

## HP ZBook 15 G3 Mobile Workstation

Maintenance and Service Guide

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#### **Product notice**

This user guide describes features that are common to most models. Some features may not be available on your computer.

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▲ WARNING! To reduce the possibility of heat-related injuries or of overheating the computer, do not place the computer directly on your lap or obstruct the computer air vents. Use the computer only on a hard, flat surface. Do not allow another hard surface, such as an adjoining optional printer, or a soft surface, such as pillows or rugs or clothing, to block airflow. Also, do not allow the AC adapter to contact the skin or a soft surface, such as pillows or rugs or clothing, during operation. The computer and the AC adapter comply with the user-accessible surface temperature limits defined by the International Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment (IEC 60950).

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# **Product description**

Category	Description	
Product Name	HP ZBook 15 G3 Mobile Workstation	
Processors	6th Generation Intel® Core™ processors	
	<ul> <li>Intel Core i7-6820HQ 2.7-GHz (turbo up to 3.6-GHz) processor (2133-MHz front-side bus (FSB), 8.0-MB L3 cache, 45 W)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Intel Core i7-6700HQ 2.6-GHz (turbo up to 3.5-GHz) processor (2133-MHz FSB, 6.0-ME L3 cache, 45 W)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Intel Core i5-6440HQ 2.6-GHz (turbo up to 3.5-GHz) processor (2133-MHz FSB, 6.0-ME L3 cache, 45 W)</li> </ul>	
	6th Generation Intel Xeon processors	
	<ul> <li>Intel Xeon E3-1545M 2.9-GHz (turbo up to 3.7-GHz) processor (2133-MHz front-side bus (FSB), 8.0-MB L3 cache, 45 W)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Intel Xeon E3-1505M 2.8-GHz (turbo up to 3.6-GHz) processor (2133-MHz front-side bus (FSB), 8.0-MB L3 cache, 45 W)</li> </ul>	
Chipset	Mobile Intel CM236 chipset	
Graphics	Intel UMA Graphics - with shared video memory	
	Intel HD Graphics 530 (for Core processors)	
	Intel HD Graphics P530 (for Xeon processors)	
	Discrete MXM daughter cards	
	NVIDIA <sup>®</sup> Quadro <sup>®</sup> M2200M	
	NVIDIA Quadro M2000M	
	NVIDIA Quadro M1200M	
	NVIDIA Quadro M1000M	
	NVIDIA Quadro M600M	
	● AMD FirePro™ W5170M	
	Support "No Discrete Graphics" option	
	Support for hybrid (switchable) graphics	
	Support NVIDIA Optimus Technology	
	Support AMD Enduro Technology	
	Support for open GL	
	Support for DisplayPort 1.2 (supported through Thunderbolt 3)	
	Support for up to 4 total displays (discrete); 3 displays (UMA) through docking station	
	Support for NVIDIA Mosaic Technology	
	Support AMD Eyefinity Technology	

Category	Description	
Panel	<b>39.6 cm</b> (15.6 in), antiglare, LED backlight, 16:9 aspect ratio	
	• FHD (1920×1080), LED, SVA, 300 nits with or without camera	
	• FHD (1920×1080), LED, UWVA, 300 nits with or without camera	
	• FHD (1920×1080), LED, UWVA, 300 nits, touch screen, with or without camera	
	• UHD (3840×2160), LED, UWVA, Dream Color 3, 340 nits with or without camera	
Memory	Four customer-accessible/upgradable memory module slots	
	Support for DDR4 2133-MHz, dual channel memory	
	Support for 64-GB of system RAM in the following configurations:	
	DDR4-2133 (for Core processors only)	
	<ul> <li>65536-MB total system memory (16384-MB×4)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>32768-MB total system memory (16384-MB×2 or 8192-MB×4)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>16384-MB total system memory (16384-MB×1, 8192-MB×2 or 4096-MB×4)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>8192-MB total system memory (8192-MB×1, 4096-MB×2)</li> </ul>	
	ECC DDR4-2133 (for Xeon processors only)	
	<ul> <li>65536-MB total system memory (16384-MB×4)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>32768-MB total system memory (16384-MB×2 or 8192-MB×4)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>16384-MB total system memory (16384-MB×1, 8192-MB×2)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>8192-MB total system memory (8192-MB×1)</li> </ul>	
Primary M.2	M.2 (NGFF) SS/DS Solid State Drive (2280)	
	SATA	
	512-GB SATA-3, TLC	
	512-GB SATA-3 Self-Encrypting Drive (Opal 2)	
	512-GB SATA-3 Self-Encrypting Drive (Opal 2), TLC	
	256-GB SATA-3, TLC	
	256-GB SATA-3 Self-Encrypting Drive (Opal 2)	
	256-GB SATA-3 Self-Encrypting Drive (Opal 2), TLC	
	PCIe (Z Turbo)	
	1-TB PCIe SSD (NVMe), Z Turbo Drive	
	1-TB PCIe SSD (NVMe), TLC	
	512-GB PCIe SSD (NVMe), Z Turbo Drive	
	512-GB PCIe SSD (NVMe), TLC	
	256-GB PCIe SSD (NVMe), Z Turbo Drive	
	256-GB PCIe SSD (NVMe), TLC	
Secondary M.2	M.2 (NGFF) SS/DS Solid State Drive (2280)	
	SATA	
	512-GB SATA-3, TLC	

Category	Description	
	512-GB SATA-3 Self-Encrypting Drive (Opal 2), TLC	
	256-GB SATA-3, TLC	
	256-GB SATA-3 Self-Encrypting Drive (Opal 2)	
	256-GB SATA-3 Self-Encrypting Drive (Opal 2), TLC	
	PCIe (Z Turbo)	
	1-TB PCIe SSD (NVMe), Z Turbo Drive	
	1-TB PCIe SSD (NVMe), TLC	
	512-GB PCIe SSD (NVMe), Z Turbo Drive	
	512-GB PCIe SSD (NVMe), TLC	
	256-GB PCIe SSD (NVMe), Z Turbo Drive	
	256-GB PCIe SSD (NVMe), TLC	
Primary 2.5-in SATA hard drive	Primary 2.5-in storage not required if PCIe SSD selected	
	Support for 6.35-cm (2.5-in) hard drives in 7.0-mm (.28-in) thickness	
	Support for 3D DriveGuard hard drive protection	
	Support for the following hard drives:	
	• 1-TB, 7200-rpm	
	• 1-TB, 5400-rpm	
	• 500-GB, 7200-rpm	
	• 500-GB, 7200-rpm, self-encrypting drive, OPAL 2	
	• 500-GB, 5400-rpm, self-encrypting drive, FIPS	
	• 500-GB, 5400-rpm, hybrid SSD 8 GB cache	
	Support for the following 6.35-cm (2.5-in) solid-state drives:	
	• 1-TB SATA-3, TLC	
	• 256-GB SATA-3, TLC	
Audio and video	Stereo speakers (2)	
	Dual array microphone	
	Conexant Smart Amplifier and Ambient Noise Suppression with DTS Studio Sound	
	HD 720p webcam	
	Intel SST Audio	
	Support for no webcam option	
Ethernet	Intel I219-LM 10/100/1000 Ethernet, with iAMT	
	S3/S4/S5 wake on LAN	
Nireless	WLAN	
	WLAN options via minicard	
	Two WLAN antennas built into display assembly	
	Support "No WLAN/No Bluetooth" option	
	Intel Pro Wireless Display (WiDi Pro)	

Category	Description	
	Support for Miracast	
	Support for the following WLAN formats:	
	<ul> <li>Intel Dual Band Wireless-AC 8260 3rd Gen Intel 802.11ac, Dual Band, 2x2 Wi-Fi + Bluetooth 4.2</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Intel Dual Band Wireless-AC 8260 3rd Gen Intel 802.11ac, Dual Band, 2x2 Wi-Fi + Bluetooth 4.2 (non-vPro)</li> </ul>	
	WWAN	
	SIM Module (3FF/mini SIM) (user accessible behind battery)	
	Two WWAN antennas built into display assembly	
	WWAN antennas (2) (world wide 5 band, configured at top of panel on all units except UH	
	Support for the following WWAN formats:	
	HP hs3110 HSPA+ Intel <sup>®</sup> Mobile Broadband Module	
	<ul> <li>HP lt4120 LTE/EVDO/HSPA+ Gobi™ 4G Mobile Broadband Module</li> </ul>	
External media cards	Integrated SD UHS-II flash media slot (Realtek) - supports SD, SDHC, SDXC	
Ports	Multi-Pin AC Port	
	Combination mic-in/stereo headphone jack	
	• (2) USB Type-C (Thunderbolt 3)	
	• RJ-45 (Ethernet)	
	• USB 3.0 Charging Port (S3/S5)	
	• (2) USB 3.0 Ports	
	• HDMI	
	<ul> <li>VGA (Dsub 15 pin) supporting: 1920×1200 external resolution @ 75 Hz, hot plug and unplug and auto detection for correct output to wide-aspect vs. standard aspect vide</li> </ul>	
Docking	Support for HP ZBook 65/150/200 W Thunderbolt 3 Dock	
Keyboard/pointing devices	Keyboard	
	- Full-size, chiclet, island-style, backlit (and non-backlit) keyboard with numeric keypad	
	DuraKeys	
	Spill resistant with drain	
	Windows 10 Dual Point (3 pick buttons point stick x 3 pick buttons touchpad)	
	TouchPad	
	On/off button	
	Glass with chemical etched surface (DuraPad)	
	Support for 2-way scroll	
	Taps enabled by default	
	Gestures enabled by default:	
	<ul> <li>2-finger scrolling</li> </ul>	
	– 2-finger zoom (pinch)	
	Image sensor TouchPad	

Category	Description		
Power requirements	Support for the following AC adapters:		
	• 150-W HP Smart Adapter, slim		
	3-wire plug (with ground pin), 1.0 m		
Power requirements	Support for the following batteries		
	• 9-cell, 90-WHr, 2.635-AHr, Li-ion battery (long-life)		
Security	Support security lock		
	Trusted platform module (TPM 9670) 1.2/2.0 (Infineon; soldered down)		
	Fingerprint reader		
	Support "No Fingerprint Reader" option		
	Integrated smart card reader		
	BIOS preboot power on – BIOS option (password, fingerprint)		
	Drive encryption preboot option - (password; fingerprint; selected smartcards)		
Operating system	Preinstalled:		
	Windows 10 Home 64 High-end		
	Windows 10 Home 64 High-end Single Language		
	Windows 10 Home 64 High-end Chinese Market CPPP		
	Windows 10 Home 64 Chinese Market CPPP		
	Windows 10 Professional 64		
	Windows 10 Professional 64 Downgrade to Windows 7 64		
	Windows 10 Professional 64 Downgrade to Windows 7 64 MS Volume License		
	Windows 10 Professional 64 Workstation Tier 1		
	Windows 10 Professional 64 Downgrade Windows 7 64 Workstation Tier 1		
	Windows 10 Professional 64 Downgrade Windows 7 64 Workstation Tier 1 MSVL		
	Windows 7 Professional 64-bit		
	• FreeDOS 2.0		
	Restore media-DRDVD/SRDVD:		
	DRDVD Windows 7 64-bit, SP1		
	DRDVD Windows 10		
Operating system	Restore media-OSDVD:		
	• Windows 7 Pro 64, SP1		
	Windows 10 Professional 64		
	Supported:		
	• Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 6.x 64bit		
	• Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 7.x 64bit		
	Certified:		
	Microsoft WHQL		

Category	Description	
	Web-only support:	
	Windows 10 Enterprise	
	• Windows 10 Enterprise 64 LTSB 1507	
	Windows 8.1 Enterprise 64-bit	
	Windows 8.1 Professional 64-bit	
	• Windows 8.1 CH 64	
	• Windows 8.1 EM 64	
	• Windows 8.1 ML 64	
	Windows 7 Enterprise 64-bit, Service Pack 1	
	Red Hat Enterprise Linux	
Serviceability	End user replaceable parts:	
	AC adapter	
	• Battery (system)	
	Memory modules	
	Solid-state drive	

## 2 External component identification

### Display



Component		Description
(1)	WLAN antennas*	Send and receive wireless signals to communicate with wireless local area networks (WLANs).
(2)	WWAN antennas* (select products only)	Send and receive wireless signals to communicate with wireless wide area networks (WWANs).
(3)	Internal microphones	Record sound.
(4)	Webcam light	On: The webcam is in use.
(5)	Webcam	Records video and captures photographs. Some models allow you to video conference and chat online using streaming video.
		To use the webcam in Windows 10:
		<ul> <li>Type camera in the taskbar search box, and then select</li> <li>Camera.</li> </ul>
		For information on using the webcam in Windows 7, select <b>Start &gt; All</b> <b>Programs &gt; Communication and Chat &gt; HP WebCam</b> .

\*The antennas are not visible from the outside of the computer. For optimal transmission, keep the areas immediately around the antennas free from obstructions.

For wireless regulatory notices, see the section of the *Regulatory, Safety, and Environmental Notices* that applies to your country or region.

To access this guide in Windows 10:

Component

Description

1. Type support in the taskbar search box, and then select the HP Support Assistant app.

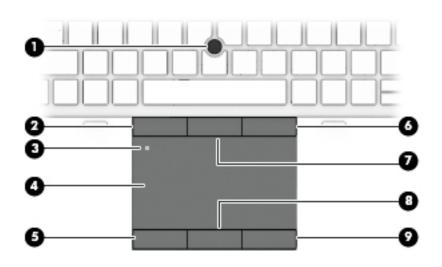
– or –

Click the question mark icon in the taskbar.

2. Select My PC, select the Specifications tab, and then select User Guides.

To access the user guides, select Start > All Programs > HP Help and Support > HP Documentation.

### Top TouchPad

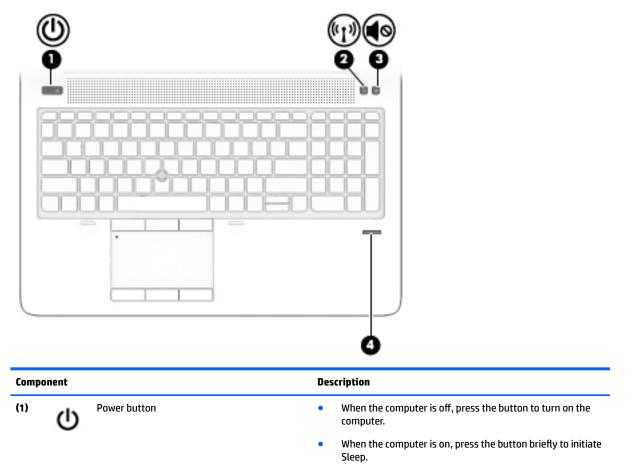


Component		Description
(1)	Pointing stick	Moves the pointer and selects or activates items on the screen.
(2)	Left pointing stick button	Functions like the left button on an external mouse.
(3)	TouchPad on/off button	Turns the TouchPad on and off.
(4)	TouchPad zone	Reads your finger gestures to move the pointer or activate items on the screen.
(5)	Left TouchPad button	Functions like the left button on an external mouse.
(6)	Right pointing stick button	Functions like the right button on an external mouse.
(7)	Center pointing stick button	Functions like the center button on an external mouse.
(8)	Center TouchPad button	Functions like the center button on an external mouse.
(9)	Right TouchPad button	Functions like the right button on an external mouse.

#### Lights

Component		Description	
(1)	Power light	<ul> <li>On: The computer is on.</li> <li>Blinking: The computer is in the Sleep state, a power-saving state. The computer shuts off power to the display and other unneeded components.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Off: The computer is off or in Hibernation. Hibernation is a power-saving state that uses the least amount of power.</li> </ul>	
(2)	Caps lock light		
(2) (3)	Caps lock light Microphone mute light	power-saving state that uses the least amount of power. On: Caps lock is on, which switches the key input to all capital	
		power-saving state that uses the least amount of power. On: Caps lock is on, which switches the key input to all capital letters.  Mmber: microphone sound is off.	
<ul> <li>(3)</li> <li>(4)</li> <li>(5)</li> </ul>	Microphone mute light	power-saving state that uses the least amount of power. On: Caps lock is on, which switches the key input to all capital letters. Amber: microphone sound is off. Off: microphone sound is on.	
(3) (4) (5) (()	Microphone mute light Num lock light Wireless light	power-saving state that uses the least amount of power.         On: Caps lock is on, which switches the key input to all capital letters.         • Amber: microphone sound is off.         • Off: microphone sound is on.         On: Num lock is on.         On: An integrated wireless device, such as a wireless local area network (WLAN) device and/or a Bluetooth® device, is on.         NOTE: On some models, the wireless light is amber when all	

#### **Buttons and fingerprint reader**



- When the computer is in the Sleep state, press the button briefly to exit Sleep.
- When the computer is in Hibernation, press the button briefly to exit Hibernation.

**CAUTION:** Pressing and holding down the power button results in the loss of unsaved information.

If the computer has stopped responding and shutdown procedures are ineffective, press and hold the power button for at least 5 seconds to turn off the computer.

To learn more about your power settings in Windows 10, see your power options.

 Type power in the taskbar search box, and then select Power and sleep settings.

– or –

Right-click the **Start** button, and then select **Power Options**.

To learn more about your power settings in Windows 7, select Start > Control Panel > System and Security > Power Options.

Turns the wireless feature on or off but does not establish a wireless connection.

Chapter 2 External component identification

(1)

Wireless button

(2)

10

Component			Description
			A wireless network must be set up before a wireless connection is possible.
(3)	40	Volume mute button	Mutes and restores speaker sound.
(4)		Fingerprint reader (select products only)	Allows a fingerprint logon to Windows, instead of a password logon.

#### **Special function keys**

Component	t	Description
(1)	esc key	Displays system information when pressed in combination with the fn key.
(2)	fn key	Executes frequently used system functions when pressed in combination with a function key, the num lock key, the esc key, or the fn+b.
(3)	Windows key	Windows 10:
•	•	Opens the <b>Start</b> menu.
		<b>NOTE:</b> Pressing the Windows key again will close the <b>Start</b> menu.
		Windows 7:
		Displays the Windows Start menu.
(4)	Function keys	Executes frequently used system functions when pressed in combination with the fn key.
(5)	num lock key	Turns the integrated numeric keypad on and off.
(6)	Integrated numeric keypad	A separate keypad to the right of the alphabet keyboard that enables you to add, subtract, and perform other numeric tasks. When num lock is on, the integrated keypad can be used like an external numeric keypad.

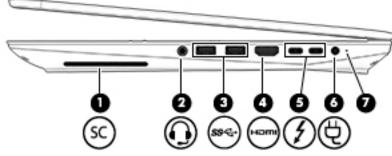
#### Front

Compon	ent		Description	
(1)	((I))	Wireless light	On: An integrated wireless device, such as a wireless local area network (WLAN) device and/or a Bluetooth device is on.	
			<b>NOTE:</b> On some models, the wireless light is amber when all wireless devices are off.	
(2)	ባ	Power light	<ul> <li>On: The computer is on.</li> <li>Blinking: The computer is in the Sleep state, a power-saving state. The computer shuts off power to the display and other unneeded components.</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Off: The computer is off or in Hibernation. Hibernation is a power-saving state that uses the least amount of power.</li> </ul>	
(3)	Ŧ	Battery light	<ul><li>When AC power is connected:</li><li>White: The battery charge is greater than 90 percent.</li></ul>	
	,		• Amber: The battery charge is from 0 to 90 percent.	
(4)	-		Off: The battery is not charging.     Blinking white: The storage device is being accessed.	
(4)	99	Drive light	<ul> <li>Blinking white: The storage device is being accessed.</li> <li>Amber: HP 3D DriveGuard has temporarily parked the storage device.</li> </ul>	
(5)		Speakers	Produce sound.	

### Left

Comp	onent		Description	
(1)		Security cable slot	Attaches an optional security cable to the computer. <b>NOTE:</b> The security cable is designed to act as a deterrent, but it may not prevent the computer from being mishandled or stolen.	
(2)	•***	RJ-45 (network) jack/status lights	<ul> <li>Connects a network cable.</li> <li>Green (left): The network is connected.</li> <li>Amber (right): Activity is occurring on the network.</li> </ul>	
(3)		External monitor port	Connects an external VGA monitor or projector.	
(4)	4 \$9€+	USB 3.0 charging (powered) port	Connects an optional USB device, such as a keyboard, mouse, external drive, printer, scanner or USB hub. Standard USB ports will not charge all USB devices or will charge using a low current. Some USB devices require power and require you to use a powered port. NOTE: USB charging ports can also charge select models of cell phones and MP3 players, even when the computer is off.	
(5)	SD	Memory card reader (select products only)	Reads optional memory cards that store, manage, share, or access information.	

## Right



Comp	Component		Description	
(1)		Smart card reader	Supports optional smart cards.	
(2)	Q	Audio-out (headphone)/Audio-in (microphone) combo jack	Connects optional powered stereo speakers, headphones, earbuds, a headset, or a television audio cable. Also connects a optional headset microphone. This jack does not support optional microphone-only devices.	
			<b>WARNING!</b> To reduce the risk of personal injury, adjust the volume before putting on headphones, earbuds, or a headset. For additional safety information, refer to the <i>Regulatory, Safety, and Environmental Notices.</i>	
			To access this guide in Windows 10:	
			<ol> <li>Type support in the taskbar search box, and then select the HP Support Assistant app.</li> </ol>	
			– or –	
			Click the question mark icon in the taskbar.	
			<ol> <li>Select My PC, select the Specifications tab, and then select User Guides.</li> </ol>	
			To access the user guides in Windows 7, select <b>Start &gt; All</b> <b>Programs &gt; HP Help and Support &gt; HP Documentation</b> .	
			<b>NOTE:</b> When a device is connected to the jack, the computer speakers are disabled.	
			<b>NOTE:</b> Be sure that the device cable has a 4-conductor connector that supports both audio-out (headphone) and audio-in (microphone).	
(3)	ss-	USB 3.0 ports	Connect optional USB devices, such as a keyboard, mouse, external drive, printer, scanner or USB hub.	
(4)	наті	HDMI port	Connects an optional video or audio device, such as a high- definition television, any compatible digital or audio component, or a high-speed High Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI) device.	
(5)	/	USB Type-C (Thunderbolt–3–enabled) ports	Connect any USB device with a Type-C connector.	
	7		<b>NOTE:</b> USB Type-C ports charge products such as cell phones laptops, tablets, and MP3 players, even when the computer is off. Also, some USB Type-C ports connect DisplayPort, VGA, HDMI, Thunderbolt and other video devices to provide video output.	

**NOTE:** Adapters (purchased separately) may be required.

Component			Description	
(6)	Ą	Power connector	Connects an AC adapter.	
(7)	4	Battery light	When AC power is connected:	
	۶		• White: The battery charge is greater than 90 percent.	
			• Amber: The battery charge is from 0 to 90 percent.	
			• Off: The battery is not charging.	
			When AC power is disconnected (battery not charging):	
			<ul> <li>Blinking amber: The battery has reached a low battery level. When the battery has reached a critical battery level, the battery light begins blinking rapidly.</li> </ul>	
			• Off: The battery is not charging.	

#### **Bottom**

Component		Description
(1)	Speakers	Produce sound.
(2)	Vents	Enable airflow to cool internal components.
		<b>NOTE:</b> The computer fans start up automatically to cool internal components and prevent overheating. It is normal for the internal fans to cycle on and off during routine operation.

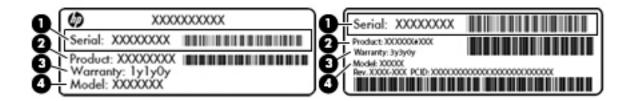
#### Labels

The labels affixed to the computer provide information you may need when you troubleshoot system problems or travel internationally with the computer.

IMPORTANT: Check the following locations for the labels described in this section: the bottom of the computer, inside the battery bay, under the service door, or on the back of the display.

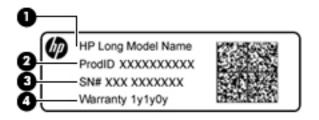
Service label—Provides important information to identify your computer. When contacting support, you
will probably be asked for the serial number, and possibly for the product number or the model number.
Locate these numbers before you contact support.

Your service label will resemble one of the examples shown below. Refer to the illustration that most closely matches the service label on your computer.



#### Component

- (1) Serial number
- (2) Product number
- (3) Warranty period
- (4) Model number (select products only)



#### Component

- (1) Model name (select products only)
- (2) Product number
- (3) Serial number
- (4) Warranty period
- Regulatory label(s)—Provide(s) regulatory information about the computer.
- Wireless certification label(s)—Provide(s) information about optional wireless devices and the approval markings for the countries or regions in which the devices have been approved for use.

## **3** Illustrated parts catalog

### **Computer major components**

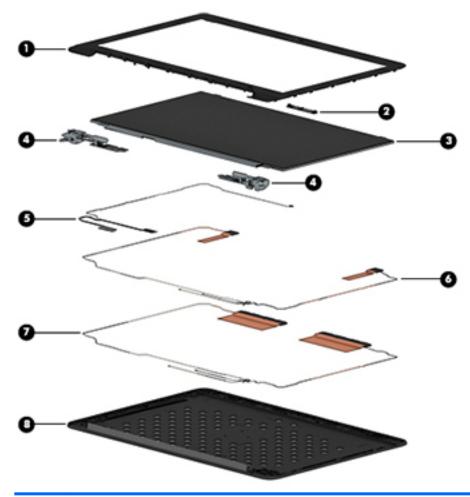


ltem	Component	Spare part number			
(1)	Display assembly (Touch screen; FHD, UWVA; includes webcam)	848265-001			
(2)	Display assembly (Non-touch; UHD, UWVA)				
	For more display assembly spare part information, see Display assembly subcomponents on page 21				
	Non-touch, without webcam	848257-001			
	Non-touch, with webcam	848258-001			
(3)	Keyboard (backlit; includes touchpad and keyboard cables)	848311-xx1			
	For a list of keyboard country codes, see <u>Keyboard on page 49</u> .				
	The pointing stick cable is available in the Cable Kit using spare part number 848244-001.				
(4)	<b>Top cover</b> (includes thermal pad)	850147-001			
(5)	<b>RTC battery</b> (includes cable and double-sided adhesive)	848234-001			
(6)	LED board	848246-001			
(7)	Touchpad module	850944-001			
	The touchpad module cable is available in the Cable Kit using spare part number 848244-001.				
(8)	Graphics board (includes replacement thermal material)				
	NVIDIA Quadro M1000M graphics board	848261-001			
	NVIDIA Quadro M2000M graphics board	848262-001			
	NVIDIA Quadro M600M graphics board	910536-001			
	AMD FirePro W5170M graphics board	848263-001			
(9)	Hard drive/solid-state drive (does not include drive bracket or screws)				
	Hard drives				
	• 1-TB, 5400-rpm, hybrid 8 GB	924036-853			
	• 1-TB, 5400-rpm	762990-003			
	• 500-GB, 5400-rpm, hybrid 8 GB	732000-003			
	• 500-GB, 7200-rpm	703267-003			
	• 500-GB, 5400-rpm, FIPS	820572-003			
	• 500-GB, 7200-rpm, self-encrypting	820573-003			
	Solid-state drive				
	• 1-TB, SATA, TLC	929512-001			
	• 256-GB, SATA, TLC	848239-001			
	Hard Drive Hardware Kit (not illustrated, includes hard drive bracket and screws)	848231-001			
(10)	Battery (9-cell, 90-WHr, 2.635-AHr, li-ion)	808452-002			
(11)	Smart card reader	848245-001			
	The smart card reader bracket is available in the Bracket Kit, spare part number 848232-001.				
(12)	Thermal board	not spared			

ltem	Component	Spare part number		
(13)	Fingerprint reader board (includes cable and double-sided adhesive)	850151-001		
	The fingerprint reader bracket is available in the Bracket Kit, spare part number 848232-001.			
(14)	Speakers (include cable)	848233-001		
(15)	Memory module (PC4, 2133)			
	For use in models with Intel Core processors			
	• 16-GB	820571-002		
	• 8-GB	820570-002		
	• 4-GB	820569-002		
	For use in models with Xeon Core processors			
	• 16-GB	835886-002		
	• 8-GB	835887-002		
	Heat sink assembly (includes replacement thermal material)			
(16)	For use only in models with UMA graphics memory	850150-001		
(17)	For use only in models with Nvidia Quadro graphics boards	850148-001		
(17)	For use only in models with the AMD FirePro graphics board	850149-001		
(18)	Solid-state drive, M.2			
	1-TB, PCIe	848238-001		
	512-GB, Z Turbo drive, PCIe	848236-001		
	512-GB, SATA-3	922078-001		
	512-GB, SATA-3, self-encrypting drive (SED), OPAL 2, TLC	848240-001		
	512-GB, self-encrypting drive (SED), OPAL2, SATA-3, TLC	922975-001		
	512-GB, PCIe, locked for EMEA	915234-001		
	512-GB, PCIe, Samsung, locked	917489-001		
	512-GB, PCIe, locked	927934-001		
	512-GB, Samsung, locked, for AMS region	L07371-001		
	256-GB, SATA-3	922077-001		
	256-GB, PCIe, Samsung, locked	917488-001		
	256-GB, self-encrypting drive (SED), OPAL2, SATA-3, TLC	929513-001		
	256-GB, PCIe, locked	927935-001		
	256-GB, Samsung, locked	913526-001		
	256-GB, Z Turbo drive, PCIe	848235-001		
(19)	WWAN module			
	HP lt4120 LTE/EVDO/HSPA+ Gobi 4G Mobile Broadband Module	800870-002		
	HP hs3110 HSPA+ Mobile Broadband Module	822828-002		

ltem	Component	Spare part number	
(20)	WLAN module		
	Intel Dual Band Wireless-AC 8260	806721-002	
	Intel Dual Band Wireless-AC 8260 (non-vPro)	806722-002	
	Fan		
(21)	For use near the processor	848251-001	
(22)	For use near the graphics board	848252-001	
(23)	System board (includes battery connector bracket and replacement thermal material)		
	All system boards use the following part numbers:		
	xxxxxx-001: Windows 7 or non-Windows operating systems		
	xxxxxx-601: Windows 10 operating system		
	Equipped with an Intel Core i7-6820HQ processor	848221-xxx	
	Equipped with an Intel Core i7-6700HQ processor	848219-xxx	
	Equipped with an Intel Core i7-6440HQ processor	848217-xxx	
	Equipped with an Intel Core i5-6300HQ processor	922974-xxx	
	Equipped with an Intel Xeon E3-1545M processor	848225-xxx	
	Equipped with an Intel Xeon E3-1505M processor	848223-xxx	
(24)	Bottom cover (includes SSD therrmal pad)	848227-001	

### **Display assembly subcomponents**



ltem	Component	Spare part number
(1)	Display bezel	
	For use only on computer models not equipped with a webcam	848241-001
	For use only on computer models equipped with a webcam	850154-001
(2)	Webcam/microphone module (includes double-sided adhesive)	848264-001
	Microphone module (includes double-sided adhesive)	854110-001
(3)	Display panel	
	SVA	848255-001
	UWVA	848256-001
(4)	Display hinges (includes left and right hinges)	848242-001
(5)	Display/Webcam Cable Kit	848253-001
(6)	Antenna Kit, WWAN	848229-001
(7)	Antenna Kit, WLAN	848228-001
(8)	Display rear cover	848230-001

#### **Bracket Kit**

		-0		
		<del>2</del> -0		
		-0		
5				
8				
Item	Component	Spare part number		
Item	Component Bracket Kit, includes:	Spare part number 848232-001		
Item (1)				
	Bracket Kit, includes:			
(1)	<b>Bracket Kit</b> , includes: USB-C bracket			

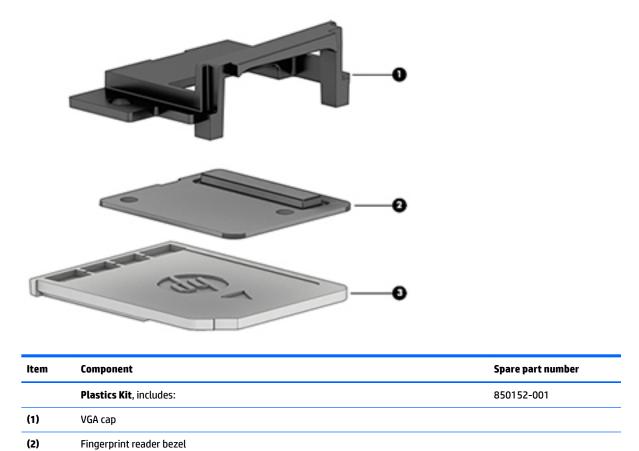
#### **Cable Kit**

-		0
•		-0
ltem	Component	Spare part number
	Cable Kit, includes:	848244-001
(1)	Touchpad cable	
(2)	Pointing stick cable	

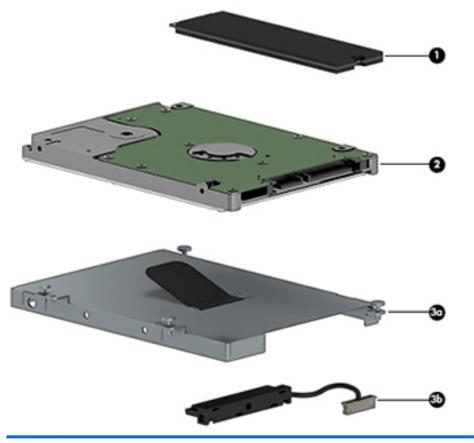
#### **Plastics Kit**

(3)

SD card reader insert



### Mass storage devices



ltem	Component	Spare part number
(1)	Solid-state drive, M.2	
	1-TB, PCIe	848238-001
	512-GB, Z Turbo drive, PCIe	848236-001
	512-GB, SATA-3	922078-001
	512-GB, SATA-3, self-encrypting drive (SED), OPAL 2, TLC	848240-001
	512-GB, self-encrypting drive (SED), OPAL2, SATA-3, TLC	922975-001
	512-GB, PCIe, locked for EMEA	915234-001
	512-GB, PCIe, Samsung, locked	917489-001
	512-GB, PCIe, locked	927934-001
	512-GB, Samsung, locked, for AMS region	L07371-001
	256-GB, SATA-3	922077-001
	256-GB, PCIe, Samsung, locked	917488-001
	256-GB, self-encrypting drive (SED), OPAL2, SATA-3, TLC	929513-001
	256-GB, PCIe, locked	927935-001
	256-GB, Samsung, locked	913526-001

ltem	Component	Spare part number
	256-GB, Z Turbo drive, PCIe	848235-001
(2)	Hard drive/solid-state drive 7.0 mm (does not include drive bracket or screws)	
	Hard drive	
	• 1-TB, 5400-rpm, hybrid 8 GB	924036-853
	• 1-TB, 5400-rpm,	762990-003
	• 500-GB, 5400-rpm, hybrid 8 GB	732000-003
	• 500-GB, 7200-rpm	703267-003
	• 500-GB, 5400-rpm, FIPS	820572-003
	• 500-GB, 7200-rpm, self-encrypting	820573-003
	Solid-state drive	
	• 1-TB, SATA, TLC	929512-001
	• 256-GB, SATA, TLC	848239-001
	Hard Drive Hardware Kit, includes:	848231-001
(3a)	Hard drive bracket	
(3b)	Hard drive cable	

# **Miscellaneous parts**

Component	Spare part number
AC adapter	
150-W HP Smart adapter (slim, 4.5-mm)	776620-001
Power cord (3-pin, black, 1.83 m):	
Argentina	401300-001
Australia	213356-001
Brazil	438722-001
Denmark	213353-001
Europe (Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, the Netherlands, Norway and Sweden)	213350-001
India	404827-001
Israel	398063-001
Italy	213352-001
Japan	349756-001
North America	213349-001
People's Republic of China	286497-001
South Africa	361240-001

Component	Spare part number
South Korea	267836-001
Switzerland	213354-001
Taiwan	393313-003
Thailand	285096-001
United Kingdom and Singapore	213351-001
HP Ultraslim Keyed Cable Lock	703372-001
HP USB Type-C to VGA Adapter	831751-001
HP USB Type-C to DisplayPort Adapter	831753-001
HP Thunderbolt 3 Dock	849784-001
HP ZBook Thunderbolt 3 power cable	855116-001
HP ZBook Thunderbolt 3 cable, 1 meter	914966-001
HP HDMI to DVI Adapter	749038-001
HP Professional Slim Top Load Case	703888-001
HP Business Top Load Case	718550-001
Mouse	
HP USB laser mouse	674318-001
HP Comfort Grip Wireless Mouse	691922-001
HP Ultrathin Bluetooth Mouse	811730-001
HP USB External DVD-RW Drive	747080-001
Screw Kit	848266-001

# 4 Removal and replacement procedures preliminary requirements

# **Tools required**

You will need the following tools to complete the removal and replacement procedures:

- Torx T8 screw driver
- Flat-bladed screw driver
- Magnetic screw driver
- Phillips PO and P1 screw drivers

# Service considerations

The following sections include some of the considerations that you must keep in mind during disassembly and assembly procedures.

