where x is the number of components. The installation cannot proceed until the dependencies are met or the component is deselected for installation.

Reboot section

The reboot section of the Select Items to be Installed screen enables you to specify preferred reboot behavior.

Γ	Reboot Sys	Reboot Options	
©	If Needed	C Always	

To instruct the system to reboot after updates are installed:

- 1. Click Reboot System After Installation.
- 2. Click Always or If Needed.

If **Always** is selected, then the system will always be rebooted unless there is a component installation failure. If **If Needed** is selected, then the system will be rebooted if needed by at least one component unless there is a component installation failure.

To change the delay before reboot or the reboot message, click **Reboot Options.** The Set Reboot Options screen appears.

😫 Set Reboot Options				? 🔀
	Reb	oot C	ptions	
Reboot Delay (seconds):	20	4		
Enter Reboot Message:				
Rebooting at user request after	r installa	ition		
Cancel				OK

NOTE: In Linux, the Reboot Delay time is automatically converted from seconds to minutes. Any value under a full minute, 59 seconds or less, will be rounded to the next minute for Linux.

Make any changes, and click OK.

Component selection pane

The component selection pane of the Select Items to be Installed screen displays (by component number order, unless a dependency causes the installation order to change) all components available for installation based on your server and hardware options. The HP Smart Update Manager checks each component for dependencies, if the component is already installed on the system, or if it requires a reboot after installation. Items available for installation are selected by default. You can deselect any components you do not want to install.

The component selection pane is divided into the following columns:

• Product—Specifies the name of the component, version number, and new component version number. To view the component version history, click the new version number.

lcon	Text	Description
\bigcirc	Ready for installation	The component is ready for installation.
	Not selected for installation	The component has not been selected for installation.
	Already up-to-date	The component is already up-to-date. To downgrade or rewrite a component, click Installation Options.
	No device driver installed	The firmware devices supported by the components in this section are detected on the system but require a device driver. Install the device driver.
	Deselected by user	The component has not been selected for installation.
	Failed dependencies	The component has a dependency that has not been met. To determine the nature of the failed dependency, click View Failed Dependencies.

• Status—Displays the status of the component.

- Optional Actions—Reserved for future use.
- Additional—Contains the installation options and additional information for the components.

If a failed dependency occurs, you must resolve it before proceeding with the installation. Depending on the issue, you must locate software or firmware components in the Firmware Maintenance CD or HP website (<u>http://www.hp.com</u>). The following figure shows the Failed Dependencies screen.

🔀 HP Smart Update Manager Failed Dependencies 🛛 🔹 💽
Installation for "HP Integrated Lights-Out 2" requires one or more of the following that is not currently installed or in the install set:
- HP Lights-Out Drivers and Agents for Linux
Close

Installation options

You can specify firmware upgrade behavior for installable components by selecting one or more options from the Additional Options field. Depending on the component type, one of the following screens appears.



- Select Allow Downgrades to downgrade the current firmware to an older version.
- Select Allow Rewrites to enable HP Smart Update Manager to overwrite the current firmware version with the same version.
- Select Allow Shared Devices to upgrade firmware in a shared storage environment.



CAUTION: Updating the firmware while a shared device is in use can lead to data loss. Before enabling the **Allow Shared Devices** option, be sure any other servers sharing the selected devices are offline.

The following table illustrates how changing the options for firmware upgrade behavior can change the firmware upgrade results. In this example, the array controller is assumed to be an HP Smart Array 6402 controller.

If the existing array controller has firmware version 3.00 installed, then updating the firmware produces results as described in the following table.

	Default	Allow downgrades	Allow rewrites
Firmware upgrade v3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05
Firmware upgrade v3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10

If the existing array controller has firmware version 3.10 installed, then updating the firmware produces results as described in the following table.

	Default	Allow downgrades	Allow rewrites
Firmware upgrade v3.05	No change	3.05	3.10
Firmware upgrade v3.10	No change	No change	3.10

NOTE: When updating installation for NIC components, select the devices to be updated in the window that appears.

After you have selected all the components that you want to install, click **Install** to proceed with the installation. The Installation Progress screen appears.

Viewing the installation results

When the installation is complete, the Installation Results screen appears.



The Installation Results screen is divided into the following columns:

- Product—Specifies the name of the installed component. To see the component version history, click the version number.
- Status—Specifies the installation status of the component.

lcon	Text	Description
0	Success	The component was installed successfully.
0	Same/older version successfully installed	The existing component was successfully downgraded or reflashed to the same or older version.
×	Update returned an error	An update error has occurred. See the HP Smart Update Manager log file for details.
×	Installation failed	The component was not installed. To see additional details, click View Installation Log .

 Additional—Enables you to view the installation log for each component and reminds you if a reboot is needed.

lcon	Text	Description
•	Reboot Needed	The server must be rebooted for the component to take effect.

To see additional details, click View Installation Log.

_
-
1

The Installation Results screen also includes the following buttons:

- Reboot Now—Reboots the server. (This button is available for local installations only.)
- Exit—Exits the HP Smart Update Manager.

NOTE: After updating hard drives in external enclosures such as MSA20, you must power cycle the external enclosures. The Reboot button in HP Smart Update Manager only reboots the server but never power cycles an external enclosure.

There are installation logs named hpsum_log.txt and hpsum_detail_log.txt, which contain information about the installation activity for each host being updated. The hpsum_log.txt log contains a brief summary of the installation activity. The hpsum_detail_log.txt log contains all of the installation details, including errors, for each component installed.

The log files can be found in the following locations:

• For Windows®, these files are located in subdirectories named according to the IP address of each host in the \CPQSYSTEM\hp\log subdirectory on the boot partition of the local host. The directory containing the local host information is named localhost instead of being named after the IP address.

 For Linux, these files are located in subdirectories named according to the IP address of each host in the /var/hp/log subdirectory of the local host. The directory containing the local host information is named localhost instead of being named after the IP address.

Multiple-host installations using the GUI

HP Smart Update Manager provides an easy-to-use graphical interface that enables you to deploy and maintain firmware components. To access HP Smart Update Manager, see "Deployment options (on page 6)."

The Inventory Progress screen appears while HP Smart Update Manager builds an inventory of available updates. When the inventory process is complete, the Select Installation Host(s) screen appears.

Selecting remote hosts or groups

The Select Installation Host(s) screen enables you to choose multiple hosts and groups for component installation. Hosts include servers, Onboard Administrators, iLO, and iLO 2.

NOTE: Local hosts cannot be included in a list with remote hosts or in a group. When selecting an iLO or iLO2 as a host, only the iLO firmware can be updated. The server host must also be selected to update all other firmware and software components on the same physical server. The iLO firmware can be updated by either selecting the iLO or the server host.

	<i>y</i>			
al Host (hp-h8akl379g73r	n)			
note Host or Group (Selec	t from List)			Manage Horts Manage Gr
Host Name	1-	Type	Last Used	Description
16.89.61.53		1925	2008.06.27, 11:53	
DL360 GS		Group		Management servers
HP-DVC7XRNMYF1F		Host	2008.06.27, 11:53	Windows server
		15173	5487167167767767	
SQL server		Group		DL 320
SQL server		Graup		DL 320

To add hosts, see "Managing hosts (on page 28)." To add groups, see "Managing groups (on page 31)."

To continue with the deployment process:

- 1. Select one or more hosts or groups.
- 2. To continue, click **Next**.
- 3. Enter the credentials for the host ("Entering credentials for hosts" on page 34).
- 4. Click **OK** to proceed, as described in Selecting components to install on multiple hosts (on page 36).
- 5. When the installation is complete, the Installations results for multiple hosts screen ("Viewing the installation results for multiple hosts" on page 38) appears.

Managing hosts

To add, edit, or delete hosts, click the **Manage Hosts** button. The Manage Hosts screen appears. Hosts include servers, Onboard Administrators, iLO, and iLO 2.

NOTE: Local hosts cannot be included in a list with remote hosts or in a group. When selecting an iLO or iLO2 as a host, only the iLO firmware can be updated. The server host must be selected to update all other firmware and software components. The iLO firmware can be updated by either selecting the iLO or the server host.



