

Reference Guide

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Product notice

This reference guide describes features that are common to most models. Some features may not be available on your computer.

To obtain the latest information in this guide, contact support. For U.S. support, go to <u>http://www.hp.com/go/contactHP</u>. For worldwide support, go to <u>http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/</u> wwcontact_us.html.

Safety warning notice

MARNING! To reduce the possibility of heat-related injuries or of overheating the computer, do not place the computer directly on your lap or obstruct the computer air vents. Use the computer only on a hard, flat surface. Do not allow another hard surface, such as an adjoining optional printer, or a soft surface, such as pillows or rugs or clothing, to block airflow. Also, do not allow the AC adapter to contact the skin or a soft surface, such as pillows or rugs or clothing, during operation. The computer and the AC adapter comply with the user-accessible surface temperature limits defined by the International Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment (IEC 60950).

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1 Introduction

This guide contains general information about HP notebook computers.

NOTE: Some of the features described in this guide may not be available on your computer.

Finding more information about your new computer

The following user guides and reference material are provided with your computer, either in print, on the computer hard drive, or on an optical disc:

• Setup Instructions poster—Guides you through setting up your computer and turning it on. The poster is included in the box with the computer.

NOTE: See the poster for the location of your user guides and reference material.

 Getting Started—Contains information about your computer, including product-specific features, backup and recovery, maintenance, and specifications. To access the Getting Started guide on your computer, select Start > Help and Support > User Guides.

To access this guide on the Web, go to the HP Business Support Center at <u>http://www.hp.com/</u>go/bsc.

- Help and Support—Contains information about the operating system, drivers, troubleshooting tools, and support. To access Help and Support, select Start > Help and Support. For U.S. support, go to http://www.hp.com/go/contactHP. For worldwide support, go to http://www.hp.com/go/contactHP. For worldwide support, go to http://www.hp.com/go/contactHP.
- Safety & Comfort Guide—Describes proper workstation setup and proper posture, health, and work habits for computer users. It also provides important electrical and mechanical safety information. To access this guide, select Start > Help and Support > User Guides. This guide is also available on the Web at http://www.hp.com/ergo.
- Regulatory, Safety and Environmental Notices—Contains safety and regulatory information, and battery disposal information. To access the notices, select Start > Help and Support > User Guides.

2 Networking (select models only)

Your computer supports two types of Internet access:

- Wireless—See Creating a wireless connection on page 2.
- Wired—See Connecting to a wired network on page 9.

NOTE: You must set up Internet service before you can connect to the Internet.

Creating a wireless connection

Your computer may be equipped with one or more of the following wireless devices:

- Wireless local area network (WLAN) device
- HP Mobile Broadband Module (wireless wide area network (WWAN) device)
- Bluetooth® device

For more information on wireless technology, see the information and website links provided in Help and Support.

Identifying wireless and network status icons

lcon	Name	Description
((1))	Wireless (connected)	Indicates that one or more wireless devices are on.
(°I))	Wireless (disconnected)	Indicates that all wireless devices are off.
Ĩ	HP Connection Manager (select models only)	Opens HP Connection Manager, which enables you to create and manage WWAN connections (select models only), and monitor the status of WLAN and Bluetooth connections.
卽	Wired network (connected)	Indicates that one or more network devices are connected to the network.
ľ	Wired network (disabled/ disconnected)	Indicates that all network devices are disabled in Windows® Control Panel.

lcon	Name	Description
ഷി	Network (connected)	Indicates that one or more network devices are connected to a network.
ч.]	Network (disconnected)	Indicates that network devices are not connected to a network.
щ	Network (disabled/ disconnected)	Indicates that no wireless connections are available.

Turning wireless devices on or off

You can use the wireless button or HP Connection Manager (select models only) to turn on and turn off wireless devices.

NOTE: A computer may have a wireless button, a wireless switch, or a wireless key on the keyboard. The term wireless button is used throughout this guide to refer to all types of wireless controls. See the *Getting Started* guide for information on identifying the type and location of the wireless button on your computer.

To turn off wireless devices using HP Connection Manager:

Right-click the HP Connection Manager icon in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar, and then click the power button next to the desired device.

– or –

Select **Start > All Programs > Productivity and Tools > HP Connection Manager**, and then click the power button next to the desired device.

Using HP Connection Manager (select models only)

HP Connection Manager provides a central location for managing your wireless devices, an interface for connecting to the Internet using HP Mobile Broadband, and an interface for sending and receiving SMS (text) messages. HP Connection Manager allows you to manage the following devices:

- Wireless local area network (WLAN)/Wi-Fi
- Wireless wide area network (WWAN)/HP Mobile Broadband
- Bluetooth®

HP Connection Manager provides information and notifications on connection status, power status, SIM details, and SMS messages. Status information and notifications are provided in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar.

To open HP Connection Manager:

- Click the **HP Connection Manager** icon in the taskbar.
 - or –

Select Start > All Programs > Productivity and Tools > HP Connection Manager.

For more information, see the HP Connection Manager software Help.

Using operating system controls

The Network and Sharing Center allows you to set up a connection or network, connect to a network, manage wireless networks, and diagnose and repair network problems.

To use operating system controls:

▲ Select Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center.

For more information, select Start > Help and Support.

Using a WLAN

A wireless connection connects the computer to Wi-Fi networks, or WLANs. A WLAN is composed of other computers and accessories that are linked by a wireless router or a wireless access point.

Connecting to an existing WLAN

- 1. Be sure that the WLAN device is on. (See <u>Turning wireless devices on or off on page 4</u>.)
- 2. Click the network icon in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar.
- 3. Select your WLAN from the list.

NOTE: If no WLANs are listed, you may be out of range of a wireless router or access point.

- NOTE: If you do not see the WLAN you want to connect to, click **Open Network and Sharing Center**, and then click **Set up a new connection or network**. A list of options is displayed. You can choose to manually search for and connect to a network, or you can create a new network connection.
- 4. Click Connect.

If the network is a security-enabled WLAN, you are prompted to enter a network security code. Type the code, and then click **OK** to complete the connection.

After the connection is made, you can place the mouse pointer over the network icon in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar, to verify the name and status of the connection.

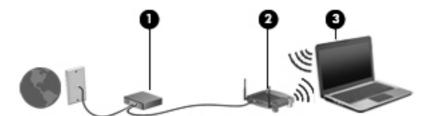
NOTE: The functional range (how far your wireless signals travel) depends on WLAN implementation, router manufacturer, and interference from other electronic devices or structural barriers such as walls and floors.

Setting up a new WLAN

Required equipment:

- A broadband modem (either DSL or cable) (purchased separately) (1) and high-speed Internet service purchased from an Internet service provider (ISP)
- A wireless router (purchased separately) (2)
- **NOTE:** Some cable modems include a built-in router. Check with your ISP to see if you need a separate router.
- The wireless computer (3)

The illustration shows an example of a wireless network installation that is connected to the Internet.



NOTE: When setting up a wireless connection, be sure that your computer and wireless router are synchronized. To synchronize your computer and wireless router, turn your computer and wireless router off and then back on.

As your network grows, additional wireless and wired computers can be connected to the network to access the Internet.

For help in setting up your WLAN, see the information provided by your router manufacturer or your ISP.

Protecting your WLAN

When you set up a WLAN or access an existing WLAN, always enable security features to protect your network from unauthorized access. WLANs in public areas (hotspots) like coffee shops and airports may not provide any security. If you are concerned about the security of your computer in a hotspot, limit your network activities to e-mail that is not confidential and basic Internet surfing.

Wireless radio signals travel outside the network, so other WLAN devices can pick up unprotected signals. You can take the following precautions to protect your WLAN:

- **Firewall**—A firewall checks both data and requests for data that are sent to your network, and discards any suspicious items. Firewalls are available in both software and hardware. Some networks use a combination of both types.
- Wireless encryption—Your computer supports three encryption protocols:
 - Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)
 - Wi-Fi Protected Access II (WPA2)
 - Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP)

NOTE: HP recommends that you select WPA2, which is the most advanced of the three encryption protocols. The use of WEP encryption is not recommended, because it can be overcome with little effort.

- Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) and Wi-Fi Protected Access II (WPA2) use security standards to encrypt and decrypt data transmitted over the network. Both WPA and WPA2 dynamically generate a new key for every packet, and they also generate a different set of keys for each computer on the network. To accomplish this:
 - WPA uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) and Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP).
 - WPA2 uses Cipher Block Chaining Message Authentication Code Protocol (CCMP), which is a new AES protocol.
- Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) encrypts data with a WEP key before it is transmitted. Without the correct key, others will not be able to use the WLAN.

Roaming to another network

When you move your computer within range of another WLAN, Windows attempts to connect to that network. If the attempt is successful, your computer is automatically connected to the new network. If Windows does not recognize the new network, follow the same procedure you used initially to connect to your WLAN.

Using HP Mobile Broadband (select models only)

HP Mobile Broadband enables your computer to use wireless wide area networks (WWANs) to access the Internet from more places and over larger areas than it can by using WLANs. Using HP Mobile Broadband requires a network service provider, which in most cases is a mobile phone network provider.

When used with mobile network provider service, HP Mobile Broadband gives you the freedom to stay connected to the Internet, send e-mail, or connect to your corporate network whether you are on the road or outside the range of Wi-Fi hotspots.

NOTE: You may need the HP Mobile Broadband Module serial number to activate mobile broadband service. See the *Getting Started* guide for the location of the service label.

Some mobile network service providers require the use of a subscriber identity module (SIM). A SIM contains basic information about you or your computer, such as a personal identification number (PIN), as well as network information. Some computers include a preinstalled SIM. If the SIM is not preinstalled, it may be included with the HP Mobile Broadband information provided with your computer, or it may be provided separately by the mobile network service provider.

For information on inserting and removing the SIM, see <u>Inserting a SIM on page 8</u> and <u>Removing</u> <u>a SIM on page 8</u>.

For additional information on HP Mobile Broadband and how to activate service with a preferred mobile network service provider, see the HP Mobile Broadband information if it is included with your computer. For additional information, see the HP website at http://www.hp.com/go/mobilebroadband (select regions/countries only).

Inserting a SIM

NOTE: To identify the SIM slot location, see the Getting Started guide.

- 1. Shut down the computer. If you are not sure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on by pressing the power button. Then shut down the computer through the operating system.
- 2. Close the display.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices connected to the computer.
- 4. Unplug the power cord from the AC outlet.
- 5. Remove the battery if the computer contains a user-replaceable battery.
- 6. Insert the SIM into the SIM slot, and gently press the SIM into the slot until it is firmly seated.
 - **CAUTION:** When inserting a SIM, position the card to match the icon next to the SIM slot on the computer. If a SIM is inserted incorrectly, it could damage the SIM and the SIM connector.

To reduce the risk of damage to the connector, use minimal force when inserting a SIM.

7. Replace the battery.

NOTE: HP Mobile Broadband is disabled if the battery is not replaced.

- 8. Reconnect external power and external devices.
- 9. Turn on the computer.

Removing a SIM

NOTE: To identify the SIM slot location, see the Getting Started guide.

- 1. Shut down the computer. If you are not sure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on by pressing the power button. Then shut down the computer through the operating system.
- 2. Close the display.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices connected to the computer.
- 4. Unplug the power cord from the AC outlet.
- 5. Remove the battery if the computer contains a user-replaceable battery.
- 6. Press in on the SIM, and then remove it from the slot.
- 7. Replace the battery.
- 8. Reconnect external power and external devices.
- 9. Turn on the computer.

Using GPS (select models only)

Your computer may be equipped with a Global Positioning System (GPS) device. GPS satellites deliver location, speed, and direction information to GPS-equipped systems.

For more information, see the HP GPS and Location software Help.

