



# Hardware Reference Guide

HP ProDesk 490 G2 Microtower

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### **Product notice**

This guide describes features that are common to most models. Some features may not be available on your computer.

Not all features are available in all editions of Windows 8. This computer may require upgraded and/or separately purchased hardware, drivers and/or software to take full advantage of Windows 8 functionality. See <http://www.microsoft.com> for details.

This computer may require upgraded and/or separately purchased hardware and/or a DVD drive to install the Windows 7 software and take full advantage of Windows 7 functionality. See <http://windows.microsoft.com/en-us/windows7/get-know-windows-7> for details.

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For any further information or to request a full refund of the computer, please contact your local point of sale (the seller).

## About This Book

This guide provides basic information for upgrading the HP ProDesk Business PC.

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 **WARNING!** Text set off in this manner indicates that failure to follow directions could result in bodily harm or loss of life.

 **CAUTION:** Text set off in this manner indicates that failure to follow directions could result in damage to equipment or loss of information.

 **NOTE:** Text set off in this manner provides important supplemental information.

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# 1 Product features

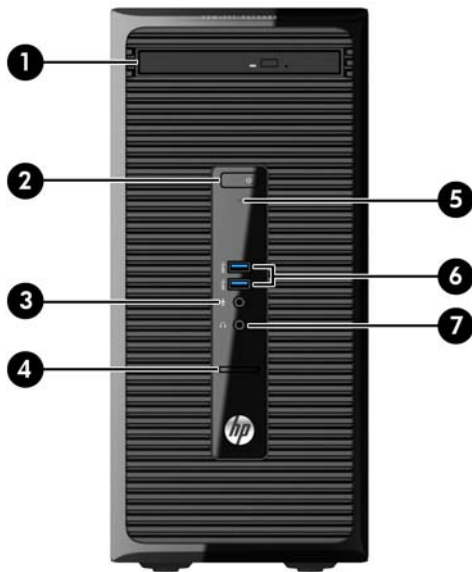
## Standard configuration features

Features may vary depending on the model. For support assistance and to learn more about the hardware and software installed on your computer model, run the HP Support Assistant utility.



## Front panel components

Drive configuration may vary by model. Some models have a bezel blank covering the optical drive bay.

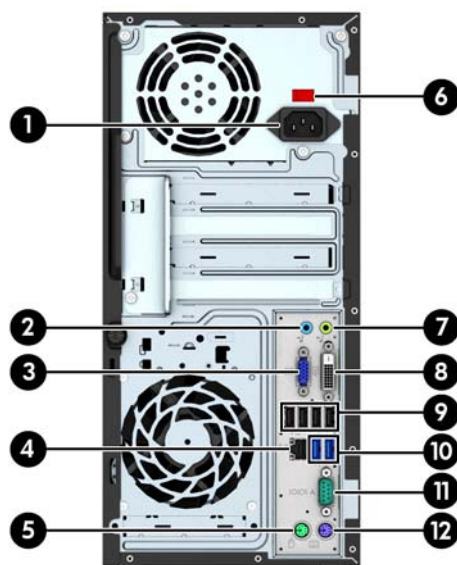












1	Slim Optical Drive (optional)	5	Hard Drive Activity Light
2	Dual-State Power Button	6	USB 3.0 Ports (blue)
3	Microphone Connector	7	Headphone Connector
4	SD Card Reader		

**NOTE:** The Power On Light is normally white when the power is on. If it is flashing red, there is a problem with the computer and it is displaying a diagnostic code. Refer to the *Maintenance and Service Guide* to interpret the code.



## Rear panel components



1	Power Cord Connector	7	 Line-Out Connector for powered audio devices (green)
2	 Line-In Audio Connector (blue)	8	 DVI-D Monitor Connector
3	 VGA Monitor Connector	9	 USB 2.0 Ports (black)
4	 RJ-45 Network Connector	10	 USB 3.0 Ports (blue)
5	 PS/2 Mouse Connector (green)	11	 Serial Connector
6	Voltage Select Switch (included on some models only)	12	 PS/2 Keyboard Connector (purple)

**NOTE:** An optional second serial port and an optional parallel port are available from HP. Some models have an optional DisplayPort on the rear panel.

When a graphics card is installed in one of the system board slots, the video connectors on the graphics card and the integrated graphics on the system board may be used at the same time. However, for such a configuration, only the display connected to the discrete graphics card will display POST messages.

The system board graphics can be disabled by changing settings in Computer Setup.

## Serial number location

Each computer has a unique serial number and a product ID number that are located on the exterior of the computer. Keep these numbers available for use when contacting customer service for assistance.



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## 2 Hardware upgrades

### Serviceability features

The computer includes features that make it easy to upgrade and service. A Torx T15 or flathead screwdriver is needed for many of the installation procedures described in this chapter.

### Warnings and cautions

Before performing upgrades be sure to carefully read all of the applicable instructions, cautions, and warnings in this guide.

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**⚠ WARNING!** To reduce the risk of personal injury from electrical shock, hot surfaces, or fire:

Disconnect the power cord from the wall outlet and allow the internal system components to cool before touching.

Do not plug telecommunications or telephone connectors into the network interface controller (NIC) receptacles.

Do not disable the power cord grounding plug. The grounding plug is an important safety feature.

Plug the power cord in a grounded (earthed) outlet that is easily accessible at all times.

To reduce the risk of serious injury, read the *Safety & Comfort Guide*. It describes proper workstation, setup, posture, and health and work habits for computer users, and provides important electrical and mechanical safety information. This guide is located on the Web at <http://www.hp.com/ergo>.

**⚠ WARNING!** Energized and moving parts inside.

Disconnect power to the equipment before removing the enclosure.

Replace and secure the enclosure before re-energizing the equipment.

**⚠ CAUTION:** Static electricity can damage the electrical components of the computer or optional equipment. Before beginning these procedures, ensure that you are discharged of static electricity by briefly touching a grounded metal object. See [Electrostatic discharge on page 38](#) for more information.

When the computer is plugged into an AC power source, voltage is always applied to the system board. You must disconnect the power cord from the power source before opening the computer to prevent damage to internal components.

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## Removing the computer access panel

To access internal components, you must remove the access panel:

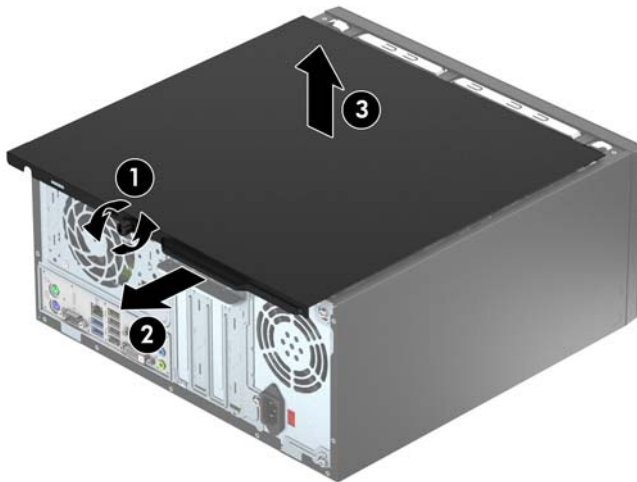
1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs or USB flash drives, from the computer.
3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, then turn off any external devices.
4. Disconnect the power cord from the power outlet and disconnect any external devices.

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**⚠ CAUTION:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. You must disconnect the power cord to avoid damage to the internal components of the computer.

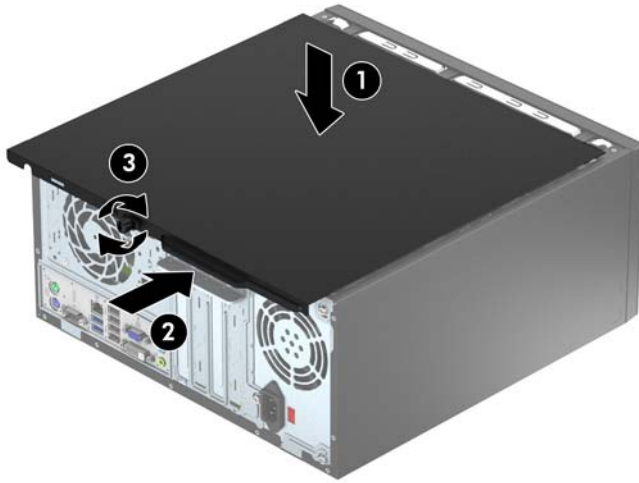
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5. Loosen the thumbscrew on the rear of the computer (1) then slide the panel back (2) and lift it off the computer (3).



## Replacing the computer access panel

Place the panel on the computer (1) then slide it forward (2) and tighten the thumbscrew (3) to secure the panel in place.