To add a host:

1. Click Add Host. The New Host dialog box appears.

- IP Format -
C IPv4

- 2. Select the method to add a host from the following:
 - Enter the DNS name of the host you want to add.
 - Enter the IP address of the host you want to add.
 - Enter the IP address range of the hosts you want to add. The starting and ending IP addresses must both be on the same subnet. When using the IPv6 format, the last field in the ending address is limited to 32 targets.

NOTE: When adding hosts using either IP address option, you can select from the IP format options: IPv4 or IPv6. The IPv4 format is the default option since it is the current Internet protocol. The IPv6 format is the next generation Internet protocol.

- 3. Enter an optional user-defined description given to the host you want to add.
- 4. Click OK.

The new host is added to the list on the Select Installation Host(s) screen.

To edit an existing host:

1. On the Manage Hosts screen, click the **Edit Host** button. The Edit Host dialog box appears.

Edit Host		<u>? ×</u>
		2
Host Name:	HP-IVC7XRN4YF1F	
Description:	Windows server	
<u>C</u> ancel		<u>o</u> k

- 2. Edit the Host Name and Description.
- 3. Click OK.

To delete a host:

- 1. On the Manage Hosts screen, click the **Delete Host** button.
- 2. When the confirmation screen appears, click **Yes.**

Managing groups

To add, edit, or delete groups, click the **Manage Groups** button. The Manage Groups screen appears.

Manage Groups			213
Groups			2
Group Name	7	Description	Add Group
DL360 GS	Management servers		Edt Group
SQL server	DL 320		Delete Group
			Bone

To add a group:

1. Click Add Group. The Edit Group dialog box appears.

Edit Group					1
		(a color			
Gu	oup Name:	101360 65			
D	escription	Management servers			
Available Hosts				Hosts in Group	
Host /		Description		Host /	Description
HP-IVC7XRN4YF1F	Windows s	server		16.83.61.53	
			<< <u>R</u> emov	e J	
New Host					
⊊ancel					25

- 2. Enter a group name.
- 3. Enter an optional user-defined description given to the group to be added.
- 4. Select the hosts to be added to the group from the Available Hosts pane. You can add new hosts from this screen by clicking the New Host button. For more information on adding hosts, see "Managing hosts (on page 28)."
- 5. Click the **Enter** button to move the selected hosts to the new group.
- 6. Click OK.

The new group is added to the list on the Select Installation Host(s) screen.

To edit an existing group:

1. Select the group, and then on the Manage Groups screen, click the **Edit Group** button. The Edit Group dialog box appears.

Edit Group					1
c	Group Name:	DL360 GS			
	Description:	Management servers			
allable Hosts				Hosts in Group	
Host /	s [:	Description		Host 🛆	Description
-IVC7XRN4YF1	Windows	server		16.83.61.53	
			<< Remov	e.	
New Host					

- 2. Edit the group name as needed.
- 3. Edit the optional user-defined description given to the host as needed.
- 4. Click the Enter and Remove buttons to add or remove hosts as needed.
- 5. Click OK.

To delete a group:

- 1. Select the group on the Manage Groups screen, and then click the **Delete Group** button.
- 2. When the confirmation screen appears, click **Yes.**

Entering credentials for hosts

When you select a single remote host, the Enter Credentials for Host screen appears. You must enter your username and password as the credentials for the host.

Enter Credentials for Host: 1	6.83.61.53	<u>? </u> >
		2
Host: 16.83.61.53		_
Enter Username and Passwor	d	
Username:	administrator	
Password:	*****	
C Use Current Credentials (req	uires an existing trust relationship with the host)	
IF artive undate process detecte	d on the remote boot HPSTIM charald	
 Skip host 	er at til me tretten at them till anert at neuros	
C Restart update		
Canada abrasa		
Sauce		<u>۵</u> ۴

To enter the credentials for the host, choose one of the following:

- Select Enter Username and Password, and then enter the username and password.
- Select **Use Current Credentials** to use the currently logged-in user's credentials.

If an active update process is detected on the remote host, you can select **Skip host** or **Restart update**. Skip host causes the host to be ignored for the rest of the update process, and Restart update causes any existing or in-progress installation to be terminated.

To continue, click **OK.**

5.83.61.53 Needs -Credentials >-TWC7D/RN4YF1F Needs -Credentials Enter >> Enter >>	1.53 I Needs Credentials Windows server Erfor >> C <bemove< th=""><th>Name 7</th><th>Status</th><th>Description</th><th></th><th>Name</th><th>- AL</th><th>Status</th><th>Description</th></bemove<>	Name 7	Status	Description		Name	- AL	Status	Description
INC7XRN+YF1F Needs Credentials Windows server Enter >> << Bemove	XRN+YFIF Reeds Credentials Windows server Erfor >>	13.61.53	Needs Credentials	Contractive					
Enter >> << 8emove	Erter >> << Benove	WC7XRN4YF1F	1. Needs Credentials	Windows server					
Erker >> << Bemove	Erter >> << Benove								
Enter >>	Enter >> << Bemove								
<< Bemove	<< Bemove				Enter SS				
<< Bettorie	<< Bemove				Prom				
<< Bemove	<< Bemove				- Contraction				
<< Betrove	<< Bemove								
<< Bettowe	<< <u>B</u> emove					-			
						1			
	E				<< Benove	1			
					<< Benove	L			
					<< Bemone	1			
14					<< Bemove				
					<< Bemove				

When you select a group or multiple hosts, the Enter Credentials for Group screen appears.

The screen separates the remaining hosts that still require credentials from the completed hosts.

Each pane is divided into the following columns:

- Name—Specifies the name of the host.
- Status—Specifies the credentials status of the host.

lcon	Text	Description
0	Entered	The credentials for the host have been entered.
	Needs Credentials	The credentials for the host have not been entered.
۸.	Credentials Failed	The credentials entered for the host have failed.
	Unable to access host	The host cannot be accessed using the credentials entered, or the host cannot be found on the network.
	Host Skipped Due to Existing HPSUM Session	The host is skipped due to an existing HP Smart Update Manager session. The skipped hosts can be accessed if the appropriate CLI switch is used or if Restart Update is selected on the Enter credentials for host screen.

• Description—Displays the user-defined description given to the host.

To enter the credentials for the host:

- 1. In the left pane, select the host from the list of hosts requiring credentials. If all credentials are the same, to select all the hosts on the list, click **Select All.**
- 2. To enter the required credentials and move the selected host to the Completed Hosts pane, click the **Enter** button.
- 3. To continue, click **Next**.

NOTE: If a TPM is detected and enabled, an HP Smart Update Manager pop-up warning message appears after the Discovery Progress screen. You must read the message and determine how to proceed. For more information, see Trusted Platform Module (on page 8).

Selecting components to install on multiple hosts

The Select Items to be Installed screen displays the server hosts and their status information.

IP Smart Update Manager		
MP Smart Update Manager	100 C	
elect Items to be Installed		
Ready for installation	Rgboot System After Installation	Beboot Options
stal Estimated Time: 3 Minutes, 20 Seconds	🕫 li liseded 🛛 C 🗄	10/5
Host	Status	
erver Hosts		
6.83:61.53	S Ready	
Updates, about 3 Minutes, 20 Seconds	C Prote	
Prov. 2004991P Undates, about 2 Minutes, 40 Seconds	Ready	
		Yew Host
		Yew Host

The Select Items to be Installed screen includes the following buttons:

- View Host—Enables you to view additional information about a host after you select it.
- Install—Installs all selected components on all remote hosts. The Install button is grayed out when a dependency failure occurs.
- Exit—Exits HP Smart Update Manager.

The server host pane of the Select Items to be Installed screen displays summary information for the server hosts available for installation and features a drilldown of individual hosts.

The server host pane is divided into the following columns:

- Host—Specifies the name of the system, number of updates available, and the estimated time for the installation.
- Status—Specifies the status of the host.

lcon	Text	Description
\bigcirc	Ready	The host is ready for installation.

lcon	Text	Description
\square	Nothing to Install	The host is already up-to-date.
	Host Skipped Due to Existing HPSUM Session	The host is skipped due to an existing HP Smart Update Manager session.
	Action Required	The host is not ready for installation. Click View Host for additional information.
×	Discovery Failed	The host is not ready for installation. The detection of installed hardware, software, and firmware has failed.