NOTE: As you remove each subassembly from the computer, place the subassembly (and all accompanying screws) away from the work area to prevent damage.

# **Plastic parts**

CAUTION: Using excessive force during disassembly and reassembly can damage plastic parts. Use care when handling the plastic parts. Apply pressure only at the points designated in the maintenance instructions.

# **Cables and connectors**

**CAUTION:** When servicing the computer, be sure that cables are placed in their proper locations during the reassembly process. Improper cable placement can damage the computer.

Cables must be handled with extreme care to avoid damage. Apply only the tension required to unseat or seat the cables during removal and insertion. Handle cables by the connector whenever possible. In all cases, avoid bending, twisting, or tearing cables. Be sure that cables are routed in such a way that they cannot be caught or snagged by parts being removed or replaced. Handle flex cables with extreme care; these cables tear easily.

## **Drive handling**

**CAUTION:** Drives are fragile components that must be handled with care. To prevent damage to the computer, damage to a drive, or loss of information, observe these precautions:

Before removing or inserting a storage device, shut down the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.

Before handling a drive, be sure that you are discharged of static electricity. While handling a drive, avoid touching the connector.

Before removing a diskette drive or optical drive, be sure that a diskette or disc is not in the drive and be sure that the optical drive tray is closed.

Handle drives on surfaces covered with at least one inch of shock-proof foam.

Avoid dropping drives from any height onto any surface.

After removing a storage device, an optical drive, or a diskette drive, place it in a static-proof bag.

Avoid exposing an internal storage device to products that have magnetic fields, such as monitors or speakers.

Avoid exposing a drive to temperature extremes or liquids.

If a drive must be mailed, place the drive in a bubble pack mailer or other suitable form of protective packaging and label the package "FRAGILE."

# **Grounding guidelines**

#### Electrostatic discharge damage

Electronic components are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Circuitry design and structure determine the degree of sensitivity. Networks built into many integrated circuits provide some protection, but in many cases, ESD contains enough power to alter device parameters or melt silicon junctions.

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor can destroy static-sensitive devices or microcircuitry. Even if the spark is neither felt nor heard, damage may have occurred.

An electronic device exposed to ESD may not be affected at all and can work perfectly throughout a normal cycle. Or the device may function normally for a while, then degrade in the internal layers, reducing its life expectancy.

**CAUTION:** To prevent damage to the computer when you are removing or installing internal components, observe these precautions:

Keep components in their electrostatic-safe containers until you are ready to install them.

Before touching an electronic component, discharge static electricity by using the guidelines described in this section.

Avoid touching pins, leads, and circuitry. Handle electronic components as little as possible.

If you remove a component, place it in an electrostatic-safe container.

The following table shows how humidity affects the electrostatic voltage levels generated by different activities.

#### **CAUTION:** A product can be degraded by as little as 700 V.

Typical electrostatic voltage levels				
		Relative humidity		
Event	10%	40%	55%	
Walking across carpet	35,000 V	15,000 V	7,500 V	
Walking across vinyl floor	12,000 V	5,000 V	3,000 V	
Motions of bench worker	6,000 V	800 V	400 V	
Removing DIPS from plastic tube	2,000 V	700 V	400 V	
Removing DIPS from vinyl tray	11,500 V	4,000 V	2,000 V	
Removing DIPS from Styrofoam	14,500 V	5,000 V	3,500 V	
Removing bubble pack from PCB	26,500 V	20,000 V	7,000 V	
Packing PCBs in foam-lined box	21,000 V	11,000 V	5,000 V	

#### **Packaging and transporting guidelines**

Follow these grounding guidelines when packaging and transporting equipment:

- To avoid hand contact, transport products in static-safe tubes, bags, or boxes.
- Protect ESD-sensitive parts and assemblies with conductive or approved containers or packaging.
- Keep ESD-sensitive parts in their containers until the parts arrive at static-free workstations.
- Place items on a grounded surface before removing items from their containers.
- Always be properly grounded when touching a component or assembly.
- Store reusable ESD-sensitive parts from assemblies in protective packaging or nonconductive foam.
- Use transporters and conveyors made of antistatic belts and roller bushings. Be sure that mechanized equipment used for moving materials is wired to ground and that proper materials are selected to avoid static charging. When grounding is not possible, use an ionizer to dissipate electric charges.

#### **Workstation guidelines**

Follow these grounding workstation guidelines:

- Cover the workstation with approved static-shielding material.
- Use a wrist strap connected to a properly grounded work surface and use properly grounded tools and equipment.
- Use conductive field service tools, such as cutters, screw drivers, and vacuums.
- When fixtures must directly contact dissipative surfaces, use fixtures made only of static-safe materials.
- Keep the work area free of nonconductive materials, such as ordinary plastic assembly aids and Styrofoam.
- Handle ESD-sensitive components, parts, and assemblies by the case or PCM laminate. Handle these items only at static-free workstations.
- Avoid contact with pins, leads, or circuitry.
- Turn off power and input signals before inserting or removing connectors or test equipment.

#### **Equipment guidelines**

Grounding equipment must include either a wrist strap or a foot strap at a grounded workstation.

- When seated, wear a wrist strap connected to a grounded system. Wrist straps are flexible straps with a
  minimum of one megohm ±10% resistance in the ground cords. To provide proper ground, wear a strap
  snugly against the skin at all times. On grounded mats with banana-plug connectors, use alligator clips
  to connect a wrist strap.
- When standing, use foot straps and a grounded floor mat. Foot straps (heel, toe, or boot straps) can be used at standing workstations and are compatible with most types of shoes or boots. On conductive floors or dissipative floor mats, use foot straps on both feet with a minimum of one megohm resistance between the operator and ground. To be effective, the conductive must be worn in contact with the skin.

The following grounding equipment is recommended to prevent electrostatic damage:

- Antistatic tape
- Antistatic smocks, aprons, and sleeve protectors
- Conductive bins and other assembly or soldering aids
- Nonconductive foam
- Conductive tabletop workstations with ground cords of one megohm resistance
- Static-dissipative tables or floor mats with hard ties to the ground
- Field service kits
- Static awareness labels
- Material-handling packages
- Nonconductive plastic bags, tubes, or boxes
- Metal tote boxes
- Electrostatic voltage levels and protective materials

The following table lists the shielding protection provided by antistatic bags and floor mats.

Material	Use	Voltage protection level
Antistatic plastics	Bags	1,500 V
Carbon-loaded plastic	Floor mats	7,500 V
Metallized laminate	Floor mats	5,000 V

# 5 Removal and replacement procedures for Customer Self-Repair parts

NOTE: The Customer Self-Repair program is not available in all locations. Installing a part not supported by the Customer Self-Repair program may void your warranty. Check your warranty to determine if Customer Self-Repair is supported in your location.

# **Component replacement procedures**

- NOTE: Please read and follow the procedures described here to access and replace Customer Self-Repair parts successfully.
- NOTE: Details about your computer, including model, serial number, product key, and length of warranty, are on the service tag at the bottom of your computer. See Service tag on page 16 for details.

This chapter provides removal and replacement procedures for Customer Self-Repair parts.

There are as many as 12 screws that must be removed, replaced, and/or loosened when servicing Customer Self-Repair parts. Make special note of each screw size and location during removal and replacement.

#### **Bottom cover**

Description	Spare part number
Bottom cover (includes SSD therrmal pad)	848227-001

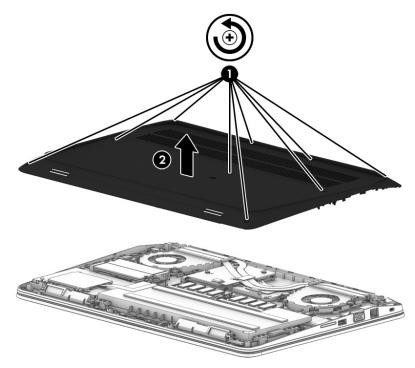
Before removing the bottom cover, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- **3.** Disconnect all external devices from the computer.

Remove the bottom cover:

- 1. Position the computer upside down.
- Loosen the nine captive Torx screws (1) that secure the bottom cover to the computer.

**3.** Lift the bottom cover off the computer **(2)**.



Reverse this procedure to install the bottom cover.

# Battery

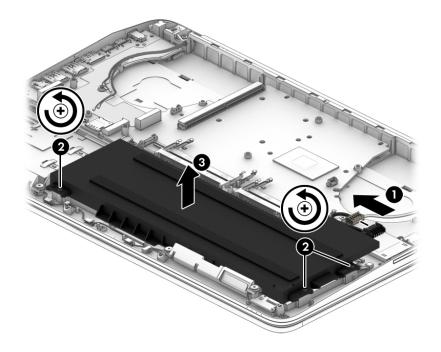
Description	Spare part number
9-cell, 90-WHr, 2.635-AHr, li-ion battery	808452-002

Before removing the battery, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).

Remove the battery:

- **WARNING!** To reduce potential safety issues, use only the user-replaceable battery provided with the computer, a replacement battery provided by HP, or a compatible battery purchased from HP.
- **CAUTION:** Removing a user-replaceable battery that is the sole power source for the computer can cause loss of information. To prevent loss of information, save your work or shut down the computer through Windows before removing the battery.
  - 1. Disconnect the battery cable from the system board (1).
  - 2. Loosen the three Phillips screws (2) that secure the battery to the computer.
  - 3. Remove the battery (3) from the computer.



Reverse this procedure to install the battery.

### **SIM card**

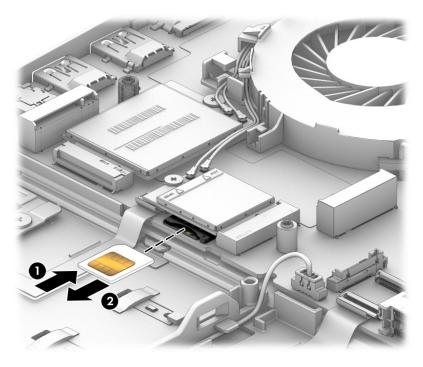
The SIM card is installed in a slot located under the battery.

Before removing the SIM card, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Remove the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).

Remove the SIM card:

A Press the SIM card into the slot to disengage it (1), and then pull the SIM card out of the slot (2).



Reverse this procedure to install the SIM card.

# **Memory module**

Description	Spare part number
For use in models with Intel Core processors	
16-GB	820571-002
8-GB	820570-002
4-GB	820569-002
For use in models with Xeon Core processors	
16-GB	835886-002
8-GB	835887-002

#### **Update BIOS before adding memory modules**

Before adding new memory, make sure you update the computer to the latest BIOS.

**CAUTION:** Failure to update the computer to the latest BIOS prior to installing new memory may result in various system problems.

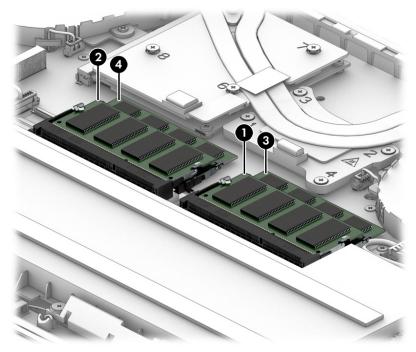
To update BIOS:

- 1. Navigate to <u>www.hp.com</u>.
- 2. Click Support & Drivers > click Drivers & Software.
- 3. In the Enter a product name/number box, type the computer model information, and then click Search.
- 4. Click the link for the computer model.
- 5. Select the operating system, and then click **Next**.
- 6. Under Step 2: Select a Download, click the BIOS link.
- 7. Click the link for the most recent BIOS.
- 8. Click the **Download** button, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

Before removing a memory module, follow these steps:

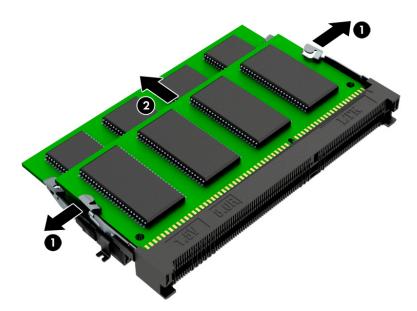
- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- **3.** Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).

The computer includes two double-stacked memory module sockets. Use the following image to determine the correct order to install memory modules. Memory installation order only matters if there are less than four SODIMMs.



Remove the memory module:

- 1. Spread the retaining tabs (1) on each side of the memory module slot to release the memory module. (The memory module tilts up.)
- 2. Remove the memory module (2) by pulling the module away from the slot at an angle.



Reverse this procedure to install a memory module.

**NOTE:** Memory modules are notched to prevent incorrect installation.

# 6 Removal and replacement procedures for Authorized Service Provider parts

**CAUTION:** Components described in this chapter should only be accessed by an authorized service provider. Accessing these parts can damage the computer or void the warranty.

# **Component replacement procedures**

This chapter provides removal and replacement procedures for Authorized Service Provider only parts.

There are as many as 68 screws that must be removed, replaced, and/or loosened when servicing the computer. Make special note of each screw size and location during removal and replacement.

#### Display subcomponents (bezel, panel, webcam)

NOTE: Touch display assemblies are spared as whole unit assemblies only. Non-touch display assemblies are spared at the subcomponent level and as whole unit assemblies.

This section illustrates how to remove the display bezel, display panel, and webcam module without removing the display from the computer. The <u>Display assembly on page 71</u> section illustrates removing all display subcomponents.

Description	Spare part number
Display assembly, non-touch, UHD, UWVA, without webcam	848257-001
Display assembly, non-touch, UHD, UWVA, with webcam	848258-001
Display assembly, touch screen, FHD, UWVA, with webcam	848265-001

To remove the display assembly subcomponents, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.

Remove the display assembly subcomponents:

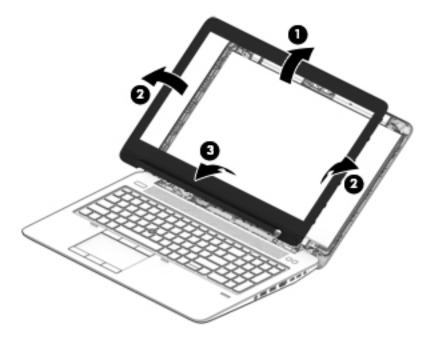
- 1. Open the computer as far as it will open.
- 2. If it is necessary to replace the display bezel:
  - **a.** Flex the inside edges of the top edge (1), the left and right sides (2), and the bottom edge (3) of the display bezel until the bezel disengages from the display enclosure.

**b.** Remove the display bezel.

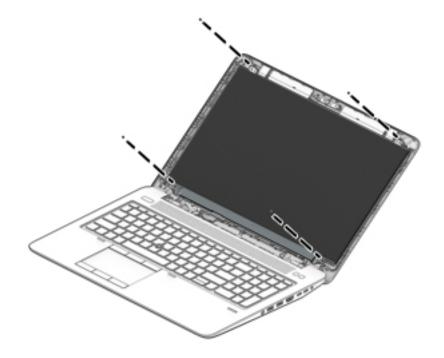
The display bezel is available using the following spare part numbers:

848241-001: Models without a webcam

850154-001: Models with a webcam

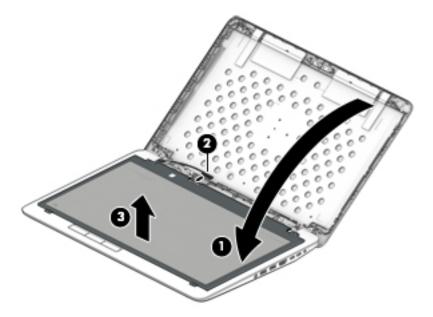


- **3.** If it is necessary to replace the display panel:
  - **a.** Remove the four Phillips PM2.0×3.0 screws that secure the display panel to the display enclosure.



- **CAUTION:** Make sure the work surface is clear of tools, screws, and any other foreign objects. Failure to follow this caution can result in damage to the display panel.
- **b.** Lift the top edge of the display panel **(1)** and swing it up and forward until it rests upside down in front of the display enclosure.
- c. Release the adhesive strip that secures the display panel cable connector to the rear of the display panel, and then disconnect the display panel cable from the display panel (2).
- d. Remove the display panel from the computer (3).

The display panel is available using spare part numbers 848255-001 (SVA panel), 848256-001 (UWVA panel).



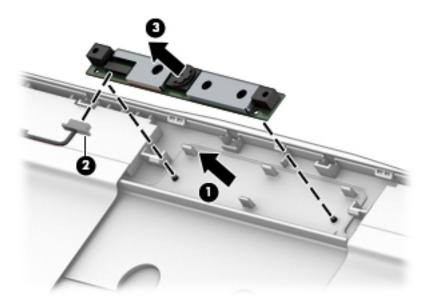
4. If it is necessary to replace the webcam/microphone module or microphone module:

**CAUTION:** Handle the webcam/microphone module and microphone module with caution. These modules have a thin profile and are susceptible to damage when not handled carefully.

- **a.** Detach the webcam/microphone module **(1)** from the display enclosure. (The webcam/microphone module is attached to the display enclosure with double-sided adhesive.)
- **b.** Disconnect the webcam/microphone module cable (2) from the module.

c. Remove the webcam/microphone module (3).

The webcam/microphone module is available using spare part number 848264-001. The microphone module is available using spare part number 854110-001.



Reverse this procedure to reassemble and install the display assembly components.

# Solid-state drive (M.2)

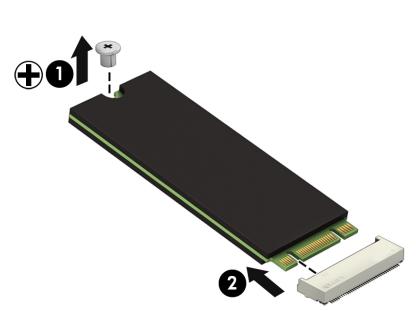
Description	Spare part number
1-TB, PCIe	848238-001
512-GB, SATA-3	922078-001
512-GB, PCIe, locked for EMEA	915234-001
512-GB, PCIe, Samsung, locked	917489-001
512-GB, self-encrypting drive (SED), OPAL2, SATA-3, TLC	922975-001
512-GB, PCIe, locked	927934-001
512-GB, Samsung, locked, for AMS region	L07371-001
256-GB, SATA-3	922077-001
256-GB, PCIe, Samsung, locked	917488-001
256-GB, self-encrypting drive (SED), OPAL2, SATA-3, TLC	929513-001
256-GB, PCIe, locked	927935-001
256-GB, Samsung, locked	913526-001

Before removing the solid-state drive, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).

Remove the solid-state drive:

- 1. Remove the Phillips PM2.0×3.5 screw (1) that secures the solid-state drive to the system board.
- **2.** Remove the solid-state drive **(2)** by pulling the drive away from the slot at an angle.



Reverse this procedure to install the solid-state drive.

# WLAN module

Description	Spare part number
Intel Dual Band Wireless-AC 8260	806721-002
Intel Dual Band Wireless-AC 8260 (non-vPro)	806722-002

**CAUTION:** To prevent an unresponsive system, replace the wireless module only with a wireless module authorized for use in the computer by the governmental agency that regulates wireless devices in your country or region. If you replace the module and then receive a warning message, remove the module to restore device functionality, and then contact technical support.

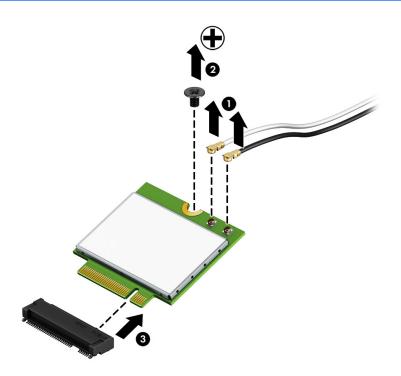
Before removing the WLAN module, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).

Remove the WLAN module:

- 1. Disconnect the WLAN antenna cables (1) from the terminals on the WLAN module.
- **NOTE:** The WLAN antenna cable labeled "1" connects to the WLAN module "Main" terminal labeled "1". The WLAN antenna cable labeled "2" connects to the WLAN module "Aux" terminal labeled "2".
- 2. Remove the Phillips PM2.0×3.0 screw (2) that secures the WLAN module to the system board. (The WLAN module tilts up.)

- **3.** Remove the WLAN module **(3)** by pulling the module away from the slot at an angle.
  - **NOTE:** WLAN modules are notched to prevent incorrect installation.



**NOTE:** If the WLAN antenna cables are not connected to the terminals on the WLAN module, protective sleeves should be installed on the antenna connectors, as shown in the following illustration.



Reverse this procedure to install the WLAN module.

## WWAN module

Description	Spare part number
HP lt4120 LTE/EVDO/HSPA+ Gobi 4G Mobile Broadband Module	800870-002
HP hs3110 HSPA+ Mobile Broadband Module	822828-002

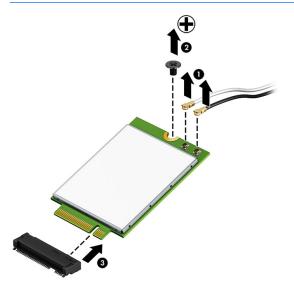
**CAUTION:** To prevent an unresponsive system, replace the wireless module only with a wireless module authorized for use in the computer by the governmental agency that regulates wireless devices in your country or region. If you replace the module and then receive a warning message, remove the module to restore device functionality, and then contact technical support.

Before removing the WWAN module, follow these steps:

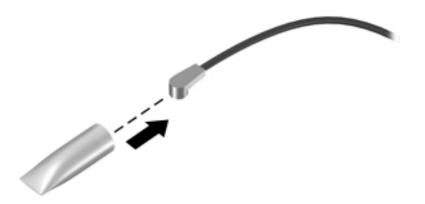
- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).

Remove the WWAN module:

- 1. Disconnect the WWAN antenna cables (1) from the terminals on the WWAN module.
- **NOTE:** The WWAN antenna cable labeled "5" connects to the "Main" terminal labeled "5". The WWAN antenna cable labeled "6" connects to the "Aux/GPS" terminal labeled "6".
- Remove the Phillips PM2.0×3.25 screw (2) that secures the WWAN module to the system board. (The WWAN module tilts up.)
- **3.** Remove the WWAN module **(3)** by pulling the module away from the slot at an angle.
  - **NOTE:** WWAN modules are notched to prevent incorrect installation.



NOTE: If the WWAN antenna cables are not connected to the terminals on the WWAN module, protective sleeves should be installed on the antenna connectors, as shown in the following illustration.



Reverse this procedure to install the WWAN module.

# **RTC battery**

Description	Spare part number
RTC battery (includes cable and double-sided adhesive)	848234-001

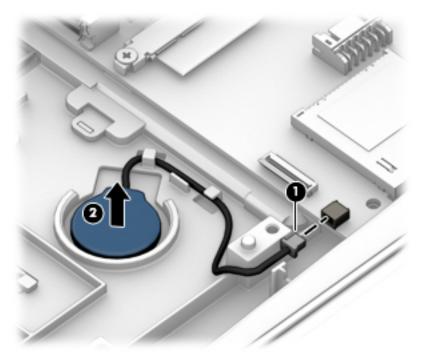
Before removing the RTC battery, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).

Remove the RTC battery:

1. Disconnect the RTC battery cable (1) from the system board.

2. Detach the RTC battery (2) from the base enclosure. (The RTC battery is attached to the base enclosure with double-sided adhesive.)



**3.** Remove the RTC battery and cable.

Reverse this procedure to install the RTC battery.

# **Keyboard**

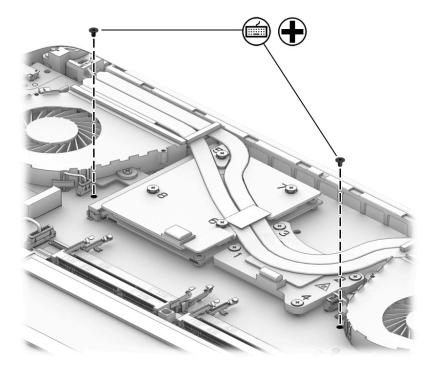
For use in country or region	Spare part number	For use in country or region	Spare part number
Keyboard with backlight and pointing stick	(includes keyboard	cable and backlight cable:	
The pointing stick cable is available in the Ca	ble Kit using spare pa	art number 848244-001.	
For use in Belgium	848311-A41	For use in Northwest Africa	848311-FP1
For use in Brazil	848311-201	For use in Norway	848311-091
For use in Bulgaria	848311-261	For use in Portugal	848311-131
For use in Canada	848311-DB1	For use in Romania	848311-271
For use in the Czech Republic and Slovakia	848311-FL1	For use in Russia	848311-251
For use in Denmark	848311-081	For use in Saudi Arabia	848311-171
For use in France	848311-051	For use in Slovenia	848311-BA1
For use in Germany	848311-041	For use in South Korea	848311-AD1
For use in Greece	848311-151	For use in Spain	848311-071
For use in Hungary	848311-211	For use in Sweden and Finland	848311-B71
For use in Iceland	848311-DD1	For use in Switzerland	848311-BG1
For use in India	848311-D61	For use in Taiwan	848311-AB1
For use in Israel	848311-BB1	For use in Thailand	848311-281
For use in Italy	848311-061	For use in Turkey	848311-141
For use in Japan	848311-291	For use in the United Kingdom and Singapore	848311-031
For use in Latin America	848311-161	For use in the United States	848311-001
For use in the Netherlands	848311-B31		

Before removing the keyboard, follow these steps:

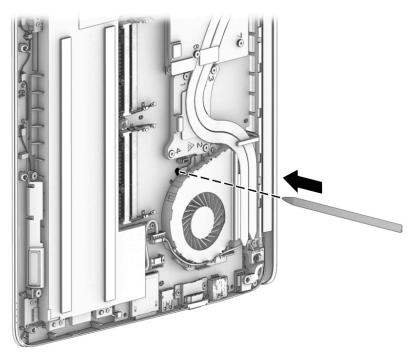
- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).

Remove the keyboard:

1. Remove the two Phillips PM2.0×4.0 screws (1) that secure the keyboard to the computer.

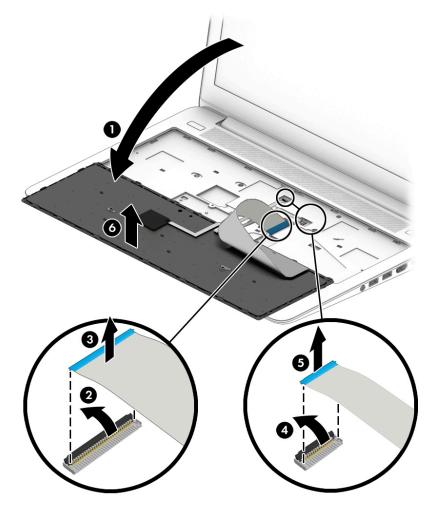


- 2. Partially open the computer.
- **3.** Rest and secure the computer on its left side.
- 4. Insert a thin tool into the keyboard release hole near the fan, and then press on the back of the keyboard until the keyboard disengages from the computer.



- 5. Turn the computer right-side up, with the front toward you.
- 6. Open the computer as far as it will open.

- 7. Lift the rear edge of the keyboard and swing the it up and forward until it rests upside down on the palm rest (1).
- 8. Swing the rear edge of the keyboard (1) up and forward until it rests upside down on the palm rest.
- **9.** Release the zero insertion force (ZIF) connector **(2)** to which the keyboard cable is attached, and then disconnect the keyboard cable from the system board **(3)**.
- **10.** Release the ZIF connector **(4)** to which the pointing stick cable is attached, and then disconnect the pointing stick cable from the system board **(5)**.
- **11.** Remove the keyboard **(6)**.



Reverse this procedure to install the keyboard.

# **Speakers**

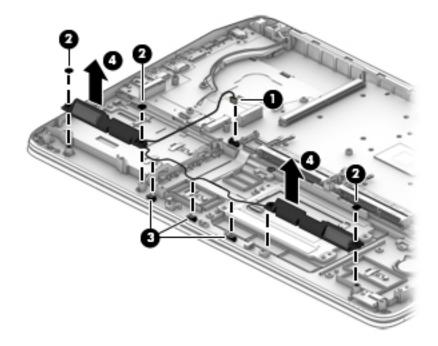
Description	Spare part number
Speakers (includes cable)	848233-001

Before removing the speakers, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).

Remove the speakers:

- **1.** Disconnect the speaker cable **(1)** from the system board.
- 2. Remove the three Phillips PM2.5×5.0 screws (2) that secure the speakers to the base enclosure.
- 3. Remove the cable from the clips built into the chassis (3), and then remove the speakers (4).



Reverse this procedure to install the speakers.

# **Touchpad module**

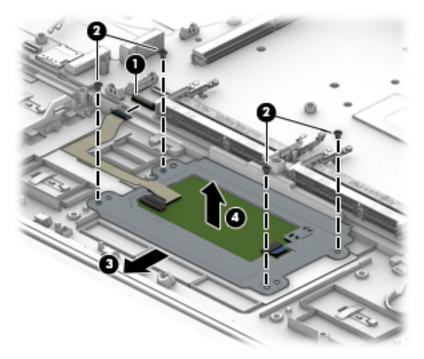
Description	Spare part number
Touchpad module	850944-001
The touchpad module cable is available in the Cable Kit using spare part number 848244-001.	

Before removing the touchpad module, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).
- 6. Remove the left speaker (see <u>Speakers on page 52</u>).

Remove the touchpad module:

- **1.** Disconnect the touchpad cable from the system board **(1)**.
- 2. Remove the four Phillips PM2.5×3.0 screws (2) that secure the touchpad module to the top cover.
- **3.** Pull touchpad out from under lip near the system board **(3)**.
- 4. Remove the touchpad module (4) and cable



Reverse this procedure to install the touchpad module.

# **LED board**

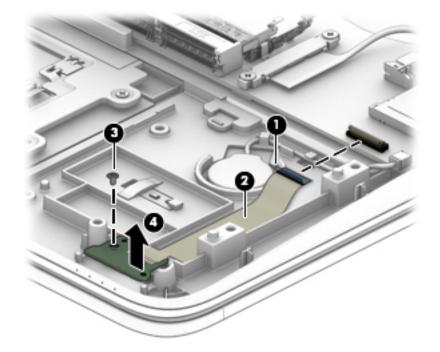
Description	Spare part number
LED board	848246-001

Before removing the LED board, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).

Remove the LED board:

- 1. Disconnect the LED board from the system board (1).
- 2. Lift to release the LED board cable from the adhesive that secures it to the computer (2).
- 3. Remove the Phillips PM2.5×3.0 screw (3) that secures the LED board to the computer.
- 4. Remove the LED board and cable from the computer (4).



#### 5. Remove the LED board

Reverse this procedure to install the LED board.