Using Bluetooth wireless devices

A Bluetooth device provides short-range wireless communications that replace the physical cable connections that traditionally link electronic devices such as the following:

- Computers
- Phones
- Imaging devices (cameras and printers)
- Audio devices

Bluetooth devices provide peer-to-peer capability that allows you to set up a personal area network (PAN) of Bluetooth devices. For information on configuring and using Bluetooth devices, see the Bluetooth software Help.

Bluetooth and Internet Connection Sharing (ICS)

HP does **not** recommend setting up one computer with Bluetooth as a host and using it as a gateway through which other computers may connect to the Internet. When two or more computers are connected using Bluetooth, and Internet Connection Sharing (ICS) is enabled on one of the computers, the other computers may not be able to connect to the Internet using the Bluetooth network.

The strength of Bluetooth is in synchronizing information transfers between your computer and wireless devices including cellular phones, printers, cameras, and PDAs. The inability to consistently connect two or more computers to share the Internet through Bluetooth is a limitation of Bluetooth and the Windows operating system.

Connecting to a wired network

Using a modem (select models only)

A modem must be connected to an analog telephone line using a 6-pin, RJ-11 modem cable (purchased separately). In some countries or regions, a specific modem cable adapter is also required. Jacks for digital PBX systems may resemble analog telephone jacks, but they are not compatible with the modem.

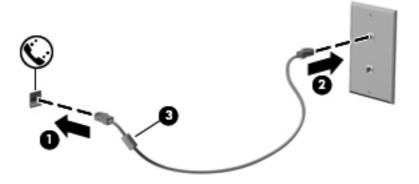
WARNING! To reduce the risk of electric shock, fire, or damage to the equipment, do not plug a modem or telephone cable into the RJ-45 (network) jack.

If the modem cable contains noise suppression circuitry (1), which prevents interference from TV and radio reception, orient the circuitry end of the cable (2) toward the computer.



Connecting a modem cable

- 1. Plug the modem cable into the modem jack (1) on the computer.
- 2. Plug the modem cable into the RJ-11 telephone wall jack (2) or a route (not illustrated).

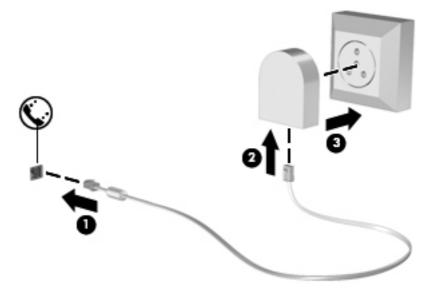


Connecting a country- or region-specific modem cable adapter

Telephone jacks vary by country or region. To use the modem and the modem cable outside the country or region in which you purchased the computer, you must obtain a country- or region-specific modem cable adapter.

To connect the modem to an analog telephone line that does not have an RJ-11 telephone jack, follow these steps:

- 1. Plug the modem cable into the modem jack (1) on the computer.
- 2. Plug the modem cable into the modem cable adapter (2).
- 3. Plug the modem cable adapter (3) into the telephone wall jack.



Selecting a location setting

Viewing the current location selection

- 1. Select Start > Control Panel.
- 2. Click Clock, Language, and Region.
- 3. Click Region and Language.
- 4. Click the **Location** tab to display your location.

Adding new locations when traveling

On a new computer, the only location setting available to the modem is a location setting for the country or region in which you purchased the computer. As you travel to different countries or regions, set the internal modem to a location setting that meets the operating standards of the country or region in which you are using the modem.

As you add new location settings, they are saved by the computer so that you can switch among settings at any time. You can add multiple location settings for any country or region.

▲ CAUTION: To reduce the risk of losing your home country or region settings, do not delete your current modem country or region settings. To enable modem use in other countries or regions while preserving your home country or region configuration, add a new configuration for each location in which you will use the modem.

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of configuring the modem in a way that violates the telecommunications regulations and laws of the country or region you are visiting, select the country or region in which the computer is located. The modem may not function properly if the correct country or region selection is not made.

- 1. Select Start > Devices and Printers.
- 2. Right-click the device that represents your computer, and click Modem settings.

NOTE: You must set up an initial (current) location area code before you can view the Dialing Rules tab. If you do not have a location already set up, you are prompted to enter the location when you click Modem settings.

- 3. Click the **Dialing Rules** tab.
- 4. Click New. The New Location window opens.
- 5. In the Location name box, type a name (such as home or work) for the new location setting.
- 6. Select a country or region from the Country/region list. (If you select a country or region that is not supported by the modem, the country/region selection for USA or UK is displayed.)
- 7. Enter the area code, a carrier code (if necessary), and the number for an outside line (if necessary).
- 8. Next to **Dial using**, click **Tone** or **Pulse**.
- 9. Click **OK** to save your new location setting.
- **10.** Do one of the following:
 - To set your new location setting as the current location, click **OK**.
 - To select another location setting as the current location setting, select your preference from the settings in the Location list, and then click **OK**.

NOTE: You can use the preceding procedure to add location settings for places within your own country or region as well as in other countries or regions. For example, you could add a setting named Work that includes dialing rules for accessing an outside line.

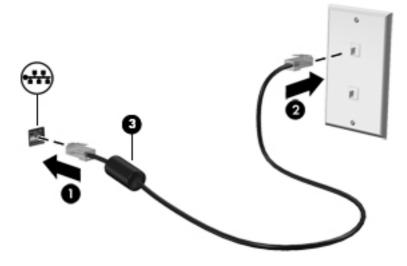
Connecting to a local area network (LAN) (select models only)

Connecting to a LAN requires an 8-pin, RJ-45 network cable (purchased separately). If the network cable contains noise suppression circuitry (1), which prevents interference from TV and radio reception, orient the circuitry end of the cable (2) toward the computer.



To connect the network cable:

- 1. Plug the network cable into the network jack (1) on the computer.
- 2. Plug the other end of the network cable into a network wall jack (2) or a router (not illustrated).



WARNING! To reduce the risk of electric shock, fire, or damage to the equipment, do not plug a modem cable or telephone cable into an RJ-45 (network) jack.

3 Multimedia

Your computer may include the following multimedia components:

- Integrated speaker(s)
- Integrated microphone(s)
- Integrated webcam
- Preinstalled multimedia software
- Multimedia buttons or keys

Using the media activity controls

Depending on your computer model, you may have the following media activity controls that allow you to play, pause, fast forward, or rewind a media file:

- Media buttons
- Media hotkeys (specific keys pressed in combination with the fn key)
- Media keys

See the Getting Started guide for information about your computer's media activity controls.

Audio

Your computer provides a variety of audio-related functions:

- Play music.
- Record sound.
- Download music from the Internet.
- Create multimedia presentations.
- Transmit sound and images with instant messaging programs.
- Stream radio programs.
- Create (burn) audio CDs using the installed optical drive (select models only) or an optional external optical drive (purchased separately).

Adjusting the volume

Depending on your computer model, you can adjust the volume using the following:

- Volume buttons
- Volume hotkeys (specific keys pressed in combination with the fn key)
- Volume keys

WARNING! To reduce the risk of personal injury, adjust the volume before putting on headphones, earbuds, or a headset. For additional safety information, see the *Regulatory, Safety and Environmental Notices*.

NOTE: Volume can also be controlled through the operating system and some programs.

NOTE: See the *Getting Started* guide for information on what type of volume controls your computer has.

Checking audio functions on the computer

NOTE: For best results when recording, speak directly into the microphone and record sound in a setting free of background noise.

To check the audio functions on your computer, follow these steps:

- 1. Select Start > Control Panel > Hardware and Sound > Sound.
- 2. When the Sound window opens, click the **Sounds** tab. Under **Program Events**, select any sound event, such as a beep or alarm, and click the **Test** button.

You should hear sound through the speakers or through connected headphones.

To check the recording functions on your computer, follow these steps:

- 1. Select Start > All Programs > Accessories > Sound Recorder.
- 2. Click Start Recording and speak into the microphone. Save the file to your desktop.
- 3. Open a multimedia program and play back the sound.

To confirm or change the audio settings on your computer, select **Start > Control Panel > Hardware and Sound > Sound**.

To check the recording functions on your computer, follow these steps:

- 1. Select Start > All Programs > Accessories > Sound Recorder.
- 2. Click **Start Recording** and speak into the microphone. Save the file to your desktop.
- 3. Open a multimedia program and play back the sound.

To confirm or change the audio settings on your computer, select Start > Control Panel > Audio.

Webcam (select models only)

Some computers include an integrated webcam. With the preinstalled software, you can use the webcam to take a photo or record a video. You can preview and save the photo or video recording.

The webcam software enables you to experiment with the following features:

- Capturing and sharing video
- Streaming video with instant message software
- Taking still photos

Administrators can set the security level for Face Recognition in the Security Manager Setup Wizard or HP ProtectTools Administrative Console. For more information, see the *HP ProtectTools Getting Started* guide or the Face Recognition software Help.

For information on how to access the webcam, see the *Getting Started* guide. For information on using the webcam, select **Start > Help and Support**.

Video

Your computer may have one or more of the following external video ports:

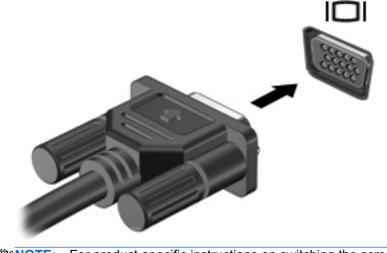
- VGA
- HDMI (High Definition Multimedia Interface)
- DisplayPort

NOTE: See the *Getting Started* guide for information about your computer's video ports.

VGA

The external monitor port, or VGA port, is an analog display interface that connects an external VGA display device such as an external VGA monitor or a VGA projector to the computer.

▲ To connect a VGA display device, connect the device cable to the external monitor port.



NOTE: For product-specific instructions on switching the screen image, see your *Getting Started* guide.

DisplayPort

The DisplayPort connects the computer to an optional video or audio device, such as a high-definition television, or to any compatible digital or audio component. The DisplayPort delivers higher performance than the VGA external monitor port and improves digital connectivity.

NOTE: To transmit video and/or audio signals through the DisplayPort, you need a DisplayPort cable (purchased separately).

One DisplayPort device can be connected to the DisplayPort port on the computer. The information displayed on the computer screen can be simultaneously displayed on the DisplayPort device.

To connect a video or audio device to the DisplayPort:

1. Connect one end of the DisplayPort cable to the DisplayPort port on the computer.



2. Connect the other end of the cable to the video device, and then see the device manufacturer's instructions for additional information.

NOTE: To remove the device cable, press down on the connector latch to disconnect it from the computer.

NOTE: For product-specific instructions on switching the screen image, see your *Getting Started* guide.

HDMI

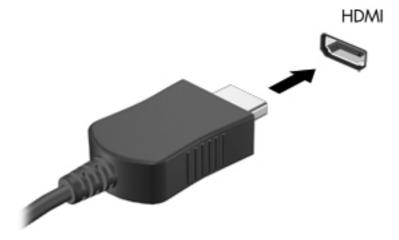
The HDMI port connects the computer to an optional video or audio device, such as a high-definition television, or to any compatible digital or audio component.

NOTE: To transmit video and/or audio signals through the HDMI port, you need an HDMI cable (purchased separately).

One HDMI device can be connected to the HDMI port on the computer. The information displayed on the computer screen can be simultaneously displayed on the HDMI device.

To connect a video or audio device to the HDMI port:

1. Connect one end of the HDMI cable to the HDMI port on the computer.



2. Connect the other end of the cable to the video device, and then see the device manufacturer's instructions for additional information.

NOTE: For product-specific instructions on switching the screen image, see your *Getting Started* guide.