NOTE: The default reboot behavior after updates are installed might also appear in the Status column.

To zoom in to single host selections, click **View Host** on the Select Items to be Installed screen. The Selections for Single Host screen appears.

xst: 16.83.61.53 atus: 🖾 None Selected		Reboot System After Installation G IF Needed C Always	Beboot Option
Product	Rahus	Optional Actions	Addtional
stellation Not Needled MP NG Series Broadcom Online Firmware Upgrade Utility for Windows Server 2003/2008 x64 Edu Installed Version: See Device Details Available Version: 2.1.2.0 Select Devices	r 🖾 Already up-to-date		Installation Options
HP ProLiank DL365 G1/DL365 G5 (A 10) Installed Version: 2008.03.27 Available Version: 2008.03.27	🖾 Already up-to-date		Installation Options
Smart Array P400 and P400 Installed Version: 5.20 Avalable Version: 5.20	Aready up-to-date		Installation Options
Online ROM Flash -Component for Windows - HP Integrated Lights-Out 2 Installed Version: 1.60 Available Version: 1.60	Aready up-to-date		Installation Options
	al a		

To set single-host selections, proceed as described in "Selecting Components to Install (on page 17)."

After setting the single-host selections for all hosts to be updated, on the Select Items to be Installed screen, to proceed with the installation, click **Install**.

Viewing the installation results for multiple hosts

When the installation is complete, the Installation Results screen appears.



The Installation Results screen is divided into the following columns:

- Host—Specifies the IP address or DNS name of the host.
- Status-Specifies the overall installation status of the components on the remote host.

lcon	Text	Description
0	Success	The host was updated successfully.
	Nothing to install	The host is already up-to-date.
	Installation canceled by user	The installation was canceled and cannot continue the process.
×	Installation failed	One or more of the component installations have failed.

The Installation Results screen also includes the following buttons:

- View Host—Enables you to view the installation results for the selected host.
- Exit—Exits HP Smart Update Manager.

To view single-host installation results, double-click the host or select the host, and click **View Host**.

Product	Status		Additional	
lystem Management Homepage	Not updated - already current	Vew Installation Log		
New Version: 2.1, 12, 201	2016 - Contraction (1997) - Contraction (1997)			
P StorageWorks Tape Drivers for Windows New Version: 1.4.0.0	(2) Success	Vew Installation Log		
P Lights-Out Online Configuration Utility for Windows 2003/2008 x64 Editions	Success	Vew Installation Log		
New Version: 2.0.2.2				
P NC-Series Broadcorn 1Gb Multifunction Driver for Windows Server 2003 x64 Editions New Version: 4,4,20,0(8)	Update returned an error - see H	Striew Installation Log		
P Network Configuration Utility for Windows Server 2003 x64 Editions New Version: 9.30.0.0	Update returned an error - see H	PSP <u>view Installation Log</u>		
P Insight Management Agents for Windows Server 2003/2008 x64 Editions New Version: 8.13.0.0	Success	<u>Wew Installation Log</u>		
P Insight Diagnostics Online Edition for Windows Server 2003/2008 x64 Editions New Version: 8.1.1.2759	Success	Yew Installation Log		

Proceed as described in "Viewing the installation results (on page 25)."

Scripted deployment

Command line interface

The HP Smart Update Manager command line interface enables you to script custom installations.

Command line syntax

The general command line syntax for HP Smart Update Manager is:

```
hpsum [/h[elp]] [/?] [/f[orce]] [/f[orce]:bundle] [/f[orce]:rom]
[/f[orce]:software] [/f[orce]:all ] [/g (/downgrade)] [/e (/rewrite)]
[/m[utual])] [/r[eboot]] [/reboot_message "reboot message"]
[/reboot_delay timeout_in_seconds] [/reboot_always] [/s[ilent]]
[/c[omponent] <component_to_install>] [/group "group_name"]
[/b[undle] <bundle_to_install>] [/allow_update_to_bundle]
[/allow_non_bundle_components] [/use_latest] [/use_location
"file_share"] [/use_snmp] [/use_wmi] [/romonly] [/softwareonly]
[/dryrun] [/continue_on_error <error>] [/override_existing_connection]
[/express_install] [/user <username> or /username <username>] [/passwd
<password>] [/current_credential] [/target "netAddress"] [/logdir
"path"] [<component1_to_install> <...]</pre>
```

The HP Smart Update Manager with Onboard Administrator requires a user ID and password to log in. The user ID must be an Administrator equivalent ID and not an operator or user equivalent level ID.

NOTE: All arguments and information enclosed in brackets are optional.

On Windows® operating systems, use a slash (/) before each argument. On Linux operating systems, use a hyphen (-) before each argument.

If no command line arguments are executed on the command line, the component GUI appears.

Command line arguments

HP Smart Update Manager recognizes the following command line arguments. These arguments prepopulate the GUI in the Select Items to be Installed screen. If you specify the host or group, the Select Items to be Installed screen does not appear.

Command line argument	Description
/h[elp] or /?	This argument displays command line Help information.
/f[orce]	This argument enables you to override or downgrade an existing component installation. This argument produces the same results as /f:software.
/f[orce]:bundle	This argument enables you to override or downgrade the existing installation of components in the selected bundle.

You cannot use some arguments such as /romonly and /softwareonly together.

Command line argument	Description
/f[orce]:rom	This argument enables you to override or downgrade the existing installation of the selected firmware components. (Applies to firmware only.)
/f[orce]:software	This argument enables you to override or downgrade the existing installation of the selected software components.
/f[orce]:all	This argument enables you to override or downgrade the existing installation of the selected software components, firmware components, and bundles.
/g or /downgrade	This argument enables you to downgrade to an earlier version of firmware for multi-target devices such as hard drives and array controllers. (Applies to firmware only.)
/e or /rewrite	This argument enables you to rewrite the same version of firmware only for multi-target devices such as hard drives and array controllers. (Applies to firmware only.)
/m[utual]	If the device you want to flash is in a shared storage environment, then this argument informs the firmware flash engine to flash the firmware. If the device to be flashed is in a shared storage environment, and the $/m$ option is not passed, then the component installation fails. (Applies to firmware only.)
/r[eboot]	If the following conditions are met, then this argument causes the server (or host server in a remote installation) to reboot:
	• The /reboot option is selected or given as a command line argument.
	• All components selected for installation are successfully installed.
	• At least one of the installed components requires a reboot to complete its installation.
/reboot_message " reboot message "	This argument displays the specified reboot message on remote consoles connected to the server you want to reboot. You must use this argument with the /reboot option, or the argument is ignored.
/reboot_delay timeout_in_seconds	This argument delays the reboot of the server for the length of time specified by the <i>timeout_in_seconds</i> variable. You must use this argument with the /reboot option, or the argument is ignored. Acceptable values are between 15 and 3600. The default timeout value is 15 seconds for Microsoft® Windows® and 60 seconds for Linux. In Linux, the Reboot Delay time is converted from seconds to minutes. For Linux, any value under a full minute, 59 seconds or less, rounds to the next minute.
/reboot_always	If the following conditions are met, then this argument forces the server to reboot:
	• The /reboot_always option is selected or given as a command line argument.
	All components selected for installation are successfully installed.
/s[ilent]	This argument causes the installation to run silently with no GUI or console output. All data writes to the log file. Any generated prompts use the default option and continue the installation without user input. If a component requires input before installation (such as configuration information), then the component installation fails, and an error message writes to the log file. Failed dependencies are not reported to the user when using the /s[ilent]argument. To check for failed dependencies, remove the /s[ilent] argument, reissue the command line, and then the HP Smart Update Manager GUI appears.