#### Fans

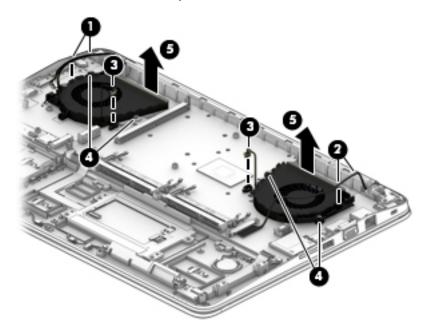
Description	Spare part number
Fan for use over the processor	848251-001
Fan for use over the graphics card	848252-001

Before removing the fan, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).
- 6. Remove the heat sink (see <u>Heat sink assembly on page 62</u>).

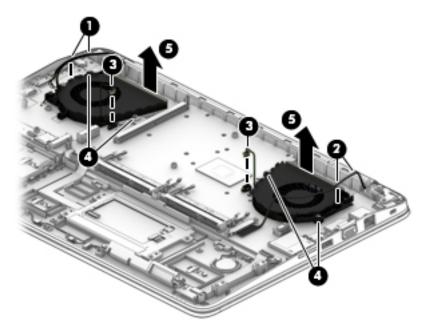
Remove the fans:

- **1.** To remove the graphics board fan (left in following image):
  - a. Remove the display cable from the clips in the fan (1).
  - **b.** Disconnect the fan cable from the system board (3).
  - c. Loosen the two captive Phillips screws that secure the fan to the computer (4).
  - d. Remove the fan assembly (5).



**2.** To remove the graphics board fan (right in following image):

- **a.** Remove the antenna cable from the clips in the fan **(2)**.
- **b.** Disconnect the fan cable from the system board **(3)**.
- c. Loosen the two captive Phillips screws that secure the fan to the computer (4).
- d. Remove the fan assembly (5).



Reverse this procedure to install the fan.

# Smart card reader

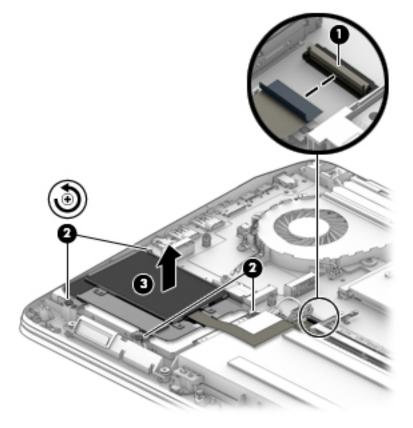
Description	Spare part number
Smart card reader (includes cable)	848245-001
The smart card reader bracket is available in the Bracket Kit, spare part number 848232-001.	

Before removing the smart card reader, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).

Remove the smart card reader:

- 1. Release the ZIF connector (1) to which the smart card reader cable is attached, and then disconnect the smart card reader cable from the system board.
- 2. Loosen the four captive Phillips screws (2) that secure the smart card reader to the base enclosure.
- **3.** Remove the smart card reader **(3)**.



Reverse this procedure to install the smart card reader and cable.

# Hard drive

NOTE: The hard drive spare part kit does not include the hard drive bracket or screws. These components are included in the Hard Drive Hardware Kit, spare part number 848231-001.

Description	Spare part number
Hard drive	
1-TB, 5400-rpm, hybrid 8 GB	924036-853
1-TB, 5400-rpm,	762990-003
500-GB, 5400-rpm, hybrid 8 GB	732000-003
500-GB, 7200-rpm	703267-003
500-GB, 5400-rpm, FIPS	820572-003
500-GB, 7200-rpm, self-encrypting	820573-003
Solid–state drive	
1-TB, SATA, TLC	929512-001
256-GB, SATA, TLC	848239-001

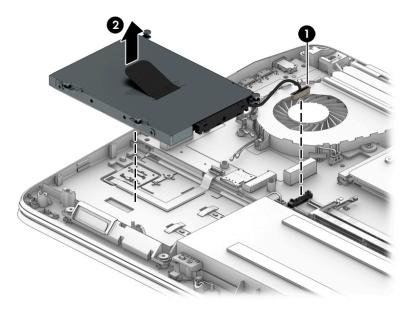
Before removing the hard drive, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).
- 6. Remove the smart card reader (see <u>Smart card reader on page 57</u>).

Remove the hard drive:

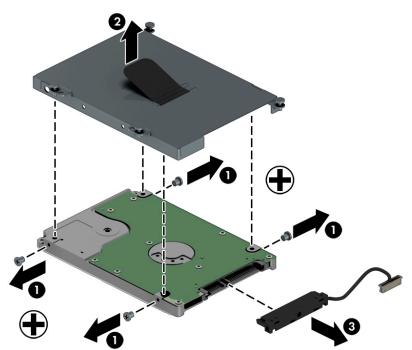
**1.** Disconnect the hard drive cable from the system board **(1)**.

**2.** Lift the hard drive **(2)**.



- 3. If it is necessary to disassemble the hard drive, perform the following steps:
  - **a.** Remove the four Phillips PM3.0×3.0 screws (1) that secure the hard drive bracket to the hard drive.
  - **b.** Remove the hard drive bracket from the hard drive (2).
  - c. Remove the hard drive connector and cable from the hard drive (3).

The hard drive bracket and screws are available in the Hard Drive Hardware Kit, spare part number 848231-001.



Reverse this procedure to install the hard drive.

# **Fingerprint reader board**

Description	Spare part number
Fingerprint reader board (includes bracket, cable, and double-sided adhesive)	850151-001
The fingerprint reader bracket is available in the Bracket Kit, spare part number 848232-001.	

Before removing the fingerprint reader board, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).
- 6. Remove the solid-state drive (see <u>Solid-state drive (M.2) on page 42</u>).
- 7. Remove the smart card reader (see <u>Smart card reader on page 57</u>).
- 8. Remove the hard drive (see <u>Hard drive on page 58</u>).

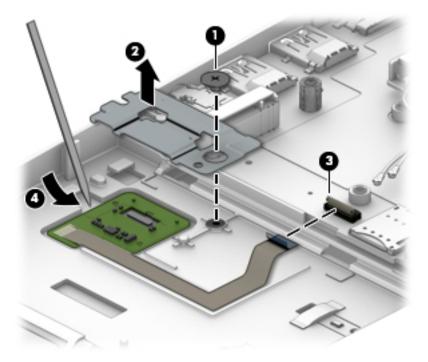
Remove the fingerprint reader board:

- **1.** Turn the top cover upside down with the front toward you.
- 2. Remove the Phillips PM2.0×2.0 screw (1) that secures the fingerprint reader board and bracket to the top cover.
- 3. Lift the fingerprint reader board bracket off the fingerprint reader board (2).

The fingerprint reader board bracket is available in the Bracket Kit, spare part number 848232-001.

4. Detach the fingerprint reader board cable (3) from the system board .

5. The fingerprint reader board cable is attached to the top cover with double-sided adhesive. Use a tool to pry the fingerprint reader board up (4), and then remove the board and cable.



Reverse this procedure to install the fingerprint reader board.

## **Heat sink assembly**

- NOTE: Only remove the heat sink from the system board if its removal is required to remove other components. It is preferred to leave the heat sink connected to the system board when possible to preserve the thermal materials used between the heat sink and system board. Removal of the heat sink requires reapplication of this thermal material.
- **NOTE:** The heat sink assembly spare part kit includes replacement thermal material.

Description	Spare part number
Heat sink for use only in models with Nvidia Quadro graphics boards	850148-001
Heat sink for use only in models with the AMD FirePro graphics board	850149-001
Heat sink for use only in models with UMA graphics memory	850150-001

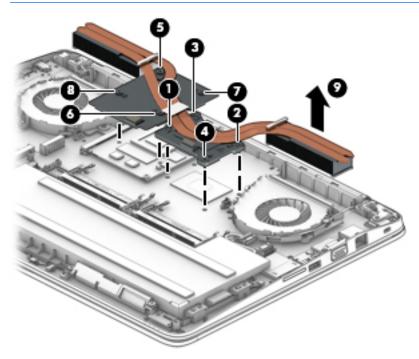
Before removing the heat sink assembly, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- **3.** Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).

Remove the heat sink assembly:

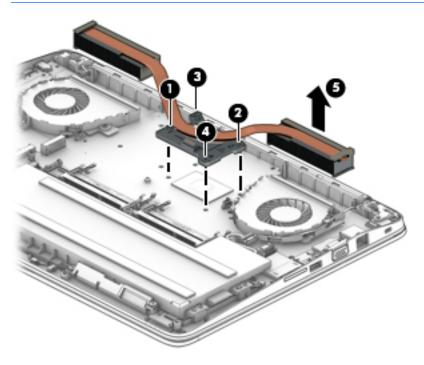
- 1. On models with discrete graphics memory:
  - **a.** Following the **(1)** through **(4)** sequence stamped into the processor heat sink, loosen the four Phillips captive screws that secure the processor heat sink to the system board.
  - **b.** Following the **(5)** through **(8)** sequence stamped into the graphics board heat sink, loosen the four Phillips captive screws that secure the graphics board heat sink to the system board.

- c. Remove the fan/heat sink assembly (9).
  - NOTE: Due to the adhesive quality of the thermal material located between the fan/heat sink assembly and the system board components, it may be necessary to move the heat sink assembly from side to side to detach it.

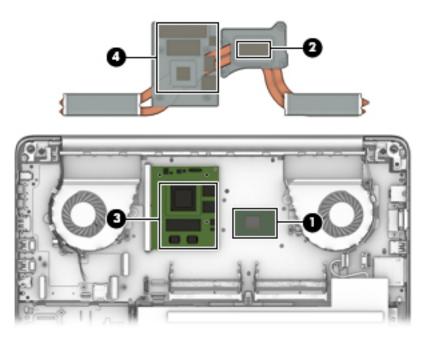


- 2. On models with UMA graphics memory:
  - **a.** Following the **(1)** through **(4)** sequence stamped into the processor heat sink, loosen the four Phillips captive screws that secure the processor heat sink to the system board.

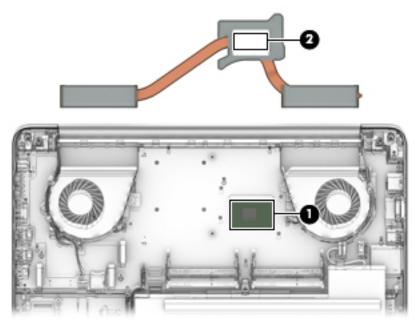
- **b.** Remove the fan/heat sink assembly (5).
  - NOTE: Due to the adhesive quality of the thermal material located between the fan/heat sink assembly and the system board components, it may be necessary to move the heat sink assembly from side to side to detach it.



- **NOTE:** The thermal material must be thoroughly cleaned from the surfaces of the heat sink assembly and the system board components each time the fan/heat sink assembly is removed. Replacement thermal material is included with the fan/heat sink assembly, processor, and system board spare part kits.
  - On models with discrete graphics memory, thermal pads are used on the processor (1) and the graphics board (3) and the heat sink sections (2) and (4) that service them



• On models with UMA graphics memory, thermal pads are used on the processor (1) and the heat sink section (2) that services it



Reverse this procedure to install the heat sink assembly.

## **Graphics board**

**NOTE:** The graphics board spare part kit includes replacement thermal material.

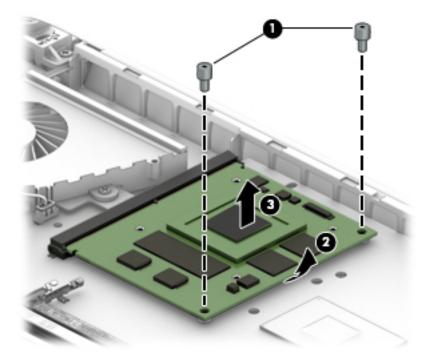
Description	Spare part number
NVIDIA Quadro M1000M graphics board	848261-001
NVIDIA Quadro M2000M graphics board	848262-001
NVIDIA Quadro M600M graphics board	910536-001
AMD FirePro W5170M graphics board	848263-001

Before removing the graphics board, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).
- 6. Remove the heat sink (see <u>Heat sink assembly on page 62</u>).

Remove the graphics board:

- 1. Remove the two Torx T8M3.0×5.5 screws (1) that secure the graphics board to the system board.
- Lift the edge of graphics board upward until it sits at an angle (2), and then remove the board from the socket (3).



Reverse this procedure to install the graphics board.

## System board

**NOTE:** The system board spare part kit includes battery connector bracket and replacement thermal material.

All system boards use the following part numbers:

xxxxxx-001: Windows 7 or non-Windows operating systems

xxxxxx-601: Windows 10 operating system

Description	Spare part number
System board equipped with an Intel Core i7-6820HQ processor	848221-xxx
System board equipped with an Intel Core i7-6700HQ processor	848219-xxx
System board equipped with an Intel Core i7-6440HQ processor	848217-xxx
System board equipped with an Intel Core i5-6300HQ processor	922974-xxx
System board equipped with an Intel Xeon E3-1545M processor	848225-xxx
System board equipped with an Intel Xeon E3-1505M processor	848223-xxx

Before removing the system board, follow these steps:

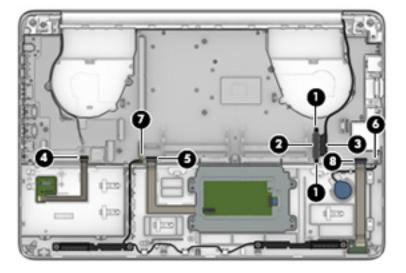
- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- **3.** Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).
- 6. Remove the hard drive (see <u>Hard drive on page 58</u>).
- 7. Remove the keyboard (see <u>Keyboard on page 49</u>).
- 8. Remove the fans (see <u>Fans on page 55</u>).
- 9. Remove the smart card reader (see <u>Smart card reader on page 57</u>).

NOTE: When replacing the system board, be sure that the following components are removed from the defective system board and installed on the replacement system board:

- Solid-state drive (see <u>Solid-state drive (M.2) on page 42</u>)
- WLAN module (see <u>WLAN module on page 44</u>)
- WWAN module (see <u>WWAN module on page 46</u>)
- Memory modules (see <u>Memory module on page 36</u>)
- Graphics board (see <u>Graphics board on page 66</u>)

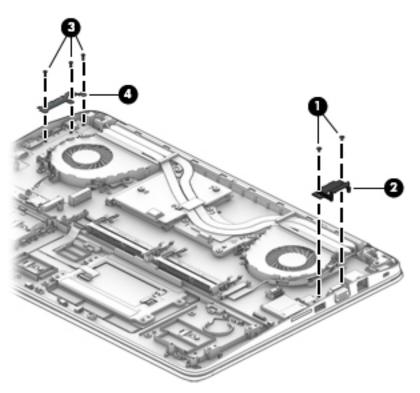
Remove the system board:

- 1. Remove the two Phillips PM2.0×3.0 screws from the bracket atop the display connector (1), and then remove the bracket (2).
- **2.** Disconnect the display cable **(3)**.
- **3.** Disconnect the remaining cables from the system board:
  - (4) Fingerprint reader cable
  - (5) Touchpad cable
  - (6) RTC battery cable
  - (7) Speaker cable
  - (8) LED board cable

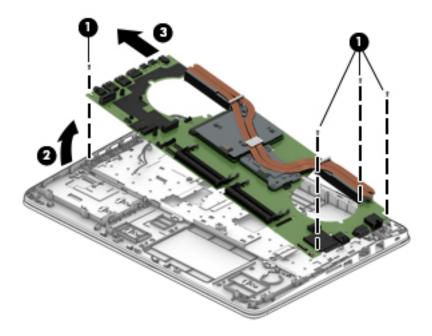


4. Remove the two Phillips PM2.5×7.0 screws (1) from the VGA bracket, and then remove the bracket (2).

Remove the three Phillips PM2.5×7.0 screws (3) from the USB-C bracket, and then remove the bracket (4).



- 6. Remove the four Phillips PM2.5×5.0 screws (1) that secure the system board to the computer.
- 7. Lift up on the left side of the system board (2) until it rests at an angle.
- 8. Remove the system board (3) by sliding it up and to the left.



Reverse this procedure to install the system board.

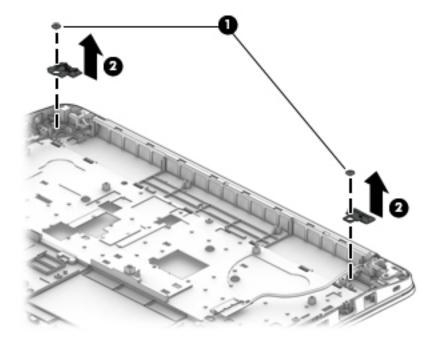
## **Buttons**

Before removing the buttons, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).
- 6. Remove the hard drive (see <u>Hard drive on page 58</u>).
- 7. Remove the keyboard (see <u>Keyboard on page 49</u>).
- 8. Remove the fans (see <u>Fans on page 55</u>).
- 9. Remove the smart card reader (see <u>Smart card reader on page 57</u>).
- 10. Remove the system board (see <u>System board on page 67</u>).

Remove the buttons:

- 1. Remove the Phillips PM2.5×2.5 screw (1) that secures each button to the base enclosure.
- 2. Remove the buttons from the computer (2).



### 3. Remove the buttons

Reverse this procedure to install the buttons.

## **Display assembly**

**NOTE:** Touch display assemblies are spared as a whole unit assemblies only. Non-touch display assemblies are spared at the subcomponent level and as whole units.

To remove the display assembly and non-touch display subcomponents, follow these steps:

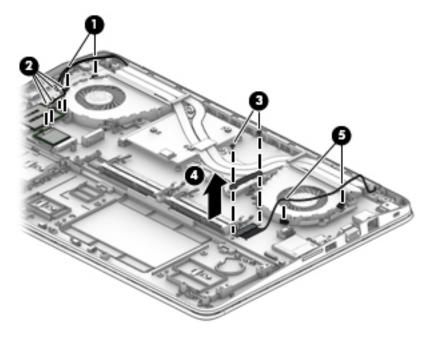
- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).

Remove the display assembly:

- 1. Close the computer.
- 2. Position the computer upside down.
- **3.** Remove the antenna cables from the clips in the graphics card fan **(1)** and disconnect the antenna cables from the WLAN module **(2)**.
- 4. Remove the two Phillips PM2.0×3.0 screws (3) that secure bracket atop the display panel cable on the system board.
- 5. Remove the display panel cable bracket (4).

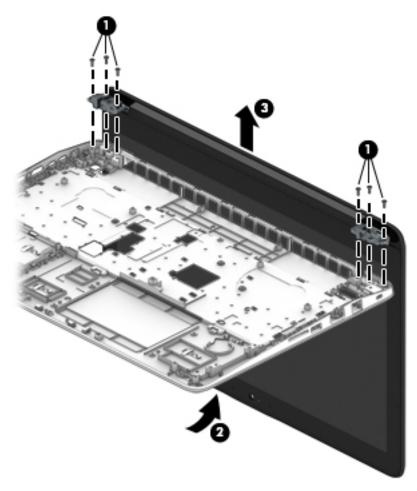
The display panel cable bracket is included in the Bracket Kit, spare part number 848232-001.

**6.** Remove the display cable from the side of the processor fan and disconnect the cable **(5)** from the system board.



- 7. Open the computer with the display at a 90 degree angle as shown in the following image.
- 8. Remove the six Torx T8M2.0×3.0 screws (1) that secure the hinge cover to the computer.

- **9.** Remove the hinge cover **(2)**.
- **10.** Separate the display from the computer **(3)**.



- **11.** If it is necessary to replace the display assembly subcomponents:
  - **a.** Flex the inside edges of the top edge **(1)**, the left and right sides **(2)**, and the bottom edge **(3)** of the display bezel until the bezel disengages from the display enclosure.

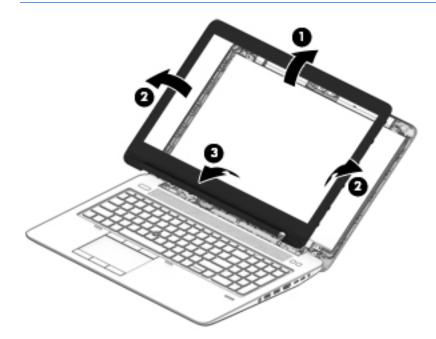
**b.** Remove the display bezel.

The display bezel is available using the following spare part numbers:

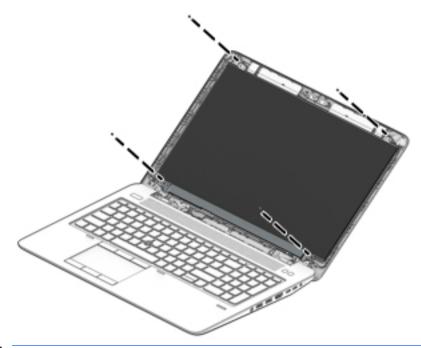
848241-001: Models without a webcam

850154-001: Models with a webcam

NOTE: The display assembly will not be connected to the computer as shown in the following image.

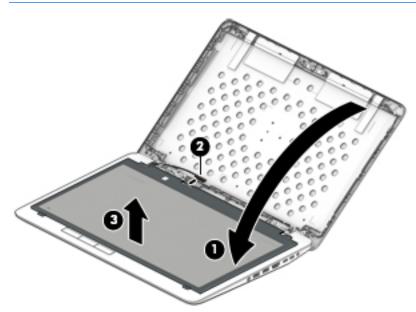


- **12.** If it is necessary to replace the display panel:
  - **a.** Remove the four Phillips PM2.0×3.0 screws that secure the display panel to the display enclosure.
    - **NOTE:** The display assembly will not be connected to the computer as shown in the following image.



- **CAUTION:** Before turning the display panel upside down, make sure the work surface is clear of tools, screws, and any other foreign objects. Failure to follow this caution can result in damage to the display panel.
- **b.** Lift the top edge of the display panel **(1)** and swing it up and forward until it rests upside down in front of the display enclosure.
- c. Release the adhesive strip that secures the display panel cable connector to the rear of the display panel, and then disconnect the display panel cable from the display panel (2).

- d. Remove the display panel from the display enclosure (3).
  - NOTE: The display assembly will not be connected to the computer as shown in the following image.



e. Remove the display panel.

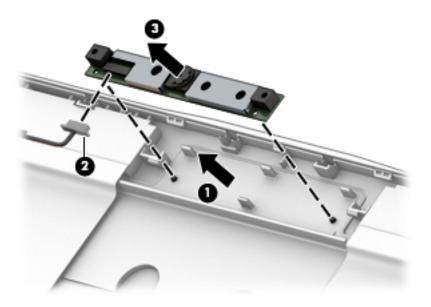
The display panel is available using spare part numbers 848255-001 (SVA panel), 848256-001 (UWVA panel).

**13.** If it is necessary to replace the webcam/microphone module or microphone module:

**CAUTION:** Handle the webcam/microphone module and microphone module with caution. These modules have a thin profile and are susceptible to damage when not handled carefully.

- **a.** Detach the webcam/microphone module **(1)** from the display enclosure. (The webcam/microphone module is attached to the display enclosure with adhesive.)
- **b.** Disconnect the cable (2) from the webcam/microphone module.

c. Remove the webcam/microphone module (3) from the display enclosure.

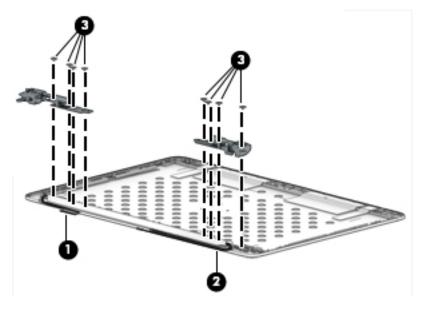


d. Remove the webcam/microphone module.

The webcam/microphone module is available using spare part number 848264-001. The microphone module is available using spare part number 854110-001.

- **14.** If it is necessary to replace the display hinges:
  - **a.** Remove the display cable from the left hinge **(1)**.
  - **b.** Remove the antenna cables from the right hinge (2).
  - **c.** Remove the eight Phillips PM2.5×2.5 screws, and then remove the display hinges from the enclosure **(3)**.

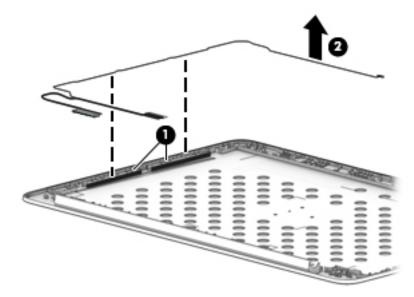
The display hinges are available using spare part number 848242-001 and include the left and right hinges.



**15.** If it is necessary to replace the display/webcam cable:

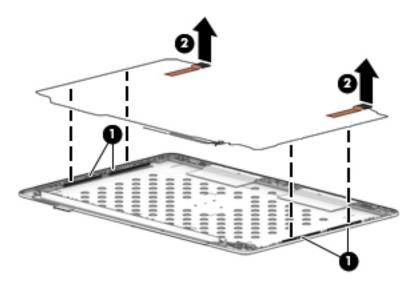
- **a.** Remove the cable from under the tape on the left side of the display enclosure **(1)**.
- **b.** Remove the display/webcam cable from the enclosure (2).

The display/webcam cable is available using spare part number 848253-001.



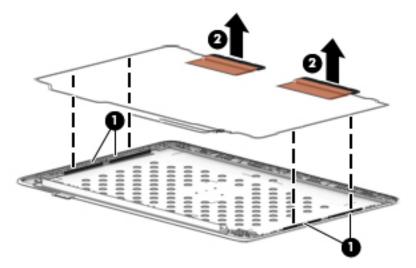
**16.** If it is necessary to replace the WLAN antennas, release the WLAN antenna cables from the routing channels built into the display enclosure **(1)**, and then lift the cables from the display enclosure **(2)**.

The WLAN antennas are available using spare part number 848228-001



17. If it is necessary to replace the WWAN antennas, release the WWAN antenna cables from the routing channels built into the display enclosure (1), and then lift the cables from the display enclosure (2).

The WWAN antennas are available using spare part number 848229-001



Reverse this procedure to reassemble and install the display assembly.

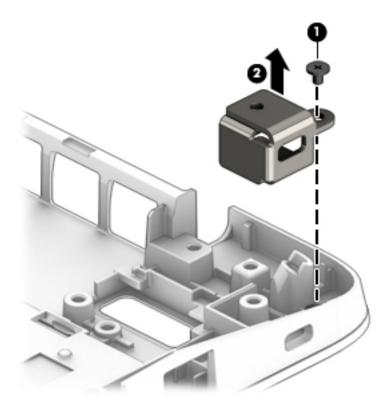
## Lock bracket

Before removing the lock bracket, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.
- 4. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 32</u>).
- 5. Disconnect the battery (see <u>Battery on page 34</u>).
- 6. Disconnect the display assembly (see <u>Display assembly on page 71</u>).

Remove the lock bracket:

- 1. Remove the Phillips PM2.5×5.0 screw (1) that secures the lock bracket to the base enclosure.
- 2. Remove the bracket (2).



Reverse this procedure to install the lock bracket.

# 7 Troubleshooting guide

This chapter is primarily focused on troubleshooting HP Mobile Workstations and HP Notebooks. The information is provided so that you can solve problems yourself or at least narrow down what may be causing the problem. Based on some of the most common symptoms, this chapter helps to identify logical steps and available resources or tools for resolving an issue. HP recommends that you follow the instructions carefully, observe safety precautions, and note any observations or results. Capturing this information may help identify and resolve the problem faster.

MARNING! To reduce the risk of electric shock or damage to the equipment:

- Do not disable the power cord grounding plug. The grounding plug is an important safety feature.
- Plug the power cord into a grounded (earthed) outlet that is easily accessible at all times.
- Disconnect power from the equipment by unplugging the power cord from the AC outlet.
- Before disassembling notebooks, always disconnect power and remove the battery.

**CAUTION:** Static electricity can damage the electronic components of the computer. To prevent damage to the computer, carefully observe the electrostatic discharge precautions.

- Discharge static electricity by briefly touching a grounded metal object before you begin.
- Work on a static-free mat.
- Wear a static strap to ensure that any accumulated electrostatic charge is discharged from your body to the ground.
- Create a common ground for the equipment you are working on by connecting the static-free mat, static strap, and peripheral units to that piece of equipment.
- Refer to the Electrostatic Discharge Section of the Maintenance & Service Guide for more information.

**CAUTION:** The computer includes customer self-repair parts and parts that should only be accessed by an authorized service provider. See the chapter titled "Removal and replacement procedures for Customer Self-Repair parts," for details. Accessing parts described in the chapter titled "Removal and replacement procedures for authorized service provider only parts" can damage the computer or void the computer warranty.

## **Resources**

HP Resource Tool	Description	Link
HP Elite Support	Provides live HP Premium support (available 24/7) to Elite computers.	http://www8.hp.com/us/en/ads/elite- products/overview.html
HP Support Center	Provides important support, such as warranty, support cases, drivers, Customer Advisories, Customer and Security Bulletins, and Product Change Notices.	http://h20565.www2.hp.com/portal/site/ hpsc
HP Troubleshooting Support page	Provides troubleshooting information for your specific HP computer.	<u>http://www8.hp.com/us/en/</u> troubleshooting.html
Subscribers Choice	Allows you to sign up for HP product updates.	http://www8.hp.com/us/en/subscribe/
HP Support Forums	Provide discussions about HP products and issues.	http://h30434.www3.hp.com/psg/
Service Access Workbench (SAW) (Available for technicians and Business Partners only)	Provides navigable content intended for use by internal and outsourced call center staff and can be a resource for support and product division professionals.	http://sawpro.atlanta.hp.com/km/saw/ home.do
Vendors' web sites Provide additional information for associated components such as Intel (processor, WLAN),		<u>http://www.intel.com/</u> content/www/us/en/homepage.html
	Microsoft (Windows 7/8/10), AMD/NVidia (GPU), and so on.	http://www.microsoft.com
		http://www.amd.com
		http://www.nvidia.com

## **General troubleshooting steps**

A basic logic should be used when troubleshooting computer issues. This section will help you become familiar with troubleshooting methodology and efficiently resolve problems. Proceed through the steps in the following table until the issue is resolved, and then move on to the next step that is relevant to the issue. For example, if you resolve a memory issue using the HP PC Diagnostics (UEFI) tool in step 6, you can then move on to step 10 to reseat the memory into its memory slot.

NOTE: General troubleshooting steps do not have to be followed in a specific order if an issue does not apply.

Identify issue	Analyze issue	Resolve issue	Verify solution
1. Understand the issue	5. Remove or uninstall recently	8. Hard reset on page 94	Verify solution
on page 82 2. Examine the environment	<u>added hardware, software</u> <u>on page 85</u>	<u>9. Soft reset (Default Settings)</u> on page 95	<u>on page 98</u>
on page 84	<u>6. HP Hardware Diagnostics and</u> Tools on page 86	10. Reseat cables and connections	
3. Perform a visual inspection of hardware on page 85	7. Status lights, blinking light	on page 95	
4. Update BIOS and drivers	codes, troubleshooting lights, and POST error messages	<u>11. Test with minimum configuration</u> <u>on page 96</u>	
<u>on page 85</u>	on page 90	12. Test with verified working	
		<u>configuration (hardware and/or operating</u> system) on page 97	

### Table 7-1 Troubleshooting methodology and general troubleshooting steps

13. Replace the system board on page 97

## **Identify the issue**

## 1. Understand the issue

It is important to understand the issue that occurred, including related symptoms. It helps to understand the basic computer boot-up sequence as well as the failure itself. The boot-up sequence and associated failures are described below.

#### **Boot up sequence**

The computer performs several steps after you press the power button or restart the computer.

It is important to understand where in the boot-up sequence the symptoms occur. The following table lists the phases of the boot-up sequence and explains the symptoms that may occur in each phase. For example, a blue screen error (BSOD) often occurs during the performance phase.

#### Table 7-2 Boot-up sequence

Power-on	After power button is pressed, the computer boots after all internal power rails (i.e., 5V, 3.3V) are stable.	
	Confirm that power lights are on fan is spinning.	
	Next step: If the computer experiences a power-on issue, see "Verify Power Good (Troubleshooting) lights" in <u>No Power on page 100</u> .	
	Common issues: all lights are off; troubleshooting lights are on; does not boot; video is absent.	
POST (UEFI/BIOS)	Power-On Self-Test (POST) verifies that hardware components (processor, storage device, memory, etc.) are functional. When POST is complete, the HP logo displays briefly and then disappears.	
	If there are errors, the computer may exhibit blinking lights and POST error messages	
	Common issues: lights blink, error message appears, hangs.	
Performance	System boots to operating system, and Windows logo screen appears	
(operating system)	Common issues: hangs (lock up/freezes), blue screen, video distorted, driver conflict, slow performance, display issue (dead pixel), I/O issue (no speaker sound), wireless/audio unavailable, noise.	
	See <u>Analyze the issue on page 85</u> table below for detailed troubleshooting information).	

#### Failure classification

Failure classification is a breakdown of different types of failures and symptoms that could occur during the boot-up sequence. Table 3 and table 4 represent the failure classification for common notebook failures.

Table 3 categorizes failures by the boot-up sequence.

- 1. Power-on: Common issues are No Power, Recycle/Reboot, etc.
- 2. POST: Common issues are No Boot (have power), Light Flash or Diagnostics Error.
- **3.** Performance: Common issues are Intermittent Loss of Power, Blue Screen, Hang, etc. In many cases, issues may be identified and associated with a particular hardware (i.e., display, storage).

Table 4 categorizes failures by hardware.

4. Display

- 5. I/O devices (Input/Output)
- 6. Storage
- 7. Mechanical

A single symptom can be listed under different groups. For example, No Video can belong to (1) Power-on or (4) Display; but Flickering when powered should be listed in (4) Display. Or, in another example, a blue screen can be caused by a driver conflict in Performance (4), but it can also be caused by a defective storage device under (6) Storage. Therefore, failures that share similar symptoms are noted..

If possible, make a record of the failure symptom, the phase of the boot-up sequence where the failure occurs, and the most likely location in the failure tree (<u>Table 7-3 Failure classification by boot-up sequence</u> <u>on page 83</u> and <u>Table 7-4 Failure classification by hardware devices and mechanical on page 84</u>). This will help isolate the issue and indicate the next steps. For example, when the computer is running the operating system, it may experience an issue with (4) Display, (5) I/O devices (keyboard, wireless, and so on), (6) Storage, or (7) Mechanical components (stuck buttons, thermal shutdown, and so on).