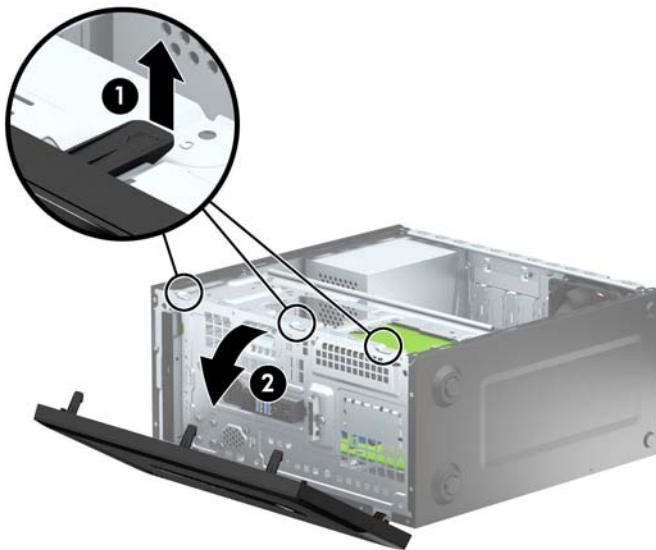


## Removing the front bezel

1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs or USB flash drives, from the computer.
3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, then turn off any external devices.
4. Disconnect the power cord from the power outlet and disconnect any external devices.

**⚠ CAUTION:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. You must disconnect the power cord to avoid damage to the internal components of the computer.

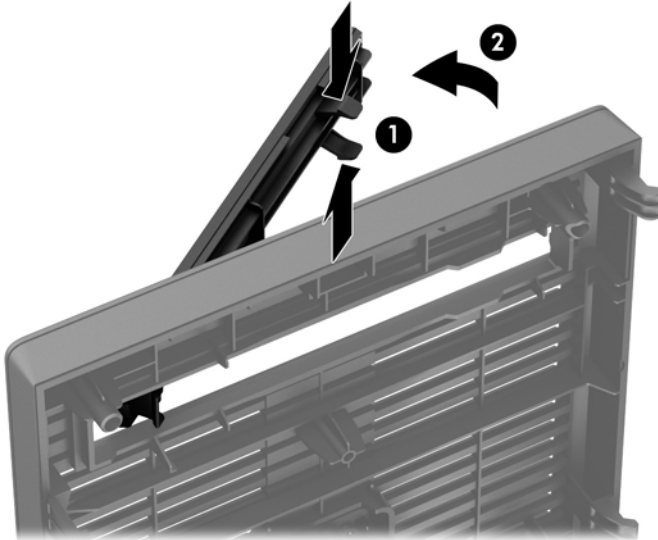
5. Remove the computer access panel.
6. Lift up the three tabs on the side of the bezel (1), then rotate the bezel off the chassis (2).



## Removing an optical drive bezel blank

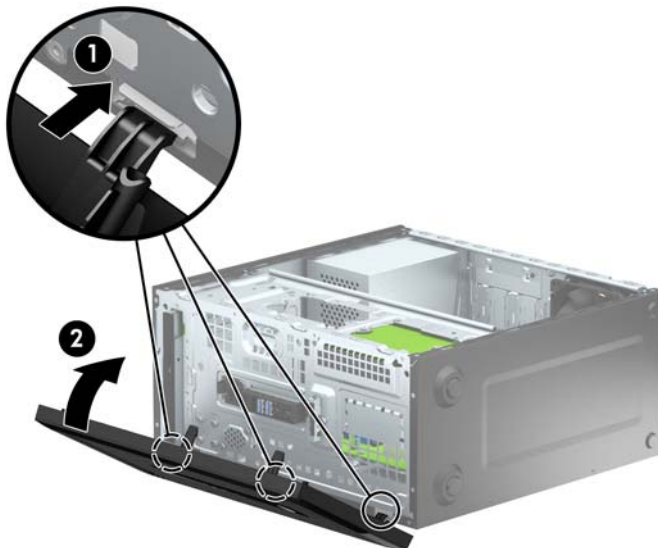
On some models, there is a bezel blank covering the slim optical drive bay. Remove the bezel blank before installing an optical drive. To remove the bezel blank:

1. Remove the access panel and front bezel.
2. To remove the bezel blank, press upward on the bottom tab and press downward on the top tab on the right side of the blank (1), and then rotate the blank off the front of the bezel (2).



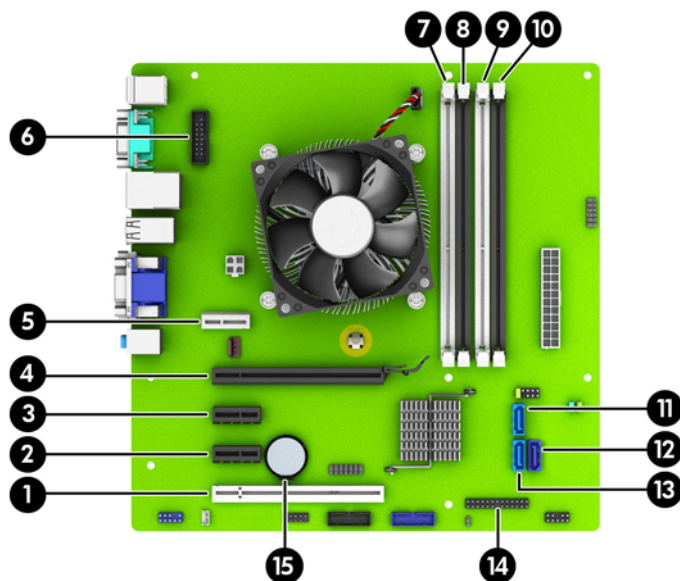
## Replacing the front bezel

Insert the three hooks on the bottom edge of the bezel into the rectangular holes on the chassis (1) then rotate the top side of the bezel onto the chassis (2) and snap it into place.



## System board connections

Refer to the following illustration and table to identify the system board connectors for your model.



No.	System Board Connector	System Board Label	Color	Component
1	PCI Express x16 downshifted to a x4	X4PCIEXP	white	Expansion Card
2	PCI Express x1	X1PCIEXP2	black	Expansion Card
3	PCI Express x1	X1PCIEXP1	black	Expansion Card
4	PCI Express x16	X16PCIEXP	black	Expansion Card
5	DisplayPort	DISPLAY	white	Optional DisplayPort Expansion Card
6	Serial Port	COMB	black	Optional Second Serial Port
7	DIMM4 (Channel A)	DIMM4	white	Memory Module
8	DIMM3 (Channel A)	DIMM3	black	Memory Module
9	DIMM2 (Channel B)	DIMM2	white	Memory Module
10	DIMM1 (Channel B)	DIMM1	black	Memory Module
11	SATA 3.0	SATA4	light blue	Any SATA Device other than the Primary Hard Drive
12	SATA 3.0	SATA0	dark blue	Primary Hard Drive
13	SATA 3.0	SATA1	light blue	Any SATA Device other than the Primary Hard Drive
14	Parallel Port	PAR	black	Optional Parallel Port
15	Battery	BAT	black	Battery



# Installing additional memory

The computer comes with double data rate 3 synchronous dynamic random access memory (DDR3-SDRAM) dual inline memory modules (DIMMs).

## DIMMs

The memory sockets on the system board can be populated with up to four industry-standard DIMMs. These memory sockets are populated with at least one preinstalled DIMM. To achieve the maximum memory support, you can populate the system board with up to 32-GB of memory configured in a high-performing dual channel mode.

## DDR3-SDRAM DIMMs

For proper system operation, the DDR3-SDRAM DIMMs must be:

- industry-standard 240-pin
- unbuffered non-ECC PC3-12800 DDR3-1600 MHz-compliant
- 1.5 volt DDR3-SDRAM DIMMs

The DDR3-SDRAM DIMMs must also:

- support CAS latency 11 DDR3 1600 MHz (11-11-11 timing)
- contain the mandatory JEDEC SPD information

In addition, the computer supports:

- 512-Mbit, 1-Gbit, and 2-Gbit non-ECC memory technologies
- single-sided and double-sided DIMMs
- DIMMs constructed with x8 and x16 DDR devices; DIMMs constructed with x4 SDRAM are not supported



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**NOTE:** The system will not operate properly if you install unsupported DIMMs.

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## Populating DIMM sockets

There are four DIMM sockets on the system board, with two sockets per channel. The sockets are labeled DIMM1, DIMM2, DIMM3, and DIMM4. Sockets DIMM1 and DIMM2 operate in memory channel B. Sockets DIMM3 and DIMM4 operate in memory channel A.

The system will automatically operate in single channel mode, dual channel mode, or flex mode, depending on how the DIMMs are installed.



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**NOTE:** Single channel and unbalanced dual channel memory configurations will result in inferior graphics performance.

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- The system will operate in single channel mode if the DIMM sockets are populated in one channel only.
- The system will operate in a higher-performing dual channel mode if the total memory capacity of the DIMMs in Channel A is equal to the total memory capacity of the DIMMs in Channel B. The technology and device width can vary between the channels. For example, if Channel A is populated with two 1-GB DIMMs and Channel B is populated with one 2-GB DIMM, the system will operate in dual channel mode.

- The system will operate in flex mode if the total memory capacity of the DIMMs in Channel A is not equal to the total memory capacity of the DIMMs in Channel B. In flex mode, the channel populated with the least amount of memory describes the total amount of memory assigned to dual channel and the remainder is assigned to single channel. For optimal speed, the channels should be balanced so that the largest amount of memory is spread between the two channels. If one channel will have more memory than the other, the larger amount should be assigned to Channel A. For example, if you are populating the sockets with one 2-GB DIMM, and three 1-GB DIMMs, Channel A should be populated with the 2-GB DIMM and one 1-GB DIMM, and Channel B should be populated with the other two 1-GB DIMMs. With this configuration, 4-GB will run as dual channel and 1-GB will run as single channel.
- In any mode, the maximum operational speed is determined by the slowest DIMM in the system.