Command line argument	Description
/c[omponent] <component install="" to=""> or <component1_to_install> <component2_to_install></component2_to_install></component1_to_install></component>	This argument specifies the components to install. Components to install can be specified with or without the /c[omponent] argument. If using the /c[omponent] argument, only one component can be specified with the argument. However, multiple /c arguments and components can be specified on the same line. If the /c[omponent] argument is not used, multiple components can be specified at the same time, but the components must be separated by a blank and listed after all the arguments on the command line. The components require installation in a different order. If so, the utility changes the installation order based on the components as possible. Multiple components and bundles can be specified on the same command line. When mixing components and bundles on the command line, the filter switches control what components and bundles are installed.
/group " group_name "	This argument specifies an already defined group name in the HP Smart Update Manager GUI.
/b[undle] <bundlename> or <bundle1_to_install> <bundle2_to_install></bundle2_to_install></bundle1_to_install></bundlename>	This argument specifies the bundles to install. Bundles to install can be specified with or without the /b[undle] argument. If using the /b[undle] argument, only one bundle can be specified with the argument. However, multiple /b arguments and bundles can be specified on the same line. If the /b[undle] argument is not used, multiple bundles can be specified at the same time, but the bundles need to be separated by a blank and listed after all the arguments on the command line. Multiple components and bundles can be specified on the same to be specified on the same time, but the bundles need to be separated by a blank and listed after all the arguments on the command line. When mixing components and bundles on the command line, the filter switches control what components and bundles are installed.
/allow_update_to_bun dle	This argument is a filter switch and enables the user to install newer versions of components defined in a PSP or firmware bundle. This argument enables these components to replace the older versions of the same component that might have shipped with the bundles.
/allow_non_bundle_co mponents	This argument is a filter switch and enables the user to install components that are not included in the bundle but reside in the directory with the components in the bundle.
/use_latest	This argument is a filter switch for use with bundles. The argument enables you to use the latest version of the bundle when multiple versions of bundles are listed on the command line. If there are no bundles specified on the command line, and multiple bundles are in the directory, the /use_latest argument allows HP Smart Update Manager to use the bundle with the latest version for installation.
/use_location "file_share"	This argument specifies a directory or file share that contains the PSP and components for use with HP Smart Update Manager. If you do not specify this argument, the directory containing hpsum.exe or HP Smart Update Manager is used by default. The logged-in account must have access to this location. The /user and /passwd arguments do not have any effect when attempting to access the file share. You can use those arguments only when connecting to a target system.
/use_snmp	This argument specifies that components, which use SNMP protocol, are available to be selected for installation. These components are available for selection by default. When the /use_snmp argument is used, and the /use_wmi argument is not, the WMI components are optional.

Command line argument	Description
/use_wmi	This argument specifies that components, which use WMI protocol, are available to be selected for installation. These components are optional by default and will not be installed unless this argument is used. When the /use_wmi argument is used, and the /use_snmp argument is not, the SNMP components are optional.
/romonly	This argument is a filter switch and allows the user to see only the firmware components needed for installation. When using this filter switch, you must exit, and then restart HP Smart Update Manager to return to an unfiltered state. Do not use the /romonly argument with the /softwareonly argument.
/softwareonly	This argument is a filter switch and allows the user to see only the software components needed for installation. When using this filter switch, you must exit, and then restart HP Smart Update Manager to return to an unfiltered state. Do not use the /softwareonly argument with the /romonly argument.
/dryrun	This argument simulates the installation for a test run. Nothing is installed.
/continue_on_error < error >	This argument causes the installation to continue and ignore errors. Valid values are <i><error>=</error></i> ServerNotFound and <i><error>=</error></i> BadPassword. The ServerNotFound option can be used to bypass inactive or unavailable remote hosts when deploying firmware or software to multiple remote hosts at the same time.
/override_existing_c onnection	This argument defines the behavior when a remote target has an existing HP Smart Update Manager session in progress. This argument overrides the session in progress and reinitializes the installation framework on the remote host.
/express_install	This argument starts express install (for local host only). The HP Smart Update Manager performs discovery, install, or exit without user interaction. The user can cancel or terminate HP Smart Update Manager.
/user < username > or /username <username></username>	This argument enables you to log in to HP BladeSystem c-Class Onboard Administrator with your user ID.
/passwd < password >	This argument enables you to use the password for the user ID specified in the /user parameter. The password is used to log in to remote hosts and HP BladeSystem c-Class Onboard Administrators.
/current_credential	This argument enables the credentials of the local host to be used as the credentials to access the targets instead of providing the username and password explicitly for each target. The assumption is that the current credentials are valid for the targets being accessed. (Applies to Windows® operating systems only.)
/target " netAddress "	This argument is the IP address or the DNS name of a HP BladeSystem c-Class Onboard Administrator or remote host. When two Onboard Administrators are in an enclosure, this argument should be the active Onboard Administrator. When specifying the IP address, you can use either the IPv4 or IPv6 format.
/logdir " path "	This argument enables you to redirect the output from HP Smart Update Manager or the HP BladeSystem c-Class Onboard Administrator flash utility to a different directory than the default location. For Windows® components, the default location is <i>SSYSTEMDRIVE</i> %\CPQSYSTEM\hp\log <netaddress> and the redirected location is <i><path>\hp\log\<netaddress></netaddress></path></i>. For Linux components, the default location is <i>/var/hp/log/<netaddress></netaddress></i> and the redirected location is <i><path>/hp/log/<netaddress></netaddress></path></i>.</netaddress>

Component configuration for Windows components only

To configure components without using the HP Smart Update Manager GUI, issue the command, hpsum_config <component_to_configure>. This command presents the same configuration screens seen in the HP Smart Update Manager GUI. You must run this command from a CD or other read-only media, or the component cannot be configured. Configuration for a given component only needs to be executed once. The configuration is stored within the component and is propagated to all target servers when deployed through HP Smart Update Manager GUI or command line. To change the configuration, rerun hpsum_config against the component and a new configuration writes out. If a component does not need configuration, the hpsum_config command returns to the console.

To configure components to be deployed on all editions of the Windows Server® 2008 with the Server Core option, you must access the system as a remote host using HP Smart Update Manager running on a system with a supported Windows® operating system, and then configure the components before deployment.

Command line examples

The following command line parameter examples can be executed within these environments:

- Windows® PSPs:
 - o ProLiant Support Pack for Microsoft® Windows Server™ 2003 v7.90 (BP000323.xml)
 - ProLiant Support Pack for Microsoft® Windows Server™ 2003 v7.80 (BP000315.xml)
- Firmware:
 - System ROM
 - Smart Array controller
 - Hard drives
 - o iLO
- Software—later version of:
 - HP Insight Diagnostics Online Edition for Windows Server™ 2003 (cp008097.exe)
 - HP System Management Homepage for Windows® (cp008257.exe)
- HP Smart Update Manager
 - Defined groups: Management Servers—Three servers (Management Server1, Management Server2, Management Server3)

Example 1:

This command line input deploys the latest PSP and firmware components:

hpsum /use_latest /allow_non_bundle_components /silent

Results: All the software components from the 7.90 PSP and firmware components, which HP Smart Update Manager determined needed to be installed, were installed.

Example 2:

Either of the following command line inputs can deploy the previous version of the PSP only and force all the components to be installed:

hpsum /f:bundle /softwareonly BP000315.xml

hpsum /b BP000315.xml /f:bundle /softwareonly

Results: All the software components from the 7.80 PSP, which HP Smart Update Manager determined needed to be installed, were installed. No firmware was installed.

Example 3:

This command line input deploys firmware:

hpsum /romonly

Results: All the firmware components, which HP Smart Update Manager determined needed to be installed, were installed. No software was installed.

Example 4:

Either of the following command line inputs can deploy two software components:

- hpsum /f:software cp008097.exe cp008257.exe
- hpsum /c cp008097.exe /c cp008257.exe /f:software

Results: The two components were installed. No firmware or other software was installed.

Example 5:

Either of the following command line inputs can deploy the latest PSP, later versions of components in the bundle, and firmware to three remote hosts and force all components to be installed:

- hpsum /group "Management Servers" /current_credential /use_latest /allow_update_to_bundle /allow_non_bundle_components /force:all /override_existing_connection /continue_on_error ServerNotFound /silent /logdir "Management_Server_Files"
- hpsum /target "Management Server1" /target "Management Server2" /target "Management Server3" /user administrator /passwd letmein /use_latest /allow_update_to_bundle /allow_non_bundle_components /force:all /override_existing_connection /continue_on_error ServerNotFound /silent /logdir "Management_Server_Files"

Results: All the firmware components, software components from the 7.90 PSP, cp008097.exe, and cp008257.exe were installed on Management Server1, Management Server2, and Management Server3.