NOTE: "Uncategorized" is used if an issue found is not listed. For example, Bluetooth is offered on certain hardware configurations; therefore, a Bluetooth issue can be classified under "I/O Device" if needed.

#### Failure classification by boot-up sequence

#### Table 7-3 Failure classification by boot-up sequence

1. P	ower-on	2. P	OST	3. F	Performance
1.	No Power on page 100	1.	No video (with power)	1.	Intermittent shutdown on page 110 <sup>a</sup>
2.	Intermittent power-on, shutdown,		on page 106	2.	Blue screen (BSOD) error on page 135 <sup>b</sup>
	<u>reboot on page 102</u> ª	2.	<u>Blinking lights on page 107</u>	3.	Freeze at Windows Logo (hang/lockup)
3.	AC adapter issue on page 103	3.	<u>Diagnostics error messages</u> on page 108		<u>on page 113</u>
4.	Battery not recognized, not charging			4.	Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)
	<u>on page 104</u>	4.	BIOS password on page 109		<u>on page 114</u>
5.	Battery discharges too fast on page 105			5.	No wake up on page 114
6.	Burnt smell on page 106			6.	Unresponsive on page 116
0.	burnt smell on page 100			7.	Slow performance on page 116 <sup>c</sup>
				8.	HP Smart Adapter warning message on page 117
				9.	Incorrect time and date on page 117

### Failure classification by hardware devices and mechanical

4. Display	5. I/O devices	6. Storage	7. Mechanical
1. <u>Display anomalies</u> on page 118	<ol> <li>Keyboard on page 124</li> <li>Keyboard point stick</li> </ol>	1. <u>Hard drive/solid-state</u> <u>drive not recognized</u> on page 134	1. Fan error message - 90B on page 137
<ol> <li><u>Dead pixel on page 120</u></li> <li><u>No video (internal)</u> on page 120<sup>d</sup></li> </ol>	on page 125 3. Keyboard backlight on page 125	2. <u>No boot to operating</u> system (no read/write	<ol> <li><u>Noise (sound)</u> on page 138</li> <li>Fan runs constantly</li> </ol>
<ul> <li><u>No video (external)</u></li> <li><u>on page 121<sup>d</sup></u></li> </ul>	<ol> <li><u>TouchPad on page 126</u></li> <li>Network Connectivity</li> </ol>	error) on page 134 3. <u>Read-write error</u> on page 135	on page 139 4. <u>HP Thermal Monitor</u>
5. <u>DisplayPort/VGA</u> on page 121	Ethernet (RJ-45 jack) on page 126	4. <u>Slow performance</u> on page 116 <sup>c</sup>	on page 89 5. <u>Stuck power button</u> on page 140
<ol> <li><u>HDMI on page 121</u></li> <li><u>No or bad external video</u></li> </ol>	6. <u>Network connectivity</u> <u>wireless (WLAN)</u> <u>on page 127</u>	5. <u>Blue screen (BSOD) error</u> on page 135 <sup>b</sup>	
via docking on page 122 3. Incorrect or missing color/ distorted image	<ol> <li>WWAN on page 128</li> <li>USB on page 129</li> </ol>	6. <u>Noisy hard drive</u> on page 136	
on page 122 <b>7.</b> Touch screen	<b>9.</b> <u>Smart card reader</u> <u>on page 130</u>		
<u>on page 123</u>	<b>10.</b> Speaker, headphone - audio issues on page 131		
	11. <u>Thunderbolt (TB)</u> on page 132		

Table 7-4 Failure classification by hardware devices and mechanical

## 2. Examine the environment

It is important to examine the computer's environment. If you can quickly identify the cause of the issue, fewer resolution steps may be needed. Perform the following environment inspections:

- Check all cables and connections to be sure that there are no loose connections.
- Confirm that power sources are good, such as wall power type/adapter (110V/220V ac), power strip. Test with a verified working AC outlet.
- Check for compatibility issues between the computer and third-party devices, peripherals, noncertified devices, incompatible hardware (i.e., Mac OS device). Incompatibility can result in blue screen errors, improper operation, and so on.
- Isolate the computer from sources of electromagnetic interference (EMI), such as cell phones, 2-way
  radios, floor mats, fans (and other electronic motors). EMI may contribute to a display freeze issue or
  lock-up.

## 3. Perform a visual inspection of hardware

It is important to do a visual inspection of the hardware itself. Perform physical inspection of the computer:

- Look for abnormalities such as a cracked display, dented battery, broken latches for battery bay, keyboard key caps popped out, dust over connectors, liquid spill over keyboard, etc.
- Look for signs of drop, movement, or vibration that may cause internal and external loose connections.

## 4. Update BIOS and drivers

😰 IMPORTANT: Whenever possible, update to the latest BIOS, firmware, and drivers before troubleshooting.

Note that some customer company policies prohibit updates. Check your company policy before taking action.

The updates may include fixes for your computer issues, and they may also enhance system performance. HP continually improves the update process to make it easier. The BIOS update can be done locally through a manual process, through an automatic installation, or through a remote installation on multiple units.

#### Manually updating BIOS and drivers

- See the Computer Setup chapters to manually update BIOS and drivers.
- Refer to specific BIOS update installation instructions that accompany the download.

### **Remotely deploying BIOS and drivers**

Instead of manually searching for and downloading each SoftPaq, users and IT personnel can use two tools to identify and download all appropriate SoftPaqs for the selected HP models.

- HP SoftPaq Download Manager (SDM) is a software tool designed to streamline the download, extraction, and installation process of SoftPaqs, including BIOS and drivers.
- HP System Software Manager (SSM) is a software tool designed to simplify the deployment of SoftPaqs to HP computers.

## Analyze the issue

## 5. Remove or uninstall recently added hardware, software

HP has designed this computer and validated it using a full-range hardware and software qualification matrix. If an issue appears to have started recently, it may be related to the recent addition of hardware or software. A good method to determine the root cause is to remove recently added components or uninstall applications one at a time and restart the computer when necessary.

IMPORTANT: After you have completed the process of uninstalling hardware or software and are ready to reinstall, when installing a new device be sure that it is seated properly and all cables are correctly connected. After installing the device, restart the computer and make sure the new device is powered on. In addition, if the new device is a root cause of a problem, it could cause a conflict in drivers or incompatibility issues with other programs installed. For any new hardware you have added, be sure to install the latest drivers available from the device vendor website.

## 6. HP Hardware Diagnostics and Tools

HP offers different diagnostics and tools to diagnose hardware failure. This section describes how to use some of these tools. Make sure to check for the latest versions before use.

#### **HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI)**

HP PC Hardware Diagnostics is a Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) that allows you to run diagnostic tests to determine whether the computer hardware is functioning properly. The HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool is built within BIOS (basic memory and storage device diagnostics only), or within new storage devices themselves. These drives contain more advanced versions of the diagnostic tool than the BIOS-based version.

In addition, for HP authorized service partners and IT professionals who need to support a mixed environment of older and newer HP/Compaq PCs, the <u>HP PC Diagnostics 3-in-1 USB Key</u> is a diagnostic tool that supports a wide range of HP Desktop and Notebook computers.

The tool runs outside the operating system so that it can isolate hardware failures from issues that are caused by the operating system or other software components. In reality, many problems can be determined using this tool if the issue is a defective part or a loose connection (i.e., reseating keyboard cable after the tool reports a keyboard error).

The tool has three major functions:

- System Tests Check the computer's hardware to assure everything is functioning properly. If your system won't boot into Windows, try the Quick System Test. For more comprehensive testing, use the Extensive System Test option. If the System Test did not detect a hardware problem, continue with the Component Tests.
- Component Tests Focus on selected hardware components in your computer.
- Firmware Management Update your computer's BIOS to the latest version (available separately) or roll back to a previous version.

To start HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI):

- Turn on or restart the computer, quickly press the esc button on the computer, and then press F2. The BIOS searches three places for the diagnostic tools, in the following order:
  - a. Connected USB drive
  - **b.** Hard drive
  - c. BIOS

2. When the diagnostic tool opens, use the keyboard arrow keys to select the type of diagnostic test you want to run, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

Screen shot appearance may vary.

HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI
Version 5.8.0.0 System Information System Tests Component Tests Firmware Management Test Logs Language Exit
Component Tests Select one of the following tests to check the associated sub-system.
Video Wireless Module 1394 Port Main Menu

**NOTE:** Users should utilize this tool, especially when the computer cannot boot to Windows.

**NOTE:** If a component fails a test, write down the information so it is available when contacting support. The information is also available in **Test Logs** on the Main Menu.

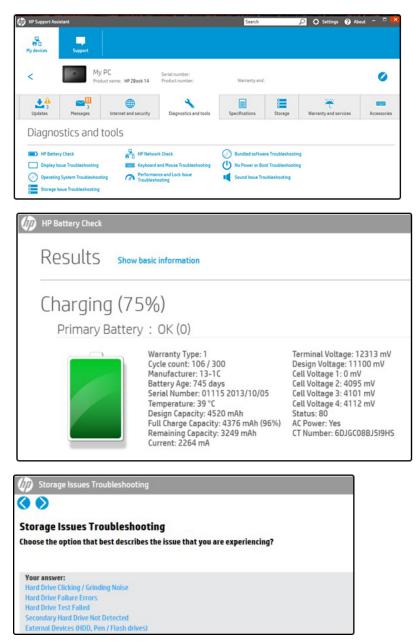
For more information, see the chapter titled "Using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI)."

#### **HP Support Assistant (HPSA)**

HP Support Assistant (HPSA) helps you maintain peak performance and resolve problems through automatic updates, built-in diagnostics, and a variety of assistance options. HPSA is preinstalled on every new HP PC with Windows 7, Windows 8, or Windows 10. HP is continually improving this tool. Please verify the latest version is installed to receive the most benefit. For more information, see <u>HP Support Assistant</u>.

NOTE: HPSA can be used only if the computer boots into Windows. If the computer does not boot into Windows, use HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) instead.

HPSA also integrates diagnostics and tools that help resolve issues. See example screen shots as follows.



#### **HP BIOS Configuration Utility (BCU)**

HP BCU is a free utility that captures the BIOS settings and their values. This tool provides a text file of the computer's BIOS configuration. This can help identify any settings that may be contributing to an issue.

In some cases, it may help to compare this BIOS text file to the default settings of the computer.

For more information, see the <u>HP BIOS Configuration Utility (BCU) User guide</u>.

NOTE: HP recommends that you reset BIOS before trying BCU. Resetting the BIOS is always available and relatively quick to try, whereas BCU takes extra time and effort.

#### **HP Image Diagnostic Tool**

Available to HP Authorized Support Partners (ASPs) and users from the <u>HP public ftp site</u>, this tool collects information about the current state of the computer, including product serial number, platform and BIOS information, and information about user-installed software and hardware components. HP encourages you to review the report before sending it to support. The report may assist you with diagnostics and solutions to problems you encounter.

### **HP Thermal Monitor**

**NOTE:** Available only to authorized service providers/technicians.

Available only for HP internal use, HP Thermal Monitor can be used to stress the processor and GPU and monitor the temperature values of various components in the system. The components that are currently monitored include the processor, GPU, ACPI thermal zones, storage device, and battery. The tool reads the temperatures of the components, logs the data, and helps to determine whether the computer would overheat in the event of thermal shutdown, fan spinning loud, etc.

#### **Non HP diagnostics tools**

### Windows-to-Go USB

Windows-To-Go USB is a Microsoft-based tool for Enterprise editions of Windows that can help in troubleshooting. You can find a process online about how to create a live Windows USB drive. For more information, see <u>Windows To Go: Feature Overview</u>.

### Intel Processor Diagnostic Tool

Determine what processor is in your computer and verify the processor operating frequency. The tool also tests specific processor features and performs a stress test on the processor. For more information, see <a href="http://www.intel.com/support/processors/sb/CS-031726.htm?iid=subhdr+tools\_procdiagtool">http://www.intel.com/support/processors/sb/CS-031726.htm?iid=subhdr+tools\_procdiagtool</a>.

## 7. Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting lights, and POST error messages

Carefully observe any behavior the computer may be exhibiting: status lights, blinking lights, and POST error messages during boot. It is important to understand what these indicators mean.

## **Status lights**

See the chapter titled "External Component Identification" for light locations. The following table describes basic lights on the computer.

Component	Description
Power button	When the computer is off, press the button to turn on the computer.
	When the computer is on, press the button briefly to initiate Sleep (Windows) or Suspend (Linux).
	When the computer is in the Sleep state, press the button briefly to exit Sleep (Windows) or Suspend (Linux).
	When the computer is in Hibernation, press the button briefly to exit Hibernation.
	<b>CAUTION:</b> Pressing and holding down the power button results in the loss of unsaved information.
	If the computer has stopped responding and operating system shutdown procedures are ineffective, press and hold the power button.
Front power light	On: The computer is on.
	Blinking: The computer is in the Sleep state.
	Off: The computer is off.
Front AC adapter and battery light	White: The computer is connected to external power and the battery is charged from 90 to 99 percent.
	Amber: The computer is connected to external power and the battery is charged from 0 to 90 percent.
	Blinking amber: A battery that is the only available power source has reached a low battery level. When the battery reaches a critical battery level, the battery light begins blinking rapidly. By default, the critical battery level is defined in Power Options as 5%.
	Off: The battery is fully charged.
Front storage device light	Blinking white: The storage device is being accessed.
	Amber: HP 3D DriveGuard has temporarily parked the storage device.
Rear AC adapter light	White: The computer is connected to external power.
	Off: The computer is not connected to external power.

### Interpreting system validation diagnostic front panel LEDs and audible codes

During the system validation phase that occurs at system startup, the BIOS validates the functionality of the following subsystems and conditions:

- AC adapter
- System board power
- Processor failure
- BIOS corruption
- Memory failure
- Graphics failure
- System board failure
- BIOS authentication failure

If an error is detected, specific patterns of long and short blinks, accompanied by long and short beeps (where applicable) are used to identify the error. These patterns will make up a two part code:

- Major the category of the error
- Minor the specific error within the category

## **NOTE:** Single beep/blink codes are not used.

Number of long beeps/blinks	Error category
1	Not used
2	BIOS
3	Hardware
4	Thermal
5	System board

Patterns of blink/beep codes are determined by using the following parameters:

- 1 second pause occurs after the last major blink.
- 2 second pause occurs after the last minor blink.
- Beep error code sequences occur for the first 5 iterations of the pattern and then stop.
- Blink error code sequences continue until the computer is unplugged or the power button is pressed.

**NOTE:** Not all diagnostic lights and audible codes are available on all models.

The red LED blinks to represent the major error category (long blinks). The white LED blinks to represent the minor error category (short blinks). For example, '2.3' indicates 2 long red blinks and 3 short white blinks to communicate the processor is not detected. CAP/NUM Blink = 2 indicates CAP/NUM will blink 2 cycles, each cycle has one 2.3 sequence.

Component tested	Major/ minor code	Error condition	Caps Lock/Num Lock LED	Action
BIOS	2.2	The main area (DXE) of BIOS has become corrupted and there is no recovery binary image available	CAP/NUM Blink = 2	Contact service for system board replacement.
	2.3	The embedded controller policy requires the user to enter a key sequence (SureStart 2.0)	CAP/NUM Blink = 8	Perform SureStart manual recovery if boot block: Up Arrow + Down Arrow + ESC.
	2.4	The embedded controller is recovering the boot block or DXE.	Battery LED White and Amber blinking	Wait for DXE recovery to complete.
Hardware	3.2	The embedded controller has timed out waiting for BIOS to return from memory initialization	CAP/NUM Blink = 3	Reseat the memory modules. If the issue persists, try replacing the memory modules. Possible RAM or system board failure.
	3.3	The embedded controller has timed out waiting for BIOS to return from graphics initialization	CAP/NUM Blink = 4	If the system has an MXM module, try a different MXM module. Otherwise, the board most likely needs to be replaced.
	3.4	The system board displays a power failure (crowbar)	CAP/NUM Blink = 5	Check power cable connections, or verify that any external power adapter has sufficient capacity for system.
System board	5.2	The embedded controller cannot find valid firmware	CAP/NUM Blink = 7 (2 BB failure) Battery LED Blinking = 1 Hz (3 B failure)	Contact service for system board replacement.
	5.3	The embedded controller has timed out waiting for the BIOS	CAP/NUM Blink = 1	Contact service for system board replacement.

## **POST error messages**

The Power-On Self-Test (POST) is a series of diagnostic tests that runs automatically when the computer is powered on. If the POST encounters a problem, visual error messages are displayed before the operating system starts. POST checks the following items to ensure that the computer system is functioning properly:

- Memory
- Processors
- BIOS
- Mass storage devices
- Fans

The following table describes errors encountered during HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI).

Table 7-5 System diagnostics failure codes and user actions							
Test description	Failure description	Error code	Suggested user actions				
Startup Test	Memory module	200	Attempt to reseat the memory module and then repeat the test.				

## Table 7-5 System diagnostics failure codes and user actions

			See the support document titled <u>Overview of How to</u> <u>Troubleshoot Problems When a Computer Does Not Start Up or</u> <u>Boot Properly</u> for details on troubleshooting issues related to the memory module.	
Startup Test	Hard Disk 1 SMART	301	Attempt to reseat the storage device and repeat the test. The drive may have failed.	
Boot Device Manager	Boot device not found	3F0	Reset BIOS. Then reseat the storage device and repeat the test.	
BIOS Recovery	BIOS Recovery Occurred	500	This message indicates that BIOS recovery was completed successfully. No further action is required.	
BIOS Application	BIOS Application Error	501	The BIOS installation may have become corrupted. Download the latest version of the BIOS and install it.	
			If reinstalling the BIOS fails, contact support for further assistance.	
CMOS Recovery	CMOS Recovery Occurred	502	This message indicates that CMOS recovery was completed successfully. No further action is required.	
Battery Check	Primary Battery Replace	601	This message indicates that the primary battery has very low capacity. See <u>Checking the Status of the Battery</u> for details on using the HP Support Assistant to verify the battery capacity and, if necessary, order a replacement.	
Wireless Modules	Not installed or responding	701	Reseat the wireless LAN adapter module and antennas.	
			Because seating or reseating a wireless LAN adapter is unique to each computer model, see the WLAN module removal section in the removal and replacement chapter for further details.	
			Contact support if third-party wireless adapters are installed in the computer.	
Fan	Fan not operating correctly	90B	The system fan may be malfunctioning. Replace the fan.	

## Power Good (Troubleshooting) lights

HP has added troubleshooting power lights to ZBook G3 Mobile Workstations (Studio, ZBook 15, and ZBook 17) to help troubleshoot power-on issues. The lights indicate when the system board power rails are unstable and/or the system needs a hardware reset.



• Example: System board is good. Lights that turn on briefly (< 1 second) and immediately turn off indicate normal function. In this case, system (3.3V), power good (3.3V), and system reset (3.3V) are all good and

troubleshooting lights should not be lit. However, other external lights should be lit as normal afterward.

Troubleshooting lights	External lights	Action	Note
Off	On	Do not replace system board	No power-on issue
On	Off	Replace board	Power-on issue

Example: System board needs replacement. When (1) system 3.3V exists, but one power rail is bad then
 (2) power good is low (OV), and troubleshooting lights will turn on.

After you press the system power button, troubleshooting lights will turn on for 5 seconds and turn off. The system external lights will not light up. Follow general troubleshooting steps (i.e., remove recently added hardware, test with minimum configuration, etc.) prior to replacing the system board.



## **Resolve the issue**

## 8. Hard reset

A <u>hard reset</u> (or forced reset) erases all information in the computer's memory and may restore functionality. Resetting the computer forces the system to clear and reestablish the connections between the BIOS and the hardware.

Performing a hard reset might fix the following common conditions:

- Windows stops responding.
- Computer stops before Windows loads, indicated by incomplete boot-up, blinking cursor on a black background, and errors relating to operating system not found or a missing drive.
- Display suddenly goes blank and stays blank.
- Software freezes.
- Keyboard stops responding.
- The computer does not exit Sleep or Suspend state.
- An external device stops responding. Turn off the power to that device in addition to performing the steps in this document.

Before performing a hard reset, you must disconnect or remove all peripheral devices. You should start and test the computer by itself, and if the problem is not resolved, reconnect one peripheral device at a time. To resolve the startup or operational problem, run HP Support Assistant, or manually install all updated drivers from Microsoft and HP.

Before beginning, turn the computer over and look for a battery compartment door (service door). For 2015 platforms, the battery is considered removable but not accessible. See the battery section for how to remove/ unplug the battery.

To perform a hard reset on a computer with a sealed or non removable battery, use the following steps:

- **1.** Turn off the computer.
- 2. Remove the computer from any port replicator or docking station.
- Disconnect all external connected peripheral devices such as USB storage devices, external displays, and printers.
- 4. Unplug the AC adapter from the computer.
- 5. Press and hold the power button for at least 15 seconds to drain residual power.
- 6. Plug the AC adapter back into the computer, but do not connect any of the peripheral devices.
- 7. Press the power button to turn on the computer.
- 8. If a startup menu appears, use the arrow keys to select **Start Windows Normally**, and then press the Enter key.
- After reconnecting each of the peripheral devices, run Windows Update and HP Support Assistant to update all device drivers.

### **Clear CMOS**

CMOS refers to the battery-powered, semiconductor chip located on computer's system board. Notebooks store low-level settings like the system time and hardware settings in CMOS. Sometimes it is necessary to clear CMOS, which requires removing and reinserting the 3V RTC battery for a short period of time (a few minutes before reinserting), in addition to removing the AC adapter and battery.

NOTE: Clearing the CMOS should only be performed for troubleshooting purposes. There is no reason to clear CMOS if the computer is working properly.

The notebook service door must be removed to access the CMOS battery. See the RTC battery replacement section for the battery removal/replacement.

## 9. Soft reset (Default Settings)

NOTE: Some company policies prohibit updates or changes. Check whether the computer has custom BIOS settings before taking action.

If your computer is having issues booting, has errors during boot, is running into issues after adding hardware, or you are having other abnormal system behaviors that cannot be resolved through any other methods (i.e., hard reset), it may be necessary to reset the system BIOS to default settings.

To load BIOS to default settings: Reboot the computer, and then press **F10 > Main > Restore defaults**. For more information, see the BIOS F10 Setup technical white paper at <a href="http://support.hp.com">http://support.hp.com</a>, enter your computer model, and then go to **Manuals > White papers > HP PC BIOS F10 Setup Guide**.

## 10. Reseat cables and connections

**NOTE:** Before disassembling the computer to reseat cables and connections, always disconnect power and remove the battery or disconnect a non removable battery.

Many problems are caused by improper connections or loose connections due to abnormal movement and vibration. See <u>Cable management on page 153</u> and <u>Connector types on page 154</u> for suggested cable management practices when removing and installing components.

You can access and reseat connections for Customer Self-Repair (CSR) parts (see the "Removal and replacement procedures for Customer Self-Repair parts" chapter for details). Examples of reseating hardware include:

- Reseating the battery into the battery bay can resolve no-battery found and no-charging issues.
- Reseating memory modules can resolve memory error, no-boot, and blue screen issues.
- Reseating the storage device can resolve a POST error 3F0 (no boot device) issue (see <u>POST Error</u> <u>Messages and User Actions on page 144</u>).
- Reseating the keyboard cable can resolve an unrecognized keys error.
- Reseating the wireless module and antenna cable can resolve a wireless connection issue.

For field replaceable units (FRUs), authorized service providers can try the following steps (for more information, see the "Removal and replacement procedures for authorized service provider parts" chapter).

- Reseating the fan cable can fix POST error 90B (no fan detected) issue (see <u>POST Error Messages and</u> <u>User Actions on page 144</u>).
- Reseating the power cable can fix a no boot issue.
- Reseating the daughterboards (some models may have a power button board, VGA board, etc.) can resolve their functional issues.
- Reseating graphics cables and panel connectors can fix distorted/flickering video.
- Replacing thermal pads may resolve thermal power-down issue.

## 11. Test with minimum configuration

The factory-shipped computer (hardware configuration and preinstalled operating system image) is well tested and ready for use. Therefore, using the original factory hardware configuration and/or booting to operating system safe mode often resolves issues quickly.

- Disconnect any external USB storage, remove any discs in optical drives, remove the computer from a docking station, remove external video, etc.
- In addition to removing recently added components, the issue can be narrowed down further with a minimum configuration. For example, if HP PC Diagnostics reports a memory error, test one memory module at a time to isolate the defective module.
- If the computer does not successfully boot the operating system, booting to safe mode may help identify what may be causing the issue as described below.

## Essential hardware configuration

NOTE: This step is to be used by authorized service providers only. HP will not honor the warranty for a system tested with the system board removed without the heat sink, fan, etc.

If none of the steps above resolve the issue, start the computer with essential hardware only. The purpose is to remove as much as hardware as possible while still maintaining the computer's ability to turn on.

This essential configuration is often used to troubleshoot power-on related issues, such as no-boot, reboot, and freezing issues.

The essential hardware consists of the following:

- System board
- AC adapter (unplug nonremovable battery or remove battery)

- Processor (and heat sink/fan). (Processor may be integrated into the system board.)
- Memory (one verified working memory DIMM)
- Graphics card (if no VGA port is available on the system board). Platform may have both Intel integrated graphics and discrete graphics. Therefore, discrete graphics card may not be needed.
- External VGA monitor
- External USB keyboard
- External mouse

NOTE: After the service door is removed, disconnect all connections (internal keyboard, display, discrete GPU, hard drive/solid-state drive, daughterboards, etc.) to achieve the essential hardware configuration above. DO NOT disassemble the system board from its enclosure at this time.

Reverse the procedure above by reinstalling each piece of hardware removed, one piece at a time, and testing your computer after each installation. Since your computer works with only the essential hardware installed, those parts must be working properly. This means that one of the hardware components removed is causing the computer to not work properly. By installing each device back into the computer and testing each time, the failing hardware will eventually be identified.

### Safe mode

A driver conflict often results in a blue screen error message. Therefore, booting in safe mode can resolve many issues in Windows because safe mode forces the computer to load a limited version of Windows which only contains essential files. Safe mode is useful for troubleshooting problems with programs and drivers that might not start correctly or that might prevent Windows from starting correctly.

If a problem does not reappear when you start in safe mode, eliminate the default settings and basic device drivers as possible causes. Refer to the links below for how to start your computer in safe mode:

- <u>HP PCs Windows 7 Safe Mode</u>
- HP PCs Windows Safe Mode (Windows 10, 8)

### 12. Test with verified working configuration (hardware and/or operating system)

One troubleshooting technique that can quickly isolate an issue is using a verified working part while testing. A good example is to use an external keyboard, mouse, or VGA monitor when you have issues with an internal keyboard, TouchPad, or display. Testing with a verified working AC adapter can identify an error caused by a faulty one. Similarly, testing with a verified working operating system can determine bad behaviors of the current operating system. See <u>Non HP diagnostics tools on page 89</u> for instructions about obtaining and using a Windows-To-Go USB.

**NOTE:** In some situations, more than one item may contribute to a problem.

### 13. Replace the system board

The system board may be replaced only by authorized service providers. This should not be considered an initial step taken to resolve an issue. Review and perform all steps discussed previously before replacing the system board. 4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 85, 7. Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting lights, and POST error messages on page 90, 8. Hard reset on page 94, and 9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 95, and/or 10. Reseat cables and connections on page 95 can resolve many system board issues without requiring the effort of replacing unnecessary hardware.

Review <u>Table 7-1 Troubleshooting methodology and general troubleshooting steps on page 81</u> for appropriate troubleshooting steps.

- **IMPORTANT:** System board failure is not common. Do not replace the system board until you have tried all other troubleshooting options.
- **NOTE:** Determine whether a previous service case might be related to the current problem. For example, a fan detection issue may be caused by a loose connection resulting from previous service.
- ☆ TIP: Without an RTC battery (3V coin-cell battery), the computer automatically reboots. This is a useful feature when the power connector cable (between external AC adapter and system board) is defective.

**NOTE:** Most of the time, effective troubleshooting can prevent a system board replacement.

Items that may prevent resolution of the issue:

- The information provided about the issue omits key details, including any actions taken before the issue occurred.
- BIOS, software, and drivers have not been updated.
- Cables or connections are loose.
- Technician is unaware of information available from the HP Support website (i.e., CA Customer Advisory).
- The issue is related to existing or known issues that may be identified in existing support articles.
- Technician may have omitted steps in the provided repair instructions (e.g., Spare Part Replacement Instructions).
- Skipping one of steps from Troubleshooting Methodology table results in No Defect Found (NDF)/No Fault Found (NFF)/No Issue Detected (NID) messages.

# **Verify solution**

- Verify that the implemented solution works. Reboot the system or device and try to complete the task that produced the issue.
- If a part has been replaced, verify other basic functions. For example, GPU replacement requires keyboard removal. Therefore, it is good practice to verify all basic components to be sure that the solution is complete.
- Explain to the customer why the issue occurred and what was done to resolve it. If the solution you used was in an HP Public document, provide the document information to the customer, letting them know it can be located on <a href="https://www.hp.com">www.hp.com</a>. Also, tell them that there are other solutions available on the website. Advise the customer to check the website first when they have an issue. It may save them time calling in.
- Document the correct issue. Update the case with as many details as possible for other agents and engineering to analyze and study for lessons learned.

# **Helpful Hints**

After you become familiar with the general troubleshooting steps above (<u>General troubleshooting steps</u> <u>on page 81</u>), follow the helpful hints below before running diagnostics and troubleshooting.

# At startup

- TIP: If you have installed an operating system other than the factory-installed operating system, go to <a href="http://http://www.hp.com/go/quickspecs">http://http://www.hp.com/go/quickspecs</a> and verify that it is supported on your system.
  - 1. Be sure that the computer is plugged into a working AC outlet.
  - 2. Be sure that power is connected to the docking station if a dock is used.

- 3. Be sure that the AC adapter light is on.
- 4. Be sure that the AC adapter is connected when you update BIOS to avoid BIOS corruption.
- 5. Be sure that the computer is turned on, the rear power light is solid white (connected to an external power source) and the front power light is solid white (normal operation).
- 6. Remove all optical and flash drives from your system before turning it on.
- 7. Be sure that the boot option is set to a working operating system drive.
- 8. Be sure that externally connected monitors are turned on and their power lights are on. Not all monitors are equipped with lights to indicate their functionality.
- **9.** Turn up the brightness and contrast controls of a display or external display device if the screen is dim.

# **During operation**

- 1. To wake the computer:
  - **a.** Press the power button or any key on the keyboard.
  - **b.** If the system remains in the Sleep (Windows), Suspend (Linux), or Hibernate state, shut down the system by pressing and holding the power button for at least four seconds.
  - **c.** If the system does not shut down, unplug the power cord, wait a few seconds, and then plug it in again. Then press the power button again to restart the system. If it does not turn on, press the power button to start the computer.
- 2. Look for blinking lights on the computer. The blinking lights could be error codes that will help diagnose the problem.
- 3. Check all cables for loose or incorrect connections (external devices, power cords, dock, etc.).
- 4. After installing a non-Plug and Play expansion board or other option, reconfigure the computer. For example, if you upgrade to a solid-state drive, you may need to reconfigure the boot order.
- 5. Be sure that all required device drivers have been installed. For example, if you have connected a printer, you must install a printer driver.
- 6. If there is a network connection issue, plug another computer with a different cable into the network connection. There might be a problem with the network plug or cable.
- **7.** If hardware has recently been installed, remove it and determine whether the computer functions properly.
- 8. If software has recently been installed, uninstall it and determine whether the computer functions properly.
- 9. If the screen is blank, confirm the display choice by pressing Windows logo

only. Or plug an external monitor into a different video port on the computer if one is available and close the computer lid.

- **10.** Verify that the latest version of BIOS, drivers, and software are installed. A new release might support new features or fix the problem.
- **11.** Press the caps lock and/or num lock key. If the caps lock and/or num lock light toggles on or off, the keyboard is likely operating correctly.
- 12. Press the TouchPad On/Off button light. If the light toggles on or off, the TouchPad is likely operating correctly.

# **Consulting with HP Service**

If further HP support is required, a lot of the following information may be requested when you call, so it may be helpful to take notes.

- Technical support registration number (if applicable)
- Product serial number
- Product model name and number
- Product identification number
- Applicable error messages
- Add-on boards or hardware
- Third-party hardware or software
- Operating system type and revision level

# **Common issues and possible solutions**

This section contains common issues, symptoms, and a series of tables that describe possible solutions to issues from *Failure classification* on page 82 tables. The following sections identify the issue with symptoms and solutions to resolve an issue.

# **Power-on issues**

### **No Power**

When a unit experiences no power there are several contributing factors to consider. Be sure to consider all symptoms related to this behavior in troubleshooting.

Sumptone	Possible causes
Symptoms	Possible causes
<ul> <li>Computer does not start</li> </ul>	Failed power input to the computer (external power source, AC adapter, faulty battery)
<ul> <li>Display is black or blank</li> </ul>	Bad connection to the computer (bad power button, power connector).
No fan noise	Defective parts (memory, storage device, graphics) or failed system board.
No hard drive spinning	
Lights do not glow	
	Troubleshooting steps
	Perform quick check
	Remove all external devices, including docking station.
	Verify external power source (2. Examine the environment on page 84).
	Perform a hard reset ( <u>8. Hard reset on page 94</u> ).

