

Illustrated Parts & Service Map

Compaq 505B MT Business PC

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Key Specifications

Processor Type	AMD Sempron™, Athlon™ II, Phenom™ II
RAM Type	DDR3-SDRAM DIMMs, PC2-10600 (1333 MHz)
Maximum RAM Supported	4 GB (2 x 2 GB)
Expansion Slots	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 full-height PCI 2.3 slot • 2 full-height PCIe x1 slots • 1 full-height PCIe x16
Graphics Adapter	Integrated NVIDIA GeForce 6150SE
Chipset	NVIDIA nForce 430
Drive Support	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (1) 5.25-inch external optical drive bay • (1) 3.5-inch internal hard disk drive bay
I/O Interfaces	(8) USB 2.0 ports: (2) front ports, (4) rear ports, (2) internal ports on motherboard; (1) RJ-45, (1) VGA, (1) front audio in, (1) front audio out, (1) rear audio in, (1) rear audio out, (1) rear microphone
Operating Systems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Windows 7 • Windows Vista • Windows XP • FreeDOS • Novell SUSE Linux

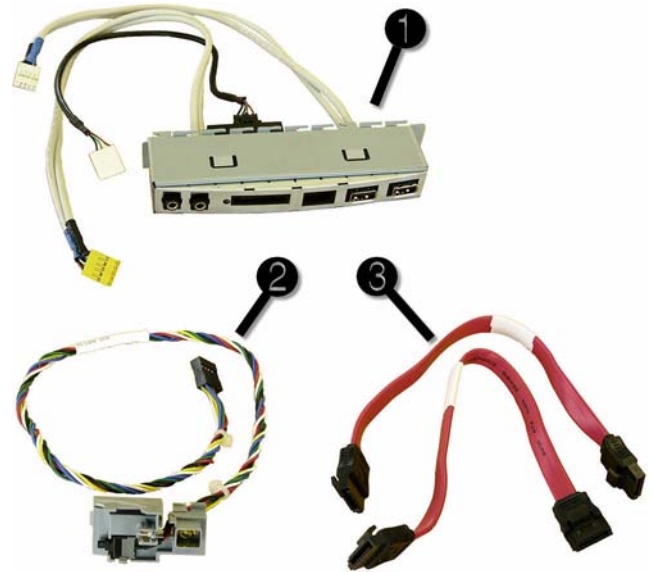
Spare Parts



System Unit

1	Chassis	Not spared
2	Front bezel with card reader	586725-001
*	Front bezel without card reader	586726-001
3	Access panel	570581-001
4	Power supply, 300W, PFC	463317-001
*	Power supply, 300W, non-PFC	463318-001
*	5.25-inch bezel blank	586749-001

* Not shown



Cables

1	Front I/O assembly with card reader	586728-001
*	Front I/O assembly without card reader	586729-001
2	Power switch/LED cable assembly	586724-001
3	SATA HDD cable, 6.5 inch, with latch	448670-001
*	PATA to SATA adapter	449283-001

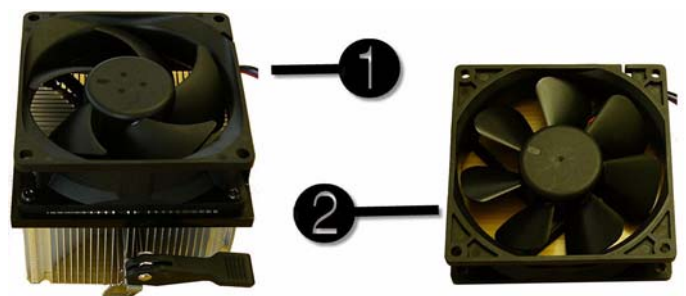
*Not shown

Keyboards (not illustrated)