HP Smart Update Manager return codes

HP Smart Update Manager has consolidated return codes from Linux and Windows® components into a new, enhanced return code mapping. These return codes determine the status of the component installation. You can also use return codes in a script to control the execution of the script and determine any required branching.

In Linux, the negative return codes are reported. These return codes are determined by subtracting the negative value from 256.

Return code	Value	Linux	Windows	Text
SUCCESS_NO_REBOOT	0	0	0	The installation was successful.
SUCCESS_REBOOT	1	1	1	The installation was successful, but a reboot is required.

To view the installation log file locations, see "Viewing the installation results (on page 25)."

Return code	Value	Linux	Windows	Text
SUCCESS_NOT_REQUIRED	3	3	3	The component was current or not required.
FAILURE_GENERAL	-1	255	255	A general failure occurred. See the error log for details.
FAILURE_BAD_PARM	-2	254	254	A bad input parameter was encountered.
FAILURE_COMPONENT_FAILED	-3	253	253	The installation of the component failed.

Windows smart component return codes

Error level	Meaning
0	The smart component failed to install. For more details, see the log file.
1	The smart component installed successfully.
2	The smart component installed successfully, but the system must be restarted.
3	The installation was not attempted because the required hardware is not present, the software is current, or there is nothing to install.

Linux smart component return codes

Single target servers:

Error level	Meaning
0	The smart component installed successfully.
1	The smart component installed successfully, but the system must be restarted.
2	The installation was not attempted because the required hardware is not present, the software is current, or there is nothing to install.
3	The smart component failed to install. For more details, see the log file.

Multi-target servers:

Error level	Meaning
0	The installation of the deliverable is successful. No reboot is required.
1	The installation of the deliverable is successful. Reboot is required for the deliverable to be enabled.
2	The installation was not attempted because the version to be installed matches the version already installed.
3	The installation was not attempted because of one of the following:
	• The version to be installed is older than the version already installed.
	• The supported hardware is not present, not enabled, or in a state that an installation could not be attempted.
	• The smart component does not support the environment.
	• There is nothing for the component to accomplish.
4	If the component is installing to a remote target, such as Onboard Administrator or other network-based deployment, this return code indicates that the target cannot be found.

Error level	Meaning
5	The installation was canceled by a user before anything could be installed.
6	The installer cannot execute because of an unmet dependency or installation tool failure.
7	The actual installation operation (not the installation tool) failed.

Advanced topics

Deploying firmware and software simultaneously

HP Smart Update Manager utility enables you to deploy firmware and software components simultaneously. Only Windows® online deployments support deploying firmware and software components from Windows® PSPs and server blade bundles simultaneously. The latest Microsoft® Windows® PSP, bundles, and firmware components must be in the same directory and the cp*.exe and/or cp*.scexe files added to the repository to deploy simultaneously.

To deploy firmware and software components from Windows® PSPs and server blade bundles simultaneously, run the HP Smart Update Manager. On the Select Bundle Filter screen, select the bundle, and then select the **ALLOW NON-BUNDLE PRODUCTS** option.

	5080
ProLank Support Pack for Microsoft Windows Server 2003 Available Versions : (* 8.11(4) View Contents (bo000489.xml)	St. Components Found 9 Missing
ProLine Support Pack for Microsoft Windows Server 2003 x64 Editions Available Versions : (bp000490.xml)	S 45 Components Found OMissing
t Options for Bundle Filter	
Show other versions of the products that are in the bundle. This lets you include updates that may	be newer than those that were released in the bundle.
ALLOW NON-BUNDLE PRODUCTS:	
ALLOW NON-BUNDLE PRODUCTS: Show updates for products that are not part of the bundle This lets you update other items on yo convenience, or because updates in the bundle may depend on them)	ur system at the same time as applying the bundle (as a
ALLOW NON-BUNDLE PRODUCTS: Show updates for products that are not part of the bundle This lets you update other items on yo convenience, or because updates in the bundle may depend on them) FORCE ALL BUNDLE UPDATES:	ur system at the same time as applying the bundle (as a

To proceed with the deployment process, click **OK**. The Select Items to be Installed ("Selecting components to install" on page 17) screen appears with the appropriate firmware and software components.

For more information on the PSPs, see the HP ProLiant Support Pack User Guide.

Server virtualization detection and support

The Firmware Maintenance CD does not support server virtualization that runs on a Windows® or Linux host and blocks attempts to install firmware from a guest or child virtual machine. The server virtualization does not run on a VMware host or on a guest operating system environment regardless of which host hypervisor you use. The Firmware Maintenance CD does not boot to a guest operating system environment.

Configuring IPv6 networks with HP Smart Update Manager

Starting with HP Smart Update Manager version 3.2.0, you can deploy to remote targets in IPv6-based networks for Windows® and Linux target servers. Using HP Smart Update Manager with IPv6 networks presents challenges for IT administrators.

For Windows®-based servers, to communicate with remote target servers, HP Smart Update Manager uses either existing credentials or user-provided user name and password to connect to the admin\$ share. This share is an automatic share provided by Windows Server®. After HP Smart Update Manager connects to the admin\$ share, it copies a small service to the target server for the duration of the installation. After this service starts, HP Smart Update Manager uses this service to communicate between the local and remote target server. During this process, HP Smart Update Manager opens ports in the Windows® firewall to enable HP Smart Update Manager to use SOAP calls over SSL to pass data among local and remote systems. These ports are defined in Allowing ports in HP Smart Update Manager ("Enabling ports in HP Smart Update Manager" on page 60). After the installation is completed or canceled, HP Smart Update Manager stops the remote service, removes it from the target server, closes the port on the Windows® firewall, and then releases the share to the target server admin\$ share.

For Linux-based servers, to communicate to remote target servers, HP Smart Update Manager starts by using the user-provided user name and password to create a SSH connection to the target server. After the HP Smart Update Manager connects, copies a small service to the target server for the duration of the installation. After this service starts, HP Smart Update Manager uses this service to communicate between the local and remote target server. During this process, HP Smart Update Manager opens ports in the iptables firewall to enable HP Smart Update Manager to use SOAP calls over SSL to pass data between the local and remote systems. These ports are defined in Allowing ports in HP Smart Update Manager ("Enabling ports in HP Smart Update Manager" on page 60). When the installation is completed or canceled, HP Smart Update Manager stops the remote service, removes it from the target server, closes the port in the iptables firewall, and then closes the SSH connection to the target server.

Configuring IPv6 for Windows Server 2003

For information on setting up a Windows Server® 2003 operating system within an IPv6 network, see the online Microsoft® Technet article Step-by-Step Guide for Setting Up IPv6 in a Test Lab (<u>http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?FamilyID=fd7e1354-3a3b-43fd-955f-11edd39551d7&displaylang=en</u>).

Before using HP Smart Update Manager to deploy software and firmware updates to remote Windows Server® 2003 servers, you must add a registry entry to enable file sharing connections over IPv6 networks. To make the registry entry:

1. Start the Registry Editor (Regedt32.exe).

2. Locate and click the following key in the registry:

```
\label{eq:hkey_local_MACHINE System CurrentControlSet Services LanmanServer Parameters
```

- 3. On the Edit menu, click Add Value.
- 4. Add the following registry value:

Value name: DisableStrictNameChecking

Data type: REG_DWORD

Radix: Decimal

Value: 1

5. Quit the Registry Editor.

For more information about these steps, see the Microsoft® Knowledge Base Item 281308 on the Microsoft® website (<u>http://www.microsoft.com</u>).

IPv6 addresses can be passed to HP Smart Update Manager in command line arguments or using the HP Smart Update Manager user interface. In the HP Smart Update Manager user interface, you can add a remote host on an IPv6 network by either entering the DNS name of the IPv6 target server or by selecting the IPv6 address button and entering the IPv6 address. HP Smart Update Manager supports both the short-name and full IPv6 notation. You do not need to add the optional interface number when you enter the address.

✓ New Host	×
	2
C Add a <u>H</u> ost by DNS Name	
Host DNS <u>N</u> ame:]
Add a Single Host by IP	
Host <u>I</u> P: fec0::2	
C Add a Dange of Lloste by JD	P Format
Starting IP:	€ IPv6
Ending IP:	
Description: Site Local IPv6 addressed server	
Cancel	

If you cannot connect to the target server or receive a Discovery failed message when executing HP Smart Update Manager in an IPv6 environment, see the troubleshooting section ("Troubleshooting HP Smart Update Manager in IPv6 networks" on page 64).