Configuring audio for HDMI

To configure HDMI audio, first connect an audio or video device, such as a high-definition TV, to the HDMI port on your computer. Then configure the default audio playback device as follows:

- 1. Right-click the **Speakers** icon in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar, and then click **Playback devices**.
- 2. On the Playback tab, click either **Digital Output** or **Digital Output Device (HDMI)**.
- 3. Click Set Default, and then click OK.

To return audio to the computer speakers, follow these steps:

- 1. Right-click the **Speakers** icon in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar, and then click **Playback devices**.
- 2. On the Playback tab, click Speakers.
- 3. Click Set Default, and then click OK.

Intel Wireless Display (select models only)

Intel® Wireless Display allows you to share your computer content wirelessly on your TV. To experience wireless display, a wireless TV adapter (purchased separately) is required. DVDs that have output protection may not play on Intel Wireless Display. (However, DVDs that do not have output protect will play.) Blu-ray discs, which have output protection, will not play on Intel Wireless TV adapter, see the manufacturer's instructions.

NOTE: Be sure that wireless is enabled on your computer before using the wireless display.

4 **Power management**

NOTE: A computer may have a power button or a power switch. The term *power button* is used throughout this guide to refer to both types of power controls.

Shutting down the computer

A CAUTION: Unsaved information is lost when the computer shuts down.

The shutdown command closes all open programs, including the operating system, and then turns off the display and computer.

Shut down the computer under any of the following conditions:

- When you need to replace the battery or access components inside the computer
- When you are connecting an external hardware device that does not connect to a Universal Serial Bus (USB) port
- When the computer will be unused and disconnected from external power for an extended period

Although you can shut down the computer with the power button, the recommended procedure is to use the Windows shutdown command:

NOTE: If the computer is in the Sleep state or in Hibernation, you must first exit Sleep or Hibernation before shutdown is possible.

- 1. Save your work and close all open programs.
- Select Start > Shut down.

If the computer is unresponsive and you are unable to use the preceding shutdown procedure, try the following emergency procedures in the sequence provided:

- Press ctrl+alt+delete, and then click the Power button on the screen.
- Press and hold the power button on the computer for at least 5 seconds.
- Disconnect the computer from external power.
- On models with a user-replaceable battery, remove the battery.

Setting power options

Using power-saving states

The computer has two power-saving states that are enabled at the factory: Sleep and Hibernation.

When Sleep is initiated, the power lights blink and the screen clears. Your work is saved to memory, letting you exit Sleep faster than exiting Hibernation. If the computer is in the Sleep state for an extended period or if the battery reaches a critical battery level while in the Sleep state, the computer initiates Hibernation.

When Hibernation is initiated, your work is saved to a hibernation file on the hard drive and the computer turns off.

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of possible audio and video degradation, loss of audio or video playback functionality, or loss of information, do not initiate Sleep or Hibernation while reading from or writing to a disc or an external media card.

NOTE: You cannot initiate any type of networking connection or perform any computer functions while the computer is in the Sleep state or in Hibernation.

Initiating and exiting Sleep

The system is set at the factory to initiate Sleep after a period of inactivity when running on battery power or on external power.

Power settings and timeouts can be changed using Power Options in Windows Control Panel.

With the computer on, you can initiate Sleep in any of the following ways:

- Briefly press the power button.
- Close the display.
- Click Start, click the arrow next to the Shut down button, and then click Sleep.

To exit Sleep:

- Briefly press the power button.
- If the display is closed, open the display.
- Press a key on the keyboard.
- Tap or swipe the TouchPad.

When the computer exits Sleep, the power lights turn on and your work returns to the screen as it was before you stopped working.

NOTE: If you have set a password to be required on wakeup, you must enter your Windows password before your work will return to the screen.

Initiating and exiting Hibernation

The system is set at the factory to initiate Hibernation after a period of inactivity when running on battery power or on external power, or when the battery reaches a critical battery level.

Power settings and timeouts can be changed in Windows Control Panel.

To initiate Hibernation:

Click **Start**, click the arrow next to the Shut down button, and then click **Hibernate**.

To exit Hibernation:

A Briefly press the power button.

The power lights turn on and your work returns to the screen where you stopped working.

NOTE: If you have set a password to be required on wakeup, you must enter your Windows password before your work will return to the screen.

Using the power meter

The power meter is located in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar. The power meter allows you to quickly access power settings and view the remaining battery charge.

- To display the percentage of remaining battery charge and the current power plan, move the pointer over the power meter icon.
- To access Power Options, or to change the power plan, click the power meter icon and select an item from the list.

Different power meter icons indicate whether the computer is running on battery or external power. The icon also displays a message if the battery has reached a low or critical battery level.

Using power plans

A power plan is a collection of system settings that manages how the computer uses power. Power plans can help you conserve power or maximize performance.

Viewing the current power plan

Use any of the following methods:

- Click the power meter icon in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar.
- Select Start > Control Panel > System and Security > Power Options.

Selecting a different power plan

Use any of the following methods:

- Click the power meter icon in the notification area, and then select a power plan from the list.
- Select Start > Control Panel > System and Security > Power Options, and then select an item from the list.

Customizing power plans

1. Click the power meter icon in the notification area, and then click **More power options**.

– or –

Select Start > Control Panel > System and Security > Power Options.

2. Select a power plan, and then click **Change plan settings**.

- 3. Change the settings as needed.
- 4. To change additional settings, click **Change advanced power settings** and make your changes.

Setting password protection on wakeup

To set the computer to prompt for a password when the computer exits Sleep or Hibernation, follow these steps:

- 1. Select Start > Control Panel > System and Security > Power Options.
- 2. In the left pane, click Require a password on wakeup.
- 3. Click Change Settings that are currently unavailable.
- 4. Click Require a password (recommended).

NOTE: If you need to create a user account password or change your current user account password, click **Create or change your user account password**, and then follow the on-screen instructions. If you do not need to create or change a user account password, go to step 5.

5. Click Save changes.

Using HP Power Assistant (select models only)

HP Power Assistant allows you to configure system settings to optimize your computer's power consumption and battery charge. HP Power Assistant provides tools and information to help you make informed decisions on power management:

- Power consumption predictions in hypothetical system configurations
- Predefined power profiles
- Usage details and graphs showing power consumption trends over time

To start HP Power Assistant when Windows is running:

▲ Select Start > All Programs > Productivity and Tools > HP Power Assistant.

– or –

Press fn+f6 (select models only) or fn+f8 (select models only).

For more information about using, configuring, and managing HP Power Assistant, see the HP Power Assistant software Help.

Using battery power

WARNING! To reduce potential safety issues, use only the battery provided with the computer, a replacement battery provided by HP, or a compatible battery purchased from HP.

The computer runs on battery power whenever it is not plugged into external AC power. Computer battery life varies, depending on power management settings, running programs, display brightness, external devices connected to the computer, and other factors. Keeping the battery in the computer whenever the computer is plugged into AC power charges the battery and also protects your work in case of a power outage. If the computer contains a charged battery and is running on external AC power, the computer automatically switches to battery power if the AC adapter is disconnected from the computer or an AC power loss occurs.

NOTE: When you disconnect AC power, the display brightness is automatically decreased to save battery life. For information on increasing or decreasing display brightness, see the *Getting Started* guide. Select computer models can switch between graphic modes to increase battery life. For more information, see <u>Switchable graphics/dual graphics (select models only) on page 29</u>.

Finding additional battery information

Help and Support provides the following tools and information about the battery:

- Battery Check tool to test battery performance
- Information on calibration, power management, and proper care and storage to maximize battery life
- Information on battery types, specifications, life cycles, and capacity

To access battery information:

Select Start > Help and Support > Learn > Power Plans: Frequently Asked Questions.

Using Battery Check

Help and Support provides information on the status of the battery installed in the computer.

To run Battery Check:

1. Connect the AC adapter to the computer.

NOTE: The computer must be connected to external power for Battery Check to work properly.

- 2. Select Start > Help and Support > Troubleshoot > Power, Thermal and Mechanical.
- 3. Click the **Power** tab, and then click **Battery Check**.

Battery Check examines the battery and its cells to see if they are functioning properly, and then reports the results of the examination.

Displaying the remaining battery charge

▲ Move the pointer over the power meter icon in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar.

Maximizing battery discharge time

Battery discharge time varies depending on the features you use while on battery power. Maximum discharge time gradually decreases as the battery storage capacity naturally degrades.

Tips for maximizing battery discharge time:

- Lower the brightness on the display.
- Remove the battery from the computer when it is not being used or charged, if the computer contains a user-replaceable battery
- Store the user-replaceable battery in a cool, dry location.
- Select the **Power saver** setting in Power Options.

Managing low battery levels

The information in this section describes the alerts and system responses set at the factory. Some low-battery alerts and system responses can be changed using Power Options in Windows Control Panel. Preferences set using Power Options do not affect lights.

Identifying low battery levels

When a battery that is the sole power source for the computer reaches a low or critical battery level, the following behavior occurs:

• The battery light (select models only) indicates a low or critical battery level.

NOTE: For additional information about the battery light, see the *Getting Started* guide.

– or –

• The power meter icon in the notification area shows a low or critical battery notification.

NOTE: For additional information about the power meter, see <u>Using the power meter</u> on page 22.

The computer takes the following actions for a critical battery level:

- If Hibernation is enabled and the computer is on or in the Sleep state, the computer initiates Hibernation.
- If Hibernation is disabled and the computer is on or in the Sleep state, the computer remains briefly in the Sleep state, and then shuts down and loses any unsaved information.

Resolving a low battery level

Resolving a low battery level when external power is available

- ▲ Connect one of the following devices:
 - AC adapter
 - Optional docking or expansion device
 - Optional power adapter purchased as an accessory from HP

Resolving a low battery level when no power source is available

- Initiate Hibernation.
- Save your work and shut down the computer.

Resolving a low battery level when the computer cannot exit Hibernation

When the computer lacks sufficient power to exit Hibernation, follow these steps:

- 1. Replace the discharged user-replaceable battery with a charged battery, or connect the AC adapter to the computer and to external power.
- 2. Exit Hibernation by pressing the power button.

Conserving battery power

- Select low power-use settings through Power Options in Windows Control Panel.
- Turn off wireless and LAN connections and exit modem applications when you are not using them.
- Disconnect unused external devices that are not plugged into an external power source.
- Stop, disable, or remove any external media cards that you are not using.
- Decrease screen brightness.
- Before you leave your work, initiate Sleep or Hibernation, or shut down the computer.

Storing a user-replaceable battery (select models only)

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of damage to a battery, do not expose it to high temperatures for extended periods of time.

If a computer will be unused and unplugged from external power for more than 2 weeks, remove the user-replaceable battery and store it separately.

To prolong the charge of a stored battery, place it in a cool, dry place.

NOTE: A stored battery should be checked every 6 months. If the capacity is less than 50 percent, recharge the battery before returning it to storage.

Calibrate a battery before using it if it has been stored for one month or more.

Disposing of a user-replaceable battery (select models only)

WARNING! To reduce the risk of fire or burns, do not disassemble, crush, or puncture; do not short external contacts; do not dispose of in fire or water.

See the Regulatory, Safety and Environmental Notices for proper battery disposal.

Replacing a user-replaceable battery (select models only)

Battery Check in Help and Support notifies you to replace the battery when an internal cell is not charging properly or when the battery storage capacity has reached a weak condition. If the battery is possibly covered by an HP warranty, instructions include a warranty ID. A message refers you to the HP website for more information about ordering a replacement battery.

Using external AC power

WARNING! Do not charge the computer battery while you are onboard aircraft.

WARNING! To reduce potential safety issues, use only the AC adapter provided with the computer, a replacement AC adapter provided by HP, or a compatible AC adapter purchased from HP.

NOTE: For information on connecting to AC power, see the *Setup Instructions* poster provided in the computer box.

External AC power is supplied through an approved AC adapter or an optional docking or expansion device.