USB, red		537923-xxx	
Asia/Pacific English	-371	Italian	-061
Belgian	-181	LA Spanish	-161
Brazilian Portuguese	-201	Norwegian	-091
Bulgarian	-261	Portuguese	-131
Czech	-221	Romanian	-271
Danish	-081	Russian	-251
Finnish	-351	Slovakian	-231
French	-051	Spanish	-071
French Arabic	-DE1	Swedish	-101
French Canadian	-121	Swiss	-111
German	-041	Swiss	-BG1
Greek	-151	Turkish	-141
Hebrew	-BB1	U.K.	-031
Hungarian	-211	South Africa	-AR1

Mass Storage Devices (not illustrated)

16X DVD±RW SuperMulti drive with LightScribe	581059-001
16X DVD-ROM drive	581058-001
500 GB hard drive	586720-001
320 GB hard drive	586969-001
250 GB hard drive	586719-001
160 GB hard drive	586718-001

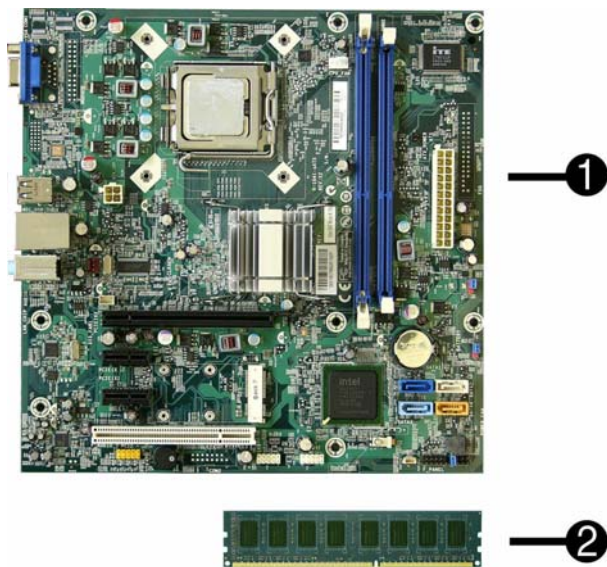


Miscellaneous Parts

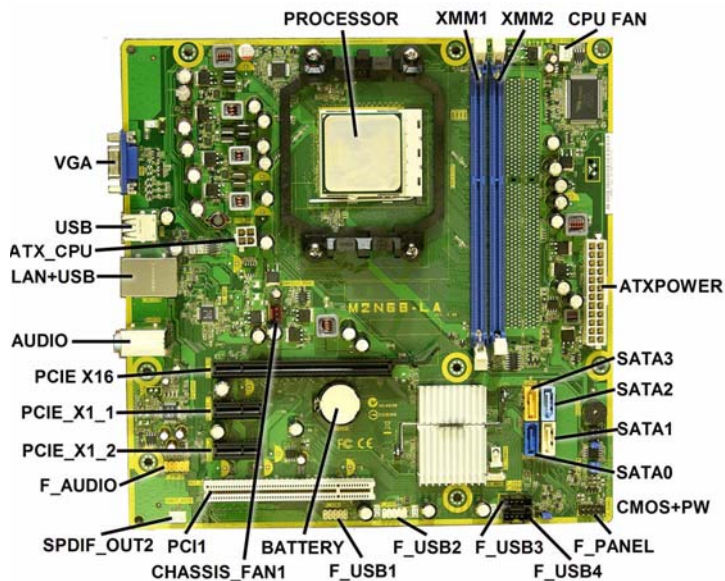
1	Heatsink with alcohol pad and factory-applied thermal grease	587453-001
2	Chassis fan	449207-001
*	Mouse, optical	537750-001

*Not shown

LP = Low profile



System Board



System Board Connectors and Jumpers (position of some untitled components may vary in location)

PROCESSOR	Processor socket	CHASSIS_FAN1	Chassis fan connector
XMM1-2	Memory slots	PCI1	PCI slot
CPU FAN	Fan connector	SPDIF_OUT2	S/SPDIF connector
ATX_POWER	24-pin main power connector	F_AUDIO	Front panel audio connector
SATA0-3	Drive connectors	PCIE_X1_2	PCIe x1 slot
CMOS+PW	CMOS password header	PCIE_X1_1	PCIe x1 slot
F_PANEL	Front I/O connector	PCIE 16X	PCIe x16 slot
F_USB4	Internal USB connector	AUDIO	External in/out connectors
F_USB3	Internal USB connector	LAN+USB	Stacked network/USB connectors
F_USB2	Front I/O connector	ATX_CPU	4-pin CPU power connector
F_USB1	Front I/O connector	USB	Stacked USB connectors
BATTERY	RTC battery socket	VGA	Monitor connector