After you connect to the target server, all other HP Smart Update Manager functions work identically. Log files for IPv6 hosts are stored with all other HP Smart Update Manager files in the \CPQSYSTEM\hp\log\<ip_address> directory.

Configuring IPv6 for Windows Server 2008

HP Smart Update Manager provides the most robust support for remote deployment when using Windows Vista® as a client to Windows Server® 2008-based servers. Using HP Smart Update Manager in this environment enables you to use all the capabilities of IPv6 including link-local, site-local, and global IP addresses for both local and remote target servers. Windows Vista®, when used as a client to run HP Smart Update Manager to remote Windows Server® 2008 operating systems or as a target operating system on HP Workstation server blades, provides the infrastructure that supports full IPv6 deployment of software and firmware updates from HP Smart Update Manager.

NOTE: Windows® XP clients are not supported in IPv6 networks for HP Smart Update Manager deployment.

IPv6 addresses can be passed to HP Smart Update Manager in command line arguments or using the HP Smart Update Manager user interface. In the HP Smart Update Manager user interface, you can add a remote host on an IPv6 network by either entering the DNS name of the IPv6 target server or by selecting the IPv6 address button and entering the IPv6 address. HP Smart Update Manager supports both the short-name and full IPv6 notation. You do not need to add the optional interface number when you enter the address.

V New Host	×
	2
C Add a <u>H</u> ost by DNS Name	
Host DNS <u>N</u> ame:	
• Add a <u>S</u> ingle Host by IP	
Host IP: fec0::2	
C Add a <u>R</u> ange of Hosts by IP	IP Format C IPv4 IPv6
Starting IP:	
Ending IP:	
Description: Site Local IPv6 addressed server	
Cancel	

If you cannot connect to the target server or receive a Discovery failed message when executing HP Smart Update Manager in an IPv6 environment, see the troubleshooting section ("Troubleshooting HP Smart Update Manager in IPv6 networks" on page 64).

After you connect to the target server, all other HP Smart Update Manager functions work identically. Log files for IPv6 hosts are stored with all other HP Smart Update Manager files in the \CPQSYSTEM\hp\log\<ip_address> directory.

Limitations of IPv6 for Windows Server 2003 and Windows Server 2008

Windows Server® 2003 requires site-local addresses to provide the necessary file-sharing capabilities needed by HP Smart Update Manager. This means that link-local and global IPv6 addresses are not supported as remote targets with HP Smart Update Manager.

Windows Server® 2008 or Windows® environments do not have any known limitations to using HP Smart Update Manager.

NOTE: Windows® XP clients are not supported in IPv6 networks for HP Smart Update Manager deployment.

Configuring IPv6 for Linux

HP Smart Update Manager leverages the IPv6 capabilities of Linux as provided by the Red Hat Enterprise Linux and Novell SUSE Linux Enterprise Server products. Using HP Smart Update Manager in this environment enables you to use all the capabilities of IPv6 including link-local, site-local, and global IP addresses for both local and remote target servers. Remote target servers must have the iptables-ipv6 RPM installed before targeting them from HP Smart Update Manager. Failure to install the iptables-ipv6 RPM prevents HP Smart Update Manager from opening the communications port needed to send data to the initiating Linux workstation. You can disable the Linux firewall to allow HP Smart Update Manager to work, but the Linux server becomes vulnerable to attack.

For information on how to setup IPv6 in a Linux environment, please see the Linux IPv6 How-To (http://www.linux.org/docs/ldp/howto/Linux+IPv6-HOWTO/index.html).

IPv6 addresses can be passed to HP Smart Update Manager in command line arguments or using the HP Smart Update Manager user interface. In the HP Smart Update Manager user interface, you can add a remote host on an IPv6 network by either entering the DNS name of the IPv6 target server or by selecting the IPv6 address button and entering the IPv6 address. HP Smart Update Manager supports both the short-name and full IPv6 notation. You do not need to add the optional interface number when you enter the address.

✓ New Host	×
	2
C Add a <u>H</u> ost by DNS Name	
Host DNS <u>N</u> ame:]
Add a Single Host by IP	
Host <u>I</u> P: fec0::2	
C Add a Dange of Lloste by JD	P Format
Starting IP:	€ IPv6
Ending IP:	
Description: Site Local IPv6 addressed server	
Cancel	

If you cannot connect to the target server or receive a Discovery failed message when executing HP Smart Update Manager in an IPv6 environment, see the troubleshooting section ("Troubleshooting HP Smart Update Manager in IPv6 networks" on page 64).

After you connect to the target server, all other HP Smart Update Manager functions work identically. Log files for IPv6 hosts are stored with all other HP Smart Update Manager files in the /var/hp/log/<ip_address> directories.

Limitations of IPv6 for Linux

The only current limitation of HP Smart Update Manager in a Linux IPv6 environment is that all remote target Linux-based servers must have the iptables-ipv6 rpm file installed. You can find the file on the distribution media for both Red Hat Enterprise Linux and Novell SUSE Linux Enterprise Server operating systems. HP Smart Update Manager uses this file to open a port in the IPv6 firewall to communicate with the Linux system that runs HP Smart Update Manager. Failure to install iptables-ipv6 results in HP Smart Update Manager uses you disable the firewall.

Troubleshooting

Recovering from a failed ROM upgrade

Recovering from a failed system ROM upgrade

Use redundant ROM or ROMPaq to recover from a system ROM upgrade failure.

Redundant ROM recovery

When you flash the system ROM, ROMPaq writes over the backup ROM and saves the current ROM as a backup, enabling you to switch easily to the alternate ROM version if the new ROM becomes corrupted for any reason. This feature protects the existing ROM version, even if you experience a power failure while flashing the ROM.

When the server boots, the server detects if the current ROM is corrupt. If a corrupt ROM is detected, then the system boots from the backup ROM and sends an alert through POST that the ROM is corrupt.

To access the redundant ROM through RBSU:

- 1. Power up your desktop. A prompt appears in the upper right corner of the screen.
- 2. Access RBSU by pressing F9.
- 3. Select Advanced Options.
- 4. Select ROM Selection.
- 5. Select Switch to Backup ROM.
- 6. Press the Enter key.
- 7. To exit the current menu, press the Esc key, or to exit RBSU, press the F10 key. The server restarts.

If RBSU is inaccessible, then you can switch ROM images by changing the switch settings on the system configuration switch. For more information, see your server documentation.

If both ROM images are corrupt, use ROMPaq recovery.

ROMPaq recovery

The Disaster Recovery feature supports systems that do not support the Redundant ROM feature. Disaster Recovery only applies to platforms with nonredundant system ROM. If both the up-to-date and backup versions of the ROM are corrupt, then perform ROMPaq Disaster Recovery procedures:

- 1. On another server, insert the Firmware Maintenance CD. The Firmware Maintenance CD interface appears.
- Read the End-User License Agreement. To continue, click Agree. The Firmware Maintenance CD interface reappears.
- 3. Click the Firmware Update tab.
- 4. Click Browse Firmware CD.

- Download and save the ROMPaq image to the hard drive from the HP website (<u>http://www.hp.com</u>).
- 6. Execute the ROMPaq image to create the ROMPaq disk.
- 7. Switch to the server with the corrupted ROM.
- 8. Power down the server.
- 9. Insert the ROMPaq disk.
- 10. Power up the server.

The server generates one long beep and two short beeps to indicate that it is in disaster recovery mode. If the disk is not in the correct drive, then the system continues to beep until a valid ROMPaq disk is inserted.

The ROMPaq disk flashes both system ROM images. If successful, a sequence of ascending audible beeps is generated. If unsuccessful, a sequence of descending audible beeps is generated, and you must repeat the disaster recovery process.

- 11. Power down the server.
- 12. Remove the ROMPaq disk.
- 13. Power up the server.