	Verify AC adapter
No. W.	It is preferable to verify the battery before verifying the AC adapter. However, you can verify the AC adapter first, before opening the service door for a battery check.
	<ul> <li>Verify AC adapter is compatible with product. Verify that the part number is for this computer if possible.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Verify AC adapter and power cord are good (no physical damage, bent middle ID pin).</li> </ul>
	• Verify AC adapter works on a verified working computer.
	Plug in AC adapter and power on computer without battery.
	<ul> <li>Inspect power port on computer side for any damage, dust, or debris.</li> </ul>
	• Check power light ( <u>7. Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting lights, and POST error messages on page 90</u> ). Rear power light indicates external power to the computer is good.
NOTE: Refer to battery replacement section	Verify battery condition/status
for removing/replacing the battery	<ol> <li>Check battery condition (overall result, cycle life, voltage, etc.) using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) or HPSA tools.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Verify that battery is installed properly in battery bay without a gap and that latch locks are tight (for models with removable batteries).</li> </ol>
	3. Check battery status light ( <u>7. Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting lights, and POST error messages on page 90</u> ). Be sure that battery is not fully discharged, preventing system from booting.
	4. Determine whether the computer can turn on with battery only.
	<ol> <li>Remove service door and test with a verified working battery. If the computer boots, inspect original battery before replacement.</li> </ol>
	<b>6.</b> Test battery with a verified working computer to verify that it is OK.
	7. If there is still no boot, remove battery and boot on AC power only.
The sections below are intended for authoriz	ed service providers/technicians.
	Verify AC adapter – voltage
	<ol> <li>Measure DC voltage output that should be around 19.5 VDC and acceptable voltage range is from 18.5 – 20.5 VDC.</li> </ol>
	2. If the DC voltage is out of range, replace the AC adapter.
	<b>NOTE:</b> This action requires a digital voltmeter.
NOTE: 2015 mWS does not have the power	Verify power button, power connector
cable between system board and power connector on chassis	1. Be sure that power button is not stuck.
	2. Reseat power connector cable (if applicable).
ullus and a second	3. Replace new power connector cable (if the cable exists and is defective)
	4. To isolate faulty power connector cable and power button, technicians can short

 To isolate faulty power connector cable and power button, technicians can short power-on pads/pins to power up the computer. Contact HP Engineering for this information.

Verify blinking lights (7. Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting lights, and POST error messages on page 90)

At this point, there should be sufficient power from the AC adapter to the system board. Expect to hear the fan spinning and see blinking lights or error messages (i.e., faulty memory, HDD, etc)

	Verify Power Good (Troubleshooting) lights
	<ol> <li>Verify if the system board has power-on issue related. If there is no power-on issue, move to next steps. For more information, see <u>Power Good</u> (<u>Troubleshooting</u>) lights on page 93.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Verify all connections and reseat parts (<u>10. Reseat cables and connections</u> on page <u>95</u>).</li> </ol>
	Verify system board
	<ol> <li>Test essential hardware configuration (<u>11. Test with minimum configuration</u> on page <u>96</u>, <u>12. Test with verified working configuration (hardware and/or</u> operating system) on page <u>97</u>, <u>13. Replace the system board on page <u>97</u></u>) by removing nonessential parts.</li> </ol>
	2. If there is still no boot, replace system board.
Tips and tricks	Computer automatically boots without pressing power button when RTC 3V battery has been removed. Therefore, after the service door and RTC 3V battery are removed, no need to press power button from top side.
	In essential hardware configuration, mWS G1 and G2 may require discrete GPU to boot However, mWS G3 can boot with integrated graphics.
	See Overview of How to Troubleshoot Problems When a Computer Does Not Start Up or Boot Properly

# Intermittent power-on, shutdown, reboot

Syn	nptoms	Pos	sible	causes	
	Does not always turn on Intermittently hangs Intermittently shuts down		Electrical short, fluctuating power source, unstable power rails, loose connections, bent pins, stray wires, dust, obvious damage, nearly faulty parts (bulging/leaking capacitor). Potentially will turn into a no power issue soon ( <u>No Power on page 100</u> ).		
	Spontaneously reboots	Tro	ubles	hooting steps	
		1.	Visu	ually check power ports on both AC adapter and computer sides.	
		2.	Insp	pect power sources:	
			a.	Verify AC adapter working correctly. Use a confirmed working adapter to test.	
			b.	Verify that battery is not depleted while system is in Sleep state. Test with a confirmed working battery.	
The	e sections below are intended f	or aut	horiz	ed service providers/technicians.	
		1.	Foll	ow actions in <u>No Power on page 100</u> .	
			a.	Be sure that AC adapter has correct DC voltage.	
			b.	Verify battery - test with a confirmed working battery.	
			c.	Verify that power button is not stuck.	
			d.	Verify that power connector is not loose.	
			e.	Verify that Power Good LEDs are solid.	
			f.	Remedy loose connections and reseat major components (processor, memory, GPI hard drive/solid-state drive, etc).	

- 2. Perform visual check for loose connections, bent pins, stray wires, dust, nearly faulty parts (bulging/leaking capacitor).
- 3. Test essential hardware configuration (<u>11. Test with minimum configuration on page 96</u>)
  - **a.** If system boots, reinstall nonessential hardware one component at a time to isolate issue.
  - **b.** If system does not boot, replace essential hardware with verified working parts, one component at a time. If system still does not boot, replace system board.

# AC adapter issue

		Solution
Syn	nptoms	Possible causes
•	No sign of power	AC adapter and others (i.e., external power source)
•	No boot	Troubleshooting steps
•	No rear power light	Quick check
•	No front power light	1. Verify external power source ( <u>2. Examine the environment on page 84</u> ).
•	Battery does not charge when AC	2. Remove all external devices, including docking station.
	adapter is connected	3. Perform a hard reset for the computer ( <u>8. Hard reset on page 94</u> ).
		<ol> <li>Disconnect and reassemble the power cord and adapter in case the adapter experienced short circuit, over current, over temperature events.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Use a verified working adapter. If the computer operates normally, there is a problem with the original adapter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Verify that the AC adapter works on a verified working computer. If the comput operates normally, there is no problem with the adapter. See <u>HP Smart Adapte</u> <u>warning message on page 117</u> for further information.</li> </ol>
		Verify AC adapter
		1. Remove working battery.
		<ol> <li>Verify that AC adapter is compatible with product. Verify that part number is for this computer if possible.</li> </ol>
		3. Inspect AC adapter and power cord for physical damage, bent middle ID pin.
		4. Plug in AC adapter and power the computer without battery.
		5. Inspect the power port on computer side for any damage, dust, debris.
	<ol> <li>Check power light (7. <u>Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting lights,</u> <u>and POST error messages on page 90</u>). Rear power light indicates that external power to the computer is good.</li> </ol>	
		7. If there is still no rear power light or no boot, replace the AC adapter.
Tip	s and tricks	The HP Smart AC adapter has a special pin in the middle, called the ID pin, for power rating and throttling purpose. If this pin is broken, the rear power light will be on but the power button and front power lights will blink continuously and the computer win not turn on. Third party AC adapter will not work on the computer.
		Use the AC adapter that came with the computer for better performance.
		See HP Notebook PCs - Testing and Using the AC Power Adapter

### Battery not recognized, not charging

#### Symptoms

Possible causes

good AC adapter.

- No battery status light
- Blinking amber (critically low battery level)
- No boot without AC adapter

### Troubleshooting steps

Defective AC adapter and/or battery.

#### **Visual inspections**

- 1. Inspect battery connectors for any signs of damage.
- 2. Verify that battery is installed properly in battery bay without gap or obstructions and latch locks are tight. Reseat battery (for models with removable batteries).

NOTE: Before proceeding, verify that the computer can boot to BIOS or Windows with a

3. Determine whether battery gets hot (batteries heat up when charging, but not too hot to touch).

**Check battery warranty** to see whether the battery is new or its warranty is expired. Battery capacity degrades over time.

#### Verify front battery status light

- 1. Battery status light is off: battery not recognized.
- 2. Battery status light is blinking amber: critically low battery level.

#### Reset

- 1. Hard reset (8. Hard reset on page 94)
- 2. Soft reset (9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 95)

#### **Verify AC adapter**

- Determine whether the computer needs the AC adapter to boot and operate. Sometimes, intermittently bad AC adapter and loose connection between adapter and computer results in inability to charge battery which causes short run time.
- 2. Inspect AC adapter to verify that it is functioning.
- 3. Test with a working AC adapter and confirm whether battery is charging.
- 4. Be sure that battery is fully charged (AC adapter plugged in at least 2.5 hours).

**Diagnostics:** HP tools will report results such as passed, calibrate, weak, replace, no battery and unknown, and suggest corresponding actions.

#### Use HP Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) (6. HP Hardware Diagnostics and Tools on page 86)

 HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) is a good tool to use to isolate and determine faulty battery, especially for quickly discharging (short life) battery.

#### Use HP Support Assistant tools in Windows (HP Support Assistant (HPSA) on page 88)

- 1. Verify that battery is recognized and charging.
- Verify battery condition if battery cycle life is over specs (i.e., long life of 1000-cycle life and 3-year warranty). Battery may have premature capacity loss within its cycle life or warranty.
- 3. If issue remains, test with a verified working battery and verify battery status lights and battery conditions.
- 4. If issue remains, replace system board.

	5. Verify the new replacement.
Tips and tricks	See the computer user guide for instructions regarding battery maintenance and increasing battery life.
	<ul> <li>Reference: <u>HP Notebook Mobile Workstations - Improving Battery Performance</u> (<u>Windows 10, 8, 7, Vista</u>)</li> </ul>
	Reference video: <u>Testing and Calibrating the Battery on PC Notebooks</u>

# Battery discharges too fast

Symptoms	Possible causes
Battery has good status light but discharges	AC adapter and/or battery.
too fast	Troubleshooting steps
	Verify AC adapter
	Determine whether the computer needs the AC adapter to boot and operate. Sometimes, intermittently bad AC adapter and loose connection between adapter and computer results in inability to charge battery and causes short run time.
	1. Inspect AC adapter to verify that it is working.
	2. Test with AC adapter alone and with a verified working AC adapter.
	<b>Verify battery:</b> Battery capacity can degrade over time, so check the warranty coverage. Run a battery test to confirm if issue is hardware-related.
	<ol> <li>Review battery power plans in Control Panel &gt; Power Options that may consummore energy and discharge battery faster. Resetting default to Power Saver option can conserve battery power.</li> </ol>
	2. Determine whether any graphics processing is running.
	<ol> <li>Verify battery maintenance and operations. Leaving the battery at a high level of charge in a high-temperature environment for extended periods accelerates the loss of capacity.</li> </ol>
	4. Test and calibrate battery using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI).
	5. Verify battery life cycle using HP Support Assistant tool.
	If battery cycle life is over specs (long life battery of 1000-cycle life and 3-year warranty), battery may have capacity loss beyond its lifecycle or warranty.
	<ol> <li>Compare discharge time with a verified working battery (remove AC adapter) using Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) &gt; Hard Drive Tests &gt; Extensive Test &gt; Loop until error.</li> </ol>
Tips and tricks	To conserve battery power, turn off Wireless On-Off button and other peripherals/USB devices, applications, processes (in Task Manager) when not in use; also, reduce screet brightness.
	Follow HP instructions of how to maintain battery and increase battery life.
	Reference: <u>HP Notebook Mobile Workstations – Improving Battery Performance</u> (Windows 10, 8, 7, Vista)
	Reference video: Testing and Calibrating the Battery on PC Notebooks

### **Burnt smell**

Symptoms	Possible causes
Emits smoke, burnt smell	Defective on-board components.
	Troubleshooting steps
	General visual inspection
	1. Disconnect the computer from power source (AC adapter and battery).
	<ol> <li>Inspect for visual damage on AC adapter and battery. Test on a known working computer to isolate issue. If issue follows AC adapter or battery, replace it.</li> </ol>
	3. Inspect any sign of liquid spill on the computer (back of keyboard).
The sections below are intended for	authorized service providers/technicians.
	Further inspection on components
	<ol> <li>Inspect further sources internally after disassembling chassis, such as burnt or damaged components.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>If the issue persists, replace boards, AC adapter, and battery for safety concern and report issues to HP.</li> </ol>

# POST

# No video (with power)

Syn	nptoms	Possible causes
•	No video (black/blank image) but	Failed display
	have power	Failed critical components (memory, storage device, system board)
•	Light activity	Loose connection
•	No error messages	Recently added hardware
•	Fan noise	<b>NOTE:</b> Assume the computer has not previously been set up for multiple displays.
•	Drive light blinking and hard drive noise	

#### Troubleshooting steps

#### Quick check

- 1. Verify that system light activity is OK.
- Remove all external devices, including docking station. Recently added hardware and/or applications may cause graphics driver conflict and result in loss of video.
- **3.** Perform hardware reset (<u>8. Hard reset on page 94</u>) and verify that HP Logo is presented correctly on display screen when pressing F10.
- Test with external monitor via VGA port (or DisplayPort, HDMI, etc). Press power button and close the computer lid to force video output to external video. If unsuccessful, contact HP service.

<ul> <li>on page 85) and perform soft reset (9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 95) if needed. Go to next step to verify display.</li> <li>Werify display <ul> <li>When booting to Windows, determine whether image appears on display screen (via Windows Screen Solutions or Windows logo + P for display switcher).</li> <li>If there is video on display, disconnect external display device, open the computer lid and restart.</li> </ul> </li> <li>the sections below are intended for authorized service providers/technicians.</li> <li>Verify Power Good lights are on to be sure that system board power is functional.</li> <li>Reseat display cable connection on system board.</li> <li>Reseat display cable connection on display panel side.</li> <li>Examine and reseat major components, such as storage device, memory.</li> <li>Test with minimum configuration (<u>11. Test with minimum configuration on page 96</u>) to removing storage device to isolate operating system issues and testing video in F10 Setup.</li> <li>If video is present, restart and retest the computer.</li> <li>If video is present but bad, go to <u>Display on page 118</u> section.</li> <li>If issue persists, test or replace a confirmed working display.</li> <li>If issue persists, replace discrete graphics card.</li> <li>If issue persists, replace system board due to defective video function.</li> </ul>		
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<ol> <li>Reseat display cable connection on display panel side.</li> <li>Examine and reseat major components, such as storage device, memory.</li> <li>Test with minimum configuration (<u>11. Test with minimum configuration on page 96</u>) tremoving storage device to isolate operating system issues and testing video in F10 Setup.</li> <li>If video is present, restart and retest the computer.</li> <li>If video is present but bad, go to <u>Display on page 118</u> section.</li> <li>If issue persists (no video), test with external video.</li> <li>If issue persists, test or replace a confirmed working display.</li> <li>If issue persists, replace discrete graphics card.</li> <li>If issue persists, replace system board due to defective video function.</li> <li>Swipe a metal piece (screwdriver) over wireless/mute buttons to act as if closing lid to force video output to external display device. See the "External component identification –</li> </ol>	1.	Verify Power Good lights are on to be sure that system board power is functional.
<ul> <li>4. Examine and reseat major components, such as storage device, memory.</li> <li>5. Test with minimum configuration (<u>11. Test with minimum configuration on page 96</u>) to removing storage device to isolate operating system issues and testing video in F10 Setup.</li> <li>6. If video is present, restart and retest the computer.</li> <li>7. If video is present but bad, go to <u>Display on page 118</u> section.</li> <li>8. If issue persists (no video), test with external video.</li> <li>9. If issue persists, test or replace a confirmed working display.</li> <li>10. If issue persists, replace discrete graphics card.</li> <li>11. If issue persists, replace system board due to defective video function.</li> </ul>	2.	Reseat display cable connection on system board.
<ul> <li>5. Test with minimum configuration (<u>11. Test with minimum configuration on page 96</u>) to removing storage device to isolate operating system issues and testing video in F10 Setup.</li> <li>6. If video is present, restart and retest the computer.</li> <li>7. If video is present but bad, go to <u>Display on page 118</u> section.</li> <li>8. If issue persists (no video), test with external video.</li> <li>9. If issue persists, test or replace a confirmed working display.</li> <li>10. If issue persists, replace discrete graphics card.</li> <li>11. If issue persists, replace system board due to defective video function.</li> <li>Swipe a metal piece (screwdriver) over wireless/mute buttons to act as if closing lid to force video output to external display device. See the "External component identification –</li> </ul>	3.	Reseat display cable connection on display panel side.
removing storage device to isolate operating system issues and testing video in F10 Setup.	4.	Examine and reseat major components, such as storage device, memory.
<ul> <li>7. If video is present but bad, go to <u>Display on page 118</u> section.</li> <li>8. If issue persists (no video), test with external video.</li> <li>9. If issue persists, test or replace a confirmed working display.</li> <li>10. If issue persists, replace discrete graphics card.</li> <li>11. If issue persists, replace system board due to defective video function.</li> <li>ips and tricks</li> <li>Swipe a metal piece (screwdriver) over wireless/mute buttons to act as if closing lid to force video output to external display device. See the "External component identification –</li> </ul>	5.	
<ul> <li>8. If issue persists (no video), test with external video.</li> <li>9. If issue persists, test or replace a confirmed working display.</li> <li>10. If issue persists, replace discrete graphics card.</li> <li>11. If issue persists, replace system board due to defective video function.</li> <li>Fips and tricks</li> <li>Swipe a metal piece (screwdriver) over wireless/mute buttons to act as if closing lid to force video output to external display device. See the "External component identification –</li> </ul>	6.	If video is present, restart and retest the computer.
<ul> <li>9. If issue persists, test or replace a confirmed working display.</li> <li>10. If issue persists, replace discrete graphics card.</li> <li>11. If issue persists, replace system board due to defective video function.</li> <li>ips and tricks</li> <li>Swipe a metal piece (screwdriver) over wireless/mute buttons to act as if closing lid to force video output to external display device. See the "External component identification –</li> </ul>	7.	If video is present but bad, go to Display on page 118 section.
10. If issue persists, replace discrete graphics card.         11. If issue persists, replace system board due to defective video function.         ips and tricks       Swipe a metal piece (screwdriver) over wireless/mute buttons to act as if closing lid to force video output to external display device. See the "External component identification –	8.	If issue persists (no video), test with external video.
11. If issue persists, replace system board due to defective video function.         ips and tricks       Swipe a metal piece (screwdriver) over wireless/mute buttons to act as if closing lid to force video output to external display device. See the "External component identification –	9.	If issue persists, test or replace a confirmed working display.
ips and tricks         Swipe a metal piece (screwdriver) over wireless/mute buttons to act as if closing lid to force video output to external display device. See the "External component identification –	10	If issue persists, replace discrete graphics card.
video output to external display device. See the "External component identification -	11	. If issue persists, replace system board due to defective video function.
	vid	deo output to external display device. See the "External component identification –

# **Blinking lights**

Symptoms	Possible causes
Lights blink on keyboard caps lock/num lock keys	Blinking lights on startup usually indicate a problem with basic functionality of a critical component (processor, BIOS, graphics cards, memory, etc.) due to loose connection, defective parts, or recently added parts.
	Troubleshooting steps
	<ol> <li>Check for any blink patterns. Count the number of blinks in a sequence, followed by a pause for a few seconds.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>See Status, Blinking Lights, and Error Message (7. <u>Status lights, blinking light codes,</u> <u>troubleshooting lights, and POST error messages on page 90</u>) for corrective actions.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>If internal hardware components (memory, storage device, etc.) have been recently added, a component may not be connected properly. Remove and reseat new components (<u>10. Reseat cables and connections on page 95</u>) one at a time.</li> </ol>
Note	Since the display may not be functional, lights are used to indicate an error.

Syn	nptoms	Possible causes	
•	Computer has power POST error message displays (Windows logo has not yet appeared)	Diagnostic error messages indicate a problem. There may be a problem with the instructior being sent from the BIOS to a hardware component (e.g., keyboard failures), or incompatible hardware. Can usually be resolved by installing updated firmware for the component.	
		Troubleshooting steps	
		1. See <u>7. Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting lights, and POST error</u> <u>messages on page 90</u> for corrective actions. An example of a POST error message is shown below.	
		Boot Device Not Found Please install an operating system on your hard disk. Hard Disk - (3F0) F2 System Diagnostics For more information, please visit: www.hp.com/go/techcenter/startup	
		<ol> <li>If there is power, you may be able to access BIOS. Reset BIOS to its default condition.</li> <li>(9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 95)</li> </ol>	
		<ol> <li>Restore hardware to its original condition (i.e., bootable solid-state drive instead of hard drive).</li> </ol>	
		4. Reseat suspected components and verify connection.	
		5. Test suspected components using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool.	
Not	te	An Error Message means the system has finished BIOS hardware validation and is ready to launch the <b>Startup Menu</b> . To access the <b>Startup Menu</b> for further options, press the <mark>Esc</mark> ke while restarting the computer.	

### **BIOS password**

Symptoms	Possible causes
Some sections are unavailable (grayed out)	BIOS administration password is required.
	Troubleshooting steps
	1. Review F10 BIOS Setup Overview to determine which features must be enabled.
	2. Your BIOS settings may be managed by a BIOS administrator password setup.
	3. If you lost or forgot user password, contact your IT personnel.
	<ol> <li>If you lost or forgot administrator password, contact HP service to reset the password. This process requires a unique UUID.</li> </ol>
Reference	HP F10 Setup Overview
	HP Business Notebook and Desktop PC F10 setup overview – 2012 and 2013 Business PC models
	HP Business Notebook and Desktop PC F10 setup overview – 2014 Business PC models
	2015 Business PC models – see the BIOS F10 Setup technical white paper at <a href="http://support.hp.com">http://support.hp.com</a> , enter your computer model, and then go to Manuals > White papers > HP PC BIOS F10 Setup Guide.

# **Performance (OS)**

**NOTE:** Most software problems occur as a result of the following:

- The application was not installed or configured correctly.
- There is insufficient memory available to run the application.
- There is a conflict between applications.

Make sure that all the needed device drivers are installed.

If an operating system other than the factory operating system is installed, check whether the operating system is supported and the application is certified for the version of the operating system.

HP ships and supports Windows 7 with BIOS Legacy boot mode and Windows 8, 10 with BIOS UEFI boot mode. Therefore, HP recommends that you switch BIOS boot mode from Legacy to UEFI Native for clean Windows 8, 10 installations, or to UEFI Hybrid (if available) for upgrading the option from Windows 7 to Windows 8, 10. UEFI Windows 8, 10 avoids many unexpected behaviors (i.e., blue screen error, graphics/video issues) in the BIOS Legacy setting.

# Intermittent shutdown

Syn	nptoms	Possible causes	
•	Shutdown during startup Shutdown during operation	It is often difficult to troubleshoot an intermittent issue. Possible causes include the following:	
		Power-related issue: defective or insufficient power sources, poor connection.	
		OS Custom Setting: Energy Saver (Power Management).	
		Thermal-related issue: thermal sensors reach limits.	
		Hardware related issue: voltage, out-of-range current; electrical short.	
		Troubleshooting steps	
		1. Update BIOS and drivers. ( <u>4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 85</u> )	
		2. Perform hard reset ( <u>8. Hard reset on page 94</u> )	
		3. Perform soft reset (9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 95)	
		Power related issue	
		<ol> <li>Verify functionality of AC adapter alone. If no functionality, test with a verified v adapter.</li> </ol>	working
		<ol> <li>Verify battery alone. Verify that battery is not depleted. Test battery using HP P Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool.</li> </ol>	с
		3. Verify connection of power button, power cable.	
		OS custom settings	
		<ol> <li>Advise users to reset power options and close all applications that are not in use including applications in the background.</li> </ol>	e,
		<ol> <li>Test with a confirmed working operating system to isolate custom settings by u any conflicting applications that cause shutdown.</li> </ol>	isers o
The	e sections below are intended for	norized service providers/technicians.	
		Thermal-related issue	
		1. Verify thermal condition:	
		<ul> <li>Test fan using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool (<u>6. HP Hardware</u> <u>Diagnostics and Tools on page 86</u>)</li> </ul>	
		<b>b.</b> Check fan and connection. Reseat fan cable.	
		c. Be sure that no obstructions or dust are in heat sink fan, fin, or vent.	
		d. Test with a verified working fan.	
		<ul> <li>Remove old thermal compound and pads and replace with new compound pads.</li> </ul>	l and
		2. Verify thermal solution:	
		<ul> <li>Use Thermal Monitor tool (available only to authorized service providers/ technicians) to perform stress test (processor and GPU) (<u>6. HP Hardware</u> <u>Diagnostics and Tools on page 86</u>) and verify that thermal sensors are wit limits after thermal condition is serviced.</li> </ul>	

### Hardware related issue

1. Check for any signs of loose connections, bent pins, stray wires, dust, nearly faulty parts (bulging/leaking capacitor).

2. Verify that lights are solid.
3. If shutdown is reproducible, test essential hardware configuration:
<b>a.</b> If no issue with hardware configuration, reinstall one non essential component at a time to determine faulty hardware.
b. If issue persists, replace essential hardware with a confirmed working part, one at a time. If no boot, replace system board.
Intermittent issue is difficult to reproduce and troubleshoot. It is important to record details on shutdown frequencies, system configuration (3D video application) and operating conditions.

### **Blue screen**

Symptoms	Possible causes
<ul> <li>Have power, light activity, fan spinning</li> <li>HP Logo displays briefly</li> <li>Fails to boot into Windows operating system, displays blue screen, and then crashes, restarts, or stops responding</li> </ul>	Recent changes: conflict of instructions from multiple programs or just added hardware. Incompatible hardware and driver. Poor connection (storage device, memory). Hardware malfunctioning due to overheating (GPU, processor). Defective hardware (memory, storage device).
mportant Notes & Resources	<i>Troubleshooting steps</i> There are many different ways to troubleshoot a blue screen error. Therefore, you need to identify working configuration (Windows 7/8/10) and specific symptoms of the failure in order to narrow down the issue. Refer to <u>Blue screen (BSOD) error</u> on page 135.
Control of a problem and reacts to maker. We way and the set of th	Recommended resources Microsoft knowledge base: Resolving Blue Screen errors in Windows HP Troubleshooting Error Messages on a blue screen: <u>HP Notebook PCs - Troubleshooting Error Messages on a Blue Screen that may</u> <u>Occur During Startup or Boot</u>

### Overview of General Troubleshooting Steps for a blue screen error

- 1. Note the blue screen error message and what activity was performed at the time.
- 2. Perform a hard reset (<u>8. Hard reset on page 94</u>) after disconnecting all external peripherals.
- **3.** Reset BIOS to default (<u>9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 95</u>) to prevent booting to another device.
- **4.** Run HP Hardware Diagnostics (<u>6. HP Hardware Diagnostics and Tools on page 86</u>) to isolate major faulty hardware issues.

- HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool to test storage device, memory and system.
- Thermal Monitor (available only to authorized service providers/technicians) tool to monitor temperature limits of processor and GPU. See "HP Thermal Monitor" in <u>6. HP Hardware Diagnostics and Tools on page 86</u>.
- 5. Remove or undo recently added hardware (<u>5. Remove or uninstall recently added hardware, software on page 85</u>). For example, incompatible memory or new solid-state drive storage.
- 6. Reseat cables and connections (<u>10. Reseat cables and connections on page 95</u>). Pay attention to proper installation of memory and storage device.
- 7. Verify that a minimum of at least 100 MB of free space is available on your Windows partition.
- 8. If you can start Windows:
  - **a.** Update BIOS and drivers (<u>4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 85</u>) to support updates for incompatibilities.
  - **b.** Get all the latest updates, using Windows Update.
  - c. Undo recent changes:
    - Startup using Last Known Good Configuration.
    - Use System Restore.
    - Roll back device driver in Device Manager.
  - d. Check for specific Error Message. See <u>Common Blue Screen Error Messages on page 146</u>.
  - e. Boot to safe mode (<u>11. Test with minimum configuration on page 96</u>) to troubleshoot issues.
- 9. If you cannot start Windows:
  - a. Boot to safe mode. (<u>11. Test with minimum configuration on page 96</u>)
  - **b.** Use Startup Repair to fix Windows startup files.
  - **c.** Undo recent changes using System Restore to revert to a previous "working" state.
  - **d.** Check for specific STOP error by analyzing Crash Dump (retrieved via a bootable USB). See <u>Use</u> <u>Windows Debugging Tool on page 147</u>.
  - e. Restore computer using System Recovery or image backup to factory settings.
- **10.** Lastly, test with essential hardware configuration (<u>11. Test with minimum configuration on page 96</u>) along with a verified working operating system (i.e., USB Windows-To-Go), if available, to isolate the software issue.

### **Tips & tricks**

In some cases, the computer may reboot automatically before you have time to read the blue screen.

To identify the error message itself, disable the automatic restart using one of the following methods:

Right-click on My Computer, and then select Properties > Advanced. Under Startup and Recovery, select Settings. Clear the Automatically Restart check box.

ystem startup			
Default operating system:			
Windows 8			~
Time to display list of operating systems:	30	÷	seconds
Time to display recovery options when needed:	30	*	seconds
ystem failure			
✔ Write an event to the system log			
Write an event to the system log Automatically restart Write debugging information Automatic memory dump			
Write an event to the system log Automatically restart Write debugging information Automatic memory dump			

### **Windows Advanced Boot Option**

Windows 7:

1. Press F8 to open the Windows Advanced Boot Option screen.

### 2. Select **Disable automatic restart on system failure** to view error messages.

Windows 8:

- 1. Press F11 (System Recovery) to open the Windows Advanced Boot Option screen.
- 2. Select Startup Settings to view error messages.

### Freeze at Windows Logo (hang/lockup)

#### Symptoms

### Possible causes

Has power, light activity, fan spinning

- HP Logo displays briefly
- Attempt to boot to operating system and freeze/hang at Windows logo
- No response to pressing num lock or caps lock key



Conflict of instructions from multiple programs or drivers; installing a new hardware or program that is not compatible (may also cause a blue screen error—see blue screen issue).

	Troubleshooting steps
	Follow suggested steps below one at a time to verify normal boot process:
	<ol> <li>Disconnect all external peripherals, and perform a hard reset (<u>8. Hard reseon page 94</u>).</li> </ol>
	2. Perform soft reset ( <u>9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 95</u> ).
	3. Update BIOS and drivers ( <u>4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 85</u> ).
	a. Roll back to previous version may be necessary.
	<b>b.</b> Go to safe mode to install drivers.
	<ol> <li>Run Hardware Diagnostics (6. HP Hardware Diagnostics and Tools on page to isolate hardware issue.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Undo recent changes in Windows (<u>5. Remove or uninstall recently added</u> hardware, software on page 85).</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Reseat cables and connections (<u>10. Reseat cables and connections</u> on page <u>95</u>).</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Start Windows in safe mode (<u>11. Test with minimum configuration</u> on page <u>96</u>).</li> </ol>
	8. Use Startup Repair Windows to fix Windows damaged files.
	<ol> <li>Test with essential hardware configuration (<u>11. Test with minimum</u> <u>configuration on page 96</u>) along with a verified working operating system USB Windows-To-Go ) if available to isolate the software issue.</li> </ol>
Tips and tricks	For more information, see HP PCs - Using Task Manager (Windows 10, 8).

# Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)

Symptoms	Pos	Possible causes	
System locks up, freezes in certain	Elec	tromagnetic interference (EMI).	
physical area or location	Tro	ubleshooting steps	
	1.	See (2. Examine the environment on page 84). Pay attention to external power source, high-frequency signals such as cell phones, microwave ovens.	
	2.	Move the computer to different locations nearby to determine where it fails and where it does not fail.	
	3.	Test with a verified working computer in original factory configuration.	
	4.	Consult with support.	

# No wake up

Symptoms	Possible causes
When resuming from a power	Power-saving mode; multiple-display setting.
management state the computer may display:	Troubleshooting steps

- Blank screen
- Some light activity
- 1. Verify that front power light (7. <u>Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting lights, and POST error messages on page 90</u>) is blinking (indicating Sleep state). Press power button to exit Sleep.
- 2. Reset BIOS to default (associated with OS Power Management in Power Menu) (4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 85)
- 3. Verify power management settings in Windows **Power Options**. Disable Sleep options if the issue is resolved.

Tips and tricksIf you are using a docking station, set your notebook display as a primary display. When the<br/>computer is undocked, you may think it is in a power-saving state, but the screen image may<br/>actually display on an external display device in the docking configuration.

# Unresponsive

Symptom	Possible causes
Unresponsive	Program in use has stopped responding to commands.
	Troubleshooting steps
	<ol> <li>If possible, use the Windows Task Manager to isolate and terminate the offending process.</li> </ol>
	2. Attempt the normal Windows shutdown procedure.
	3. Restart the computer using the power button.

# **Slow performance**

Symptom	Possible causes	
Slow performance when performing small tasks, or even in idle mode	Processor is hot or storage device is full.	
	Troubleshooting steps	
	Processor is hot	
	1. Verify that airflow to the computer is not blocked.	
	<ol> <li>Verify that chassis fans are connected and working properly. Some fans operate only when needed.</li> </ol>	
	3. Verify that the processor heat sink is installed properly.	
	Storage device is full	
	<ol> <li>Transfer data from the storage device to create more space on the storage device. Microsoft recommends at least 200 MB to sync system files.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Perform disk defragmentation to consolidate fragmented data on the storage device s it will work more efficiently.</li> </ol>	
	Also see <u>Slow performance on page 135</u> .	
Tips and tricks	See Improving System Performance (see Routine Maintenance for Performance Improvement on page 146).	
	See <u>Tips to free up drive space on your PC</u> .	
	See Optimize Windows for better performance.	

# HP Smart Adapter warning message

Symptom	Possible causes
Warning message displayed in Window HP Smart Adapter For full performance, connect a Nigher capacity Smart AC Adapter. For more information click here.	Less powerful AC adapter, BIOS out of date.
	Troubleshooting steps
	<ol> <li>Update BIOS that may contain a table that assigns an appropriate adapter for a certain configuration.</li> </ol>
	2. Update the latest <b>HP Hotkey Support</b> software from Drivers website.
	3. Verify sufficient power source (where adapter is connected).
	<ol> <li>Use appropriate AC adapter (often supplied with system) for optimum system performance.</li> </ol>
	5. Test with a verified working AC adapter.
	6. Test the adapter on a verified working computer.
	7. Contact HP for configuration details.
Note	<b>HP Smart AC adapter warning message:</b> informs you that as power demands increase, the notebook may not perform at full capacity, which may result in longer battery-charging time. In cases of extreme power demands, the system may also throttle back the processor, or with systems that have a discrete video sub-system, a video balance mode may occur to further balance the power needs of the system.
	System processor functions always have priority over battery charging, so charging delays will occur first.