Diagnostic Beep Codes

The Power-On Self-Test (POST) is a series of diagnostic tests that runs automatically when the computer is powered on. If the POST detects an error, this causes an audible beep code to sound. The POST beep codes are not necessarily accompanied by an associated, visible error code or text message.

The following table shows the POST beep codes, their meanings, and the recommended actions for solving the problem.

Diagnostic Beep Codes

Beeps	Diagnosis	Recommended Action
1 short, 1 long, 3 sec pause	Bad memory or memory configuration error	Check that the memory modules have been installed correctly and that proper modules are used.
2 short, 1 long, 3 sec pause	No graphics card installed or graphics card initialization failed.	For systems with a graphics card: 1. Reseat the graphics card. Power on the system. 2. Replace the graphics card. 3. Replace the system board. For systems with integrated graphics, replace the system board.
3 short, 1 long, 3 sec pause	CPU configuration error or invalid CPU detected before graphics card initialized.	For systems with a graphics card: 1. Reseat the graphics card. Power on the system. 2. Replace the graphics card. 3. Replace the system board. For systems with integrated graphics, replace the system board.
1 short, 1 sec pause	No legacy floppy drive or optical drive found	1. Check cable connections. 2. Run the Setup utility and ensure the device port is enabled.
2 short, 3 sec pause	No floppy diskette or CD found	1. Check the type of drive you are using and use the correct media type. 2. Replace the diskette or CD with a new one.
3 short, 3 sec pause	Flashing not ready (missing utility or BIOS image file, etc.)	Upgrade the BIOS to proper version.
4 short, 3 sec pause	Flashing operation has failed (checksum error, corrupted image, etc.)	1. Verify the correct ROM. 2. Flash the ROM if needed. 3. If an expansion board was recently added, remove it to see if the problem remains. 4. Clear CMOS. 5. If the message disappears, there may be a problem with the expansion card. 6. Replace the system board.
5 short, 3 sec pause	BIOS recovery was successful	No action required.

Standard and Optional Boards

System boards with thermal grease, alcohol pad, and CPU socket cover

1	System board	586723-001
Memory modules		
2	2 GB, PC3-10600	576110-001
2	1 GB, PC3-10600	576109-001
Other boards		
*	HP Wireless 802.11b/g/n WLAN card	538048-001
*	802.11b/g/n WLAN card, for use in ROW	498307-001
*	LSI 56K modem, PCIe	490689-001
*	ATI Radeon HD4350 (RV710) PCIe x16 graphics card, 512 MB	586750-001
*	GeForce G210, PCIe graphics card, 512 MB	586382-001
*	Intel Gigabit NIC, includes bracket	490367-001
*	HP FireWire IEEE 1394 PCI card, FH	515182-001
*	Serial port, PCI adapter	321722-001

AMD Athlon II X2 processors with alcohol pad and thermal grease:

*	X4 640, dual core, 2-MB cache, 3.0 GHz	614516-001
*	X4 630, dual core, 2-MB cache, 2.8 GHz	586735-001
*	X4 620, dual core, 2-MB cache, 2.6 GHz	586734-001
*	X3 445, dual core, 1.5-MB cache, 3.1 GHz	614515-001
*	X3 435, dual core, 1.5-MB cache, 2.9 GHz	586733-001
*	X3 425, dual core, 1.5-MB cache, 2.7 GHz	586732-001
*	X2 260, dual core, 1-MB cache, 3.2 GHz	614513-001
*	X2 250, dual core, 1-MB cache, 3.0 GHz	584221-001
*	X2 245, dual core, 1-MB cache, 2.9 GHz	586731-001
*	X2 240, dual core, 1-MB cache, 2.8 GHz, C2	584222-001
*	X2 220, dual core, 1-MB cache, 2.8 GHz, C3	611192-001
*	X2 215, dual core, 1-MB cache, 2.7 GHz	586730-001