To manually set the server for ROMPaq disaster recovery:

- 1. Power down the server.
- 2. Remove the access panel.
- 3. Set the system maintenance switch positions for disaster recovery. Switch positions are serverspecific; see the server documentation for information about the correct settings for your server.
- Insert a ROMPaq diskette with the latest system ROM from the Firmware Maintenance CD or the HP website (<u>http://www.hp.com/support</u>).
- 5. Install the access panel.
- 6. Power up the server.
- 7. Allow the system to boot completely.
- 8. Repeat steps 1 and 2.
- 9. Reset the system maintenance switch positions to their original settings.
- 10. Repeat steps 5 and 6.

Recovering from a failed option ROM upgrade

To recover from an option ROM upgrade failure, use the recovery method that is appropriate to the specific option.

Array controller ROMs

Array controllers support Recovery ROM, which is a redundancy feature that ensures continuous system availability by providing a backup ROM. During the flash process, a new version of the firmware can be flashed to the ROM while the controller maintains the last known version of the firmware. If the firmware becomes corrupt, the controller reverts back to the redundant version of the firmware and continues operating. **NOTE:** Storage option ROMs cannot be downgraded with ROMPaq because ROMPaqs have been retired as a delivery method for storage options.

Lights-Out management ROMs

To perform disaster recovery for RILOE II, iLO, and iLO 2, see the documentation for your particular Lights-Out management product on the Remote management website (<u>http://www.hp.com/servers/lights-out</u>).

Recovering from an installation failure

Collecting trace directories

HP Smart Update Manager generates a set of debug trace logs located in the %TEMP%\hp_sum directory. These files contain internal process and debug information.To resolve this issue, collect these trace directories.

Recovering from a loss of Linux remote functionality

Configuring firewall settings

When the Unable to Access Host message appears, the target firewall is enabled. By default, the target firewall is enabled in Linux.

To recover remote Linux functionality, the target and host firewall must be disabled or reconfigured to allow IP traffic through the ports needed by HP Smart Update Manager to deploy firmware. For a list of the ports that need to be configured in the firewall, see Allowing ports in HP Smart Update Manager ("Enabling ports in HP Smart Update Manager" on page 60).

Recovering from a blocked program on Microsoft Windows

Configuring Windows firewall settings

The Windows® Security Alert appears when a program is blocked from accepting connections from the Internet or a network.

😻 Windows Security Alert 🛛 🔀
To help protect your computer, Windows Firewall has blocked some features of this program.
Do you want to keep blocking this program?
Name: HP Smart Update Manager Publisher: Hewlett-Packard Development Group, L.P.
Keep Blocking Unblock Ask Me Later
Windows Firewall has blocked this program from accepting connections from the Internet or a network. If you recognize the program or trust the publisher, you can unblock it. <u>When should Lunblock a program?</u>

To set the rules for the Windows® Firewall and Security Policy, click **Unblock**, and then set your firewall settings to the following:

- 1. Click Start>Control Panel>Administrative Tools>Windows Firewall with Advanced Security>Inbound Rules>Remote Administration (NP-IN).
- 2. Select **Enabled**, and then select **Allow the connections**.

For Direct to iLO support, you must enable ping.

Enabling ports in HP Smart Update Manager

The ports that HP Smart Update Manager uses cannot be configured. When HP Smart Update Manager port initiates communications to remote targets, it uses several well-known ports depending on the operating system. For Windows®, it uses ports 138 and 445 to connect to remote targets (equivalent to remote and file print share functionality). For Linux, HP Smart Update Manager uses port 22 (SSH) to start the communications with the remote target.

HP Smart Update Manager uses defined ports to communicate between the remote target and the workstation where HP Smart Update Manager is executing. When you run HP Smart Update Manager, it uses the administrator/root privileges to dynamically register the port with the default Windows® and Linux firewalls for the length of the application execution, then closes and deregisters the port. All communications are over a SOAP server using SSL with additional functionality to prevent man-in-the-middle, packet spoofing, packet replay, and other attacks. The randomness of the port helps prevent port

scanning software from denying service to the application. The SOAP server is deployed on the remote target using the initial ports described above (ports 138, 445, and 22) and then allocates another independent port as documented below for its communications back to the workstation where HP Smart Update Manager is running. During shutdown of HP Smart Update Manager, the SOAP server is shutdown and removed from the target server, leaving the log files.

To deploy software to remote targets on their secure networks using HP Smart Update Manager, the following ports are used.

Ports	Description
Ports 445 and 137/138/139 (Port 137 is used only if you are using NetBIOS naming service.)	These ports are needed to connect to the remote ADMIN\$ share on target servers. These are the standard ports Windows® servers use to connect to remote file shares. If you can connect remotely to a remote Windows® file share on the target server, then you have the right ports open.
Ports 60000-60007	Random ports are used in this range to pass messages back and forth between the local and remote systems via SSL. These ports are used on the system running HP Smart Update Manager to send data to the target server.
	Several internal processes within HP Smart Update Manager automatically use the port from 60000 when no other application uses it. If there is a port conflict, the manager uses the next available one. There is no guarantee that the upper limit is 60007 as it is dependent on how many target devices are selected for installation.
Ports 61000-61007	These ports are used from the target server back to the system running HP Smart Update Manager. The same mechanism is used by the remote access code as the 60000 ports, with the first trial port as 61000. There is no guarantee that the upper limit is 61007 when a conflict occurs. For the case of ipv4-only and one NIC, the lowest available one is used by HP Smart Update Manager to pass information between processes on the local workstation where HP Smart Update Manager is executed, and the next available one is used to receive messages from remote servers.
Port 62286	This port is the default for some internal communications. It is the listening on the remote side if there is no conflict. If a conflict occurs, the next available one is used.
Ports 80 or 63000-63005	The logs are passed to the target and the logs are retrieved via an internal secure web server that uses port 80 if it is available or a random port between 63000 and 63005, if it is not. This support allows updates of the iLO firmware without the need to access the host server and allows servers running VMware or other virtualization platforms to update their iLO without the need to reboot their server or migrate their virtual machines to other servers.

For Windows®

For Linux

Port	Description
Port 22	This port is establishes a connection to the remote Linux server via SSH.

Ports 60000-60007	Random ports are used in this range to pass messages back and forth between the local and remote systems via SSL. These ports are used on the system running HP Smart Update Manager to send data to the target server.
	Several internal processes within HP Smart Update Manager automatically use the port from 60000 when no other application uses it. If there is a port conflict, the manager uses the next available one. There is no guarantee that the upper limit is 60007 as it is dependent on how many target devices are selected for installation.
Ports 61000-61007	These ports are used from the target server back to the system running HP Smart Update Manager. The same mechanism is used by the remote access code as the 60000 ports, with the first trial port as 61000. There is no guarantee that the upper limit is 61007 when a conflict occurs. For the case of ipv4-only and one NIC, the lowest available one is used by HP Smart Update Manager to pass information between processes on the local workstation where HP Smart Update Manager is executed, and the next available one is used to receive messages from remote servers.
Port 62286	This port is the default for some internal communications. It is used for listening on the remote side if there is no conflict. If a conflict occurs, the next available one is used.
Ports 80 or 63000-63005	The logs are passed to the target and the logs are retrieved via an internal secure web server that uses port 80 if it is available or a random port between 63000 and 63005, if it is not. This support allows updates of the iLO firmware without the need to access the host server and allows servers running VMware or other virtualization platforms to update their iLO without the need to reboot their server or migrate their virtual machines to other servers.

Recovering from operating system limitations when using a Japanese character set

Displaying the user-specified reboot message using a Japanese character set when running on a Linux operating system

You might specify a message to appear prior to shutting down the system during a reboot operation. When using a Japanese character set and running on a Japanese version of a Linux operating system, the message does not appear properly.

Rebooting with the user-specified reboot message using a Japanese character set when running on a Windows operating system

You might specify a message to appear prior to shutting down the system during a reboot operation. When using a Japanese character set and running on a Japanese version of a Windows® operating

system, the message causes the reboot not to occur automatically. For a successful reboot, you must select the **Exit** button.

Recovering from Fatal Error - application will exit message

Running in a directory path containing double-byte characters

When running in a directory path containing double-byte characters, the HP Smart Update Manager encounters a fatal error while trying to initialize.



The HP Smart Update Manager cannot be run in directories containing double-byte characters in the path name. Paths can be created with double-byte characters when using certain versions of the operating system, such as Japanese or Chinese.