Connect the computer to external AC power under any of the following conditions:

- When charging or calibrating a battery
- When installing or modifying system software
- When writing information to a CD, a DVD, or a BD (select models only)
- When running Disk Defragmenter
- When performing a backup or recovery

When you connect the computer to external AC power, the following events occur:

- The battery begins to charge.
- If the computer is turned on, the power meter icon in the notification area changes appearance.

When you disconnect external AC power, the following events occur:

- The computer switches to battery power.
- The display brightness is automatically decreased to save battery life.

Testing an AC adapter

Test the AC adapter if the computer exhibits any of the following symptoms when it is connected to AC power:

- The computer does not turn on.
- The display does not turn on.
- The power lights are off.

To test the AC adapter:

NOTE: The following instructions apply to computers with user-replaceable batteries.

- 1. Shut down the computer.
- 2. Remove the battery from the computer.
- 3. Connect the AC adapter to the computer, and then plug it into an AC outlet.
- 4. Turn on the computer.
 - If the power lights turn *on*, the AC adapter is working properly.
 - If the power lights remain off, the AC adapter is not functioning and should be replaced.

Contact support for information on obtaining a replacement AC power adapter.

Switchable graphics/dual graphics (select models only)

Select computers are equipped with either switchable graphics or dual graphics.

- Switchable graphics—Supported by both AMD[™] and Intel. If your computer has AMD dynamic switchable graphics, it supports only switchable graphics.
- Dual graphics—Supported only by AMD. If your computer has AMD Radeon dual graphics, it supports only dual graphics.

NOTE: Dual graphics can be enabled only by full-screen applications that use DirectX version 10 or 11.

NOTE: To determine whether your computer supports switchable graphics or dual graphics, see your notebook graphics processor configuration. Intel HR Central Processing Units (CPUs) and AMD Trinity series Accelerated Processing Units (APUs) support switchable graphics. AMD Trinity series A6, A8, and A10 APUs support dual graphics. AMD Trinity series A4 APUs do not support dual graphics.

Both switchable graphics and dual graphics offer two modes for processing graphics:

- Performance mode—Runs application with optimal performance.
- Power Saving mode—Conserves battery life.

To manage your AMD graphics settings:

- Open the Catalyst Control Center by right-clicking on the desktop, and then select Configure Switchable Graphics.
- 2. Click the **Power** tab, and then select **Switchable Graphics**.

Using switchable graphics (select models only)

Switchable graphics allow you to switch between Performance mode and Power Saving mode. Switchable graphics are available only with Windows 7 Professional, Windows 7 Home Premium, and Windows 7 Home Basic operating systems.

To manage your switchable graphics settings:

- 1. Right-click on the desktop, and then select Configure Switchable Graphics.
- 2. Click the **Power** tab, and then select **Switchable Graphics**.

Switchable graphics assigns individual applications to either Performance mode or Power Saving mode, based on power requirements. You can also manually modify the settings for an individual application by locating the application under **Recent Applications** drop-down menu, or by clicking **Browse**, located below **Other Applications**. You can switch between Performance mode and Power Saving mode.

NOTE: For more information, see the switchable graphics software Help.

Using dual graphics (select models only)

If your system is equipped with dual graphics (two or more added Graphics Processing Units (GPUs)), you can enable AMD Radeon Dual Graphics to increase application power and performance

for full-screen applications that use DirectX version 10 or 11. For more information about DirectX, see http://www.microsoft.com/directX.

NOTE: Dual graphics systems only support automatic selection based on power requirements (Dynamic scheme), and automatically assign Performance mode or Power Saving mode for individual applications. However, you can manually modify the settings for a particular application.

To enable or disable AMD Radeon Dual Graphics, select or deselect the check box in the AMD Radeon Dual Graphics section, which is located in the **Performance** tab in the Catalyst Control Center.

NOTE: For more information, see the AMD software Help.

5 External cards and devices

Using Media Card Reader cards (select models only)

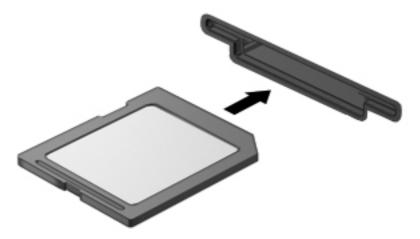
Optional digital cards provide secure data storage and convenient data sharing. These cards are often used with digital media–equipped cameras and PDAs as well as with other computers.

To determine the digital card formats that are supported on your computer, see the *Getting Started* guide.

Inserting a digital card

A CAUTION: To reduce the risk of damage to the digital card connectors, use minimal force to insert a digital card.

- 1. Hold the card label-side up, with the connectors facing the computer.
- 2. Insert the card into the Media Card Reader, and then press in on the card until it is firmly seated.



You will hear a sound when the device has been detected, and a menu of options may be displayed.

Removing a digital card

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of loss of data or an unresponsive system, use the following procedure to safely remove the digital card.

- 1. Save your information and close all programs associated with the digital card.
- 2. Click the remove hardware icon in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar. Then follow the on-screen instructions.
- 3. Press in on the card (1), and then remove it from the slot (2).



NOTE: If the card does not eject, pull the card out of the slot.

Using ExpressCards (select models only)

An ExpressCard is a high-performance PC Card that is inserted into the ExpressCard slot.

Like standard PC Cards, ExpressCards are designed to conform to the standard specifications of the Personal Computer Memory Card International Association (PCMCIA).

Configuring an ExpressCard

Install only the software required for the card. If you are instructed by the ExpressCard manufacturer to install device drivers:

- Install only the device drivers for your operating system.
- Do not install additional software, such as card services, socket services, or enablers, that are supplied by the ExpressCard manufacturer.

Inserting an ExpressCard

CAUTION: To prevent damage to the computer and external media cards, do not insert a PC Card into an ExpressCard slot.

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of damage to the connectors:

Use minimal force when inserting an ExpressCard.

Do not move or transport the computer when an ExpressCard is in use.

NOTE: The following illustration may look slightly different than your device.

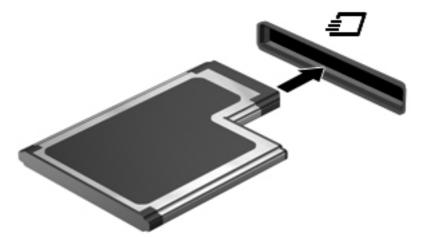
The ExpressCard slot may contain a protective insert. To remove the insert:

- 1. Press in on the insert (1) to unlock it.
- 2. Pull the insert out of the slot (2).



To insert an ExpressCard:

- 1. Hold the card label-side up, with the connectors facing the computer.
- 2. Insert the card into the ExpressCard slot, and then press in on the card until it is firmly seated.



You will hear a sound when the card has been detected, and a menu of options may be displayed.

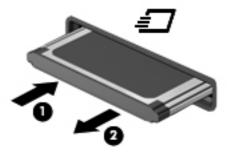
NOTE: The first time you connect an ExpressCard, a message in the notification area lets you know that the card is recognized by the computer.

NOTE: To conserve power, stop or remove an ExpressCard when it is not in use.

Removing an ExpressCard

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of loss of data or an unresponsive system, use the following procedure to safely remove the ExpressCard.

- 1. Save your information and close all programs associated with the ExpressCard.
- 2. Click the remove hardware icon in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
- 3. Release and remove the ExpressCard:
 - a. Gently press in on the ExpressCard (1) to unlock it.
 - b. Pull the ExpressCard out of the slot (2).



Using smart cards (select models only)

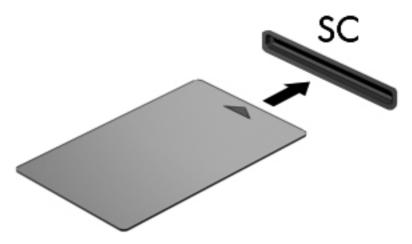
NOTE: The term *smart card* is used throughout this chapter to refer to both smart cards and Java™ Cards.

A smart card is a credit card-sized accessory that carries a microchip containing memory and a microprocessor. Like personal computers, smart cards have an operating system to manage input and output, and they include security features to protect against tampering. Industry-standard smart cards are used with the smart card reader (select models only).

A PIN is needed to gain access to the contents of the microchip. For more information about smart card security features, see Help and Support.

Inserting a smart card

1. Hold the card label-side up, and gently slide the card into the smart card reader until the card is seated.



2. Follow the on-screen instructions for logging on to the computer using the smart card PIN.

Removing a smart card

▲ Grasp the edge of the smart card, and then pull it out of the smart card reader.



Using a USB device

Universal Serial Bus (USB) is a hardware interface that can be used to connect an optional external device, such as a USB keyboard, mouse, drive, printer, scanner, or hub.

Some USB devices may require additional support software, which is usually included with the device. For more information about device-specific software, see the manufacturer's instructions. These instructions may be provided with the software, on disc, or on the manufacturer's website.

The computer has at least 1 USB port that supports USB 1.0, 1.1, 2.0, or 3.0 devices. Your computer may also have a USB charging port that provides power to an external device. An optional docking device or USB hub provides additional USB ports that can be used with the computer.

Connecting a USB device

- CAUTION: To reduce the risk of damage to a USB connector, use minimal force to connect the device.
 - Connect the USB cable for the device to the USB port.
 - **NOTE:** The following illustration may look slightly different than your computer.



You will hear a sound when the device has been detected.

NOTE: The first time you connect a USB device, a message in the notification area lets you know that the device is recognized by the computer.

Removing a USB device

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of damage to a USB connector, do not pull on the cable to remove the USB device.

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of loss of information or an unresponsive system, use the following procedure to safely remove the USB device.

- To remove a USB device, save your information and close all programs associated with the device.
- 2. Click the remove hardware icon in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
- Remove the device.

Using 1394 devices (select models only)

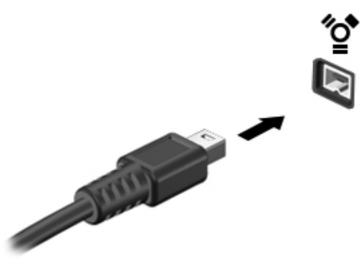
IEEE 1394 is a hardware interface that connects a high-speed multimedia or data storage device to the computer. Scanners, digital cameras, and digital camcorders often require a 1394 connection.

Some 1394 devices may require additional support software, which is usually included with the device. For more information about device-specific software, see the manufacturer's instructions.

The 1394 port also supports IEEE 1394a devices.

Connecting a 1394 device

- CAUTION: To reduce the risk of damage to a 1394 port connector, use minimal force to connect the device.
 - To connect a 1394 device to the computer, connect the 1394 cable for the device to the 1394 port.



You will hear a sound when the device has been detected.

Removing a 1394 device

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of loss of information or an unresponsive system, stop the 1394 device before removing it.

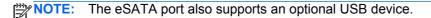
CAUTION: To reduce the risk of damage to a 1394 connector, do not pull on the cable to remove the 1394 device.

- 1. To remove a 1394 device, save your information and close all programs associated with the device.
- 2. Click the remove hardware icon in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
- 3. Remove the device.

Using an eSATA device (select models only)

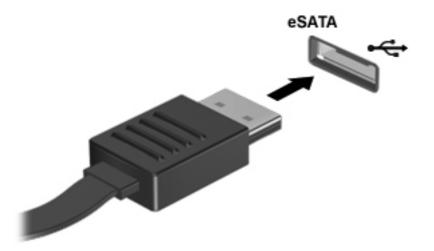
An eSATA port connects an optional high-performance eSATA component, such as an eSATA external hard drive.

Some eSATA devices may require additional support software, which is usually included with the device. For more information about device-specific software, see the manufacturer's instructions.