AMD Phenom II processors with alcohol pad and thermal grease:

*	X4 945, quad core, 2-MB cache, 3.0 GHz	586741-001
*	X4 910, quad core, 2-MB cache, 2.6 GHz	586740-001
*	X4 820, quad core, 2-MB cache, 2.8 GHz	586739-001
*	X4 810, quad core, 2-MB cache, 2.6 GHz	586738-001
*	X3 740, triple core, 1.5-MB cache, 3.0 GHz	586737-001
*	X3 720, triple core, 1.5-MB cache, 2.8 GHz	586736-001
*	X2 925, dual core, 512-MB cache, 2.8 GHz	584219-001
*	X2 550, dual core, 1-MB cache, 3.1 GHz	590134-001
*	X2 545, dual core, 1-MB cache, 3.0 GHz	590133-001

AMD Sempron processor with alcohol pad and thermal grease:

*	145, single core, 1-MB cache, 2.8 GHz	611196-001
*	140, single core, 1-MB cache, 2.7 GHz	586742-001

* Not shown

LED Codes

The following table describes the LED states for the Compaq 500B and 505B MT Desktop PCs.

LED	State	LED Status
Power LED indicator	System on (normal operation)	Steady green
	Suspend to RAM.	Blinks green every 2 seconds
	Computer off	LED not on
Drive LED indicator	Normal hard drive activity	Green drive LED is flashing

Clearing CMOS

The header allows you to clear the RTC RAM in CMOS.

To erase the RTC RAM:

1. Turn off the computer and any external devices, and disconnect power.
2. Remove the access panel.
3. Remove the RTC battery.
4. Locate the CMOS jumper header on the motherboard. It is labeled CLEAR CMOS.
5. Remove the jumper from pins 2-3 pins and put it on pins 1-2 to clear CMOS. Keep the cap on pins 1-2 for 5 to 10 seconds.
6. Replace the jumper on pins 2-3.
7. Reinstall the battery.
8. Replace the access panel, external devices, and reconnect the power cord.
9. Turn on the computer.
10. Hold down the F1 key during boot and enter BIOS setup to re-enter data.

HP Insight Diagnostics

The HP Insight Diagnostics utility can be used to view information about the hardware configuration of the computer. It can also perform hardware diagnostic testing on the computer and its subsystems, which provides information for troubleshooting.

HP Insight Diagnostics runs from the recovery discs. To access HP Insight Diagnostics, the user must first create a set of recovery disks from the recovery image on their hard drive. Then they can access HP Insight Diagnostics by booting from the recovery disc that contains the utility.

To create a set of recovery discs, users need to perform the following steps.

1. Click **Start > HP Backup and Recovery > HP Backup and Recovery Manager**.
2. Click **Next** to open the Backup and Recovery Wizard.
3. Select **Create** to create a set of recovery discs, and the click **Next**.
4. Follow the wizard instructions to create a Recovery Disc Set.
5. Use Windows Explorer to search the Recovery Disc Set for the CD in the */Hpdiaags* directory.
6. Insert the CD into the optical drive on the computer.
7. Restart the computer and the system will boot to the CD.
8. Click the appropriate language and click **Next**.
9. Click Agree in the End User License Agreement page. The utility launches with the **Survey** tab displayed.

Using the Setup Utility

The BIOS Setup Utility is accessed by pressing the F10 button during startup. The BIOS Setup Utility allows you to:

- Change factory default settings
- Set the system date and time
- Set, view, change, or verify the system configuration, including settings for graphics, audio, storage, communications, and input devices
- View processor and memory settings
- Modify the boot order of bootable devices, such as hard drives, diskette drives, optical drives, or USB media
- Run tests on the hard drive
- Establish a supervisor password that controls access to the Setup Utility

Power Button/Power Button LED

The power button is under the BIOS control during POST, in BIOS Setup and after booting to a non-ACPI OS. The BIOS must respond immediately when the power button is pressed in these environments. For the ACPI-compliant OS such as Windows, the BIOS must pass the power button information to the OS via the ACPI table as specified in the ACPI spec.