## Installing DIMMs

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**⚠ CAUTION:** You must disconnect the power cord and wait approximately 30 seconds for the power to drain before adding or removing memory modules. Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always supplied to the memory modules as long as the computer is plugged into an active AC outlet. Adding or removing memory modules while voltage is present may cause irreparable damage to the memory modules or system board.

The memory module sockets have gold-plated metal contacts. When upgrading the memory, it is important to use memory modules with gold-plated metal contacts to prevent corrosion and/or oxidation resulting from having incompatible metals in contact with each other.

Static electricity can damage the electronic components of the computer or optional cards. Before beginning these procedures, ensure that you are discharged of static electricity by briefly touching a grounded metal object. For more information, refer to [Electrostatic discharge on page 38](#).

When handling a memory module, be careful not to touch any of the contacts. Doing so may damage the module.

- 
1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
  2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs or USB flash drives, from the computer.
  3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, then turn off any external devices.
  4. Disconnect the power cord from the power outlet and disconnect any external devices.

---

**⚠ CAUTION:** You must disconnect the power cord and wait approximately 30 seconds for the power to drain before adding or removing memory modules. Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always supplied to the memory modules as long as the computer is plugged into an active AC outlet. Adding or removing memory modules while voltage is present may cause irreparable damage to the memory modules or system board.

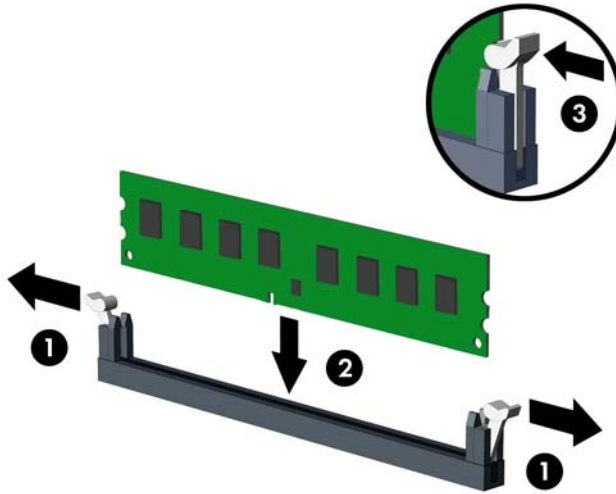
- 
5. Remove the computer access panel.

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**⚠ WARNING!** To reduce risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the internal system components to cool before touching.

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6. Open both latches of the memory module socket (1), and insert the memory module into the socket (2).



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 **NOTE:** A memory module can be installed in only one way. Match the notch on the module with the tab on the memory socket.

Populate the black DIMM sockets before the white DIMM sockets.

For maximum performance, populate the sockets so that the memory capacity is spread as equally as possible between Channel A and Channel B. Refer to [Populating DIMM sockets on page 11](#) for more information.


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7. Push the module down into the socket, ensuring that the module is fully inserted and properly seated. Make sure the latches are in the closed position (3).
8. Repeat steps 6 and 7 to install any additional modules.
9. Replace the computer access panel.
10. Reconnect the power cord and turn on the computer.
11. Lock any security devices that were disengaged when the access panel was removed.

The computer should automatically recognize the additional memory the next time you turn on the computer.

## Removing or installing an expansion card


The computer has two PCI Express x1 expansion slots, one PCI Express x16 expansion slot, and one PCI Express x16 expansion slot that is downshifted to a x4 slot.

 **NOTE:** You can install a PCI Express x1, x8, or x16 expansion card in the PCI Express x16 slot.

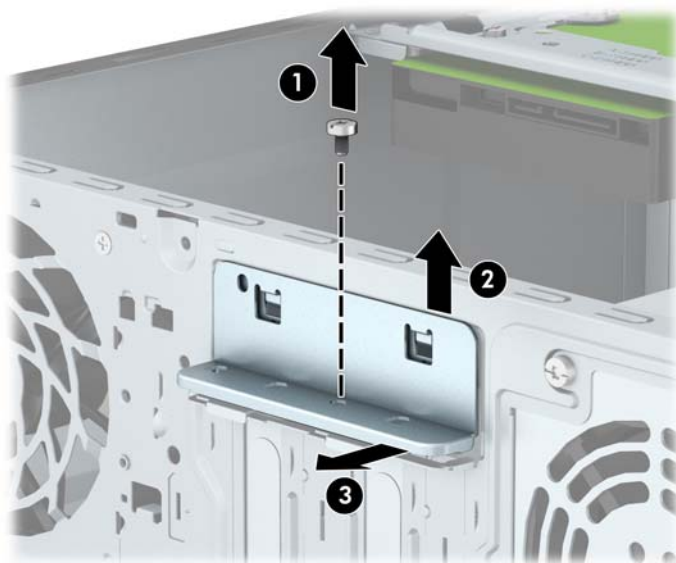
For dual graphics card configurations, the first (primary) card must be installed in the PCI Express x16 slot that is NOT downshifted to a x4.

To remove, replace, or add an expansion card:


1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs or USB flash drives, from the computer.
3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, then turn off any external devices.
4. Disconnect the power cord from the power outlet and disconnect any external devices.

 **CAUTION:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. You must disconnect the power cord to avoid damage to the internal components of the computer.

5. Remove the computer access panel.
6. Remove the screw that holds down the expansion card retention latch (1) then slide the latch up (2) and pull it off the rear of the chassis (3).

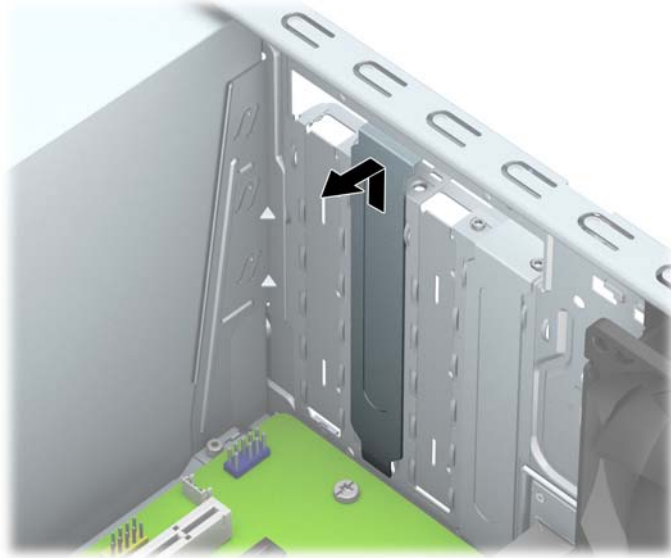


7. Locate the correct vacant expansion socket on the system board and the corresponding expansion slot on the back of the computer chassis.
8. Before installing an expansion card, remove the expansion slot cover or the existing expansion card.

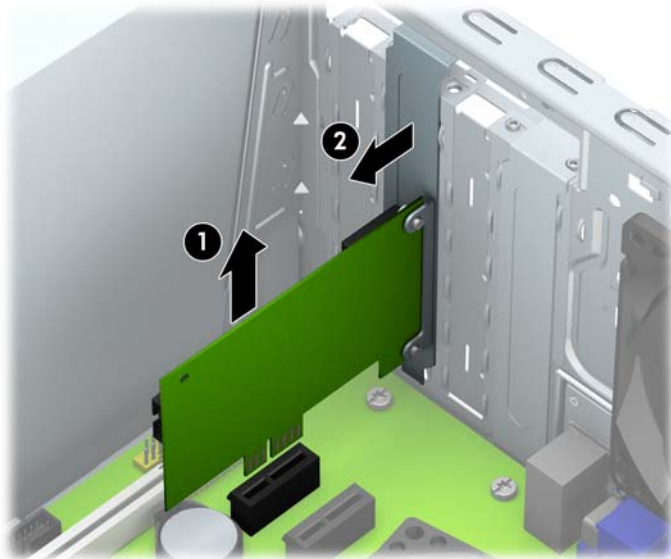
 **NOTE:** Before removing an installed expansion card, disconnect any cables that may be attached to the expansion card.

- a. If you are installing an expansion card in a vacant socket, you must slide one of the expansion slot covers up and out of the chassis or use a flatblade screwdriver to pry out

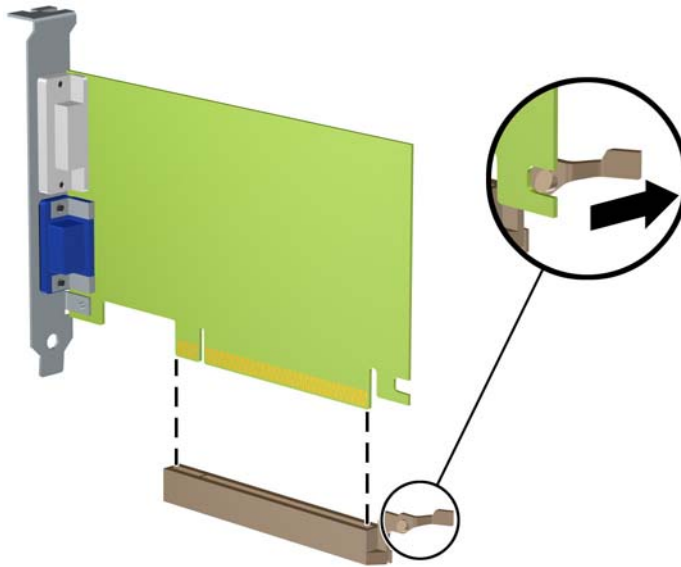
one of the metal shields on the rear panel that covers the expansion slot. Be sure to remove the appropriate shield for the expansion card you are installing.