Connecting an eSATA device

- **CAUTION:** To reduce the risk of damage to an eSATA port connector, use minimal force to connect the device.
 - ▲ To connect an eSATA device to the computer, connect the eSATA cable for the device to the eSATA port.



You will hear a sound when the device has been detected.

Removing an eSATA device

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of damage to an eSATA connector, do not pull on the cable to remove the eSATA device.

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of loss of information or an unresponsive system, use the following procedure to safely remove the device.

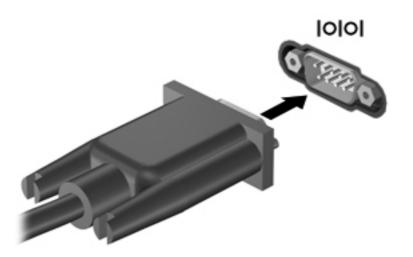
- 1. To remove an eSATA device, save your information and close all programs associated with the device.
- 2. Click the remove hardware icon in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
- 3. Remove the device.

Using a serial device (select models only)

Select computer models include a serial port that connects optional devices such as a serial modem, mouse, or printer.

Some serial devices may require additional support software, which is usually included with the device. For more information about device-specific software, see the manufacturer's instructions.

To connect a serial device, connect the device cable to the serial port on the computer.



Using optional external devices

NOTE: For more information about required software and drivers, or to learn which computer port to use, see the manufacturer's instructions.

To connect an external device to the computer:

- **CAUTION:** To reduce the risk of damage to the equipment when connecting a powered device, be sure that the device is turned off and the AC power cord is unplugged.
 - 1. Connect the device to the computer.
 - 2. If you are connecting a powered device, plug the device power cord into a grounded AC outlet.
 - 3. Turn on the device.

To disconnect an unpowered external device, turn off the device, and then disconnect it from the computer. To disconnect a powered external device, turn off the device, disconnect it from the computer, and then unplug the AC power cord.

Using optional external drives

Removable external drives expand your options for storing and accessing information. A USB drive can be added by connecting the drive to a USB port on the computer.

NOTE: HP external USB optical drives should be connected to the powered USB port on the computer.

USB drives include the following types:

- 1.44-megabyte diskette drive
- Hard drive module
- External optical drive (CD, DVD, and Blu-ray)
- MultiBay device

Using the expansion port (select models only)

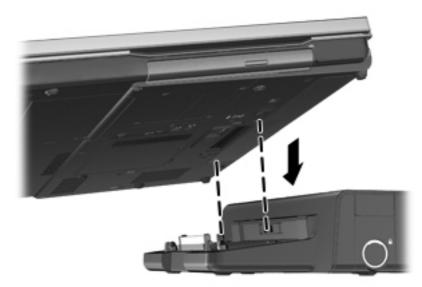
The expansion port connects the computer to an optional docking or expansion device, so that additional ports and connectors can be used with the computer.



Using the docking connector (select models only)

The docking connector connects the computer to an optional docking device. An optional docking device provides additional ports and connectors that can be used with the computer.

NOTE: The following image may look slightly different than your computer or docking device.



6 Drives

Handling drives

▲ CAUTION: Drives are fragile computer components that must be handled with care. See the following cautions before handling drives. Additional cautions are included with the procedures to which they apply.

Observe these precautions:

- Before you move a computer that is connected to an external hard drive, initiate Sleep and allow the screen to clear, or properly disconnect the external hard drive.
- Before handling a drive, discharge static electricity by touching the unpainted metal surface of the drive.
- Do not touch the connector pins on a removable drive or on the computer.
- Handle a drive carefully; do not drop a drive or place items on it.
- Before removing or inserting a drive, shut down the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off, in the Sleep state, or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- Do not use excessive force when inserting a drive into a drive bay.
- Do not type on the keyboard or move the computer while an optical drive is writing to a disc. The write process is sensitive to vibration.
- When the battery is the only source of power, be sure that the battery is sufficiently charged before writing to media.
- Avoid exposing a drive to temperature or humidity extremes.
- Avoid exposing a drive to liquids. Do not spray the drive with cleaning products.
- Remove media from a drive before removing the drive from the drive bay, or traveling with, shipping, or storing a drive.
- If a drive must be mailed, place the drive in a bubble-pack mailer or other suitable protective packaging and label the package "FRAGILE."
- Avoid exposing a drive to magnetic fields. Security devices with magnetic fields include airport walk-through devices and security wands. Airport conveyer belts and similar security devices that check carry-on baggage use X-rays instead of magnetism and do not damage drives.

Using hard drives

Improving hard drive performance

Using Disk Defragmenter

As you use the computer, files on the hard drive become fragmented. Disk Defragmenter consolidates the fragmented files and folders on the hard drive so that the system can run more efficiently.

NOTE: It is not necessary to run Disk Defragmenter on solid-state drives.

After you start Disk Defragmenter, it works without supervision. Depending on the size of your hard drive and the number of fragmented files, Disk Defragmenter may take more than an hour to complete. You may want to set it to run during the night or at another time when you do not need access to your computer.

HP recommends defragmenting your hard drive at least once a month. You may set Disk Defragmenter to run on a monthly schedule, but you can defragment your computer manually at any time.

To run Disk Defragmenter:

- 1. Connect the computer to AC power.
- 2. Select Start > All Programs > Accessories > System Tools > Disk Defragmenter.
- 3. Click **Defragment disk**.
- NOTE: Windows includes the User Account Control feature to improve the security of your computer. You may be prompted for your permission or password for tasks such as installing software, running utilities, or changing Windows settings. See Help and Support for more information.
- **NOTE:** Windows includes the User Account Control feature to improve the security of your computer. You may be prompted for your permission or password for tasks such as installing software, running utilities, or changing Windows settings. See Help and Support for more information.

For additional information, access the Disk Defragmenter software Help.

Using Disk Cleanup

Disk Cleanup searches the hard drive for unnecessary files that you can safely delete to free up disk space and help the computer to run more efficiently.

To run Disk Cleanup:

- 1. Select Start > All Programs > Accessories > System Tools > Disk Cleanup.
- 2. Follow the on-screen instructions.

Using HP 3D DriveGuard (select models only)

HP 3D DriveGuard protects the hard drive by parking the drive and halting data requests under either of the following conditions:

- You drop the computer.
- You move the computer with the display closed while the computer is running on battery power.

A short time after the end of one of these events, HP 3D DriveGuard returns the hard drive to normal operation.

NOTE: Because solid-state drives (SSD) lack moving parts, HP 3D DriveGuard is unnecessary.

NOTE: Hard drives in the primary hard drive bay or in the secondary hard drive bay are protected by HP 3D DriveGuard. Hard drives installed in optional docking devices or connected to USB ports are not protected by HP 3D DriveGuard.

For more information, see the HP 3D DriveGuard software Help.

Identifying HP 3D DriveGuard status

The hard drive light on the computer changes color to show that a drive in the primary hard drive bay or a drive in the secondary hard drive bay (select models only) is parked. To determine whether drives are currently protected or whether a drive is parked, use the icon in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar:

- If the software is enabled, a green check mark is superimposed over the hard drive icon.
- If the software is disabled, a red X is superimposed over the hard drive icon.
- If the drives are parked, a yellow moon is superimposed over the hard drive icon.

If the icon in the notification area is not enabled, follow these steps to enable it:

1. Select Start > Control Panel > Hardware and Sound > HP 3D DriveGuard.

NOTE: If prompted by User Account Control, click Yes.

- 2. On the **Icon in system tray** row, click **Show**.
- 3. Click OK.

Managing power with a parked hard drive

If HP 3D DriveGuard has parked the drive, the computer will behave in the following ways:

- The computer will not shut down.
- The computer will not initiate Sleep or Hibernation, except as described in the following note.

NOTE: If the computer is running on battery power and reaches a critical battery level, HP 3D DriveGuard allows the computer to initiate Hibernation.

• The computer will not activate battery alarms set on the Alarms tab in Power Options.

Before you move the computer, HP recommends that you either shut it down or initiate Sleep or Hibernation.

Using HP 3D DriveGuard software

The HP 3D DriveGuard software enables you to perform the following tasks:

- Enable and disable HP 3D DriveGuard.
- **NOTE:** Depending on your user privileges, you may be unable to enable or disable HP 3D DriveGuard. Privileges for non-administrator users can be changed by members of an administrator group.
- Determine whether a drive in the system is supported.

To open the software and change settings, follow these steps:

1. Double-click the icon in the notification area, at the far right of the taskbar.

– or –

Right-click the icon in the notification area, and then select **Settings**.

- 2. Click the appropriate button to change settings.
- 3. Click OK.

Using optical drives (select models only)

Optical drives include the following:

- CD
- DVD
- Blu-ray (BD)

Identifying the installed optical drive

▲ Select Start > Computer.

A list of all the devices installed in your computer, including your optical drive, is displayed.

Inserting an optical disc

Tray-load

- 1. Turn on the computer.
- 2. Press the release button (1) on the drive bezel to release the disc tray.
- 3. Pull out the tray (2).
- 4. Hold the disc by the edges to avoid touching the flat surfaces and position the disc label-side up over the tray spindle.

NOTE: If the tray is not fully accessible, tilt the disc carefully to position it over the spindle.

5. Gently press the disc (3) down onto the tray spindle until the disc snaps into place.



6. Close the disc tray.

NOTE: After you insert a disc, a short pause is normal. If you have not selected a media player, an AutoPlay dialog box opens. It prompts you to select how you want to use the media content.

Slot-load

CAUTION: Do not insert **8-cm** optical discs into a slot-load optical drive. It may cause damage to the optical drive.

- 1. Turn on the computer.
- 2. Hold the disc by the edges to avoid touching the flat surfaces and position the disc label-side up.
- 3. Gently slide the disc into the slot-load optical drive.



Removing an optical disc

Tray-load

There are 2 ways to remove a disc, depending on whether the disc tray opens normally or not.

When the disc tray opens normally

- 1. Press the release button (1) on the drive bezel to release the disc tray, and then gently pull out the tray (2) until it stops.
- 2. Remove the disc (3) from the tray by gently pressing down on the spindle while lifting the outer edges of the disc. Hold the disc by the edges and avoid touching the flat surfaces.



NOTE: If the tray is not fully accessible, tilt the disc carefully as you remove it.

3. Close the disc tray and place the disc in a protective case.

When the disc tray fails to open normally

- 1. Insert the end of a paper clip (1) into the release access in the front bezel of the drive.
- 2. Press in gently on the paper clip until the tray is released, and then pull out the tray (2) until it stops.

3. Remove the disc (3) from the tray by gently pressing down on the spindle while lifting the outer edges of the disc. Hold the disc by the edges and avoid touching the flat surfaces.

NOTE: If the tray is not fully accessible, tilt the disc carefully as you remove it.



4. Close the disc tray and place the disc in a protective case.

Slot-load

- 1. Press the release button (1) next to the drive.
- 2. Remove the disc (2) by holding it by the edges and avoid touching the flat surfaces.



3. Place the disc in a protective case.

Sharing optical drives

Although your computer may not have an integrated optical drive, you can access software and data, and install applications, by sharing an optical drive connected to another computer in your network. Sharing drives is a feature of the Windows operating system that allows a drive on one computer to be accessible to other computers on the same network.

NOTE: You must have a network set up in order to share an optical drive; see <u>Networking (select models only) on page 2</u> for additional information on setting up a network.

NOTE: Some discs, such as DVD movies and game discs, may be copy-protected and therefore unusable through DVD or CD drive sharing.

To share an optical drive:

- 1. From the computer with the optical drive you are sharing, select **Start > Computer**.
- 2. Right-click the optical drive you want to share, and click **Properties**.
- 3. Click the Sharing tab, and then click Advanced Sharing.
- 4. Select the Share this folder check box.
- 5. Type a name for the optical drive in the **Share name** text box.
- 6. Click **Apply**, and then click **OK**.
- 7. To view the shared optical drive, select Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center.