If a platform offers a dual-color-based power button LED, the BIOS will program the power button LED to alternate the color between the On (ACPI S0) state and the Stand-by (S3) state. In doing so, the LED should not blink, but stay constant. Check with the corresponding platform manager for the default colors in the On and Stand-by states. The color of the power button LED in the Hibernate state (ACPI S4) is the same as in the S5 state.

To find out if the system's power button LED is dual-color capable, check the SMBIOS Type 11 data structure. If the SMBIOS Type 11 data structure contains the string DLED (NOT case-sensitive), the system supports the dual-color power button LED and therefore, the BIOS support as described above is required.

BIOS Updates

HP periodically releases system BIOS updates, which are available from the HP web site. These updates often contain fixes for known issues in the BIOS.

To find out whether a PC needs a BIOS update, compare the current BIOS version number against the latest version available for download. To determine the current BIOS version, you should perform the following steps:

1. Click **Start > Shut Down**.
2. Select **Restart**, and then click **OK**.
3. When the first screen displays, press **F10** to enter Setup. The BIOS revision number is listed on the main menu.
4. Write down the current BIOS version.
5. Exit Setup by pressing **Esc**, selecting **Yes**, and pressing **Enter**.

POST Error/Warning Messages

Once the display becomes available, the BIOS should classify all errors detected during POST into 3 categories and handle them as specified below:

- Critical errors requiring system shutdown (e.g. CPU fan fault):
Clear the screen, display the corresponding error message, pause for a while as specified and then turn the system off.
- Serious errors requiring user's attention and response (e.g. SMART error during POST):
Display the corresponding error message, wait for the user's input and then proceed as selected.
- Alerts/warnings requiring user's attention (e.g. CMOS checksum error -> defaults loading):
Display the corresponding message and pause for a while as specified. If the message includes an option for a keystroke from the user and the user responds with the key input, proceed as selected. Otherwise, continue the POST process.

When there are multiple errors happened during POST, apply the following guideline:

- If multiple errors include at least one critical error, the system will shut down immediately after handling the first critical error.
- If multiple errors do not include a critical error, handle all serious errors first, one by one, and then proceed to alerts/warnings. For example, if the BIOS detected a SMART error (serious error), a floppy diskette failure (serious error) and a CMOS checksum error (alert/warning) during POST, the BIOS will handle them as follows:

For SKUs including an OS=MSV or an OS=LX in the SMBIOS Type 11 data,

1. Handle the first serious error, SMART error, as follows:

Display "xxx: Hard disk failure is imminent... Press F10 for Setup, F2 to Continue". If the user selects F10, proceed to Setup. However, if the user selects F2, the BIOS should proceed to step 2 below.

2. Handle the second serious error, floppy diskette failure, as follows:

Display "Floppy diskette failure... Press F10 for Setup, F2 to Continue". If the user selects F10, proceed to Setup. However, if the user selects F2, the BIOS should proceed to step 3 below.

3. Handle the alert/warning message, CMOS checksum error, as follows:

Display "Default BIOS settings have been loaded... Press F10 for Setup, F2 to Continue". If the user selects F10, proceed to Setup. However, if the user selects F2, the BIOS should proceed to step 2 below.

For all other SKUs, use F1 instead of F10 in the above handling.

NOTE: If a device fails to respond while the BIOS tries to configure the device during POST, the BIOS must not make the system look as if it locked up by having an infinite loop or waiting for too long. Instead, the BIOS must time out after a reasonable amount of time (the time varies with the device) and skip to the next process.

NOTE: Unless specified in this document as above, the BIOS should not stop the POST process with any POST diagnostic screen and/or error message to draw user's attention. For example, HP does not consider replacing a hard drive or CPU as an error condition.