# Incorrect time and date

Symptom	Possible cause	
Incorrect date and time	Real-time clock (RTC) battery might need replacement.	
	Troubleshooting steps	
	1. Reset the date and time in the operating system Control Panel.	
	2. Replace the RTC battery.	
	3. Verify that date and time are correct.	

# Display

# **Display anomalies**

The display panel is a field replaceable unit (FRU) and must be replaced by only authorized technicians. However, HP highly recommends that users and technicians observe specific symptom vs. generic symptoms and utilize the HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool before any replacement.

### Symptom

Common display issues with symptoms:

- Blank/black video
- Incorrect/missing color/distorted image
- Flickering image
- Vertical lines (due to LDVS, decreased signal integrity, and data loss)
- Dead pixel (due to display liquid, internal transistor, etc.)
- Horizontal lines (due to video memory)
- Distorted when hot (due to thermal issue)
- Cracked screen/image (physical damage)
- Light leakage/bleeding

Contact support for assistance.

• Humming noise (due to frequency settings)

Contact support for assistance.

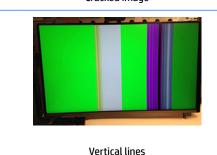


Cracked screen

per1.0

Dead pixel

Cracked image







Horizontal lines

### **Quick check**

- Visually examine the display for cracked screen, liquid crystal leak, dirty spots on glass, etc.
- Reset and update BIOS and docking firmware.
- Update operating system (OS), graphics/video drivers (Intel/AMD/NVidia, etc).

For custom images, HP highly recommends upgrading or installing Windows in UEFI mode (or Legacy disabled) to fully support hybrid graphics and avoid unexpected behaviors (i.e., blue screen error, graphics/video issues) in the BIOS Legacy setting.

- Configure Windows settings (Power options, Screen brightness, Personalization, Screen resolution, etc.).
- Test with a verified working external display.
- Boot to Windows in safe mode.
- Test with a verified working operating system (i.e., shipping image).

### HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) for video test

Use this tool to quickly determine if the display issue is related to a real hardware issue.

To start HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) (<u>6. HP Hardware Diagnostics and Tools on page 86</u>), when the computer is at boot, press the F2 key, select **Component Tests**, and then select **Video**.

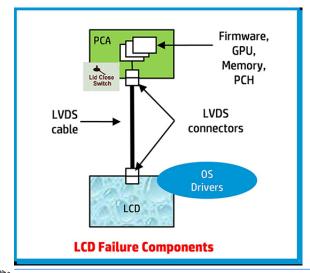
There are three options:

- Video Memory Check: to test video memory
- Palette Check: to test the three video color components (red, green, blue)
- **Dead Pixel Check:** to check dead pixels in eight different colors (Dead Pixel Check is available with the "HP PC Diagnostics 3-in-1 USB Key" tool)

Review the video troubleshooting in the Display section below for specific issues and possible solutions. For additional information about display problems, refer to documentation provided by the product manufacturer.

### **Display assembly diagram**

The display assembly diagram shows basic video components: system board, graphics cards, display cables, display connectors, operating system (OS), graphics driver, and LCD display panel. Any component or a combination of these components can contribute to a video issue.



**NOTE:** The lid close switch is a Hall-effect sensor located in the top cover. When the display is closed, the sensor acts like a switch is closed. A notebook can force a video output to an external monitor, or go to hibernation or standby mode through power management. If the display screen does not light up when the display is open, the lid close switch (Hall-effect sensor) could be faulty.

### **Dead pixel**

Display panel may show one or more pixels that are not properly lit when displaying a single color over the screen area. Use HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool to determine those defective pixels. There is no solution for dead pixels. Refer to <u>Display Issue: Pixel Anomalies on page 152</u> for the HP dead pixel policy.

### No video (internal)

Symptoms	Possible causes	
No internal video with certain programs (i.e., video-intensive games)	Display resolution, brightness, faulty lid switch, running a program requiring a higher resolution than the display screen can support Faulty lid switch may put the system into Sleep or Hibernation mode.	
	Troubleshooting steps	
	Use an external monitor with higher resolution.	
	Test with external monitor using HDMI or HP port. Press the power button and close the computer lid to force video output to external video. If there is still no video, contact support.	
References	See section <u>No video (with power) on page 106</u> for display information.	

# No video (external)

Symptom	Possible causes	
No image on external monitor	External monitor, resolution, display configuration, drivers.	
	Troubleshooting steps	
	1. Be sure external monitor is compatible with the computer.	
	2. Be sure that external monitor is turned on.	
	3. Press any key to get out power saving mode.	
	4. Adjust the brightness of the monitor.	
	5. Test with a verified working monitor.	
	6. Test the monitor via internal ports (VGA, DP ports).	
	7. Install latest video driver.	
	8. Reset the screen resolution as described in the documentation.	
	<ol> <li>Configure display choice, and then force output to external video by closing the notebook lid or pressing Fn + F4 to switch screen output.</li> </ol>	

# DisplayPort/VGA

See <u>No video (external) on page 121</u>.

# HDMI

Symptoms	Possible causes	
<ul> <li>Display issue</li> </ul>	Cable, connection, settings.	
<ul> <li>Sound issue</li> </ul>		
	Troubleshooting steps	
	Quick Check	
	1. Verify HDMI device input source is set correctly (i.e., HDMI1).	
	2. Be sure you are using the correct HDMI cable.	
	3. Check connection and reconnect the HDMI cable.	
	4. Verify if sound output is configured correctly in <b>Control Panel &gt; Sound Manager</b> .	
	1. Perform hard reset ( <u>4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 85</u> ).	
	<ol> <li>Update BIOS and drivers (<u>4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 85</u>) when sound is heard but no video on HDTV.</li> </ol>	
References	HP Notebook PCs - Troubleshooting HDMI Display and Sound Issues	

# No or bad external video via docking

Symptoms	Possible causes	
No or bad image on external monitor via ports of docking station (VGA, DP, TB, display port, etc.)	Rooted from system board, software/drivers, dock connectors, docking station hardware/ firmware, dock video ports (DP, VGA, etc).	
	Troubleshooting steps	
	1. Be sure that external monitor is powered on.	
	2. Be sure that external monitor is compatible with the computer.	
	3. If applicable, plug the dock in different Type-C ports.	
	For more information, see the technical white paper titled "HP ZBook 65/150/200 W Thunderbolt 3 Dock User Guide." Go to <u>http://support.hp.com/</u> , enter your model number, and then click <b>Manuals &gt; Technical white papers</b> .	
	<ol> <li>If the screen image is distorted, try a DP-to-VGA adapter. Connect the adapter to each DisplayPort and VGA port of the dock.</li> </ol>	
	5. Test the monitor via internal ports (VGA, DP, HDMI, etc.).	
	<ol> <li>Verify that dock connectors of the notebook and the dock are clean, without dust, debris (e.g., using air duster).</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Ideally, use a verified working operating system/system connected to the dock to isolate the issue of the current operating system.</li> </ol>	
	8. Ideally, use a verified working docking station to isolate the faulty dock.	
	9. Update latest dock firmware. Be sure to follow the installation instructions carefully. You may want to try a DP-to-VGA adapter if you have a distorted screen image. Connect the adapter to each DisplayPort of the dock. If you still cannot update the dock, attempt to update it on a confirmed working notebook before having the dock replaced.	
Note	See the technical white paper titled "Multiple displays on HP ZBook Mobile Workstations" from HP platform support website. Go to <u>http://support.hp.com/</u> , enter your model number, and then click <b>Manuals &gt; Technical white papers</b> .	

# Incorrect or missing color/distorted image

se connection, display cable, display, graphics card. ubleshooting steps ify with external monitor (i.e., VGA)
Use combination Fn + F4 to enable output to external monitor. Close the lid.
e external monitor also shows incorrect color, it is graphics card issue. Test with a fied working graphics card.

Be sure that external display cables are not pinched or damaged.

Be sure that external display cables have good connection at both ends (system board and display panel).

- If moving cables affects the image, it is display cable. Test with a confirmed working cable.
- If moving cables does not affect the image, is display issue. Test with a confirmed working display

# **Touch screen**

Symptoms	Possible causes		
Inresponsive	Dirt and smudge, driver, touch display configuration, power management. Troubleshooting steps Quick check		
naccurate			
	Turn off the computer, spray glass cleaner onto a soft, damp cloth, and gently wipe the screen to remove dirt and smudge.		
	<b>NOTE:</b> Do not spray cleaner directly onto the screen.		
Configure the touch display in <b>Control Panel &gt;</b>	1. Restart the computer.		
Tablet PC Settings	2. Verify touch screen and graphics drivers.		
Tablet PC Settings	<ol> <li>Configure the touch display to identify the screen as a touch screen as show in the image at left.</li> </ol>		
Configure Configure your pen and touch displays.	<ol> <li>Calibrate the screen and reset if touch functionality is still not working correctly.</li> </ol>		
Display options Display: 1. Generic Non-PnP Monitor V Details: Limited Touch Support	<ol> <li>Perform diagnostic test in HP Hardware Diagnostics under Component Test</li> <li>Touch Screen.</li> </ol>		
Calibrate	If the diagnostics tests pass but the touch screen still does not respond, continue following the steps.		
Choose the order in which your screen rotates. Go to Orientation	6. Adjust the power management settings for your touch screen.		
	If the touch screen stops working after waking from sleep, adjust the power management settings so that the touch screen device stays active while the computer is in sleep mode.		
OK Cancel Apply	7. Perform Microsoft System Restore and restore to a time when the system was working.		
	8. Perform HP System Recovery if none of the above actions resolves the issue		
References	HP Notebook PCs - Touch Screen Issues (Windows 10)		
	HP Notebook PCs - Touch Screen Issues (Windows 8)		

# I/O devices

# NOTE:

- Make sure external devices are supported and compliant (i.e., USB Type C, Thunderbolt 3, PCI Express, etc).
- If you have problems with external devices not provided by HP, contact device manufacturers for compatibility and latest drivers prior to troubleshooting (i.e., USB devices, Thunderbolt devices, PCI Express Card reader, VGA/Display/HDMI monitors, Speakers, etc).
- Be sure I/O devices are properly inserted into the I/O ports, and then be sure the I/O devices are recognized by Windows Device Manager.

# Keyboard

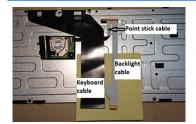
Symptoms	Possible causes	
Keystrokes not recognized	Dust trapped under keycap, loose keycap, loose keyboard connection, defective keyboard.	
Characters not matched		
	Troubleshooting steps	
	<ol> <li>Inspect the keyboard for any signs of dust, liquid, or debris trapped under sticky keys that might prevent keystroke recognition.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Check for incomplete connection between keyboard and system board by verifying that caps lock or num lock light turns on when key is pressed.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Verify whether the keyboard is recognized in Windows Device Manager and verify whether the keyboard driver is installed properly.</li> </ol>	
	4. Test with a working external keyboard (i.e., USB keyboard).	
	Also test in Windows for special keys (Caps Lock, Shift, Ctrl, Fn, Windows, Alt) if necessary.	
	<ol> <li>Test with HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) to isolate a hardware issue from a software issue.</li> </ol>	
	6. Verify that BIOS is up to date. If so, resetting BIOS to default may help.	
	<ol> <li>Test with verified working operating system or restore operating system to be sure tha the issue is not caused by different language settings, sticky keys feature, etc.</li> </ol>	
	8. Verify that keyboard flex cables are fully inserted and in good condition.	
The sections below are intended	for authorized service providers/technicians.	
	<ol> <li>Verify if keyboard flex cable is in good condition (no delamination or torn cable end, no missing or cracked tracks, pads).</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Verify keyboard flex cable ends are fully inserted and aligned with connectors on system board, and those connector tabs are properly closed. Reseat cables.</li> </ol>	
	3. Replace new internal keyboard and retest.	
Tips and tricks	A key only works when pressed with force. Inspect and remove debris trapped under keycap	

# **Keyboard point stick**

Symptom	Possible causes	
Point stick not working properly	Dust trapped under point stick, loose point stick cap. Troubleshooting steps	
	1. Inspect any signs of dust, liquid spill that prevent point stick from working.	

2. Check whether point stick cap is loose and reseat it if necessary.

### The sections below are intended for authorized service providers/technicians.



- 1. Verify whether keyboard flex cables are in good condition (no delamination or torn cable end, no missing or cracked tracks, pads).
- 2. Verify keyboard flex cable ends are fully inserted and aligned with connectors on system board and back of keyboard and that connector tabs are properly closed.
- 3. Reseat point stick cables.

Example of back of keyboard, including keyboard, point stick, and backlight cables.

# **Keyboard backlight**

Symptom	Possible causes	
Backlight function not working properly	Backlight disabled, loose connection.	
	Troubleshooting steps	
	<b>NOTE:</b> Not all notebook computers have backlit keyboards.	
	A keyboard function key lets you turn the light on and off. Verify if backlit feature is not disabled by pressing a combination of Fn + Backlit key.	
The sections below are intended fo	r authorized service providers/technicians.	
	<ol> <li>Verify if backlight flex cables are in good condition (no delamination or torn cable end no missing or cracked tracks, pads).</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Verify backlight flex cable ends are fully inserted and aligned with connectors on system board and that connector tabs are properly closed.</li> </ol>	
	3. Reseat backlight cable.	

# TouchPad

Symptoms	Possible causes	
Not working properly	On/Off enabled, driver, settings.	
(1) – Touchpad on/off button	Troubleshooting steps	
<b>(2)</b> – Touchpad	1. Ensure touchpad On/Off light is not amber (disabled). Double touch to enable.	
	<ul> <li>Verify if touchpad device is listed in Device Manager &gt; Mice and other pointing devices.</li> </ul>	
0	3. Install the latest touchpad driver.	
0	<ol> <li>Adjust touchpad settings (Control Panel &gt; Mouse).</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Test touchpad controller using the HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool (F2 &gt; Component Tests &gt; Mouse Test &gt; Pointer Test &amp; Drag and Drop Test).</li> </ol>	
The sections below are intended f	or authorized service providers/technicians.	
	<ol> <li>Check the touchpad cable for damage or a loose connection, and then reseat the touchpad cable.</li> </ol>	
	2. If issue persists, replace the touchpad and verify the change.	

# Network Connectivity Ethernet (RJ-45 jack)

Symptoms	Possible causes
Unable to find networks (yellow bang)	Network source, cable, connection, RJ-45 port, driver, settings.
Connection dropouts	
Slow performance	
	Troubleshooting steps
	<b>Quick Check:</b> verify the network status lights that supposed to flash when there is network activity.
P Support Assistant tool - No network detected in	1. Turn off the computer's wireless feature (press wireless button).
PSA © reference: Linet Accet = □ +	<ol> <li>Verify that networking source with recommended distance to the base is less than 300 feet.</li> </ol>
Test     Correction Status     Articles Status     Correction Status     Articles Status     Status     Correction Status     Articles Status     Sta	<ol> <li>Examine the Ethernet cable for damage. Test with a verified working cable.</li> </ol>
Possible food Causes     Non network detected (102)     No Preferred networks selected (207)	<ol> <li>Test with different networks and jacks and check with IT for hardware compatibility settings.</li> </ol>
•	<ol> <li>Connect a verified working RJ-45 cable directly to the computer to isolate other related issues (e.g., router, switch, docking station).</li> </ol>
	6. Verify Ethernet port lights (RJ-45):
Network Information     Set Assistance	<ul> <li>Green (left): network is connected.</li> </ul>
🖻 freethack 🔍 🛶 🔍	

- 7. Test with HP Support Assistant in Windows.
- Diagnose with HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) to isolate a hardware issue from a software issue.
- Examine Ethernet ports on the computer, docking station, and wall for damage, dust, obstructions.
- **10. Update drivers:** Verify that Ethernet module is displayed in Device Manager and be sure that device driver is up to date. If updating drivers does not help, try rolling back to previous drivers.
- 11. Reset BIOS to Default: If other devices can connect to network, but computer cannot connect, a BIOS setting might be the cause of the problem. Restore BIOS to default.
- **12.** Test with verified working operating system or perform operating system recovery to verify that the issue is not caused by customized settings.
- 13. Replace system board and verify that the issue is fixed.

### **Network connectivity wireless (WLAN)**

#### Symptoms

HPSA

- Unable to find networks
- Connection dropouts
- Slow performance

#### HP Support Assistant tool - No network detected in Troubleshooting steps

0

Possible causes

- Portered networks selected (207)
   Portered (207)

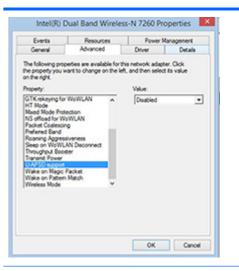
Wireless Adapter Properties - U-APSD support

1. Turn off the computer's wired network (remove RJ-45 cable).

Network source, cable, connection, wireless module, driver, settings.

- 2. Examine environment for interference, such as cell phone or microwave, that may emit high frequencies (above 1 GHz).
- Verify wireless source by moving computer closer to the wireless base/ router.
- **4.** Test with different wireless networks and check with your IT department for hardware compatibility, settings.
- 5. Verify that the wireless light is on. If the light is amber, press the wireless button to enable the wireless device.
- 6. Test with HP Support Assistant in Windows.
- 7. Diagnose with HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) to isolate a hardware issue from a software issue.
- Update drivers: Verify that wireless module is displayed in Device Manager and be sure that wireless drivers are up to date using <u>www.hp.com</u> or HP Support Assistant. If updating drivers does not help, try rolling back to previous drivers.
- Reset BIOS to Default: If other devices can connect to your wireless network, but your computer cannot connect, a BIOS setting might be the cause of the problem. Restore BIOS to default.
- 10. Configure power management advanced settings as necessary.

In the example to the left, **U-APSD support** (Unscheduled Automatic Power Save Delivery) is changed to **Disabled** to resolve an incompatible access



point. If disabling U-APSD improves the throughput issue, check with the access point provider for updated firmware that resolves the issue.

- **11.** Test with verified working operating system or perform operating system recovery to verify that the issue is not caused by customized settings.
- **12.** Test with a verified working wireless module.

#### The sections below are intended for authorized service providers/technicians.

- 1. Verify that the wireless module and its antenna cables are fully inserted and in good condition (see WLAN module removal and replacement section). Reseat wireless module and antenna connection.
- 2. Verify module antenna cable connection are not loose.
- 3. Verify antenna cables are properly connected to the MAIN and AUX terminals (see WLAN module removal and replacement section).

### **WWAN**

Symptom	Possible causes				
Unable to find networks/service	Network source, cable, connection, driver, settings.				
	Troubleshooting steps				
	1. Update to the latest driver and utility.				
	2. Check with network service provider for signal coverage.				
	3. Make sure signal strength is good.				
	4. Make sure your service is active.				
The sections below are intended for authorized service providers/technicians.					
1	Verify module and antenna cable connections are not loose.				
	• Verify antenna cables are properly connected to the correct terminals. For example, the antenna cable labeled "1" connects to the "Main" terminal labeled "1". The antenna cable labeled "2" connects to the "Aux" terminal labeled "2".				

### Symptoms Possible causes USB devices are not recognized USB devices are not charging Examples of USB device Not Recognized 1. USB Device Not Recognized Some of the USB devices attached to this computer has malfunctioned, and Windows does not recognize it. For assistance in solving this problem, click this message. 2. 69 🔶 3. 🚔 Device Manager File Action View Help 4. (= -) 🖂 🔛 🖬 🖬 🐼 😭 😽

A 🚔 Thomas-PC Thomas-PC

Computer

Disk drives

Just drives

DVD/CD-ROM drives

UDV/CD-ROM drives IDE ATA/ATAPI controllers
 IEEE 1394 Bus host controllers Keyboards Mice and other pointing devices
Monitors Monitors Ports (COM & LPT) Processors
 Sound, video and game controllers Sound, video ano genue
Storage controllers
System devices
Universal Serial Bus controllers
Standard Enhanced PCI to USB Host Controller
Standard OpenHCD USB Host Controller

USB Composite Device USB Composite Device USB Root Hub

USB devices do not have the latest software drivers, port insufficient power, or not compliant.

**NOTE:** USB Type-C uses a different connector entirely

#### Troubleshooting steps

- Unplug USB device and/or restart the computer (wait for 2-5 minutes) to reset USB port/hub in case of power surge.
- Soft Reset (9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 95) and verify if USB device is recognized.
- Verify if USB device is recognized in **Device Manager > Universal Serial Bus Controller**, or USB is recognized without Yellow bang.
- Verify if the latest USB driver or/and USB chipset driver are installed. USB driver could be removed and reinstalled.
- 5. Make sure USB device is supported, for example, USB 3.0 device requires more power drawn (0.9A) from USB port than USB 2.0 device (0.5A). As a result, identify USB charging port to be used for charging a USB device, or an external AC power adapter may be required for an external USB storage to work properly.
- Test with verified working USB devices (keyboard, mouse, USB key) to make sure 6. USB ports are functional.
- 7. Test USB device on a verified working computer to make sure USB device is not malfunctioning.

### Smart card reader

#### Possible causes Symptoms Not recognized Physical damage, incorrect insertion, dirt, driver, malfunctioning card reader. Unable to write **NOTE:** Some cards have a read/write security switch on the card. Make sure that switch is set to "write enabled" before attempting to write data to it. Card Reader Removal Policy Troubleshooting steps 1. Verify card reader removal policy. SD Memory Card Properties General Policies Volumes Driver Details Events Make sure there is no physical damage to the card. 2. Removal policy Quick removal (default) Disables write caching on the device and in Windows, but you can disconnect the device safely without using the Safely Remove Hardware notification icon. Inspect the ends of the memory cards for dirt or material closing a hole or 3. spoiling a metal contact. Clean the contacts with a lint-free cloth and small O Better performance Enables write caching in Windows, but you must use the Safely Remove Hardware notification icon to disconnect the device safely. amounts of isopropyl alcohol. Replace the memory card if necessary. 4. Reinstall and update the drivers for the card reader. Make sure the smart card reader is compliant with ISO 7816 Class A, B, and C. 5. 6. Reinsert the card reader with correct face as described in its documentation. Check reader function with a verified working card. 7. OK CK

**CAUTION:** If the card reader has an in-use indicator light, do not insert or remove memory cards while the light is flashing. Doing so may cause loss of data on the card or may permanently damage the card reader.

# Speaker, headphone - audio issues

Symptoms		Possible causes			
<ul> <li>No sound from external or internal speakers</li> </ul>		Volume turned down, sound card not recognized, malfunctioning hardware, electronic interference.			
•	Distorted sound, too soft, too loud, intermittent				
		Τιοι	ıbleshooting steps		
		1.	Remove any device connected to the Audio jack to enable the internal speaker.		
		2.	Close all open programs.		
		3.	Adjust volume by pressing $Fn + F8/F9$ . Be sure that volume button light is not amber (mute).		
			- or -		
			Adjust Windows volume control by clicking the speaker icon on the Windows taskbar. sure that the sound is not muted.		
		4.	Verify that sound card is detected in Windows Device Manager.		
		5.	Reinstall the latest audio driver.		
		6.	Test audio device using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool (F2 > <b>Component Test</b> > <b>Audio</b> ).		
		7.	Test with a verified working operating system. If issue is resolved, restore full operatir system.		
		8.	Test with verified working external speakers or headset.		
		9.	Reseat internal speaker connections.		
		10.	Test with verified working internal speakers.		
		11.	Replace internal speakers.		
No sound fi	sound from headphones	1.	Adjust volume by pressing Fn + F8/F9. Be sure that volume button light is not amber (mute). Or adjust Windows volume control by clicking the speaker icon on the Window taskbar. Be sure that the sound it not muted.		
		2.	Check headphone cable connection.		
		з.	Test with a verified working audio board.		
		4.	Replace audio board and verify the change.		
No sound from	sound from external speakers	1.	Verify that external speakers are turned on.		
		2.	Disconnect headphones from headphone jack.		
		3.	Adjust volume by pressing $Fn + F8/F9$ . Be sure that volume button light is not amber (mute).		
			- 0r -		
			Adjust Windows volume control by clicking the speaker icon on the Windows taskbar. I sure that the sound is not muted.		
		4.	Check for possible interference devices nearby that may impact the audio (cell phone portable communications handset.)		

# Thunderbolt (TB)

Symptom	Possible causes			
Thunderbolt device not working	BIOS, drivers, and user settings.			
	Troubleshooting steps			
	1. Update to the latest BIOS and choose appropriate TB Port settings.			
	2. Reset User Account Settings to default.			
	3. Update Intel Thunderbolt software that includes firmware version (for TB controller), driver version (operating system driver), and application version.			
	Thunderbolt <sup>™</sup> Settings			
	Thunderbolt~ Information			
	Security Level: No security (SLO)			
	Firmware Version: 11.80			
	Driver Version: 2.0.4.8 Application Version: 2.0.4.54			
	Device Connection Options			
	Only allow Thunderbolt Certified for PC devices			
	Allow any Thunderbolt device			
	Thunderbolt devices not certified for PC may not operate properly.			
	Override first device in chain restriction			
	Some Thunderbolt devices are restricted to being the first device in the chain. Overriding this restriction allows you to use these devices anywhere in the Thunderbolt chain, but may result in lower performance or quality of service.			
	ОК Сапсеі			
	4. Verify that TB device is detected in Windows Device Manager.			
	5. Verify TB port, cable and connection.			
	6. Test with a verified working TB board, if possible.			
	NOTE: Thunderbolt is new technology. Thunderbolt cable and Thunderbolt device must be			

**NOTE:** Thunderbolt is new technology. Thunderbolt cable and Thunderbolt device must be compatible with Windows. To determine whether your device is Thunderbolt Certified for Windows, see <a href="https://thunderbolttechnology.net/products">https://thunderbolttechnology.net/products</a>.

## Storage

## NOTE:

- Back up all critical data prior to drive troubleshooting.
- Prior to contacting support, HP recommends that you run a drive (HDD, SSD, M.2 drive) test using the HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool on the suspected failed drive.
- Diagnose the storage device using BIOS, Diagnostics built in the shipping image, or an external USB (http://www8.hp.com/us/en/campaigns/hpsupportassistant/pc-diags.html? jumpid=va\_r602\_us/en/any/pps/pl\_ot\_ob\_ds\_pd/HP\_PC\_Hardware\_Diagnostics\_cc/dt).
- The drive quick test is recommended to quickly (less than 10 minutes) identify the malfunctioning drive. If the issue still exists, run Extensive Test (more than 2 hours, or loop mode, which will run until an error occurs).
- If any test fails, record failure code and contact support for instructions on how to order a replacement storage device.
- If all of the tests pass, the storage device is not damaged. As a rule, HP will not replace a storage device under warranty that does not fail the HP Hard Drive Self-Test.
- If there is no physical problem with the storage device (or memory), then try reinstalling the Windows operating system to troubleshoot the problem.

Hard Drive Tests
The Hard Drive Tests will check your system to make sure the system hard drives (hard disk or solid state drive) are functioning properly. You can select the following tests.
Outek Test Extensive Test SMART Check Short DST Optimized DST Long DST Read Test Back

## Hard drive/solid-state drive not recognized

Symptom	Possible causes				
Hard drive is not recognized during POST	Loose connection, faulty hard drive, faulty drive configuration/BIOS setting.				
2021	Troubleshooting steps				
	1. Perform a hard reset ( <u>8. Hard reset on page 94</u> ).				
	2. Reset BIOS to default.				
	<ol> <li>Verify hard drive connection and flex cable. Reseat hard drive and cable connection. For multiple storage devices, keep the primary drive with the operating system and remov other devices.</li> </ol>				
	4. Use the HP Hardware Diagnostics tool to verify the drive is recognized and test it.				
	5. If the hard drive fails diagnostics, record failure and have the drive replaced.				
	<ol> <li>Identify when the issue is related to software. If the hard drive passes diagnostics, tes the drive on a verified working computer. If the failure follows the drive, reinstall the operating system to make sure software is not an issue.</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Test with a verified working hard drive. If it is still not recognized, the system board is faulty.</li> </ol>				
	<b>NOTE:</b> If the drive is seen in BIOS and Diagnostics, try a secure erase prior to replacing a drive as this may resolve related issues.				

## No boot to operating system (no read/write error)

Syn	nptoms	Possible causes			
•	Post error message: Boot Device not found (3F0)	Operating system, loose connection, faulty storage device, BIOS configuration, Secure Boot. Troubleshooting steps			
<ul> <li>Hang when booting to operating system</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Verify if Secure Boot is enabled in BIOS. Secure Boot prevents legacy boot devices from starting the computer, including bootable CDs and DVDs. For more information, see HP PCs - Secure Boot (Windows 8).</li> </ol>				
		2. Reset BIOS to default. Be sure that BIOS <b>Boot Mode</b> in <b>Boot Option</b> is set up properly for bootable device and its operating system (i.e., UEFI Native for Windows 8).			
		Another example, choosing <b>Legacy Boot Order</b> for an UEFI device will cause "Boot Device not found (3F0)" error.			
		3. Verify storage device connection and flex cable. Reseat connection. For multiple storage devices, keep the primary drive with the operating system and remove other devices.			
		<ol> <li>Use PC Hardware Diagnostics tool to test. Record failure code and have the storage device replaced.</li> </ol>			
		5. If there is no error, reinstall the operating system using HP Restore.			
		6. Test with a verified working operating system storage device, if available.			
Not	e	If there is a drive POST error message, see <u>POST Error Messages and User Actions</u> on page 144.			

## **Read-write error**

Symptoms		Possible causes		
• Post error message (i.e., error		Loose connection, faulty hardware.		
	code 301)	Troubleshooting steps		
•	Hang when working on data, files, documents	1.	Perform a hard reset ( <u>8. Hard reset on page 94</u> ).	
		2.	Reset BIOS to default ( <u>9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 95</u> ).	
		3.	Verify drive connection and flex cable. Reseat connection ( <u>10. Reseat cables and</u> <u>connections on page 95</u> ).	
		4.	Use the HP Hardware Diagnostics tool to test. If failed, record failure code and have the storage device replaced.	
		5.	If no error with HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool, try to repair the storage device and its files in Windows (using command "CHKDSK $/f /r /x''$ ). Use HP Restore to reinstall the operating system, if needed.	
		6.	Test with a verified working storage device. If it is not recognized, the system board is faulty.	
Note			ere is a drive POST error message, see <u>POST Error Messages and User Actions</u> age 144.	

## **Slow performance**

Symptoms	Possible causes		
Slow performance even when performing small read/write	Operating system files, storage device is full.		
operations	Troubleshooting steps		
	<ol> <li>Transfer data from the storage device to create more space. Microsoft recommends at least 200 MB to sync system files.</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Perform disk defragmentation to consolidate fragmented data on the storage device s it will work more efficiently.</li> </ol>		
	NOTE: Do not defrag an SSD.		
Tips & tricks	For optimal system performance, you need to place your operating system and all of your most commonly used applications and files in the fastest hard drive (solid-state drive) and fastest areas on the drive (primary partition of 200 GB max).		
	See Improving System Performance. Also see Routine Maintenance for Performance Improvement on page 146).		

## Blue screen (BSOD) error

Faulty storage device may cause blue screen error. Perform the drive tests using the HP Diagnostics Tool to make sure the drive is functional. If all of the tests pass, see <u>Common Blue Screen Error Messages</u> on page 146 for detailed troubleshooting steps.

## Noisy hard drive

**IMPORTANT:** An SSD has no moving parts, so it does not make loud or clicking noise.

Depending on type and rotational speed, some hard drives will make more noise than others.

Not all noises are related to the fan or hard drive.

Symptoms	Possible causes			
Loud noise from hard drive	BIOS, hard drive firmware, driver, faulty drive, power supply (AC adapter). Troubleshooting steps			
Clicking noise from hard drive				
<ul> <li>Still boots to operating system and operates normally</li> </ul>	1. Update BIOS and hard drive firmware.			
and operates normally	<ol> <li>Examine AC adapter to be sure that it is not faulty or overloaded. Disconnect all peripherals (USB storages, dock, etc.).</li> </ol>			
	3. Remove hard drive to isolate the noise.			
	4. Test the hard drive on a verified working computer if the noise continues. If the hard drive makes the same noise or clicking sounds, the sounds are either normal sounds for the hard drive or a fault with the hard drive.			
	5. Verify original hard drive connection and flex cable. Reseat hard drive and connection.			
	<ol> <li>Run HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI). If failed, record failure code and have the hard drive replaced.</li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>If no error with HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI), perform disk defragmentation (some hard drives make a clicking noise when highly fragmented).</li> </ol>			
Tips & tricks	For optimal system performance, place your operating system and all of your most commonly used applications and files on the fastest hard drive or solid-state drive and on the fastest areas on the drive (primary partition of 200 GB max).			
	See <u>Improving System Performance</u> . Also, see <u>Routine Maintenance for Performance</u> Improvement on page 146).			