- b. If you are removing a PCI Express x1 card, hold the card at each end and carefully rock it back and forth until the connectors pull free from the socket. Lift the card straight up (1) then away from the inside of the chassis (2) to remove it. Be sure not to scrape the card against other components.



- c. If you are removing a PCI Express x16 card, pull the retention arm on the back of the expansion socket away from the card and carefully rock the card back and forth until the connectors pull free from the socket. Lift the card straight up then away from the inside of the chassis to remove it. Be sure not to scrape the card against other components.



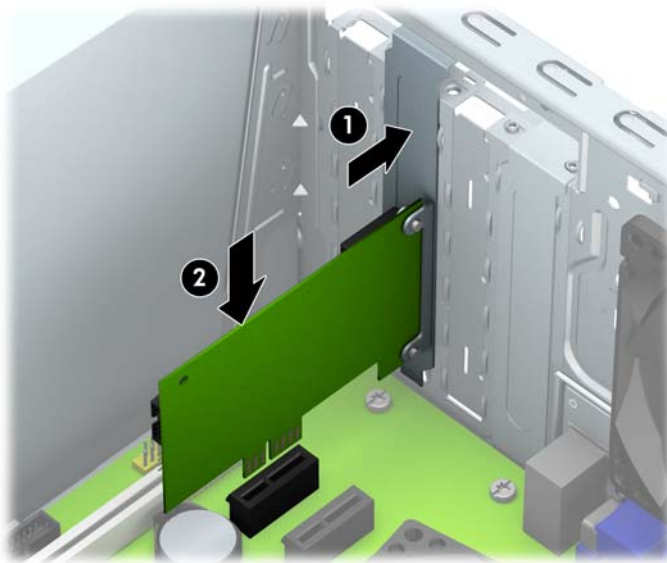
9. Store the removed card in anti-static packaging.
10. If you are not installing a new expansion card, install an expansion slot cover to close the open slot.


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**⚠ CAUTION:** After removing an expansion card, you must replace it with a new card or expansion slot cover for proper cooling of internal components during operation.

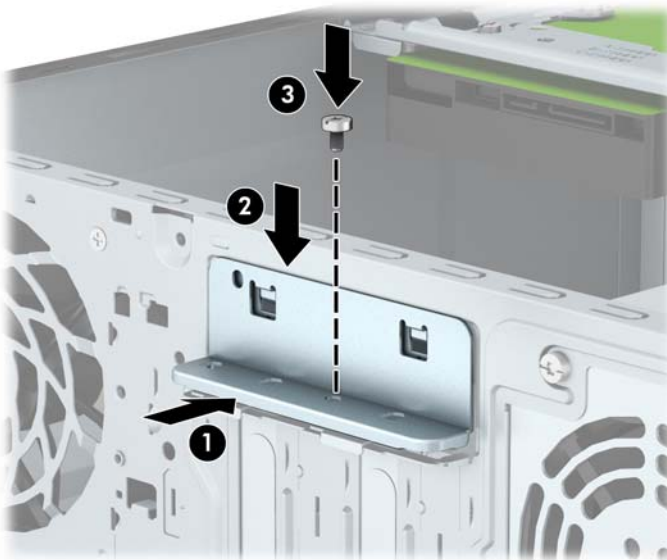
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11. To install a new expansion card, hold the card just above the expansion socket on the system board then move the card toward the rear of the chassis (1) so that the bottom of the bracket on the card slides into the small slot on the chassis. Press the card straight down into the expansion socket on the system board (2).



 **NOTE:** When installing an expansion card, press firmly on the card so that the whole connector seats properly in the expansion card slot.

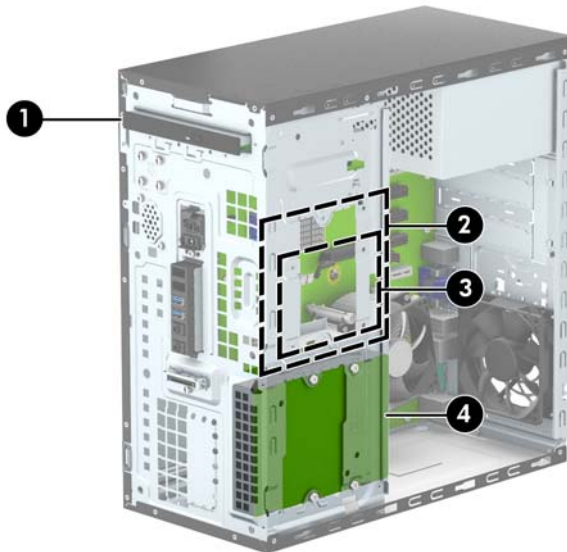
12. Press the expansion card retention latch against the back of the chassis (1) and slide it down (2) so that the tabs on the back of the latch slide into the notches on the chassis and then replace the screw that secures the latch (3).



13. Connect external cables to the installed card, if needed. Connect internal cables to the system board, if needed.
14. Replace the computer access panel.
15. Reconnect the power cord and turn on the computer.

16. Lock any security devices that were disengaged when the computer access panel was removed.
17. Reconfigure the computer, if necessary.

## Drive positions



- 
- |   |                                  |
|---|----------------------------------|
| 1 | Slim optical drive bay           |
| 2 | 3.5-inch internal hard drive bay |
| 3 | 2.5-inch internal hard drive bay |
| 4 | 3.5-inch internal hard drive bay |
- 

**NOTE:** The drive configuration on your computer may be different than the drive configuration shown above.

**NOTE:** The upper hard drive bay can contain either a 3.5-inch hard drive or a 2.5-inch hard drive, but not both.

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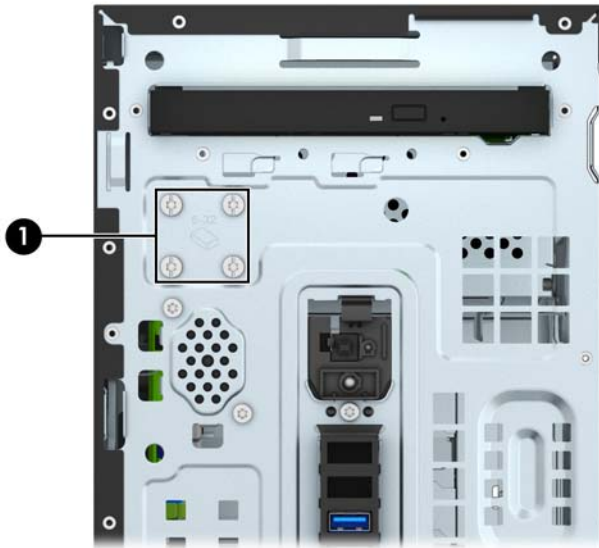
To verify the type and size of the storage devices installed in the computer, run Computer Setup.



## Removing and Installing drives

When installing drives, follow these guidelines:

- The primary Serial ATA (SATA) hard drive must be connected to the dark blue primary SATA connector on the system board labeled SATA0.
- Connect secondary hard drives and optical drives to one of the light blue SATA connectors on the system board (labeled SATA1 and SATA4).
- HP has provided four extra 6-32 hard drive mounting screws installed on the front of the chassis behind the bezel (1). The mounting screws are required for 3.5-inch and 2.5-inch hard drives installed in the hard drive bays. If you are replacing a drive, remove the mounting screws from the old drive and install them in the new drive.



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**⚠ CAUTION:** To prevent loss of work and damage to the computer or drive:

If you are inserting or removing a drive, shut down the operating system properly, turn off the computer, and unplug the power cord. Do not remove a drive while the computer is on or in standby mode.

Before handling a drive, ensure that you are discharged of static electricity. While handling a drive, avoid touching the connector. For more information about preventing electrostatic damage, refer to [Electrostatic discharge on page 38](#).

Handle a drive carefully; do not drop it.

Do not use excessive force when inserting a drive.

Avoid exposing a hard drive to liquids, temperature extremes, or products that have magnetic fields such as monitors or speakers.

If a drive must be mailed, place the drive in a bubble-pack mailer or other protective packaging and label the package "Fragile: Handle With Care."