Using RAID (select models only)

Redundant Arrays of Independent Disks (RAID) technology allows a computer to use two or more hard disks at the same time. RAID treats multiple drives as one contiguous drive, either through hardware or software settings. If multiple disks are set up to work together in this fashion, they are referred to as a RAID array.

For additional information about RAID, see the *RAID User Guide* located in Help and Support or see the HP website at <u>http://www.hp.com/support</u>.

7 Security

Protecting the computer

Computer security is essential for protecting the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of your information. Standard security features provided by the Windows operating system, the non-Windows Computer Setup utility (BIOS), and other third-party software can protect your personal settings and data from a variety of risks, such as viruses, worms, and other types of malicious code.

NOTE: Security solutions are designed to act as deterrents. These deterrents may not prevent a product from being mishandled or stolen.

NOTE: Before you send your computer for service, back up and delete confidential files, and remove all password settings.

NOTE: Some features listed in this chapter may not be available on your computer.

NOTE: Your computer supports Computrace, which is an online security-based tracking and recovery service available in select regions. If the computer is stolen, Computrace can track the computer if the unauthorized user accesses the Internet. You must purchase the software and subscribe to the service in order to use Computrace. For information about ordering the Computrace software, go to the HP website at http://www.hpshopping.com.

If the computer is equipped with the following hardware and software, you can set the security level to balance the ease of use and the difficulty of breaching the security of the computer:

- If a webcam is installed or connected to the computer, and if the Face Recognition program is installed.
- If a fingerprint reader is installed or connected to the computer, and if HP Security Manager software is installed.

For more information, see the *HP ProtectTools Getting Started* guide or the HP ProtectTools Security Manager software Help.

Computer risk	Security feature
Unauthorized use of the computer	HP ProtectTools Security Manager (select models only), in combination with a password, smart card, contactless card, registered face scenes, registered fingerprints, or other authentication credential.
Unauthorized access to Computer Setup (f10)	BIOS administrator password in Computer Setup*
Unauthorized access to the contents of a hard drive	DriveLock password in Computer Setup*
Unauthorized startup from an optical drive, diskette drive, or internal network adapter	Boot options feature in Computer Setup*

Computer risk	Security feature
Unauthorized access to a Windows user account	Windows user password
Unauthorized access to data	 Firewall software Windows updates Drive Encryption for HP ProtectTools
Unauthorized access to Computer Setup settings and other system identification information	BIOS administrator password in Computer Setup*
Unauthorized removal of the computer	Security cable slot (used with an optional security cable)

*Computer Setup is a preinstalled, ROM-based utility that can be used even when the operating system is not working or will not load. You can use either a pointing device (TouchPad, pointing stick, or USB mouse) or the keyboard to navigate and make selections in Computer Setup.

Using passwords

A password is a group of characters that you choose to secure your computer information. Several types of passwords can be set, depending on how you want to control access to your information. Passwords can be set in Windows or in the non-Windows Computer Setup utility that is preinstalled on the computer.

- Setup and DriveLock passwords are set in Computer Setup and are managed by the system BIOS.
- The embedded security password, which is an HP ProtectTools Security Manager password, can be enabled in Computer Setup to provide BIOS password protection in addition to its normal HP ProtectTools functions. The embedded security password is used with the optional embedded security chip.
- Windows passwords are set only in the Windows operating system.
- You can use HP SpareKey to save your password on a USB drive. The password is encrypted, and if you forget the BIOS administrator password set in Computer Setup, you must answer security questions to reveal the password.
- The embedded security password, which can be enabled in Computer Setup, is used with the optional embedded security chip and HP ProtectTools Security Manager software.

You can use the same password for a Computer Setup feature and for a Windows security feature. You can also use the same password for more than one Computer Setup feature.

Use the following tips for creating and saving passwords:

- When creating passwords, follow requirements set by the program.
- Write down your passwords and store them in a secure place away from the computer.
- Do not store passwords in a file on the computer.

The following tables list commonly used passwords and describe their functions.

Setting passwords in Windows

Password	Function
Administrator password*	Protects access to a Windows administrator-level account.
	NOTE: This password cannot be used to access Computer Setup contents.
User password*	Protects access to a Windows user account.

*For information about setting a Windows administrator password or a Windows user password, select **Start > Help and Support**.

Setting passwords in Computer Setup

Password	Function
BIOS administrator password*	Protects access to Computer Setup.
DriveLock master password*	Protects access to the internal hard drive that is protected by DriveLock. It is also used to remove DriveLock protection. This password is set under DriveLock Passwords during the enable process.
DriveLock user password*	Protects access to the internal hard drive that is protected by DriveLock, and is set under DriveLock Passwords during the enable process.
TPM embedded security password (select models only)	The embedded security password, which is an HP ProtectTools Security Manager password, can be enabled in Computer Setup to provide BIOS password protection in addition to its normal HP ProtectTools functions. The embedded security password is used with the optional integrated Trusted Platform Module (TPM) embedded security chip that enhances and enables other HP ProtectTools Security Manager security features.
	This password requires the optional embedded security chip to support this security feature.

*For details about each of these passwords, see the following topics.

Managing a BIOS administrator password

To set, change, or delete this password, follow these steps:

Setting a new BIOS administrator password

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f10 to enter Computer Setup.
- Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select Security > Setup BIOS Administrator Password, and then press enter.
- 4. When prompted, type a password.
- 5. When prompted, type the new password again to confirm.
- 6. To save your changes and exit Computer Setup, click the **Save** icon in the lower-left corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Use the arrow keys to select **File > Save Changes and Exit**, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

Changing a BIOS administrator password

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f10 to enter Computer Setup.
- Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select Security > Change Password, and then press enter.
- 4. When prompted, type your current password.
- 5. When prompted, type your new password again to confirm.
- 6. To save your changes and exit Computer Setup, click the **Save** icon in the lower-left corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Use the arrow keys to select **File > Save Changes and Exit**, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

Deleting a BIOS administrator password

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f10 to enter Computer Setup.
- Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select Security > Change Password, and then press enter.
- 4. When prompted, type your current password.
- 5. When prompted for the new password, leave the field empty, and then press enter.
- 6. Read the warning. To continue, select **YES**.
- 7. When prompted to type your new password again, leave the field empty, and then press enter.
- To save your changes and exit Computer Setup, click the Save icon in the lower-left corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
 - or –

Use the arrow keys to select **File > Save Changes and Exit**, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

Entering a BIOS administrator password

At the **BIOS** administrator password prompt, type your password (using the same kind of keys you used to set the password), and then press enter. After 3 unsuccessful attempts to enter the BIOS administrator password, you must restart the computer and try again.

Managing a DriveLock password

To set, change, or delete a DriveLock password in Computer Setup, follow these steps:

- Turn on the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f10 to enter Computer Setup.
- Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select Security > DriveLock Password, and then press follow the on-screen instructions.
- 4. To confirm DriveLock protection on the drive you have selected, type DriveLock in the confirmation field, and then press enter.

NOTE: The DriveLock confirmation is case sensitive.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

Using Computer Setup Automatic DriveLock

In a multiple-user environment, you can set an Automatic DriveLock password. When the Automatic DriveLock password is enabled, a random user password and a DriveLock master password will be created for you. When any user passes the password credential, the same random user and DriveLock master password will be used to unlock the drive.

NOTE: You must have a BIOS administrator password before you can access the Automatic DriveLock features.

Entering an Automatic DriveLock password

To enable an Automatic DriveLock password in Computer Setup, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f10 to enter Computer Setup.
- Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select Security > Automatic DriveLock, and then press enter.
- 4. Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select an internal hard drive, and then press enter.
- 5. Read the warning. To continue, select **YES**.
- 6. To save your changes and exit Computer Setup, click the **Save** icon in the lower-left corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Use the arrow keys to select File > Save Changes and Exit, and then press enter.

Removing Automatic DriveLock protection

To remove DriveLock protection in Computer Setup, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f10 to enter Computer Setup.
- Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select Security > Automatic DriveLock, and then press enter.
- 4. Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select an internal hard drive, and then press enter.
- 5. Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select **Disable protection**.
- 6. To save your changes and exit Computer Setup, click the **Save** icon in the lower-left corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Use the arrow keys to select File > Save Changes and Exit, and then press enter.

Using the fingerprint reader (select models only)

Integrated fingerprint readers are available on select computer models. In order to use the fingerprint reader, you must set up a user account with a Windows password on the computer. This account allows you to log on to your computer with a swipe of a designated finger. You may also use the fingerprint reader to fill in password fields on Web sites and other programs that require a logon. See the HP ProtectTools software Help for instructions.

After you create your fingerprint identity, you can set up a Single Sign On service that allows you to use your fingerprint reader to create credentials for any application that requires a user name and password.

For the location of the fingerprint reader on your computer, see "Getting to Know Your Computer".

Using Internet security software

When you use the computer to access email, a network, or the Internet, you potentially expose the computer to computer viruses, spyware, and other malicious attacks that can disable the operating system, programs, or utilities, or cause them to function abnormally.

Using antivirus software

Antivirus software can detect most viruses, destroy them, and, in most cases, repair any damage they have caused. To provide ongoing protection against newly discovered viruses, antivirus software must be kept up to date.

An antivirus program such as Microsoft Security Essentials® may be preinstalled on your computer. This software runs quietly and efficiently in the background so you don't have to worry about interruptions or reminders to upgrade your software. As new threats are posed, your antivirus software will automatically be updated. You will only be alerted if specific actions are required.

For more information about computer viruses, type viruses in the Search box in Help and Support.

Using firewall software

Firewalls are designed to prevent unauthorized access to a system or network. A firewall can be a software program you install on your computer and/or network, or it can be a solution made up of both hardware and software.

There are two types of firewalls to consider:

- Host-based firewalls—Software that protects only the computer it is installed on.
- Network-based firewalls—Installed between your DSL or cable modem and your home network to protect all the computers on the network.

When a firewall is installed on a system, all data sent to and from the system is monitored and compared with a set of user-defined security criteria. Any data that does not meet those criteria is blocked.

Your computer or networking equipment may already have a firewall installed. If not, firewall software solutions are available.

NOTE: Under some circumstances a firewall can block access to Internet games, interfere with printer or file sharing on a network, or block authorized e-mail attachments. To temporarily resolve the problem, disable the firewall, perform the task that you want to perform, and then reenable the firewall. To permanently resolve the problem, reconfigure the firewall.

Installing critical security updates

▲ CAUTION: Microsoft® sends out alerts regarding critical updates. To protect the computer from security breaches and computer viruses, install all critical updates from Microsoft as soon as you receive an alert.

Updates to the operating system and other software may have become available after the computer left the factory. To be sure that all available updates are installed on the computer, observe these guidelines:

- Run Windows Update as soon as possible after you set up your computer.
- Run Windows Update monthly thereafter.
- Obtain updates to Windows and other Microsoft programs, as they are released, from the Microsoft website and through the updates link in Help and Support.

Using HP ProtectTools Security Manager (select models only)

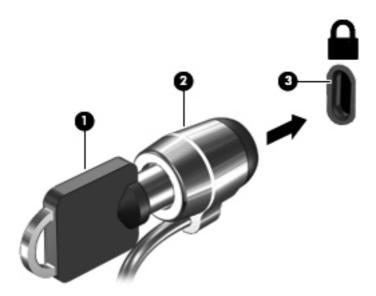
HP ProtectTools Security Manager software is preinstalled on select computer models. This software can be accessed through Windows Control Panel. It provides security features that help protect against unauthorized access to the computer, networks, and critical data. For more information, see the HP ProtectTools software Help.

Installing an optional security cable

NOTE: A security cable is designed to act as a deterrent, but it may not prevent the computer from being mishandled or stolen.