## Mechanical

## Fan error message - 90B

Symptoms	Possible causes				
Fan error 90B at boot	Defective fan; out-of-date BIOS.				
CAUTION: May lead to system shutdown, data loss or possible system	• The system fan is not spinning or not spinning properly (loose connection, fan is stud or defective).				
damage.	• The temperature inside the case is too high, and the fan cannot spin fast enough to remove the heat due to an obstruction to air flow.				
	The system has detected that a cooling fan is not operating correctly.				
	Continued operation is not recommended and may cause unpredictable behavior that could result in random shutdown, data loss or possible system damage. The system will shut down in 15 seconds. To prevent shutdown and continue operation, press the enter key now.				
	System Fan (90B) ENTER – Continue Startup				
	For more information, please visit: www.hp.com/go/techcenter/startup				
	Troubleshooting steps				
	General actions				
	<ol> <li>Update BIOS and drivers (<u>4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 85</u>) or reset BIOS to default. BIOS may implement new fan characteristics and updates for other components.</li> </ol>				
	2. Perform a hard reset ( <u>8. Hard reset on page 94</u> ). Performing a hard reset can reset recorded thermal values in memory.				
	Thermal-related issue				
	1. Verify thermal condition:				
	a. Check fan and connection. Reseat fan cable.				
	<b>b.</b> Be sure that no obstructions or dust are in heat sink fan, fin, or vent.				
	c. Test fan using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool ( <u>6. HP Hardware Diagnostics and Tools on page 86</u> ). Be sure that the fan is not producing loud noise and that fan blades spin correctly.				
	<b>d.</b> Test with a verified working fan.				
	e. Remove old thermal compound and pads, and replace properly with new pads.				
	2. Verify thermal solution				
	Use Thermal Monitor tool (available only to authorized service providers/ technicians) to run stress test (processor and GPU) and verify that thermal sensors are within limits after thermal condition is serviced.				
Note	BIOS currently omits fan presence detection to shorten boot time delay less than four seconds. Therefore, the fan error is generated based on previous boot to operating system that found system fan error.				
	Fan often is part of thermal solution, including heat sink, fin/ muffler, and thermal grease. Fan replacement requires reboot and fan function verification using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool.				

See <u>Reducing Heat Inside the PC to Prevent Overheating</u>.

## Noise (sound)

Symptoms	Possible causes			
Computer emits abnormal noise	Aside from basic components (power adapter/supply, fan, speaker, hard drive, optical drive, display panel, external devices), it is also common for electronic components to produce noise. Troubleshooting steps			
	1. Inspect external power source and change to verified working one.			
	2. Determine whether the noise comes from AC power adapter. Test with a verified working AC adapter.			
	Disconnect external devices and all cables connected to the computer to isolate issue to computer only.			
Noisy fan	Determine whether the noise comes from the fan. Disconnect the fan briefly to isolate whether noise originates from fan. If noise is absent with fan disconnected, refer to Fan ru constantly on page 139.			
Noisy hard drive	Determine whether the noise comes from the hard drive.			
	See <u>Noisy hard drive on page 136</u> .			
Noisy optical drive	1. Determine whether the noise comes from an optical drive.			
	2. Remove CD/DVD from the optical drive.			
Noisy speaker	1. Determine whether the noise comes from speaker.			
	2. Test with a verified working external headset/speaker.			
Noisy display	Determine whether the noise comes from display panel (humming noise). Change display frequency settings. See <u>Display on page 118</u> .			
The section below is intended for a	ithorized service providers/technicians.			
	<ol> <li>After disassembling the chassis, inspect components of the interior for excessive wear or damage.</li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>If noise issues persist, proceed with process of elimination for battery, AC adapter, or boards.</li> </ol>			

#### Fan runs constantly

#### Symptoms

- Fan never stops running
- Generates heat
- Decreased computer
   performance

#### Possible causes

- BIOS not up to date.
- Thermal condition (fan, air flow)--fan may not be defective but must run constantly to remove excess heat generated by electrical components.
- Inappropriate configuration.

#### Troubleshooting steps

#### **General actions**

- Verify whether BIOS is set to Fan Always on while on AC Power F10 Setup. When booting the computer, press F10 to open Setup, and then select Advanced > Built-In Device Options Menu.
- Update BIOS and drivers (<u>4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 85</u>) and reset BIOS to default. BIOS may implement new fan characteristics and updates for other components.
- **3.** Perform a hard reset (<u>8. Hard reset on page 94</u>). Performing a hard reset can reset recorded thermal values in memory.

#### **Thermal-related issue**

- 1. Verify fan is spinning. Reseat fan cable before moving to next step.
  - a. Check fan and connection. Reseat fan cable.
  - **b.** Be sure that no obstructions or dust are in heat sink fan, heat sink fin, or vent.
  - c. Test fan using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool (<u>6. HP Hardware Diagnostics and Tools on page 86</u>). Be sure that the fan is not producing loud noise and that fan blades spin correctly.
  - d. Test with a verified working fan.
  - e. Replace the fan.
- Verify thermal solution

Use Thermal Monitor tool (available only to authorized service providers/technicians) (<u>HP Thermal Monitor on page 89</u>) to run stress test (processor and GPU) and verify that thermal sensors are within limits after thermal condition is serviced.

#### **User configuration**

Change Power Options in Windows (i.e., choosing **Balanced mode** instead of **High performance**). High performance and extensive graphics may cause the fan run constantly to release the heat.

BIOS currently omits fan presence detection to shorten boot time delay less than four seconds. Therefore, the fan error is generated based on previous boot to operating system that found system fan error.

Fan often is part of thermal solution, including heat sink, heat sink fin/muffler, and thermal grease. Fan replacement requires reboot and fan function verification using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool.

For more information, see the following links:

- HP Notebook PCs Fan is Noisy and Spins Constantly, PC is Warmer than Normal.
- <u>Reducing Heat Inside the PC to Prevent Overheating.</u>
- Improving System Performance.

Notes

## Thermal shutdown (hot)

#### Symptoms

## Similar to fan runs constantly issue (Fan runs constantly on page 139)

- System shutdown
- Abnormal heat
- Continually running fan
- Decreased computer performance





#### Possible causes

BIOS not up to date, thermal condition (fan, air flow)

#### Troubleshooting steps

- 1. Update BIOS and drivers (<u>4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 85</u>) and reset BIOS to default. BIOS may implement new fan characteristics and updates for other component.
- 2. Perform a hard reset (<u>8. Hard reset on page 94</u>). Performing a hard reset can reset recorded thermal values in memory.
- 3. Determine whether you are using a correct AC adapter.
- 4. Be sure to turn power off completely when putting a notebook in a travel bag.

#### **Thermal-related issue**

- 1. Verify thermal condition:
  - a. Check fan and connection. Reseat fan cable.
  - **b.** Be sure that no obstructions or dust are in heat sink fan, fin, or vent.
  - c. Be sure that the notebook is not sitting on a hot surface that blocks vent intakes.
  - **d.** Test fan using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool (<u>6. HP Hardware Diagnostics</u> <u>and Tools on page 86</u>). Be sure that the fan is not producing a loud noise and that fan blades spin correctly.
  - e. Test with a verified working fan.

See Reducing Heat Inside the PC to Prevent Overheating.

- f. Remove old thermal compound and pads, and replace properly with new pads.
- 2. Verify thermal solution:
  - Use Thermal Monitor tool (available only to authorized service providers/ technicians) to run stress test (processor and GPU) and verify that thermal sensors are within limits after thermal condition is serviced.

Note

#### Stuck power button

Symptoms		Possible causes		
Rear power indicator light is on		Sticky or defective power button. Troubleshooting steps		
• Will not turn on when power				
	button is pressed	General actions		
•	Automatically powers on	1. Perform a hard reset ( <u>8. Hard reset on page 94</u> ).		
		2. Perform a soft reset if system can turn on.		
The	sections below are intended for a	uthorized service providers/technicians.		
		1. Disassemble the unit.		
		<ol> <li>Inspect power button on the top cover and on the system board to make sure these buttons move freely.</li> </ol>		

## **Additional information**

The following sections provide additional information that can be used during the troubleshooting process.

## **Acronyms**

The following acronyms are used in this chapter.

**Blue screen (BSOD)**—A Windows error screen that can occur if a problem causes your computer to shut down or restart unexpectedly. When you experience this type of error, you will not be able to see items such as the Start menu or the taskbar when your computer is turned on. Instead you might see a blue screen with a message that your computer ran into a problem and needs to restart.

CPU—Central processing unit

**DIMM**—Dual in-line memory module

**Daughterboard**—Type of circuit board that plugs into or is attached to the system board or similar expansion card to extend its features and services.

- **GPU**–Graphics processor unit
- GTS-General Troubleshooting Step

HDD-Hard drive

KB-Keyboard

LVDS-Low-Voltage Differential Signaling

MSG-Maintenance and Service Guide

**mWS**–Mobile Workstations

**WS**–Workstations

**0S**–Operating system

PC-Personal computer

**POST**–Power-On Self-Test

SSD-Solid-state drive

**TSG**–Troubleshooting Guide

**UEFI**–Unified Extensible Firmware Interface

WLAN–Wireless local area network

**WWAN**–Wireless wide area network

## **Blinking lights and boot error codes**

The information below is from the white paper <u>HP Business Notebook and Desktop PC F10 Setup, 2014</u> <u>Business PC models</u>.

In some cases, when the host processor is not executing code or does not have the necessary code to drive the display, light blink codes inform you of a problem.

Blink codes	Error		
Amber battery light: blinks 1 Hz continuously	Embedded Controller unable to load firmware		
Caps/num lock lights = 1 blink	Processor not executing code		
Caps/num lock lights = 2 blinks	BIOS recovery code unable to find valid BIOS recovery image		
Caps/num lock lights = 3 blinks	Memory module error		
Caps/num lock lights = 4 blinks	Graphics controller error		
Caps/num lock lights = 5 blinks	System board error		
Caps/num lock lights = 6 blinks	Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) Error		
Caps/num lock lights = 7 blinks	Sure Start unable to find valid BIOS Boot Block image		
Caps/num lock lights = 8 blinks	Sure Start has identified a problem (Manual Recovery Policy Set)		

#### Table 7-6 Boot-error codes

#### Processor not executing code

This computer has experienced a problem due to the failure of certain code to execute, resulting in a failed startup of the processor. The issue could be related to the processor or the system board in the computer. If the processor is socketed, be sure that the processor is seated correctly in the socket. If this error reoccurs, refer to <u>General troubleshooting steps on page 81</u>.

NOTE: The computer will attempt to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an "Off" or "Hibernated" state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lock keys will both **blink once** followed by a pause, and then continue in a repeating pattern.

### BIOS recovery code unable to find valid BIOS recovery image

This computer has experienced a problem in locating a valid BIOS image, resulting in a failed startup. This problem may be resolved by placing a clean copy of the system BIOS on a USB key or in the appropriate storage device directory and performing a reboot. If this error reoccurs, refer to <u>General troubleshooting</u> steps on page 81.

NOTE: The computer will attempt to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an "Off" or "Hibernated" state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lock keys will both **blink twice** followed by a pause, and then continue in a repeating pattern.

#### **Memory module error**

This computer has experienced a memory initialization problem resulting in a failed startup. This issue may be related to the memory modules in the computer. This problem may be resolved by ensuring that memory modules are correctly inserted and seated. If this error reoccurs, a service event is required to determine the source of the error (memory modules or system board) and take the appropriate corrective action. **NOTE:** The computer will attempt to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an "Off" or "Hibernated" state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lock keys will both **blink three times** followed by a pause, then continue in a repeating pattern.

### **Graphics Controller Error (No Controller)**

This computer has experienced a graphics controller initialization problem resulting in a failed startup. This issue may be related to the graphics controller in your machine. This problem may be resolved by ensuring that the graphics controller module is seated correctly in machines with modular graphics. If this error reoccurs, a service event is required to identify the source of the error and take the appropriate corrective action.

**NOTE:** The computer will attempt to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an "Off" or "Hibernated" state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lock keys will both **blink four times** followed by a pause, then continue in a repeating pattern.

### Failure - System Board Error

This computer has experienced a system board initialization problem resulting in a failed startup. This issue may be related to the system board in the computer. A service event is required to identify the source of the error and take the appropriate corrective action.

**NOTE:** The computer will attempt to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an "Off" or "Hibernated" state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lock keys will both **blink five times** followed by a pause, then continue in a repeating pattern.

### Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) Error

This computer has experienced a problem related to the Intel Trusted Execution Technology resulting in a failed startup. The error occurs when all of the following are true:

- The Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) has been enabled on the computer.
- Policies have been set to prevent startup if the BIOS measurement has changed.
- The BIOS measurement has changed.

For more information about Intel TXT, go to <a href="http://www.intel.com/content/dam/www/public/us/en/documents/white-papers/trusted-execution-technology-security-paper.pdf">http://www.intel.com/content/dam/www/public/us/en/</a> documents/white-papers/trusted-execution-technology-security-paper.pdf.

A service event is required to resolve this issue.

NOTE: The computer will attempt to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an "Off" or "Hibernated" state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lock keys will both **blink six times** followed by a pause, then continue in a repeating pattern.

### Sure Start unable to find valid BIOS Boot Block image

This computer has experienced a problem in locating a valid BIOS image, resulting in a failed startup. A service event is required to identify the source of the error and take appropriate corrective action.

**NOTE:** The computer will attempt to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an "Off" or "Hibernated" state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lock keys will both **blink seven times** followed by a pause, then continue in a repeating pattern.

## Sure Start has identified a problem (Manual Recovery Policy Set)

This computer has experienced a problem in locating a valid BIOS image, resulting in a failed startup. HP Sure Start will normally repair this type of issue; however, on this computer HP Sure Start has been configured to operate in manual mode key sequence. To proceed with the repair, press and hold the following keys: <ESC> +<UP arrow>+<DOWN arrow>. To avoid the need for this manual recovery step, set the HP Sure Start recovery policy to automatic. If this error reoccurs, a service event is required to identify the source of the error and take appropriate corrective action.

NOTE: The computer will attempt to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an "Off" or "Hibernated" state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lock keys will both **blink eight times** followed by a pause, then continue in a repeating pattern.

Test description	Failure descriptions	Error code	Possible user actions
Product information	Invalid value	00A	Contact support for assistance.
Startup test	Memory module	200	Attempt to reseat the memory module and then repeat the test.
			See <u>Overview of How to Troubleshoot Problems When a Computer Does</u> <u>Not Start Up or Boot Properly</u> for details on troubleshooting issues related to the memory module.
			If the memory module still fails, contact support.
Startup test	Hard Disk 1 SMART	301	Attempt to reseat the storage device and repeat the test.
			The hard disk drive may have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Startup test	Hard Disk 2 SMART	302	The storage device may have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Startup test	Hard Disk 1 Quick	303	The storage device may have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Startup test	Hard Disk 2 Quick	304	The storage device may have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Run-in test	Memory module	200	Attempt to reseat the memory module and then repeat the test.
			See <u>Overview of How to Troubleshoot Problems When a Computer Does</u> <u>Not Start Up or Boot Properly</u> for details on troubleshooting issues related to the memory module.
			If the memory module still fails, contact support.
Run-in test	Hard Disk 1 SMART	301	Attempt to reseat the storage device and repeat the test.
			The storage device may have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Run-in test	Hard Disk 2 SMART	302	The storage device may have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Run-in test	Hard Disk 1 Quick	303	The storage device may have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Run-in test	Hard Disk 2 Quick	304	The storage device may have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Hard Disk Test	Hard Disk 1 SMART	301	Attempt to reseat the storage device and repeat the test.
			The storage device may have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Hard Disk Test	Hard Disk 2 SMART	302	The storage device may have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Hard Disk Test	Hard Disk 1 Quick	303	The storage device may have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Hard Disk Test	Hard Disk 2 Quick	304	The storage device may have failed. Contact support for assistance.

## **POST Error Messages and User Actions**

Hard Disk Test	Hard Disk 1 Full	305	The storage device may have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Hard Disk Test	Hard Disk 2 Full	306	The storage device may have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Boot Device Manager	Boot device not found	3F0	Indicates a potential problem with the storage device. Please run the hard drive test.
			See <u>Testing a Hard Disk using the Built in Self Test</u> for more information.
Boot Device Manager	Hard Disk 1 Error	3F1	Indicates a potential problem with the storage device. Run the hard drive test.
			See <u>Testing a Hard Disk using the Built in Self Test</u> for more information.
Boot Device Manager	Hard Disk 2 Error	3F2	Indicates a potential problem with the storage device. Run the hard drive test.
			See <u>Testing a Hard Disk using the Built in Self Test</u> for more information.
Boot Device Manager	Hard Disk 1 SMART	301	Indicates a potential problem with the storage device. Run the hard drive test.
			See <u>Testing a Hard Disk using the Built in Self Test</u> for more information.
Boot Device Manager	Hard Disk 2 SMART	302	Indicates a potential problem with the storage device. Run the hard drive test.
			See <u>Testing a Hard Disk using the Built in Self Test</u> for more information.
BIOS Recovery	BIOS Recovery Occurred	500	This message indicates that BIOS recovery was completed successfully. No further action is required.
BIOS Application	BIOS Application Error	501	The BIOS installation may have become corrupted. Download the latest version of the BIOS and install it. See <u>4. Update BIOS and drivers</u> on page 85 for more information.
			If reinstalling the BIOS fails, contact support for further assistance.
CMOS Recovery	CMOS Recovery Occurred	502	This message indicates that CMOS recovery was completed successfully. No further action is required.
Battery Check	Primary Battery Replace	601	This indicates that the primary battery has very low capacity. See <u>Checking the Status of the Battery</u> for details on using the HP Support Assistant to verify the battery capacity and, if necessary, order a replacement.
Battery Check	Secondary Battery Replace	602	This indicates that the secondary battery has very low capacity. See <u>Checking the Status of the Battery</u> for details on using the HP Support Assistant to verify the battery capacity and, if necessary, order a replacement.
Wireless Module	Not installed or	701	Reseat the wireless LAN adapter module, if your notebook supports it.
	responding		Because seating or reseating a wireless LAN adapter is unique to each computer model. For more information, see the chapter titled "Removal and replacement procedures for Customer Self-Repair parts."
Fan	Fan not operating	90B	The system fan may be malfunctioning.
	correctly		For information on troubleshooting heat-related issues, see <u>HP Notebook</u> <u>PCs - Fan is Noisy and Spins Constantly, PC is Warmer than Normal</u> .
			A hard reset can sometimes restore the system fan to working order. See <u>Use Hard Reset to Resolve Hardware and Software Issues</u> for details.
			If the system fan continues to malfunction, contact support.

## **Routine Maintenance for Performance Improvement**

See HP Notebook PCs - Improving the Performance of Your Computer.

The following table presents a summary of the suggested times for performing the routine maintenance tasks described in this document.

Tasks	Weekly	Monthly	Occasionally
Perform a system tune up.	Х		
Run Windows Update.	Х		
Scan for and remove viruses.	Х		
Scan for and remove spyware and adware.	Х		
Empty the Recycle Bin.	Х		
Delete temporary Internet files.	Х		
Back up user files.		х	
Create a restore point.		х	
Defragment the hard drive.		х	
Run Scan Disk.		х	
Clean the exterior of the computer.			х
Close programs that are not being used.			х
Prevent programs from loading at startup.			Х

## **Common Blue Screen Error Messages**

### **Error message list**

The following image shows an example of one possible "<u>Bug Check (Blue Screen) Code Reference</u>" from Microsoft:

STOP: 0x00000079 (0x00000002, 0x00000001, 0x00000002, 0x00000000)
Mismatched kernel and hal image.
Beginning dump of physical memory Physical memory dump complete. Contact your system administrator or technical support group.

The hexadecimal number following the word "STOP" is called the bug check code or Stop code. This is the most important item on the screen.

### **Bug check symbolic names**

Each bug check code also has an associated symbolic name. In the example, the screen shows <u>bug check 0x79</u> (MISMATCHED\_HAL).

## Microsoft general troubleshooting of Windows bug check codes

- If you recently added hardware to the system, try removing or replacing it. Or check with the manufacturer to see if any patches are available.
- Try running HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI).
- Check with the manufacturer to see if an updated system BIOS or firmware is available.
- Be sure that any expansion board is properly seated and all cables are completely connected.
- Confirm that any new hardware that is installed is compatible with the installed version of Windows.
- If new device drivers or system services have been added recently, try removing or updating them.
- NOTE: Use safe mode when removing or disabling components. Safe mode loads only the minimum required drivers and system services during the Windows startup. To enter safe mode, restart your computer and press F8 at the menu that displays the operating system choices. At the resulting **Windows Advanced Options** menu, choose **Safe Mode**.
- Run a virus detection program. Viruses can infect all types of storage devices formatted for Windows, and resulting drive corruption can generate system bug check codes. Be sure that the virus detection program checks the Master Boot Record for infections.
- Verify that the system has the latest service pack installed. To detect which service pack, if any, is installed on your system, click **Start**, click **Run**, type winver, and then press Enter. The **About Windows** dialog box displays the Windows version number and the version number of the service pack, if one has been installed.
- Disable BIOS memory options such as caching or shadowing.
- Check the System Log and Application Log in Event Viewer to see if any additional error messages have been logged recently. These might pinpoint the cause of the error.

## **Use Windows Debugging Tool**

The <u>Windows Debugger</u> is one of the primary tools used by Microsoft software developers to analyze and resolve errors that result in memory dumps. Use the tool to determine the cause of the error. Follow general steps for downloading, setting up, and using the Windows 10 debugging tool. A similar process is used for Windows 7 or Windows 8.

NOTE: The following screen shots provide only an example of the tool. Specifics shown are not representative of all applications of the debugging tool. This is a Microsoft tool supported by Microsoft.

## Windows Software Development Kit (SDK)

1. Download the SDK from the following link:

https://dev.windows.com/en-US/downloads/windows-10-sdk

2. Set up the SDK in the configuration window (Windows 10 shown).

		- 0	
Specify Location			
Install the Windows Software Development Kit - W	indows 10.0.26624 to this computer		
Install Path:			_
C:\Program Files (x86)\Windows Kits\10\		Bro <u>w</u> se	
<ul> <li>Download the Windows Software Development Kit computer</li> <li>Download Path:</li> </ul>	- Windows 10.0.26624 for installati	on on a separate	
computer		on on a separate Browse	
computer Download Path:			
computer Download Path:			
computer Download Path: C:\Users\admin\Downloads\Windows Kits\10\Stand	aloneSDK		
computer Download Path: C:\Users\admin\Downloads\Windows Kits\10\Stand Estimated disk space required:	aloneSDK 2.5 GB		
computer Download Path: C:\Users\admin\Downloads\Windows Kits\10\Stand Estimated disk space required:	aloneSDK 2.5 GB		

**3.** Select features to install.

Select the features you want to	Install	
Click a feature name for more information.		
Windows Performance Toolkit	Windows Software Developm	nent Kit
Debugging Tools for Windows	Size: 1.9 GB	
Application Verifier For Windows	The Microsoft® Windows® Software D	
.NET Framework 4.6 Software Development Kit	(SDK) for Windows 10 provides the tools, libraries needed to design, develop an	
Windows App Certification Kit	Windows 10 Windows Store apps and W	
MSI Tools	applications.	
Windows Software Development Kit	Includes: Tools Headers Libraries Links to Samples Links to Documentation	
	Estimated disk space required: Disk space available:	237.4 MB 843.7 GB

4. Run the SDK as an administrator.



- 5. Set the symbol path. Select File > Symbol File Path.
  - In the Symbol path box, type SRV\*C:\Windows\symbol\_cache\*http:// msdl.microsoft.com/download/symbols.
  - Save the workspace.

WinDbg:10.0.10240.9 AMD64

Eile	Edit	⊻iew	Debug	Window	Help
\$	2pen	Source	File		Ctrl+O
9	Close	Current	t Window	v	Ctrl+F4
(	Open	Executa	able		Ctrl+E
1	Agtaci	h to a P	rocess		F6
(	Open	Crash [	)ump		Ctrl+D
(	Conn	ect to B	emote Se	ssion	Ctrl+R
(	Conn	ect to R	emote St	ub	
2	Gerne	I Debug	ļ		Ctrl+K
5	ymb	ol File P	ath		Ctrl+S
\$	Sourc	e File <u>P</u> a	ath		Ctrl+P
1	mage	File Pa	th		Ctrl+I
(	Open	Worksp	oace		Ctrl+W
5	ia⊻e \	Norkspa	ace		
5	Save \	Norksp	ace As		
(	Clear	Worksp	ace		
(	Delete	Works	paces		
(	Open	Worksp	ace in Fi	le	
5	iave \	Norksp	ace to File	e	
1	Map	Vetwork	Drive		
(	Disco	nnect N	letwork D	rive	
1	Recen	t <u>F</u> iles			
	bit				Alt+F4

### 6. Open the crash dump file.

Alt+F4

Evit

WinDbg:10.0.10240.9 AMD64								
ile Edit View Debug Window Help	p							
Open Source File Cts	n+0							
Close Current Window Ctr	1+ F4							
Open Executable Cr	erl+E		Open Crash Dump					×
Attach to a Process	F6	This PC + Local Disk (C) + Windows +			¥ 6	Search Windows		P
Open Crash Dump Ct	tri+D Copanize - New 1	la littar					- 08	
Connect to Remote Stub	bf+R * Favorites Desitop bf+K & Desitop	A System32 SystemResources	Data modified 12/5/2013 206 PM 8/22/2013 10:06 PM 12/5/2013 2:04 PM	Type File folder File folder File folder	Ser			Î
Source File Path Ct	trl+S trl+P S StyDnive trl+I M This PC	TAPI	8/22/2013 10:36 AM 10/10/2013 12:30 PM 12/4/2013 12:54 PM 11/10/2013 10:50 8/22/2013 10:36 AM	File folder File folder File folder				
Save Workspace Save Workspace As Clear Workspace Delete Workspaces	H - W	banny     banny     banny     banny     vorgenging     Vos     Web     Windstre     Windstre     Winds     MEMORY.castPMP	6/22/2013 10:36 AM 6/22/2013 10:36 AM 6/22/2013 10:36 AM 6/22/2013 10:36 AM 11/16/2013 10:36	File folder File folder File folder File folder File folder File folder DAP File	2,141,047			
Open Workspace in File	Ge Maturali		10111200 2.1710	Car Log				_
Save Workspace to File		le parrier MEMORY.0MP			¥	Crash Dump Files		v
Map Network Drive Disconnect Network Drive						Spen 2	Cance	. ۲
Recent Files	>							

 Analyze the file. In the following memory dump sample, look for Bug Check 0x3B. The ATIKMAG driver needs to be investigated for further root cause.

Lookup for Bug Check 0xC2.

```
1: kd> !analyze -v
             ......
                       Bugcheck Analysis
 SYSTEM_SERVICE_EXCEPTION (3b)
 An exception happened while executing a system service routine.
 Arguments:
Arg1: 000000000000000005, Exception code that caused the bugcheck
Arg2: fffff8006d927acf, Address of the instruction which caused the bugcheck
Arg3: ffffd00020e4e500, Address of the context record for the exception that caused the bugcheck
 Arg4: 000000000000000, zero.
Debugging Details:
BUGCHECK_P1: c0000005
BUGCHECK_P2: fffff8006d927acf
BUGCHECK_P3: ffffd00020e4e500
 BUGCHECK P4: 0
 EXCEPTION_CODE: (NTSTATUS) 0xc00000005 - The instruction at 0xXp referenced memory at 0xXp. The memory
 FAULTING_IP:
atikmpag-2facf
fffff800~6d927acf 4539bc2434030000 cmp dword ptr [r12+334h],r15d
 ...
 SYMBOL_STACK_INDEX: 0
 SYMBOL_NAME: atikmpag+2facf
 FOLLOWUP NAME: MachineOwner
MODULE_NAME: atikmpag
IMAGE NAME: atikmpag.sys
DEBUG_FLR_IMAGE_TIMESTAMP: 55479b42
 STACK_COMMAND: .cxr 0xffffd000020e4e500 ; kb
 BUCKET_ID_FUNC_OFFSET: 2facf
 FAILURE_BUCKET_ID: 0x38_atikmpag!Unknown_Function
 BUCKET_ID: 0x38_atikmpag!Unknown_Function
 PRIMARY_PROBLEM_CLASS: 0x38_atikmpag!Unknown_Function
 ANALYSIS SOURCE: KM
 FAILURE_ID_HASH_STRING: km:0x3b_atikmpag!unknown_function
 FAILURE_ID_HASH: {adb80875-801c-005a-68e8-645bb2f2c848}
Command - Dump C:\Windows\MEMORY.DMP - WinDbg:6.3.9600.16384 AMD64
                                                                                • ×
    .....
Loading User Symbols
Loading unloaded module list
Bugcheck Analysis
Use lanalyze -y to get detailed debugging information.
BugCheck C2, {7, 1205, 1159400, ffffe00001137358}
*** ERROR: Module load coapleted but symbols could not be loaded for nidrv.sys
Probably caused by : NETIO.SYS ( NETIO! ?? ::FNODOBFM::'string'+797c )
Follovup: MachineOvner
<
                                                                                    >
```

0: kd>]

## **Display Issue: Pixel Anomalies**

All HP notebook displays adhere to strict quality and reliability specifications. A small percentage of display panels may have minor cosmetic manufacturing anomalies or irregularities such as bright or dark dots in the viewable area. These cosmetic imperfections are common to all display panel types and are not specific to any HP model or product line.

All display panel defects should be examined at the highest possible resolution using both the brightest and darkest possible backgrounds, because some sub-pixel failures may not be readily visible under certain conditions.

- Type 1: Bright dot on a dark background = Always On
- Type 2: Dark dot on a bright background = Always Off
- Combination = in any combination and any color that are always on or off

Use the HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool to determine numbers of pixels and their distance. HP uses the following set of criteria when damaged displays are submitted for warranty coverage.

#### Source: <u>HP Notebook PCs and Tablets - About LCD Panel Defects and Terminology for Notebook PCs and</u> <u>Tablets</u>

#### Table 7-7 Electrical defect allowances

Panel resolution	Accept	Reject
Sub-pixel faults		
VGA, SVGA, SD, WSVGA, XGA, 720p, SD+, WXGA, HD	N ≤ 2 Type 1	N ≥ 3 Type 1
	N ≤ 2 Type 2	
WXGA+, SXGA+, HD+, SXGA+	N ≤ 3 Type 1	N ≥ 4 Type 1
	N ≤ 3 Type 2	
WSXGA+, UXGA, FHD, WUXGA	N ≤ 4 Type 1	N ≥ 5 Type 1
	N ≤ 4 Type 2	
QHD, QHD+, WQXGA, UD	N ≤ 5 Type 1	N ≥ 6 Type 1
	N ≤ 5 Type 2	
Electrical defect clusters (defects within a 5x5 pixel block)		
Minimum distance between ANY allowable defects (unless otherwise specified)	S ≥ 25 mm	S < 25 mm
Cluster with 2 or more sub-pixels with sub-pixel faults		Not allowed
Dim lines		Not allowed
Cross line(s) on/off		Not allowed
Horizontal line(s) on/off		Not allowed
Vertical line(s) on/off		Not allowed

NOTE: All LCD panel defects should be examined at the highest possible resolution using both the brightest and darkest possible backgrounds, as some sub-pixel failures may not be readily visible under certain conditions.

**NOTE:** Contact support for assistance if issues are not listed.

## **Cable management**

Proper routing of the internal cables is critical to the operation of the computer. Follow good cable management practices when removing and installing components.

- Handle cables with care to avoid damage.
- Apply only the tension required to seat or unseat cables during insertion or removal from the connector.
- When possible, handle cables by the connector or pull-strap.
- Route cables in such a way that they cannot be caught or snagged by parts being removed or replaced.
- Keep cables away from direct contact with major heat sources, such as the heat sink. (Some air flow guides have a cable guide that lets you route cables safely around the heat sink.)
- Do not jam cables on top of daughterboards or memory modules (DIMMs). Circuit cards and DIMMs are
  not designed to take excessive pressure.
- Keep cables clear of any movable or rotating parts (such as a fan) to prevent them from being cut or crimped when the component is lowered into its normal position.
- In all cases, avoid bending or twisting the cables. Do not bend any cable sharply. A sharp bend can break the internal wires.
- Do not rely on components like the keyboard or service door to push cables down internally. Always position the cables to lay properly by themselves or in the cable guides and chassis areas designed for cable routing.

**CAUTION:** Always release connector latch before removing the cable. Otherwise, pulling the cable could damage the cable pins and result in a failed device.

## **Connector types**

#### **IMPORTANT:** Connector pins and connector gold fingers should not be touched directly with bare hands.

There are several different types of connectors on the system board with different requirements for cable removal or insertion.

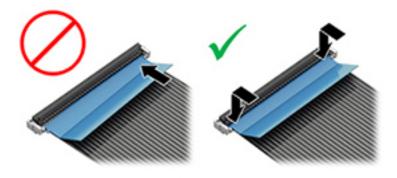
#### Flex cable

When connecting flex cables, push the cable completely, evenly into the connector.

When removing flex cables from a ZIF connector on the system board, always follow these steps:

- 1. Squeeze on the top of the retaining latch attached to the cable end of the connector.
- **2.** Grasp the cable end of the connector and pull it straight out.

**CAUTION:** Always release connector latch before removing the cable. Otherwise, pulling the cable could damage the cable pins and result in a failed device.



#### Horizontal installation cable

Use flat tool to pull connector evenly. Do not pull on cable to remove.

Slide connector into receptacle on same horizontal plane as board and use flat tool to push evenly into receptacle.



#### Multi-pin horizontal insert connector (LVDS cable to display panel)

Insert procedure:

- 1. Slide connector evenly into receptacle on same horizontal plane as PCB connector.
- 2. Pull lock bar to insert and push both side connector horizontally to firmly lock.
- **3.** Tape down lock bar over the panel to hold in position.

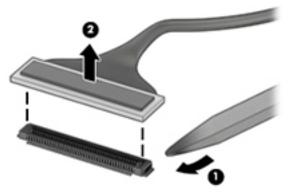
Reverse the procedure above to remove the connector:

- 1. Remove tape.
- 2. Pull up bar (pull tape) and release the lock with the PCB connector.
- 3. Pull to the direction in parallel with PCB to withdraw the connector.



#### Multi-pin vertical insert connector (LVDS cable to system board)

- Remove the connector gasket prior to removing the connector.
- Use flat tool under the connector to remove evenly. Do not pull on the cable to remove.
- Press evenly when reseating/reconnecting/installing the connector.



For more information about cable management, see <u>Cable management on page 153</u>.