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## Removing a slim optical drive

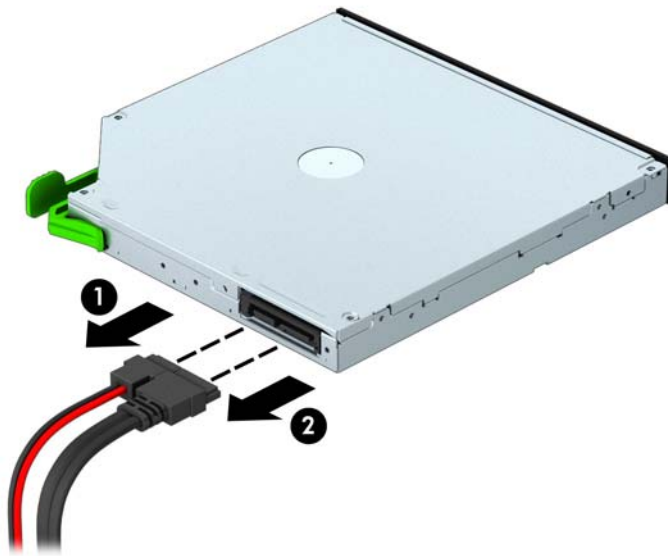
1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs or USB flash drives, from the computer.
3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, then turn off any external devices.
4. Disconnect the power cord from the power outlet and disconnect any external devices.

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**⚠ CAUTION:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. You must disconnect the power cord to avoid damage to the internal components of the computer.

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5. Remove the access panel and front bezel.
6. Disconnect the power cable (1) and data cable (2) from the back of the optical drive.

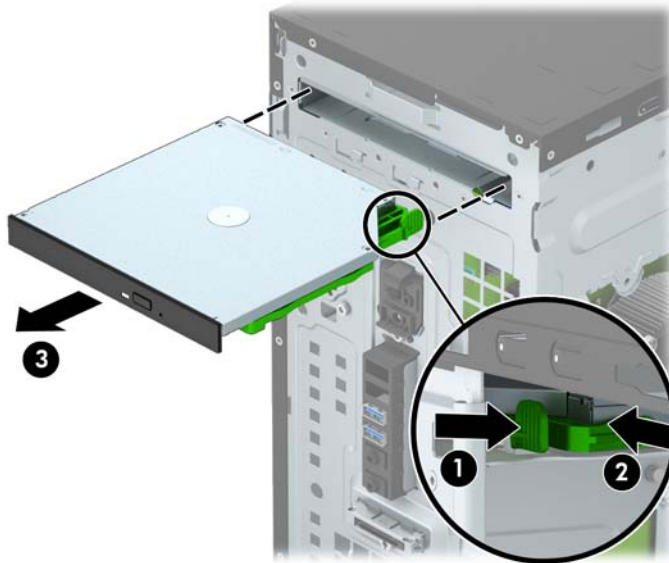


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**⚠ CAUTION:** When removing the cables, pull the tab or connector instead of the cable itself to avoid damaging the cable.

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7. Push the green release latch on the right rear side of the drive toward the center of the drive (1) and push the rear of the drive forward to unlock it (2), and then slide the drive out of the drive bay (3).



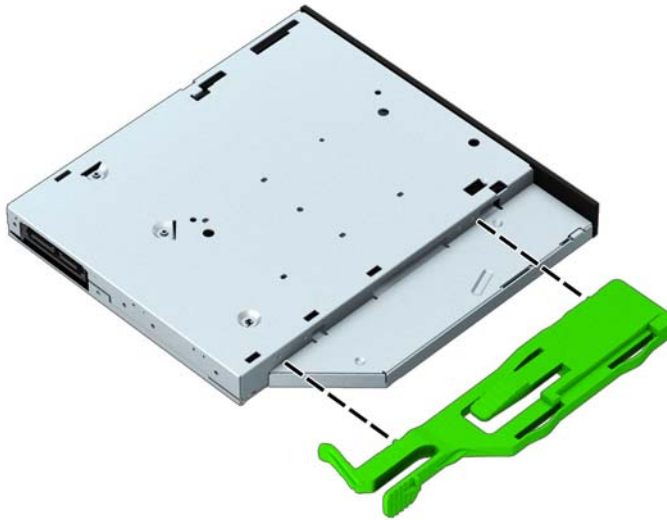
## Installing a slim optical drive

1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs or USB flash drives, from the computer.
3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, then turn off any external devices.
4. Disconnect the power cord from the power outlet and disconnect any external devices.

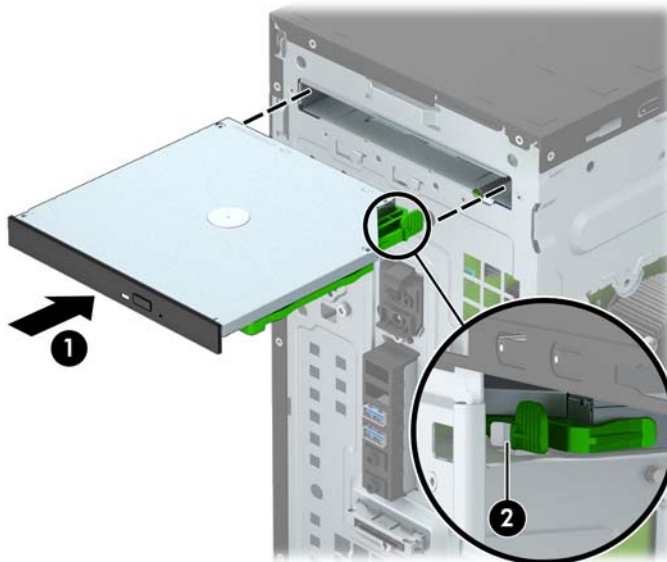
**⚠ CAUTION:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. You must disconnect the power cord to avoid damage to the internal components of the computer.

5. Remove the computer access panel.
6. Remove the front bezel. If you are installing a device in a bay covered by a bezel blank, remove the bezel blank. See [Removing an optical drive bezel blank on page 9](#) for more information.
7. Follow the instructions for removing the optical drive if one was installed. Refer to [Removing a slim optical drive on page 20](#).

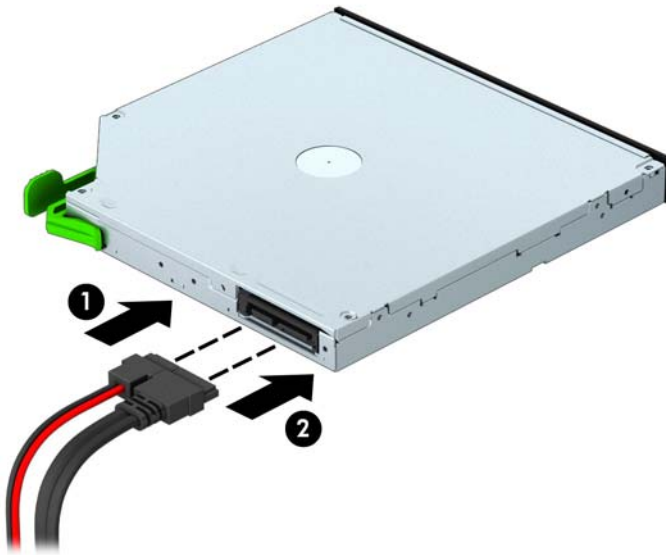
- Align the small pins on the release latch with the small holes on the side of the drive and press the latch firmly onto the drive.



- Slide the optical drive through the front bezel (1) all the way into the bay so that the green latch locks onto the chassis frame (2).




10. Connect the power cable (1) and data cable (2) to the back of the optical drive.




11. If installing a new drive, connect the opposite end of the data cable to one of the light blue SATA connectors (labeled SATA1 and SATA4) on the system board.
12. Replace the front bezel.
13. Replace the computer access panel.
14. Reconnect the power cord and any external devices, then turn on the computer.
15. Lock any security devices that were disengaged when the access panel was removed.

## Removing a 3.5-inch hard drive

 **NOTE:** Before you remove the old hard drive, be sure to back up the data from the old hard drive so that you can transfer the data to the new hard drive.

1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs or USB flash drives, from the computer.
3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, then turn off any external devices.
4. Disconnect the power cord from the power outlet and disconnect any external devices.

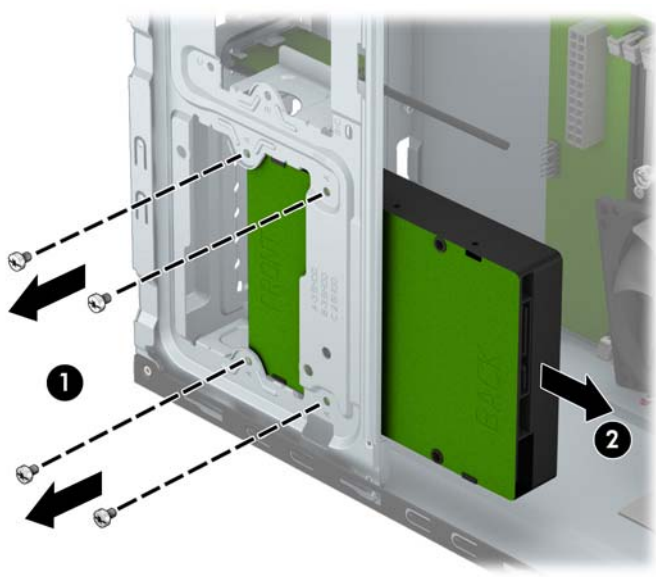
 **CAUTION:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. You must disconnect the power cord to avoid damage to the internal components of the computer.