NOTE: The security cable slot on your computer may look slightly different from the illustration in this section. See the *Getting Started* guide for the location of the security cable slot on your computer.

- 1. Loop the security cable around a secured object.
- 2. Insert the key (1) into the cable lock (2).
- **3.** Insert the cable lock into the security cable slot on the computer **(3)**, and then lock the cable lock with the key.



8 Maintenance

Cleaning your computer

Cleaning products

Use the following products to safely clean and disinfect your computer:

- Dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride 0.3 percent maximum concentration (For example: germicidal disposable wipes. These wipes come in a variety of brand names.)
- Alcohol-free glass cleaning fluid
- Water with mild soap solution
- Dry microfiber cleaning cloth or a chamois (static-free cloth without oil)
- Static-free cloth wipes

▲ CAUTION: Avoid the following cleaning products:

Strong solvents, such as alcohol, acetone, ammonium chloride, methylene chloride, and hydrocarbons, which can permanently damage the surface of the computer.

Fibrous materials, such as paper towels, which can scratch the computer. Over time, dirt particles and cleaning agents can get trapped in the scratches.

Cleaning procedures

Follow the procedures in this section to safely clean your computer.

WARNING! To prevent electric shock or damage to components, do not attempt to clean your computer while it is turned on:

Turn off the computer.

Disconnect external power.

Disconnect all powered external devices.

CAUTION: Do not spray cleaning agents or liquids directly on any computer surface. Liquids dripped on the surface can permanently damage internal components.

Cleaning the display

Gently wipe the display using a soft, lint-free cloth moistened with an *alcohol-free* glass cleaner. Be sure that the display is dry before closing the display.

Cleaning the sides and cover

To clean and disinfect the sides and cover, use a soft microfiber cloth or chamois moistened with one of the cleaning solutions listed previously or use an acceptable germicidal disposable wipe.

CAUTION: When cleaning the TouchPad and keyboard, do not let liquids drip between the keys. This can permanently damage internal components.

NOTE: When cleaning the cover of the computer, use a circular motion to aid in removing dirt and debris.

- To clean and disinfect the TouchPad and keyboard, use a soft microfiber cloth or chamois moistened with one of the cleaning solutions listed previously or use an acceptable germicidal disposable wipe.
- To prevent keys from sticking and to remove dust, lint, and particles from the keyboard, use a can of compressed air with a straw extension.

WARNING! To reduce the risk of electric shock or damage to internal components, do not use a vacuum cleaner attachment to clean the keyboard. A vacuum cleaner can deposit household debris on the keyboard surface.

Updating programs and drivers

HP recommends that you update your programs and drivers on a regular basis with the latest versions. For U.S. support, go to <u>http://www.hp.com/go/contactHP</u>. For worldwide support, go to <u>http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/wwcontact_us.html</u>.

Using SoftPaq Download Manager

HP SoftPaq Download Manager (SDM) is a tool that provides quick access to SoftPaq information for HP business computers without requiring the SoftPaq number. Using this tool, you can easily search for SoftPaqs, and then download and unpack them.

SoftPaq Download Manager works by reading and downloading, from the HP FTP site, a published database file containing computer model and SoftPaq information. SoftPaq Download Manager allows you to specify one or more computer models to determine which SoftPaqs are available for download.

SoftPaq Download Manager checks the HP FTP site for updates to the database and software. If updates are found, they are downloaded and applied automatically.

SoftPaq Download Manager is available on the HP website. To use SoftPaq Download Manager to download SoftPaqs, you must first download and install the program. Go to the HP website at http://www.hp.com/go/sdm, and follow the instructions to download and install SoftPaq Download Manager.

To download SoftPaqs:

- 1. Open your Web browser. For U.S. support, go to <u>http://www.hp.com/go/contactHP</u>. For worldwide support, go to <u>http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/wwcontact_us.html</u>.
- 2. Select Start > All Programs > HP Help and Support > HP Software Setup.
- 3. Click the Check for Software Updates button.
- 4. When SoftPaq Download Manager opens for the first time, a window is displayed asking if you want to show only software for the computer you are using or to show the software for all supported models. Select Show software for all supported models. If you have used HP SoftPaq Download Manager previously, go to step 3.
 - **a.** Select your operating system and language filters in the Configuration Options window. The filters limit the number of options that are listed in the Product Catalog pane. For example, if only Windows 7 Professional is selected in the operating system filter, the only operating system that is displayed in the Product Catalog is Windows 7 Professional.
 - **b.** To add other operating systems, change the filter settings in the Configuration Options window. See the HP SoftPaq Download Manager software Help for more information.
- 5. In the left pane, click the plus sign (+) to expand the model list, and then select the model or models of the products you want to update.
- 6. Click **Find Available SoftPaqs** to download a list of available SoftPaqs for the selected computer.
- Select from the list of available SoftPaqs, and then click **Download Only** if you have many SoftPaqs to download, because the SoftPaq selection and Internet connection speed determine how long the download process will take.

If you want to download only one or two SoftPaqs and have a high-speed Internet connection, click **Download & Unpack**.

8. Right-click **Install SoftPaq** in the SoftPaq Download Manager software to install the selected SoftPaqs on the computer.

Using HP Software Setup utility

HP Software Setup utility is a tool that provides quick access to applications that are not already installed on the computer. HP Software Setup utility allows you to install hardware-enabling drivers and optional software applications. This tool can also be used to download any application updates using SoftPaq Download Manager.

To access HP Software Setup utility, select **Start > All Programs > HP Help and Support > HP Software Setup**.

9 Computer Setup (BIOS) and Advanced System Diagnostics

Using Computer Setup

Computer Setup, or Basic Input/Output System (BIOS), controls communication between all the input and output devices on the system (such as disk drives, display, keyboard, mouse, and printer). Computer Setup includes settings for the types of devices installed, the startup sequence of the computer, and the amount of system and extended memory.

NOTE: Use extreme care when making changes in Computer Setup. Errors can prevent the computer from operating properly.

Starting Computer Setup

NOTE: An external keyboard or mouse connected to a USB port can be used with Computer Setup only if USB legacy support is enabled.

To start Computer Setup, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f10 to enter Computer Setup.

Navigating and selecting in Computer Setup

To navigate and select in Computer Setup, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
 - To select a menu or a menu item, use the tab key and the keyboard arrow keys and then press enter, or use a pointing device to click the item.
 - To scroll up and down, click the up arrow or the down arrow in the upper-right corner of the screen, or use the up arrow key or the down arrow key.
 - To close open dialog boxes and return to the main Computer Setup screen, press esc, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

NOTE: You can use either a pointing device (TouchPad, pointing stick, or USB mouse) or the keyboard to navigate and make selections in Computer Setup.

2. Press f10 to enter Computer Setup.

To exit Computer Setup menus, choose one of the following methods:

• To exit Computer Setup menus without saving your changes:

Click the **Exit** icon in the lower-left corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Use the tab key and the arrow keys to select **File > Ignore Changes and Exit**, and then press enter.

• To save your changes and exit Computer Setup menus:

Click the **Save** icon in the lower-left corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Use the tab key and the arrow keys to select File > Save Changes and Exit, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

Restoring factory settings in Computer Setup

NOTE: Restoring defaults will not change the hard drive mode.

To return all settings in Computer Setup to the values that were set at the factory, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f10 to enter Computer Setup.
- 3. Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select **File > Restore Defaults**.
- 4. Follow the on-screen instructions.
- 5. To save your changes and exit, click the **Save** icon in the lower-left corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Use the arrow keys to select File > Save Changes and Exit, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

NOTE: Your password settings and security settings are not changed when you restore the factory settings.

Updating the BIOS

The next sections describe different ways of updating the BIOS.

Downloading SoftPags to update the BIOS

Most BIOS updates on the HP website are packaged in compressed files called SoftPaqs.

To install BIOS updates from the HP website, follow the steps below:

- 1. Download the *SoftPaq* from the HP website.
- 2. Click **Run**, and then follow the on-screen instructions to update the BIOS.

NOTE: Some download packages contain a file named Readme.txt, which contains information regarding installing and troubleshooting the file.

Creating a bootable USB flash drive using a SoftPaq

- 1. Download the SoftPaq from the HP website.
- 2. Click **Run**, and then click **Create Bootable USB key**.
- 3. Insert the USB flash drive for formatting, according to the on-screen instructions.
- 4. Turn the computer off and on.
- 5. The eROMpaq program runs. Click **Update**, and follow the on-screen instructions.

BIOS management using system diagnostics

1. Download the SoftPaq from the HP website.

NOTE: Verify that the UEFI system diagnostics is installed on your computer (or USB flash drive).

- 2. Click **Run**, and then click **Cancel** at the Update/USB bootable dialog box.
- 3. Navigate to the folder located in <u>c:\swsetup</u> that corresponds to your *SoftPaq* number.
- Locate the .bin file in the ROMpaq folder (for example, 68CDD.bin) and then copy it to the Hewlett-Packard\BIOS\New\ folder in either the HP_Tools partition of the hard drive, or the USB flash drive.
- 5. Locate the .sig file in the ROM.cab file and rename it with the same prefix as the .bin file (for example, 68CDD.sig). Copy the renamed file to the Hewlett-Packard\BIOS\New\ folder in either the HP_Tools partition of the hard drive, or the USB flash drive.
- 6. Restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 7. Press f2 to enter Computer Setup.
- 8. Click **BIOS Management** from the menu and then select **Update BIOS**.

Using f10 setup to update the BIOS

1. Download the SoftPaq from the HP website.

NOTE: Verify that the UEFI system diagnostics is installed on your computer (or USB flash drive).

- 2. Click **Run**, and then click **Cancel** at the Update/USB bootable dialog box.
- 3. Navigate to the folder located in <u>c:\swsetup</u> that corresponds to your *SoftPaq* number.
- Locate the .bin file in the ROMpaq folder (for example, 68CDD.bin) and then copy it to the Hewlett-Packard\BIOS\New\ folder in either the HP_Tools partition of the hard drive, or the USB flash drive.
- Locate the .sig file in the ROM.cab file and rename it with the same prefix as the .bin file (for example, 68CDD.sig). Copy the renamed file to the Hewlett-Packard\BIOS\New\ folder in either the HP_Tools partition of the hard drive, or the USB flash drive.
- Restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 7. Press f10 to enter Computer Setup.
- 8. Click **Update System BIOS**, and then click **Accept** to update the BIOS.

Determining the BIOS version

To determine whether available BIOS updates contain later BIOS versions than those currently installed on the computer, you need to know the version of the system BIOS currently installed.

BIOS version information (also known as *ROM date* and *System BIOS*) can be displayed by pressing fn+esc (if you are already in Windows) or by using Computer Setup.

- 1. Start Computer Setup.
- 2. Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select **File > System Information**.
- **3.** To exit Computer Setup without saving your changes, click the **Exit** icon in the lower-left corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Use the tab key and the arrow keys to select **File > Ignore Changes and Exit**, and then press enter.

Downloading a BIOS update

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of damage to the computer or an unsuccessful installation, download and install a BIOS update only when the computer is connected to reliable external power using the AC adapter. Do not download or install a BIOS update while the computer is running on battery power, docked in an optional docking device, or connected to an optional power source. During the download and installation, follow these instructions:

Do not disconnect power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the AC outlet.

Do not shut down the computer or initiate Sleep or Hibernation.

Do not insert, remove, connect, or disconnect any device, cable, or cord.

1. Select Start > Help and Support > Maintain.

- 2. Follow the on-screen instructions to identify your computer and access the BIOS update you want to download.
- 3. At the download area, follow these steps:
 - **a.** Identify the BIOS update that is later than the BIOS version currently installed on your computer. Make a note of the date, name, or other identifier. You may need this information to locate the update later, after it has been downloaded to your hard drive.
 - b. Follow the on-screen instructions to download your selection to the hard drive.