Recovering from a missing reboot message when running on SUSE LINUX Enterprise Server 9

Running HP Smart Update Manager on SUSE LINUX Enterprise Server 9

The user can specify a reboot message that will appear before a server reboots after a successful installation of firmware or software. However, when running HP Smart Update Manager on SUSE LINUX Enterprise Server 9, the reboot message will not appear because there is no access to the console when using SUSE LINUX Enterprise Server 9. This error is not unique to HP Smart Update Manager and it is an operating system limitation.

Recovering a lost HP Smart Update Manager connection

Mounting the Firmware Maintenance CD on virtual media

When either iLO and NIC firmware are updated, the HP Smart Update Manager connection is lost and cannot install components. If an access error exists, HP Smart Update Manager cancels the installation.

Troubleshooting HP Smart Update Manager in IPv6 networks

If HP Smart Update Manager cannot connect to the remote server, you might receive a Discovery Failed error. Discovery failures can be caused by third-party storage, failure to access the remote target server, and an inability to access system resources. For IPv6 networks, host discovery failures can be caused by the incorrect configuration of the IPv6 network.

Troubleshooting HP Smart Update Manager in IPv6 Windows Server 2003 environment

To validate that the IPv6 network is configured correctly for HP Smart Update Manager support, you must verify the following based on your operating system version.

- Validate that the addresses are site-local. Site-local addresses normally start with "FECO:". Global and link-local IPv6 addresses are not supported when the remote target is Windows Server® 2003.
- Validate that you can ping the remote target server. With Windows® operating systems, you can still use the ping command to ping IPv6 addresses: ping <ipv6 address>.
- Ensure you can ping the IPv6 loopback address: ping ::1.
- Use the DNS hostname instead of IPv6 address to ensure the address is correct.
- Ensure you have installed the IPv6 protocol. It is not installed by default in Windows Server® 2003. Be sure to reboot the server after installing the protocol to ensure addresses are properly obtained.
- Verify that you can connect to the admin\$ share using the credentials within HP Smart Update Manager by issuing the following command at a console prompt:

```
net use * \\<ipv6-address>.ipv6-literal.net\admin$ /user:<username>
net use * \\fec0::2.ipv6-literal.net\admin$ /user:administrator
```

You might need to provide the password if you are using a user name that is not the same as you used to log in to the local system. All network shares require the use of the .ipv6-literal.net name string to be properly configured by Windows®. For more information about accessing IPv6, see the Microsoft® Knowledge Base article (http://support.microsoft.com/kb/944007).

NOTE: You do not need to use the .ipv6-literal.net suffix when entering IPv6 address into the HP Smart Update Manager user interface or when passing IPv6 address using command line parameters to HP Smart Update Manager.

After you validate that you can access the admin\$ share on the remote target server, HP Smart Update Manager works unless other network or hardware issues exist.

- Ensure you have made the registry change on remote target servers as mentioned in the HP Smart Update Manager Usage in a Windows Server® 2003 IPv6 environment ("Configuring IPv6 for Windows Server 2003" on page 49).
- Move back to an IPv4 network address to ensure HP Smart Update Manager properly finds the remote target server without any issues.

You can always copy HP Smart Update Manager to the target servers and execute using the local installation method.

Troubleshooting HP Smart Update Manager in IPv6 Windows Server 2008 environment

To validate that the IPv6 network is configured correctly for HP Smart Update Manager support, you must verify the following based on your operating system version.

- Validate that you can ping the remote target server. With Windows® operating systems, you can use the ping command to ping IPv6 addresses: ping <ipv6 address>.
- Ensure you can ping the IPv6 loopback address: ping :: 1.
- Use the DNS hostname instead of IPv6 address to ensure the address is correct.
- Verify that you can connect to the admin\$ share using the credentials within HP Smart Update Manager by issuing the following command at a console prompt:

```
net use * \\<ipv6-address>.ipv6-literal.net\admin$ /user:<username>
net use * \\fec0::2.ipv6-literal.net\admin$ /user:administrator
```

You might need to provide the password if you use a user name that is different from the one you used to log in to the local system. All network shares require the use of the .ipv6-literal.net name string to be properly configured by Windows®. For more information about accessing IPv6, see the Microsoft® Knowledge Base article (<u>http://support.microsoft.com/kb/944007</u>).

After you validate you can access the admin\$ share on the remote target server, HP Smart Update Manager works unless there are other network or hardware issues.

Troubleshooting HP Smart Update Manager in IPv6 Red Hat and Novell SUSE-based Linux environments

• Verify that you can establish an ssh connection to the remote target server using the credentials within HP Smart Update Manager by issuing the following command at a console prompt:

```
ssh <ipv6 address>
ssh 2101:db8:0:1::9
```

You must enter the root password for the target Linux server at the console to complete the IPv6 connection.

- Validate that you can ping the remote target server. In Linux, you need to use the ping6 command to ping IPv6 addresses: ping6 <ipv6 address>.
- Ensure you can ping the IPv6 loopback address: ping6 ::1.
- Use the DNS hostname instead of IPv6 address to ensure the address is correct.
- Use ipconfig to validate you have IPv6 addresses assigned to your NICs. For more information about troubleshooting your configuration, see the Linux IPv6 How-To (http://www.linux.org/docs/ldp/howto/Linux+IPv6-HOWTO/index.html).
- For more information about setting up and troubleshooting IPv6 networks, see Getting Around IPv6 by Carla Schroder (<u>http://www.enterprisenetworkingplanet.com/netsp/article.php/3634596</u>).
- Move back to an IPv4 network address to ensure HP Smart Update Manager properly finds the remote target server without any issues.
- HP Smart Update Manager can always be copied to the target servers and executed using the local installation method.

Technical support

Reference documentation

To download the ProLiant Firmware Maintenance and other CDs, see the SmartStart download website (<u>http://www.hp.com/go/ssdownloads</u>).

For general information on management products, refer to the ProLiant Essentials website (<u>http://www.hp.com/servers/proliantessentials</u>).

For information about support for updating SATA hard drives in a Modular Smart Array 20/50/60/70 storage enclosure connected to a ProLiant server using a Smart Array controller, see the HP StorageWorks Modular Smart Arrays website (http://www.hp.com/go/msa) for the support matrix.

For information about operating systems supported by ProLiant servers, refer to the operating system support matrices (<u>http://www.hp.com/go/supportos</u>).

For information about firmware support, refer to the ProLiant Firmware Maintenance CD Matrix (<u>http://www.hp.com/servers/smartstart/supportmatrices</u>).

Operating system information

For information about Microsoft® Windows® operating systems, refer to the Microsoft® website (<u>http://www.microsoft.com</u>).

For information about Linux operating systems, refer to one of the following websites:

- Red Hat Linux (<u>http://www.redhat.com</u>)
- SUSE LINUX (<u>http://www.novell.com/linux</u>)

HP contact information

For the name of the nearest HP authorized reseller:

 See the Contact HP worldwide (in English) webpage (<u>http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/wwcontact.html</u>).

For HP technical support:

- In the United States, for contact options see the Contact HP United States webpage (http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/contact_us.html). To contact HP by phone:
 - Call 1-800-HP-INVENT (1-800-474-6836). This service is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. For continuous quality improvement, calls may be recorded or monitored.
 - If you have purchased a Care Pack (service upgrade), call 1-800-633-3600. For more information about Care Packs, refer to the HP website (<u>http://www.hp.com/hps</u>).
- In other locations, see the Contact HP worldwide (in English) webpage (http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/wwcontact.html).

Acronyms and abbreviations

GUI

graphical user interface

HBA host bus adapter

HPSUM HP Smart Update Manager

I/O input/output

iLO Integrated Lights-Out

iLO 2 Integrated Lights-Out 2

NIC network interface controller

POST Power-On Self Test

PSP ProLiant Support Pack

RBSU ROM-Based Setup Utility

Remote Insight Lights-Out Edition II

SAN storage area network

RILOE II

SAS

serial attached SCSI

SCSI

small computer system interface

SOAP

Simple Object Access Protocol

SSH

Secure Shell

SSL

Secure Sockets Layer

WMI

Windows Management Instrumentation

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