5. Remove the computer access panel.

6. Disconnect the power cable (1) and data cable (2) from the back of the hard drive.



7. Remove the four 6-32 mounting screws (1) and slide the drive out of the bay (2).




## Installing a 3.5-inch hard drive

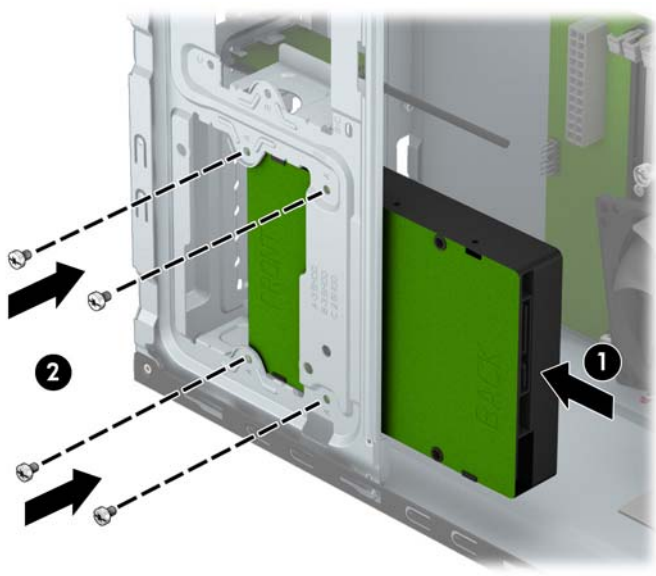
1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs or USB flash drives, from the computer.
3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, then turn off any external devices.
4. Disconnect the power cord from the power outlet and disconnect any external devices.

**CAUTION:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. You must disconnect the power cord to avoid damage to the internal components of the computer.

5. Remove the access panel.

- Slide the drive into the drive bay (1) and install the four 6-32 mounting screws (2) to secure the drive in place.


 **NOTE:** HP has supplied four extra 6-32 mounting screws on the front of the chassis behind the bezel. Refer to [Removing and Installing drives on page 19](#) for an illustration of the location of the extra mounting screws. When replacing a hard drive, use the four 6-32 mounting screws that were removed from the old drive to install the new one.



- Connect the power cable (1) and data cable (2) to the back of the hard drive.




- If installing a new drive, connect the opposite end of the data cable to the appropriate system board connector.

 **NOTE:** You must connect the primary hard drive data cable to the dark blue connector labeled SATA0 to avoid any hard drive performance problems. If you are adding a second hard drive, connect the data cable to one of the light blue SATA connectors.


- Replace the computer access panel.
- Reconnect the power cord and any external devices, then turn on the computer.
- Lock any security devices that were disengaged when the access panel was removed.



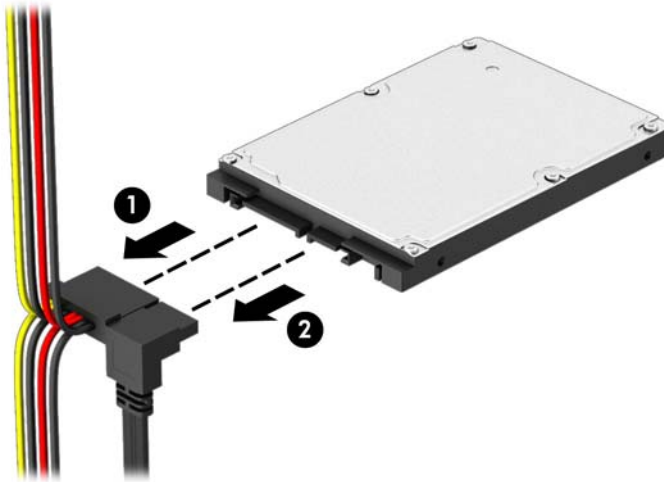
## Removing a 2.5-inch hard drive

 **NOTE:** Before you remove the old hard drive, be sure to back up the data from the old hard drive so that you can transfer the data to the new hard drive.

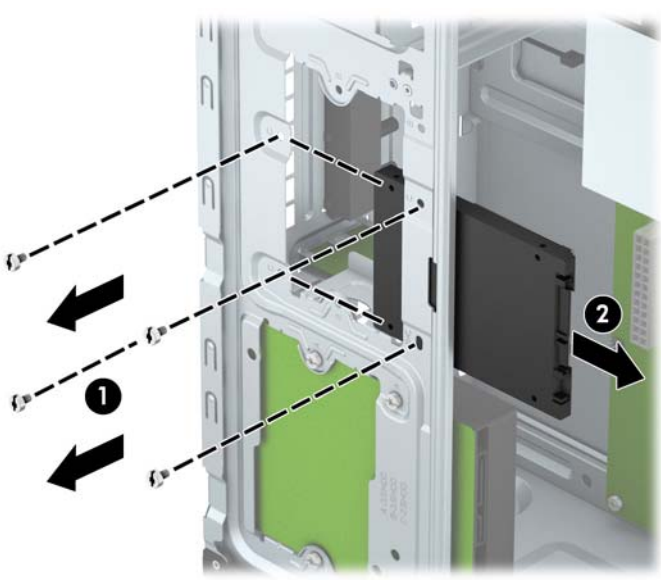
1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs or USB flash drives, from the computer.
3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, then turn off any external devices.
4. Disconnect the power cord from the power outlet and disconnect any external devices.

 **CAUTION:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. You must disconnect the power cord to avoid damage to the internal components of the computer.

5. Remove the computer access panel.
6. Disconnect the power cable (1) and data cable (2) from the back of the hard drive.



7. Remove the four 6-32 mounting screws (1) and slide the drive out of the bay (2).





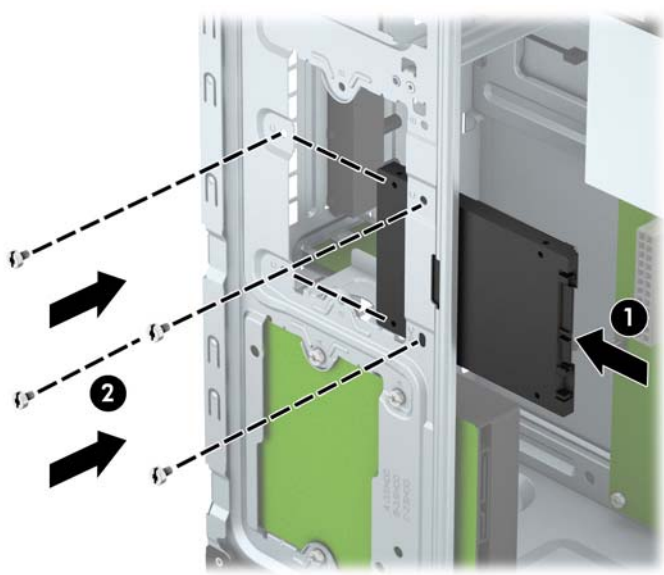
## Installing a 2.5-inch hard drive

1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs or USB flash drives, from the computer.
3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, then turn off any external devices.
4. Disconnect the power cord from the power outlet and disconnect any external devices.

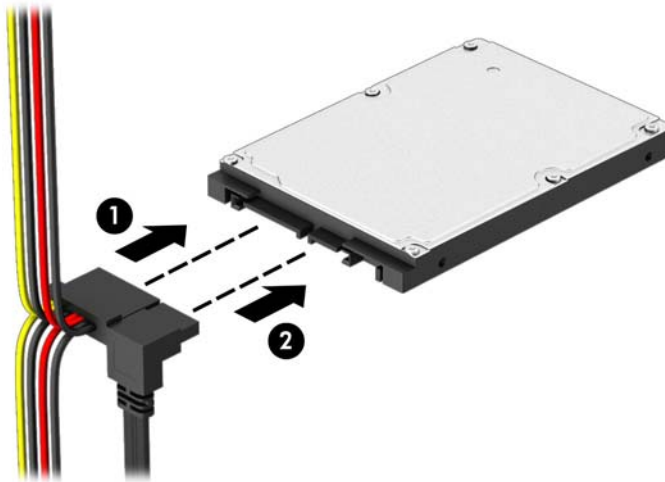
**⚠ CAUTION:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. You must disconnect the power cord to avoid damage to the internal components of the computer.

5. Remove the access panel.
6. Slide the drive into the drive bay (1) and install the four 6-32 mounting screws (2) to secure the drive in place.

**📝 NOTE:** HP has supplied four extra 6-32 mounting screws on the front of the chassis behind the bezel. Refer to [Removing and Installing drives on page 19](#) for an illustration of the location of the extra mounting screws. When replacing a hard drive, use the four 6-32 mounting screws that were removed from the old drive to install the new one.




7. Connect the power cable (1) and data cable (2) to the back of the hard drive.



8. If installing a new drive, connect the opposite end of the data cable to the appropriate system board connector.

---

 **NOTE:** You must connect the primary hard drive data cable to the dark blue connector labeled SATA0 to avoid any hard drive performance problems. If you are adding a second hard drive, connect the data cable to one of the light blue SATA connectors.

---

9. Replace the computer access panel.
10. Reconnect the power cord and any external devices, then turn on the computer.
11. Lock any security devices that were disengaged when the access panel was removed.