Make a note of the path to the location on your hard drive where the BIOS update is downloaded. You will need to access this path when you are ready to install the update.

NOTE: If you connect your computer to a network, consult the network administrator before installing any software updates, especially system BIOS updates.

BIOS installation procedures vary. Follow any instructions that are displayed on the screen after the download is complete. If no instructions are displayed, follow these steps:

- 1. Open Windows Explorer by selecting **Start > Computer**.
- 2. Double-click your hard drive designation. The hard drive designation is typically Local Disk (C:).
- 3. Using the hard drive path you recorded earlier, open the folder on your hard drive that contains the update.
- 4. Double-click the file that has an .exe extension (for example, *filename*.exe).

The BIOS installation begins.

5. Complete the installation by following the on-screen instructions.

NOTE: After a message on the screen reports a successful installation, you can delete the downloaded file from your hard drive.

BIOS Setup Menu

The tables in this section provide an overview of the BIOS Setup menu options.

Main menu

Select	To do this
System information	• View and change the system time and date.
	• View identification information about your computer.
	 View specification information about the processor, memory size, and system BIOS.

Security menu

Select	To do this
Administrator password	Control access to Setup Utility.
Power-on password	Control access to your computer.
TPM Status	Disable and enable (select models only).
TPM Operation	Select no operation and TPM status (select models only).

Diagnostics menu

Select	To do this
Primary Hard Disk Self Test	Run a quick or comprehensive self-test on the hard drive.
Memory Test	Run a diagnostic test on the system memory.

Using Advanced System Diagnostics

Advanced System Diagnostics allows you to run diagnostic tests to determine if the computer hardware is functioning properly. The following diagnostic tests are available in Advanced System Diagnostics:

- Start-up test—This test analyzes the main computer components that are required to start the computer.
- Run-in test—This test repeats the start-up test and checks for intermittent problems that the start-up test does not detect.
- System Tune-Up—This group of additional tests checks your computer to make sure that the main components are functioning correctly. System Tune-Up runs longer and more comprehensive tests on memory modules, hard drive SMART attributes, the hard drive surface, the battery (and battery calibration), video memory, and the WLAN module status.
- Hard disk test—This test analyzes the physical condition of the hard drive, and then checks all data in every sector of the hard drive. If the test detects a damaged sector, it attempts to move the data to a good sector.

- Memory test—This test analyzes the physical condition of the memory modules. If it reports an error, replace the memory modules immediately.
- Battery test—This test analyzes the condition of the battery and calibrates the battery if necessary. If the battery fails the test, contact support to report the issue and purchase a replacement battery.

You can view system information and error logs in the Advanced System Diagnostics window.

To start Advanced System Diagnostics:

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer. While the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed in the lower-left corner of the screen, press esc. When the Startup Menu is displayed, press f2.
- 2. Click the diagnostic test you want to run, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

NOTE: If you need to stop a diagnostics test while it is running, press esc.

10 MultiBoot

About the boot device order

As the computer starts, the system attempts to boot from enabled boot devices. The MultiBoot utility, which is enabled at the factory, controls the order in which the system selects a boot device. Boot devices can include optical drives, diskette drives, a network interface card (NIC), hard drives, and USB devices. Boot devices contain bootable media or files that the computer needs to start and operate properly.

NOTE: Some boot devices must be enabled in Computer Setup before they can be included in the boot order.

The factory setting is for the computer to select the boot device by searching enabled boot devices and drive bay locations in the following order:

NOTE: Some of the boot devices and drive bay locations listed may not be supported on your computer.

- Notebook upgrade bay
- Optical drive
- Notebook hard drive
- USB diskette drive
- USB CD-ROM
- USB hard drive
- Notebook Ethernet
- Secure Digital (SD) Memory Card
- Docking station upgrade bay
- External SATA drive

You can change the order in which the computer searches for a boot device by changing the boot order in Computer Setup. You can also press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen, and then press f9. Pressing f9 displays a menu that shows the current boot devices and allows you to select a boot device. Or, you can use MultiBoot Express to set the computer to prompt you for a boot location each time the computer turns on or restarts.

Enabling boot devices in Computer Setup

The computer will boot to a USB device or a NIC device only if the device has first been enabled in Computer Setup.

To start Computer Setup and enable a USB device or a NIC device as a boot device, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f10 to enter Computer Setup.
- To enable bootable media in USB drives or in drives inserted into an optional docking device (select models only), use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select System Configuration > Device Configurations. Confirm USB legacy support is selected.
- **NOTE:** The USB Port option must be enabled in order to use USB legacy support. It is enabled at the factory. If the port becomes disabled, reenable it by selecting **System Configuration > Port Options**, and then selecting **USB Port**.

– or –

To enable a NIC device, select **System Configuration > Boot Options**, and then select **PXE Internal NIC boot**.

4. To save your changes and exit Computer Setup, click the **Save** icon in the lower-left corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Use the arrow keys to select File > Save Changes and Exit, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

Considering boot order changes

Before changing the boot order, note the following considerations:

- When the computer restarts after the boot order has been changed, the computer attempts to start using the new boot order.
- If there is more than one type of boot device, the computer attempts to boot using the first device of each type of boot device (except for optical devices). For example, if the computer is connected to an optional docking device (select models only) that contains a hard drive, this hard drive will be shown in the boot order as a USB hard drive. If the system attempts to boot from this USB hard drive and fails, it will not attempt to boot to the hard drive in the hard drive bay. Instead, it will try to boot to the next type of device in the boot order. However, if there are two optical devices, and the first optical device does not boot (either because it does not contain media or the media is not a boot disc), the system will try to boot to the second optical device.

NOTE: To connect a NIC to a Preboot eXecution Environment (PXE) or Remote Program Load (RPL) server without using MultiBoot, press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen, and then quickly press f12.

- Changing the boot order also changes the logical drive designations. For example, if you start up from a CD-ROM drive with a disc formatted as drive C, that CD-ROM drive becomes drive C and the hard drive in the hard drive bay becomes drive D.
- The computer will boot from a NIC device only if the device has been enabled in the Built-In Device Options menu of Computer Setup and if booting from the device has been enabled in the Boot Options menu of Computer Setup. Booting from a NIC does not affect logical drive designations because no drive letter is associated with the NIC.
- Drives in an optional docking device (select models only) are treated like external USB devices in the boot order.

Choosing MultiBoot preferences

You can use MultiBoot in the following ways:

- To set a new boot order that the computer uses each time it is turned on, by changing the boot order in Computer Setup.
- To dynamically choose the boot device, by pressing esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen, and then pressing f9 to enter the Boot Device Options menu.
- To use MultiBoot Express to set variable boot orders. This feature prompts you for a boot device each time the computer is turned on or restarted.

Setting a new boot order in Computer Setup

To start Computer Setup and set a boot device order that the computer uses each time it is turned on or restarted, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f10 to enter Computer Setup.
- 3. Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select the Legacy Boot Order list, and then press enter.
- To move the device up in the boot order, use a pointing device to click the up arrow, or press the + key.

– or –

To move the device down in the boot order, use a pointing device to click the down arrow, or press the - key.

5. To save your changes and exit Computer Setup, click the **Save** icon in the lower-left corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Use the arrow keys to select File > Save Changes and Exit, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

Dynamically choosing a boot device using the f9 prompt

To dynamically choose a boot device for the current startup sequence, follow these steps:

- 1. Open the Select Boot Device menu by turning on or restarting the computer, and then pressing esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f9.
- 3. Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select a boot device, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect immediately.

Setting a MultiBoot Express prompt

To start Computer Setup and set the computer to display the MultiBoot startup location menu each time the computer is started or restarted, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 2. Press f10 to enter Computer Setup.
- 3. Use a pointing device or the arrow keys to select **System Configuration > Boot Options**, and then press enter.
- 4. In the Multiboot Express Popup Delay (Sec) field, enter the length of time in seconds that you want the computer to display the startup location menu before it defaults to the current MultiBoot setting. (When 0 is selected, the Express Boot startup location menu is not displayed.)
- 5. To save your changes and exit Computer Setup, click the **Save** icon in the lower-left corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Use the arrow keys to select File > Save Changes and Exit, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

Entering MultiBoot Express preferences

When the Express Boot menu is displayed during startup, you have the following choices:

- To specify a boot device from the Express Boot menu, select your preference within the allotted time, and then press enter.
- To prevent the computer from defaulting to the current MultiBoot setting, press any key before the allotted time expires. The computer will not start until you select a boot device and press enter.
- To allow the computer to start according to the current MultiBoot settings, wait for the allotted time to expire.

A Traveling with the computer

If you have to travel with or ship your computer, here are some tips to keep in mind to keep your equipment safe.

- Prepare the computer for traveling or shipping:
 - Back up your information to an external drive.
 - Remove all discs and all external media cards, such as digital cards from the computer.

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of damage to the computer, damage to a drive, or loss of information, remove the media from a drive before shipping, storing, or traveling with a drive.

- Turn off and then disconnect all external devices.
- Remove any media from the drive before removing the drive from a drive bay.

CAUTION: Perform this action before shipping, storing, or traveling with a drive. This will help reduce the risk of damage to the computer, damage to a drive, or loss of information.

- Shut down the computer.
- Take along a backup of your information. Keep the backup separate from the computer.
- When traveling by air, carry the computer as hand luggage; do not check it in with the rest of your bags.
- ▲ CAUTION: Avoid exposing a drive to magnetic fields. Security devices with magnetic fields include airport walk-through devices and security wands. Airport conveyer belts and similar security devices that check carry-on baggage use X-rays instead of magnetism and do not damage drives.
- If you plan to use the computer during a flight, listen for the in-flight announcement that tells you when you are allowed to use your computer. In-flight computer use is at the discretion of the airline.
- If the computer will be unused and disconnected from external power for more than 2 weeks, remove the battery and store it separately if the computer contains a user-replaceable battery.

- If you are shipping the computer or a drive, use suitable protective packaging and label the package "FRAGILE."
- If you are traveling internationally, follow these suggestions:
 - Check the computer-related customs regulations for each country or region on your itinerary.
 - Check the power cord and adapter requirements for each location in which you plan to use the computer. Voltage, frequency, and plug configurations vary.

WARNING! To reduce the risk of electric shock, fire, or damage to the equipment, do not attempt to power the computer with a voltage converter kit sold for appliances.

B Troubleshooting resources

 Access website links and additional information about the computer through Help and Support. Select Start > Help and Support.

NOTE: Some checkup and repair tools require an Internet connection. HP also provides additional tools that do not require an Internet connection.

 Contact support. For U.S. support, go to <u>http://www.hp.com/go/contactHP</u>. For worldwide support, go to <u>http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/wwcontact_us.html</u>.

Choose from the following types of support:

• Chat online with an HP technician.

NOTE: When chat is not available in a particular language, it is available in English.

- E-mail support.
- Find support telephone numbers.
- Locate an HP service center.

C Electrostatic discharge

Electrostatic discharge is the release of static electricity when two objects come into contact—for example, the shock you receive when you walk across the carpet and touch a metal door knob.

A discharge of static electricity from fingers or other electrostatic conductors may damage electronic components. To prevent damage to the computer, damage to a drive, or loss of information, observe these precautions:

- If removal or installation instructions direct you to unplug the computer, unplug it after being properly grounded and before removing a cover.
- Keep components in their electrostatic-safe containers until you are ready to install them.
- Avoid touching pins, leads, and circuitry. Handle electronic components as little as possible.
- Use nonmagnetic tools.
- Before handling components, discharge static electricity by touching an unpainted metal surface of the component.
- If you remove a component, place it in an electrostatic-safe container.

If you need more information about static electricity or assistance with component removal or installation, contact support.

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