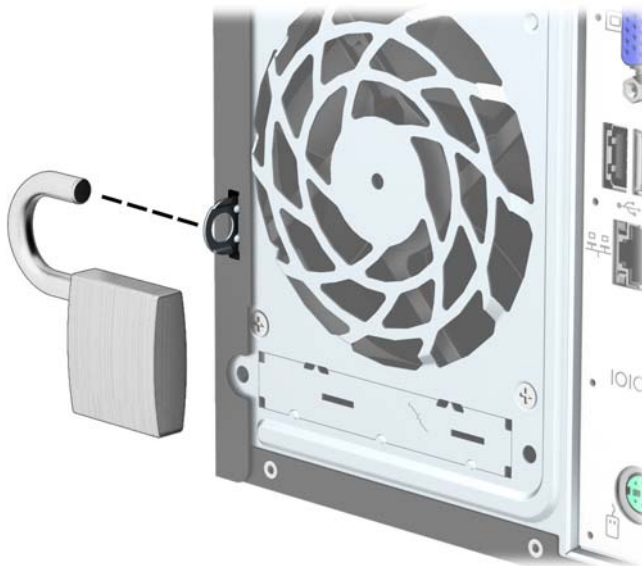
## Installing a security lock

The security locks displayed below and on the following page can be used to secure the computer.

### Cable lock



### Padlock

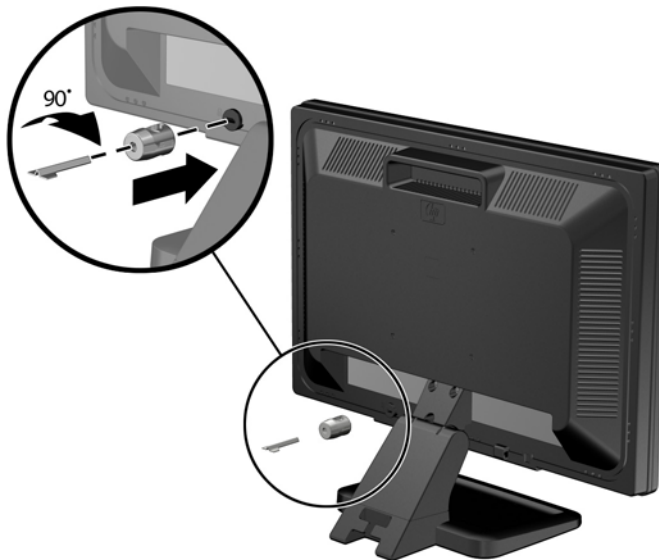


## HP Business PC Security Lock

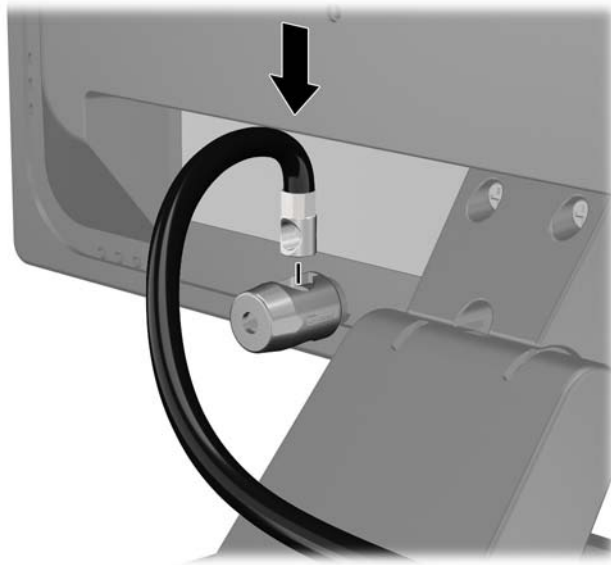
1. Fasten the security cable by looping it around a stationary object.



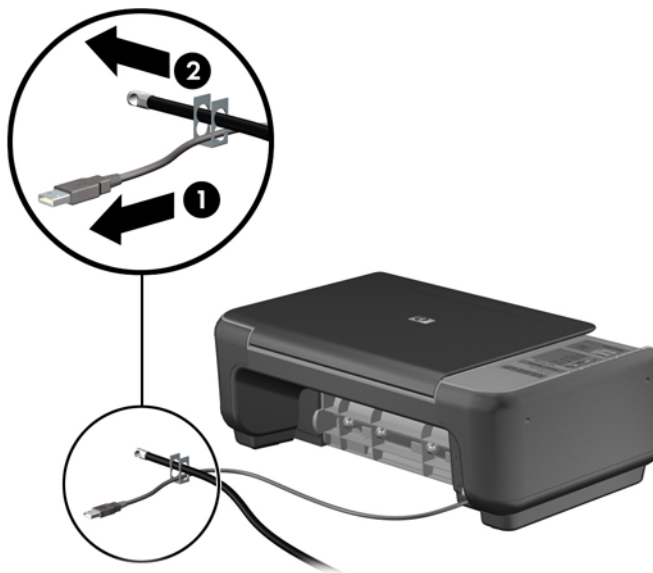
2. Insert the cable lock into the cable lock slot on the back of the monitor and secure the lock to the monitor by inserting the key into the key hole on the rear of the lock and rotating the key 90 degrees.



3. Slide the security cable through the hole in the cable lock on the rear of the monitor.



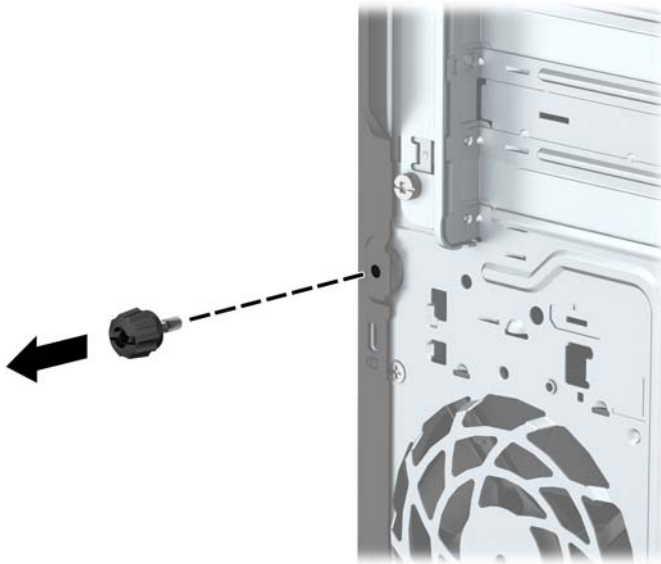
4. Use the bracket provided in the kit to secure other peripheral devices by laying the device cable across the center of the bracket (1) and inserting the security cable through one of the two holes in the bracket (2). Use the hole in the bracket that best secures the peripheral device cable.



5. Thread the keyboard and mouse cables through the computer chassis lock.



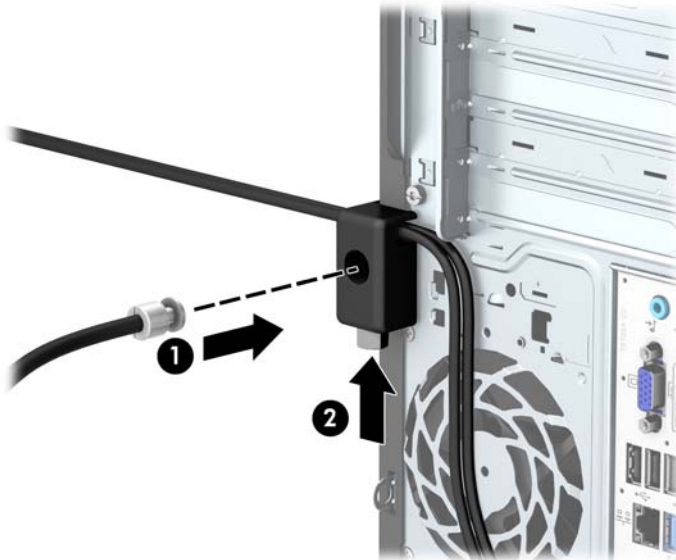
6. Remove the thumbscrew from the rear of the computer.



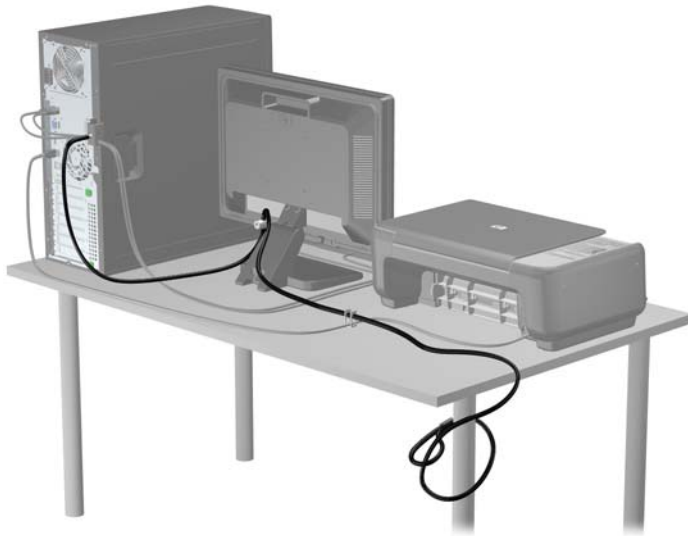
7. Screw the lock to the chassis in the thumbscrew hole using the screw provided.



8. Insert the plug end of the security cable into the lock (1) and push the button in (2) to engage the lock. Use the key provided to disengage the lock.



9. When you have completed all steps, all of the devices at your workstation will be secured.






---

# A Battery replacement

The battery installed on the computer provides power to the real-time clock. When replacing the battery, use a battery equivalent to the battery originally installed on the computer. The computer has a 3-volt lithium coin cell battery installed.

---


 **WARNING!** The computer contains an internal lithium manganese dioxide battery. There is a risk of fire and burns if the battery is not handled properly. To reduce the risk of personal injury:

Do not attempt to recharge the battery.


Do not expose to temperatures higher than 60°C (140°F).

Do not disassemble, crush, puncture, short external contacts, or dispose of in fire or water.

Replace the battery only with the HP spare designated for this product.

 **CAUTION:** Before replacing the battery, it is important to back up the computer CMOS settings. When the battery is removed or replaced, the CMOS settings will be cleared.

Static electricity can damage the electronic components of the computer or optional equipment. Before beginning these procedures, ensure that you are discharged of static electricity by briefly touching a grounded metal object.


 **NOTE:** The lifetime of the lithium battery can be extended by plugging the computer into a live AC wall socket. The lithium battery is only used when the computer is NOT connected to AC power.

HP encourages customers to recycle used electronic hardware, HP original print cartridges, and rechargeable batteries. For more information about recycling programs, go to <http://www.hp.com/recycle>.

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1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs or USB flash drives, from the computer.
3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, then turn off any external devices.
4. Disconnect the power cord from the power outlet and disconnect any external devices.


---

 **CAUTION:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. You must disconnect the power cord to avoid damage to the internal components of the computer.

---

5. Remove the computer access panel.
6. Locate the battery and battery holder on the system board.

---

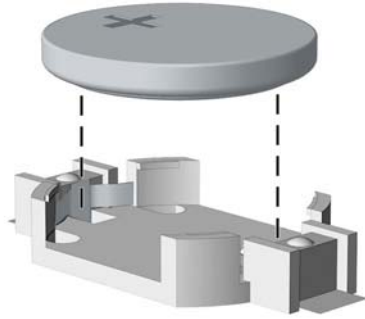
 **NOTE:** On some computer models, it may be necessary to remove an internal component to gain access to the battery.

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7. Depending on the type of battery holder on the system board, complete the following instructions to replace the battery.

## Type 1

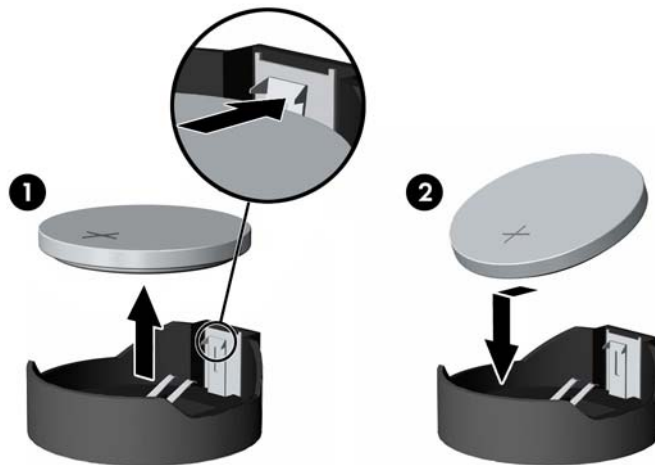
- a. Lift the battery out of its holder.



- b. Slide the replacement battery into position, positive side up. The battery holder automatically secures the battery in the proper position.

### Type 2

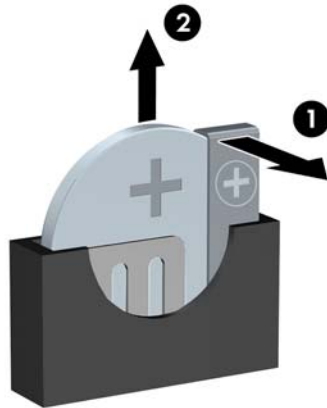
- a. To release the battery from its holder, squeeze the metal clamp that extends above one edge of the battery. When the battery pops up, lift it out (1).
- b. To insert the new battery, slide one edge of the replacement battery under the lip of the holder with the positive side up. Push the other edge down until the clamp snaps over the other edge of the battery (2).




### Type 3

- a. Pull back on the clip (1) that is holding the battery in place, and remove the battery (2).

- b. Insert the new battery and position the clip back into place.



---

 **NOTE:** After the battery has been replaced, use the following steps to complete this procedure.

---

8. Replace the computer access panel.
9. Plug in the computer and turn on power to the computer.
10. Reset the date and time, your passwords, and any special system setups using Computer Setup.
11. Lock any security devices that were disengaged when the computer access panel was removed.

---

## B Electrostatic discharge

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor may damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. This type of damage may reduce the life expectancy of the device.

### Preventing electrostatic damage

To prevent electrostatic damage, observe the following precautions:

- Avoid hand contact by transporting and storing products in static-safe containers.
- Keep electrostatic-sensitive parts in their containers until they arrive at static-free workstations.
- Place parts on a grounded surface before removing them from their containers.
- Avoid touching pins, leads, or circuitry.
- Always be properly grounded when touching a static-sensitive component or assembly.

### Grounding methods

There are several methods for grounding. Use one or more of the following methods when handling or installing electrostatic-sensitive parts:

- Use a wrist strap connected by a ground cord to a grounded workstation or computer chassis. Wrist straps are flexible straps with a minimum of 1 megohm +/- 10 percent resistance in the ground cords. To provide proper ground, wear the strap snug against the skin.
- Use heelstraps, toestraps, or bootstraps at standing workstations. Wear the straps on both feet when standing on conductive floors or dissipating floor mats.
- Use conductive field service tools.
- Use a portable field service kit with a folding static-dissipating work mat.

If you do not have any of the suggested equipment for proper grounding, contact an HP authorized dealer, reseller, or service provider.



**NOTE:** For more information on static electricity, contact an HP authorized dealer, reseller, or service provider.

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# C Computer operating guidelines, routine care and shipping preparation

## Computer operating guidelines and routine care

Follow these guidelines to properly set up and care for the computer and monitor:

- Keep the computer away from excessive moisture, direct sunlight, and extremes of heat and cold.
- Operate the computer on a sturdy, level surface. Leave a 10.2-cm (4-inch) clearance on all vented sides of the computer and above the monitor to permit the required airflow.
- Never restrict the airflow into the computer by blocking any vents or air intakes. Do not place the keyboard, with the keyboard feet down, directly against the front of the desktop unit as this also restricts airflow.
- Never operate the computer with the access panel or any of the expansion card slot covers removed.
- Do not stack computers on top of each other or place computers so near each other that they are subject to each other's re-circulated or preheated air.
- If the computer is to be operated within a separate enclosure, intake and exhaust ventilation must be provided on the enclosure, and the same operating guidelines listed above will still apply.
- Keep liquids away from the computer and keyboard.
- Never cover the ventilation slots on the monitor with any type of material.
- Install or enable power management functions of the operating system or other software, including sleep states.
- Turn off the computer before you do either of the following:
  - Wipe the exterior of the computer with a soft, damp cloth as needed. Using cleaning products may discolor or damage the finish.
  - Occasionally clean the air vents on all vented sides of the computer. Lint, dust, and other foreign matter can block the vents and limit the airflow.

# Optical drive precautions

Be sure to observe the following guidelines while operating or cleaning the optical drive.

## Operation

- Do not move the drive during operation. This may cause it to malfunction during reading.
- Avoid exposing the drive to sudden changes in temperature, as condensation may form inside the unit. If the temperature suddenly changes while the drive is on, wait at least one hour before you turn off the power. If you operate the unit immediately, it may malfunction while reading.
- Avoid placing the drive in a location that is subject to high humidity, extreme temperatures, mechanical vibration, or direct sunlight.

## Cleaning

- Clean the panel and controls with a soft, dry cloth or a soft cloth lightly moistened with a mild detergent solution. Never spray cleaning fluids directly on the unit.
- Avoid using any type of solvent, such as alcohol or benzene, which may damage the finish.

## Safety

If any object or liquid falls into the drive, immediately unplug the computer and have it checked by an authorized HP service provider.

# Shipping preparation

Follow these suggestions when preparing to ship the computer:

1. Back up the hard drive files to an external storage device. Be sure that the backup media is not exposed to electrical or magnetic impulses while stored or in transit.



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**NOTE:** The hard drive locks automatically when the system power is turned off.

---

2. Remove and store all removable media.
3. Turn off the computer and external devices.
4. Disconnect the power cord from the electrical outlet, then from the computer.
5. Disconnect the system components and external devices from their power sources, then from the computer.



---

**NOTE:** Ensure that all boards are seated properly and secured in the board slots before shipping the computer.

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6. Pack the system components and external devices in their original packing boxes or similar packaging with sufficient packing material to protect them.

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