# 8 Computer Setup (BIOS), TPM, and HP Sure Start in Windows 7

## **Using Computer Setup**

Computer Setup, or Basic Input/Output System (BIOS), controls communication between all the input and output devices on the system (such as disk drives, display, keyboard, mouse, and printer). Computer Setup includes settings for the types of devices installed, the startup sequence of the computer, and the amount of system and extended memory.

NOTE: Use extreme care when making changes in Computer Setup. Errors can prevent the computer from operating properly.

## **Starting Computer Setup**

NOTE: An external keyboard or mouse connected to a USB port can be used with Computer Setup only if USB legacy support is enabled.

To start Computer Setup, follow these steps:

- Start Computer Setup.
  - Computers or tablets with keyboards:
    - ▲ Turn on or restart the computer, and when the HP logo appears, press f10 to enter Computer Setup.
  - Tablets without keyboards:
    - ▲ Turn off the tablet. Press the power button in combination with the volume down button until the Startup menu is displayed, and then tap **F10** to enter Computer Setup.

## Navigating and selecting in Computer Setup

 To select a menu or a menu item, use the tab key and the keyboard arrow keys and then press enter, or use a pointing device to select the item.

**NOTE:** On tablets without keyboards, you can use your finger to make selections.

- To scroll up and down, select the up arrow or the down arrow in the upper-right corner of the screen, or use the up arrow key or the down arrow key on the keyboard.
- To close open dialog boxes and return to the main Computer Setup screen, press esc, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

To exit Computer Setup menus, choose one of the following methods:

• To exit Computer Setup menus without saving your changes:

Select the **Exit** icon in the lower-right corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

Select Main, select Ignore Changes and Exit, and then press enter.

To save your changes and exit Computer Setup menus:

Select the **Save** icon in the lower-right corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

Select Main, select Save Changes and Exit, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

## **Restoring factory settings in Computer Setup**

**NOTE:** Restoring defaults will not change the hard drive mode.

To return all settings in Computer Setup to the values that were set at the factory, follow these steps:

- 1. Start Computer Setup. See <u>Starting Computer Setup on page 156</u>.
- 2. Select Main, and then select Apply Factory Defaults and Exit.
- NOTE: On select products, the selections may display **Restore Defaults** instead of **Apply Factory Defaults and Exit**.
- **3.** Follow the on-screen instructions.
- 4. To save your changes and exit, select the **Save** icon in the lower-right corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Select Main, select Save Changes and Exit, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

**NOTE:** Your password settings and security settings are not changed when you restore the factory settings.

## **Updating the BIOS**

Updated versions of the BIOS may be available on the HP website.

Most BIOS updates on the HP website are packaged in compressed files called SoftPaqs.

Some download packages contain a file named Readme.txt, which contains information regarding installing and troubleshooting the file.

## **Determining the BIOS version**

To decide whether you need to update Computer Setup (BIOS), first determine the BIOS version on your computer.

BIOS version information (also known as *ROM date* and *System BIOS*) can be accessed by pressing fn+esc (if you are already in Windows) or by using Computer Setup.

- 1. Start Computer Setup. See <u>Starting Computer Setup on page 156</u>.
- 2. Select Main, and then select System Information.
- To exit Computer Setup without saving your changes, select the Exit icon in the lower-right corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Select Main, select Ignore Changes and Exit, and then press enter.

To check for later BIOS versions, see <u>Downloading a BIOS update on page 158</u>.

#### **Downloading a BIOS update**

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of damage to the computer or an unsuccessful installation, download and install a BIOS update only when the computer is connected to reliable external power using the AC adapter. Do not download or install a BIOS update while the computer is running on battery power, docked in an optional docking device, or connected to an optional power source. During the download and installation, follow these instructions:

Do not disconnect power on the computer by unplugging the power cord from the AC outlet.

Do not shut down the computer or initiate Sleep.

Do not insert, remove, connect, or disconnect any device, cable, or cord.

- Access Help and Support by selecting Start > All Programs > HP Help and Support > HP Support Assistant.
- 2. Make the selection for updates.
- **3.** Follow the on-screen instructions.
- 4. At the download area, follow these steps:
  - a. Identify the most recent BIOS update and compare it to the BIOS version currently installed on your computer. Make a note of the date, name, or other identifier. You may need this information to locate the update later, after it has been downloaded to your storage device.
  - **b.** Follow the on-screen instructions to download your selection to the storage device.

Make a note of the path to the location on your storage device where the BIOS update is downloaded. You will need to access this path when you are ready to install the update.

NOTE: If you connect your computer to a network, consult the network administrator before installing any software updates, especially system BIOS updates.

BIOS installation procedures vary. Follow any instructions that are revealed on the screen after the download is complete. If no instructions are revealed, follow these steps:

- 1. Select Start > Computer.
- 2. Select your storage device designation. The storage device designation is typically Local Disk (C:).
- Using the storage device path you recorded earlier, open the folder that contains the update.
- **4.** Double-click the file that has an .exe extension (for example, *filename*.exe).

The BIOS installation begins.

5. Complete the installation by following the on-screen instructions.

NOTE: After a message on the screen reports a successful installation, you can delete the downloaded file from your storage device.

## Changing the boot order using the f9 prompt

To dynamically choose a boot device for the current startup sequence, follow these steps:

- 1. Access the Boot Device Options menu:
  - Computers or tablets with keyboards:
    - ▲ Turn on or restart the computer, and when the HP logo appears, press f9 to enter the Boot Device Options menu.
  - Tablets without keyboards:
    - ▲ Turn off the tablet. Press the power button in combination with the volume down button until the Startup menu is displayed, and then tap **F9** to enter the Boot Device Options menu.
- 2. Select a boot device, then press enter.

## **TPM BIOS settings (select products only)**

IMPORTANT: Before enabling Trusted Platform Module (TPM) functionality on this system, you must ensure that your intended use of TPM complies with relevant local laws, regulations and policies, and approvals or licenses must be obtained if applicable. For any compliance issues arising from your operation/usage of TPM which violates the above mentioned requirement, you shall bear all the liabilities wholly and solely. HP will not be responsible for any related liabilities.

TPM provides additional security for your computer. You can modify the TPM settings in Computer Setup (BIOS).

**NOTE:** If you change the TPM setting to Hidden, TPM is not visible in the operating system.

To access TPM settings in Computer Setup:

- 1. Start Computer Setup. See <u>Starting Computer Setup on page 156</u>.
- 2. Select **Security**, select **TPM Embedded Security**, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

## Using HP Sure Start (select products only)

Select computer models are configured with HP Sure Start, a technology that continuously monitors the computer's BIOS for attacks or corruption. If the BIOS becomes corrupted or is attacked, HP Sure Start automatically restores the BIOS to its previously safe state, without user intervention.

HP Sure Start is configured and already enabled so that most users can use the HP Sure Start default configuration. The default configuration can be customized by advanced users.

To access the latest documentation on HP Sure Start, go to <u>http://www.hp.com/support</u>, and select your country. Select **Drivers & Downloads**, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

# 9 Computer Setup (BIOS), TPM, and HP Sure Start in Windows 10

## **Using Computer Setup**

Computer Setup, or Basic Input/Output System (BIOS), controls communication between all the input and output devices on the system (such as disk drives, display, keyboard, mouse, and printer). Computer Setup includes settings for the types of devices installed, the startup sequence of the computer, and the amount of system and extended memory.

NOTE: Use extreme care when making changes in Computer Setup. Errors can prevent the computer from operating properly.

## **Starting Computer Setup**

NOTE: An external keyboard or mouse connected to a USB port can be used with Computer Setup only if USB legacy support is enabled.

To start Computer Setup, follow these steps:

- Start Computer Setup.
  - Computers or tablets with keyboards:
    - ▲ Turn on or restart the computer, and when the HP logo appears, press f10 to enter Computer Setup.
  - Tablets without keyboards:
    - ▲ Turn off the tablet. Press the power button in combination with the volume down button until the Startup menu is displayed, and then tap **F10** to enter Computer Setup.

## Navigating and selecting in Computer Setup

 To select a menu or a menu item, use the tab key and the keyboard arrow keys and then press enter, or use a pointing device to select the item.

**NOTE:** On tablets without keyboards, you can use your finger to make selections.

- To scroll up and down, select the up arrow or the down arrow in the upper-right corner of the screen, or use the up arrow key or the down arrow key on the keyboard.
- To close open dialog boxes and return to the main Computer Setup screen, press esc, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

To exit Computer Setup menus, choose one of the following methods:

• To exit Computer Setup menus without saving your changes:

Select the **Exit** icon in the lower-right corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

Select Main, select Ignore Changes and Exit, and then press enter.

To save your changes and exit Computer Setup menus:

Select the **Save** icon in the lower-right corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

Select Main, select Save Changes and Exit, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

## **Restoring factory settings in Computer Setup**

**NOTE:** Restoring defaults will not change the storage device mode.

To return all settings in Computer Setup to the values that were set at the factory, follow these steps:

- 1. Start Computer Setup. See <u>Starting Computer Setup on page 156</u>.
- 2. Select Main, and then select Apply Factory Defaults and Exit.
- NOTE: On select products, the selections may display **Restore Defaults** instead of **Apply Factory Defaults and Exit**.
- **3.** Follow the on-screen instructions.
- 4. To save your changes and exit, select the **Save** icon in the lower-right corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Select Main, select Save Changes and Exit, and then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

**NOTE:** Your password settings and security settings are not changed when you restore the factory settings.

## **Updating the BIOS**

Updated versions of the BIOS may be available on the HP website.

Most BIOS updates on the HP website are packaged in compressed files called SoftPaqs.

Some download packages contain a file named Readme.txt, which contains information regarding installing and troubleshooting the file.

### **Determining the BIOS version**

To decide whether you need to update Computer Setup (BIOS), first determine the BIOS version on your computer.

BIOS version information (also known as *ROM date* and *System BIOS*) can be accessed by pressing fn+esc (if you are already in Windows) or by using Computer Setup.

- 1. Start Computer Setup. See <u>Starting Computer Setup on page 156</u>.
- 2. Select Main, and then select System Information.
- **3.** To exit Computer Setup without saving your changes, select the **Exit** icon in the lower-right corner of the screen, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Select Main, select Ignore Changes and Exit, and then press enter.

To check for later BIOS versions, see <u>Downloading a BIOS update on page 162</u>.

### **Downloading a BIOS update**

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of damage to the computer or an unsuccessful installation, download and install a BIOS update only when the computer is connected to reliable external power using the AC adapter. Do not download or install a BIOS update while the computer is running on battery power, docked in an optional docking device, or connected to an optional power source. During the download and installation, follow these instructions:

Do not disconnect power on the computer by unplugging the power cord from the AC outlet.

Do not shut down the computer or initiate Sleep.

Do not insert, remove, connect, or disconnect any device, cable, or cord.

**1.** Type support in the taskbar search box, and then select the HP Support Assistant app.

– or –

Select the question mark icon in the taskbar.

- 2. Select Updates, and then select Check for updates and messages.
- **3.** Follow the on-screen instructions.
- 4. At the download area, follow these steps:
  - a. Identify the most recent BIOS update and compare it to the BIOS version currently installed on your computer. Make a note of the date, name, or other identifier. You may need this information to locate the update later, after it has been downloaded to your storage device.
  - b. Follow the on-screen instructions to download your selection to the storage device.

Make a note of the path to the location on your storage device where the BIOS update is downloaded. You will need to access this path when you are ready to install the update.

NOTE: If you connect your computer to a network, consult the network administrator before installing any software updates, especially system BIOS updates.

BIOS installation procedures vary. Follow any instructions that are revealed on the screen after the download is complete. If no instructions are revealed, follow these steps:

- **1.** Type file in the taskbar search box, and then select **File Explorer**.
- 2. Select your storage device designation. The storage device designation is typically Local Disk (C:).
- **3.** Using the storage device path you recorded earlier, open the folder that contains the update.
- **4.** Double-click the file that has an .exe extension (for example, *filename*.exe).

The BIOS installation begins.

- 5. Complete the installation by following the on-screen instructions.
- NOTE: After a message on the screen reports a successful installation, you can delete the downloaded file from your storage device.

## Changing the boot order using the f9 prompt

To dynamically choose a boot device for the current startup sequence, follow these steps:

- 1. Access the Boot Device Options menu:
  - Computers or tablets with keyboards:
    - ▲ Turn on or restart the computer, and when the HP logo appears, press f9 to enter the Boot Device Options menu.
  - Tablets without keyboards:
    - ▲ Turn off the tablet. Press the power button in combination with the volume down button until the Startup menu is displayed, and then tap **F9** to enter the Boot Device Options menu.
- 2. Select a boot device, then press enter.

## TPM BIOS settings (select products only)

IMPORTANT: Before enabling Trusted Platform Module (TPM) functionality on this system, you must ensure that your intended use of TPM complies with relevant local laws, regulations and policies, and approvals or licenses must be obtained if applicable. For any compliance issues arising from your operation/usage of TPM which violates the above mentioned requirement, you shall bear all the liabilities wholly and solely. HP will not be responsible for any related liabilities.

TPM provides additional security for your computer. You can modify the TPM settings in Computer Setup (BIOS).

**NOTE:** If you change the TPM setting to Hidden, TPM is not visible in the operating system.

To access TPM settings in Computer Setup:

- 1. Start Computer Setup. See <u>Starting Computer Setup on page 156</u>.
- 2. Select **Security**, select **TPM Embedded Security**, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

## **Using HP Sure Start (select products only)**

Select computer models are configured with HP Sure Start, a technology that continuously monitors the computer's BIOS for attacks or corruption. If the BIOS becomes corrupted or is attacked, HP Sure Start automatically restores the BIOS to its previously safe state, without user intervention.

HP Sure Start is configured and already enabled so that most users can use the HP Sure Start default configuration. The default configuration can be customized by advanced users.

To access the latest documentation on HP Sure Start, go to <u>http://www.hp.com/support</u>, and select your country. Select **Drivers & Downloads**, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

# **10 Using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI)**

HP PC Hardware Diagnostics is a Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) that allows you to run diagnostic tests to determine whether the computer hardware is functioning properly. The tool runs outside the operating system so that it can isolate hardware failures from issues that are caused by the operating system or other software components.

When HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) detects a failure that requires hardware replacement, a 24-digit Failure ID code is generated. This ID code can then be provided to support to help determine how to correct the problem.

NOTE: To start diagnostics on a convertible computer, your computer must be in notebook mode and you must use the keyboard attached.

To start HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI), follow these steps:

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, and quickly press esc.
- 2. Press f2.

The BIOS searches three places for the diagnostic tools, in the following order:

- a. Connected USB drive
- NOTE: To download the HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool to a USB drive, see <u>Downloading</u> <u>HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) to a USB device on page 165</u>.
- **b.** Hard drive
- c. BIOS
- **3.** When the diagnostic tool opens, select the type of diagnostic test you want to run, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

**NOTE:** If you need to stop a diagnostic test, press esc.

## Downloading HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) to a USB device

**NOTE:** The HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) download instructions are provided in English only, and you must use a Windows computer to download and create the HP UEFI support environment because only .exe files are offered.

There are two options to download HP PC Hardware Diagnostics to a USB device.

#### **Download the latest UEFI version**

- 1. Go to <u>http://www.hp.com/go/techcenter/pcdiags</u>. The HP PC Diagnostics home page is displayed.
- 2. In the HP PC Hardware Diagnostics section, click the **Download** link, and then select **Run**.

#### Download any version of UEFI for a specific product

- 1. Go to <a href="http://www.hp.com/support">http://www.hp.com/support</a>, and then select your country. The HP Support page is displayed.
- 2. Click Drivers & Downloads.

**3.** Use the categories listed to find your product.

– or –

Click **Find Now** to let HP automatically detect your product.

- **4.** Select your computer, and then select your operating system.
- 5. In the **Diagnostic** section, follow the on-screen instructions to select and download the UEFI version you want.

# 11 Backup and recovery in Windows 7

Your computer includes HP and Windows tools to help you safeguard your information and retrieve it if you ever need to. These tools will help you return your computer to a proper working state, all with simple steps. This section provides information about the following processes:

- Creating recovery media and backups
- Restoring and recovering your system

## **Creating recovery media and backups**

Recovery after a system failure is only as good as your most recent backup.

- After you successfully set up the computer, create HP Recovery media. This step creates a Windows 7
  operating system DVD and a *Driver Recovery* DVD. The Windows DVD can be used to reinstall the original
  operating system in cases where the storage device is corrupted or has been replaced. The *Driver
  Recovery* DVD installs specific drivers and applications. See <u>Creating recovery media with HP Recovery
  Disc Creator on page 167.
  </u>
- 2. Use Windows Backup and Recovery tools to perform the following:
  - Back up individual files and folders
  - Back up your entire storage device (select products only)
  - Create system repair discs (select products only) with the installed optical drive (select products only) or an optional external optical drive
  - Create system restore points
- NOTE: This guide describes an overview of backing up, restoring, and recovering options. For more details about the tools provided, see Help and Support. To access Help and Support, select **Start > Help and Support**.
- NOTE: HP recommends that you print the recovery procedures and save them for later use, in case of system instability.

In case of system failure, you can use the backup files to restore the contents of your computer. See <u>Backing</u> <u>up your information on page 168</u>.

## Guidelines

- When creating recovery media or backing up to discs, use any of the following types of discs (purchased separately): DVD+R, DVD+R DL, DVD-R, DVD-R DL, or DVD±RW. The discs you use will depend on the type of optical drive you are using.
- Be sure that the computer is connected to AC power before you start the recovery media creation process or the backup process.

## **Creating recovery media with HP Recovery Disc Creator**

HP Recovery Disc Creator is a software program that offers an alternative way to create recovery media. After you successfully set up the computer, you can create recovery media using HP Recovery Disc Creator. This recovery media allows you to reinstall your original operating system as well as select drivers and

applications if the storage device becomes corrupted. HP Recovery Disc Creator can create two kinds of recovery DVDs:

- Windows 7 operating system DVD—Installs the operating system without additional drivers or applications.
- Driver Recovery DVD—Installs specific drivers and applications only, in the same way that the HP Software Setup utility installs drivers and applications.

### **Creating recovery media**

NOTE: The Windows 7 operating system DVD can be created only once. Thereafter, the option to create that media will not be available after you create a Windows DVD.

To create the Windows DVD:

- 1. Select Start > All Programs > Productivity and Tools > HP Recovery Disc Creator.
- 2. Select Windows disk.
- **3.** From the drop-down menu, select the drive for burning the recovery media.
- 4. Click the **Create** button to start the burning process.

After the Windows 7 operating system DVD has been created, create the *Driver Recovery* DVD:

- 1. Select Start > All Programs > Productivity and Tools > HP Recovery Disc Creator.
- 2. Select Driver disk.
- 3. From the drop-down menu, select the drive for burning the recovery media.
- 4. Click the **Create** button to start the burning process.

## Backing up your information

You should create system repair media and your initial backup immediately after initial system setup. As you add new software and data files, you should continue to back up your system on a regular basis to maintain a reasonably current backup. You should also create Windows system repair media (select products only) which can be used to start up (boot) the computer and repair the operating system in case of system instability or failure. Your initial and subsequent backups allow you to restore your data and settings if a failure occurs.

You can back up your information to an optional external storage device, a network drive, or discs.

Note the following when backing up:

- Store personal files in the Documents library, and back it up regularly.
- Back up templates that are stored in their associated directories.
- Save customized settings that appear in a window, toolbar, or menu bar by taking a screen shot of your settings. The screen shot can be a time-saver if you have to reset your preferences.
- When backing up to discs, number each disc after removing it from the drive.
- NOTE: For detailed instructions on various backup and restore options, perform a search for these topics in Help and Support. To access Help and Support, select **Start > Help and Support**.

NOTE: Windows includes the User Account Control feature to improve the security of your computer. You may be prompted for your permission or password for tasks such as installing software, running utilities, or changing Windows settings. Refer to Help and Support. To access Help and Support, select Start > Help and Support.

To create a backup using Windows Backup and Restore:

- **NOTE:** The backup process may take over an hour, depending on file size and the speed of the computer.
  - 1. Select Start > All Programs > Maintenance > Backup and Restore.
  - 2. Follow the on-screen instructions to set up your backup, create a system image (select products only), or create system repair media (select products only).

# Performing a system recovery

In case of system failure or instability, the computer provides the following tools to recover your files:

- Windows recovery tools: You can use Windows Backup and Restore to recover information you have previously backed up. You can also use Windows Startup Repair to fix problems that might prevent Windows from starting correctly.
- f11 recovery tools (select products only): You can use the f11 recovery tools to recover your original storage device image. The image includes the Windows operating system and software programs installed at the factory.

**NOTE:** If you are unable to boot (start up) your computer and you cannot use the system repair media you previously created (select products only), you must purchase Windows 7 operating system media to reboot the computer and repair the operating system. For additional information, see <u>Using Windows 7 operating</u> system media on page 170.

## **Using the Windows recovery tools**

Using the Windows recovery tools, you can:

- Recover individual files
- Restore the computer to a previous system restore point
- Recover information using recovery tools
- **NOTE:** For detailed instructions on various recovery and restore options, perform a search for these topics in Help and Support. To access Help and Support, select **Start > Help and Support**.
- NOTE: Windows includes the User Account Control feature to improve the security of your computer. You may be prompted for your permission or password for tasks such as installing software, running utilities, or changing Windows settings. Refer to Help and Support. To access Help and Support, select Start > Help and Support.

To recover information you previously backed up:

- 1. Select Start > All Programs > Maintenance > Backup and Restore.
- Follow the on-screen instructions to recover your system settings, your computer (select products only), or your files.

To recover your information using Startup Repair, follow these steps:

**CAUTION:** Some Startup Repair options will completely erase and reformat the storage device. All files you have created and any software installed on the computer are permanently removed. When reformatting is complete, the recovery process restores the operating system, as well as the drivers, software, and utilities from the backup used for recovery.

- 1. If possible, back up all personal files.
- 2. If possible, check for the presence of the Windows partition.

To check for the Windows partition, select **Start > Computer**.

- **NOTE:** If the Windows partition is not listed, you must recover your operating system and programs using the Windows 7 operating system DVD and the *Driver Recovery* media. For additional information, see <u>Using Windows 7 operating system media on page 170</u>.
- 3. If the Windows partition is listed, restart the computer, and then press f8 before the Windows operating system loads.
- 4. Select Startup Repair.
- 5. Follow the on-screen instructions.
- NOTE: For additional information on recovering information using the Windows tools, select **Start > Help** and **Support**.

# Using f11 recovery tools (select products only)

▲ CAUTION: Using f11 completely erases storage device contents and reformats the storage device. All files that you have created and any software that you have installed on the computer are permanently removed. The f11 recovery tool reinstalls the operating system and HP programs and drivers that were installed at the factory. Software not installed at the factory must be reinstalled.

To recover the original storage device image using f11:

- 1. If possible, back up all personal files.
- 2. If possible, check for the presence of the HP Recovery partition: click **Start**, right-click **Computer**, click **Manage**, and then click **Disk Management**.
- **NOTE:** If the HP Recovery partition is not listed, you must recover your operating system and programs using the Windows 7 operating system media and the *Driver Recovery* media. For additional information, see <u>Using Windows 7 operating system media on page 170</u>.
- 3. If the HP Recovery partition is listed, restart the computer, and then press f11 before the Windows operating system loads.
- **4.** Follow the on-screen instructions.

### **Using Windows 7 operating system media**

If you cannot use the recovery media you previously created using the HP Recovery Disc Creator (select products only), you must purchase a Windows 7 operating system DVD to reboot the computer and repair the operating system.

To order a Windows 7 operating system DVD, go to the HP website. For U.S. support, go to <a href="http://www.hp.com/support">http://www.hp.com/support</a>. For worldwide support, go to <a href="http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/www.ontact\_us.html">http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/www.hp.com/support</a>. For worldwide support, go to <a href="http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/www.ontact\_us.html">http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/www.hp.com/support</a>. For worldwide support, go to <a href="http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/www.ontact\_us.html">http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/www.hp.com/support</a>. For worldwide support, go to <a href="http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/www.ontact\_us.html">http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/www.ontact\_us.html</a>. You can also order the DVD by calling support. For contact information, see the Worldwide Telephone Numbers booklet included with the computer.

CAUTION: Using a Windows 7 operating system DVD completely erases storage device contents and reformats the storage device. All files that you have created and any software that you have installed on the computer are permanently removed. When reformatting is complete, the recovery process helps you restore the operating system, as well as drivers, software, and utilities.

To initiate recovery using a Windows 7 operating system DVD:

## **NOTE:** This process takes several minutes.

- **1.** If possible, back up all personal files.
- 2. Restart the computer, and then insert the Windows 7 operating system DVD into the optical drive before the Windows operating system loads.
- **3.** When prompted, press any keyboard key.
- 4. Follow the on-screen instructions.
- 5. Click Next.
- 6. Select **Repair your computer**.
- 7. Follow the on-screen instructions.

After the repair is completed:

- 1. Eject the Windows 7 operating system DVD and then insert the *Driver Recovery* DVD.
- 2. Install the Hardware Enabling Drivers first, and then install Recommended Applications.

# **12 Backup and recovery in Windows 10**

This chapter provides information about the following processes. The information in the chapter is standard procedure for most products.

- Creating recovery media and backups
- Restoring and recovering your system

For additional information, refer to the HP support assistant app.

Type support in the taskbar search box, and then select the HP Support Assistant app.

– or –

Click the question mark icon in the taskbar.

**IMPORTANT:** If you will be performing recovery procedures on a tablet, the tablet battery must be at least 70% charged before you start the recovery process.

**IMPORTANT:** For a tablet with a detachable keyboard, connect the keyboard to the keyboard dock before beginning any recovery process.

# **Creating recovery media and backups**

The following methods of creating recovery media and backups are available on select products only. Choose the available method according to your computer model.

- Use HP Recovery Manager to create HP Recovery media after you successfully set up the computer. This
  step creates a backup of the HP Recovery partition on the computer. The backup can be used to reinstall
  the original operating system in cases where the storage device is corrupted or has been replaced. For
  information on creating recovery media, see <u>Creating HP Recovery media</u> (select products only)
  on page 172. For information on the recovery options that are available using the recovery media, see
  Using Windows tools on page 173.
- Use Windows tools to create system restore points and create backups of personal information.

For more information, see <u>Recovering using HP Recovery Manager on page 174</u>.

**NOTE:** If storage is 32 GB or less, Microsoft System Restore is disabled by default.

## Creating HP Recovery media (select products only)

If your computer does not list the Windows partition and the Recovery partition, you can obtain recovery
media for your system from support. See the *Worldwide Telephone Numbers* booklet included with the
computer. You can also find contact information on the HP website. Go to <a href="http://www.hp.com/support">http://www.hp.com/support</a>,
select your country or region, and follow the on-screen instructions.

You can use Windows tools to create system restore points and create backups of personal information, see <u>Using Windows tools on page 173</u>.

• If your computer does list the Recovery partition and the Windows partition, you can use HP Recovery Manager to create recovery media after you successfully set up the computer. HP Recovery media can be used to perform system recovery if the storage device becomes corrupted. System recovery reinstalls the original operating system and software programs that were installed at the factory and then configures the settings for the programs. HP Recovery media can also be used to customize the system or restore the factory image if you replace the storage device.

- Only one set of recovery media can be created. Handle these recovery tools carefully, and keep them in a safe place.
- HP Recovery Manager examines the computer and determines the required storage capacity for the media that will be required.
- To create recovery discs, your computer must have an optical drive with DVD writer capability, and you must use only high-quality blank DVD-R, DVD+R, DVD-R DL, or DVD+R DL discs. Do not use rewritable discs such as CD±RW, DVD±RW, double-layer DVD±RW, or BD-RE (rewritable Blu-ray) discs; they are not compatible with HP Recovery Manager software. Or, instead, you can use a highquality blank USB flash drive.
- If your computer does not include an integrated optical drive with DVD writer capability, but you would like to create DVD recovery media, you can use an external optical drive (purchased separately) to create recovery discs. If you use an external optical drive, it must be connected directly to a USB port on the computer; the drive cannot be connected to a USB port on an external device, such as a USB hub. If you cannot create DVD media yourself, you can obtain recovery discs for your computer from HP. See the *Worldwide Telephone Numbers* booklet included with the computer. You can also find contact information on the HP website. Go to <a href="http://www.hp.com/support">http://www.hp.com/support</a>, select your country or region, and follow the on-screen instructions.
- Be sure that the computer is connected to AC power before you begin creating the recovery media.
- The creation process can take an hour or more. Do not interrupt the creation process.
- If necessary, you can exit the program before you have finished creating all of the recovery DVDs.
   HP Recovery Manager will finish burning the current DVD. The next time you start HP Recovery Manager, you will be prompted to continue.

To create HP Recovery media:

- IMPORTANT: For a tablet with a detachable keyboard, connect the keyboard to the keyboard dock before beginning these steps.
  - 1. Type recovery in the taskbar search box, and then select HP Recovery Manager.
  - 2. Select **Create recovery media**, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

If you ever need to recover the system, see <u>Recovering using HP Recovery Manager on page 174</u>.

# **Using Windows tools**

You can create recovery media, system restore points, and backups of personal information using Windows tools.

**NOTE:** If storage is 32 GB or less, Microsoft System Restore is disabled by default.

For more information and steps, see the Get started app.

Select the **Start** button, and then select the **Get started** app.

# **Restore and recovery**

There are several options for recovering your system. Choose the method that best matches your situation and level of expertise:

#### **IMPORTANT:** Not all methods are available on all products.

- Windows offers several options for restoring from backup, refreshing the computer, and resetting the computer to its original state. For more information see the Get started app.
  - Select the **Start** button, and then select the **Get started** app.
- If you need to correct a problem with a preinstalled application or driver, use the Reinstall drivers and/or applications option (select products only) of HP Recovery Manager to reinstall the individual application or driver.
  - ▲ Type recovery in the taskbar search box, select HP Recovery Manager, select Reinstall drivers and/or applications, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
- If you want to recover the Windows partition to original factory content, you can choose the System Recovery option from the HP Recovery partition (select products only) or use the HP Recovery media. For more information, see <u>Recovering using HP Recovery Manager on page 174</u>. If you have not already created recovery media, see <u>Creating HP Recovery media</u> (select products only) on page 172.
- On select products, if you want to recover the computer's original factory partition and content, or if you have replaced the storage device, you can use the Factory Reset option of HP Recovery media. For more information, see <u>Recovering using HP Recovery Manager on page 174</u>.
- On select products, if you want to remove the recovery partition to reclaim storage device space, HP Recovery Manager offers the Remove Recovery Partition option.

For more information, see <u>Removing the HP Recovery partition (select products only) on page 176</u>.

## **Recovering using HP Recovery Manager**

HP Recovery Manager software allows you to recover the computer to its original factory state by using the HP Recovery media that you either created or that you obtained from HP, or by using the HP Recovery partition (select products only). If you have not already created recovery media, see <u>Creating HP Recovery media</u> (select products only) on page 172.

#### What you need to know before you get started

- HP Recovery Manager recovers only software that was installed at the factory. For software not provided with this computer, you must either download the software from the manufacturer's website or reinstall the software from the media provided by the manufacturer.
  - **IMPORTANT:** Recovery through HP Recovery Manager should be used as a final attempt to correct computer issues.
- HP Recovery media must be used if the computer storage device fails. If you have not already created recovery media, see <u>Creating HP Recovery media</u> (select products only) on page 172.
- To use the Factory Reset option (select products only), you must use HP Recovery media. If you have not already created recovery media, see <u>Creating HP Recovery media</u> (select products only) on page 172.
- If your computer does not allow the creation of HP Recovery media or if the HP Recovery media does not work, you can obtain recovery media for your system from support. See the *Worldwide Telephone Numbers* booklet included with the computer. You can also find contact information from the HP website. Go to <u>http://www.hp.com/support</u>, select your country or region, and follow the on-screen instructions.
- **IMPORTANT:** HP Recovery Manager does not automatically provide backups of your personal data. Before beginning recovery, back up any personal data you want to retain.

Using HP Recovery media, you can choose from one of the following recovery options:

### **NOTE:** Only the options available for your computer display when you start the recovery process.

- System Recovery—Reinstalls the original operating system, and then configures the settings for the
  programs that were installed at the factory.
- Factory Reset—Restores the computer to its original factory state by deleting all information from the storage device and re-creating the partitions. Then it reinstalls the operating system and the software that was installed at the factory.

The HP Recovery partition (select products only) allows System Recovery only.

#### Using the HP Recovery partition (select products only)

The HP Recovery partition allows you to perform a system recovery without the need for recovery discs or a recovery USB flash drive. This type of recovery can be used only if the storage device is still working.

To start HP Recovery Manager from the HP Recovery partition:

- IMPORTANT: For a tablet with a detachable keyboard, connect the keyboard to the keyboard dock before beginning these steps (select products only).
  - 1. Type recovery in the taskbar search box, select **Recovery Manager**, and then select **HP Recovery Environment**.

- or-

For computers or tablets with keyboards attached, press f11 while the computer boots, or press and hold f11 as you press the power button.

For tablets without keyboards:

Turn on or restart the tablet, and then quickly hold down the volume down button; then select f11.

- or -

Turn on or restart the tablet, and then quickly hold down the Windows button; then select f11.

- 2. Select **Troubleshoot** from the boot options menu.
- 3. Select **Recovery Manager**, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

#### Using HP Recovery media to recover

You can use HP Recovery media to recover the original system. This method can be used if your system does not have an HP Recovery partition or if the storage device is not working properly.

- 1. If possible, back up all personal files.
- 2. Insert the HP Recovery media, and then restart the computer.
- **NOTE:** If the computer does not automatically restart in HP Recovery Manager, change the computer boot order. See Changing the computer boot order on page 175.
- **3.** Follow the on-screen instructions.

#### Changing the computer boot order

If your computer does not restart in HP Recovery Manager, you can change the computer boot order, which is the order of devices listed in BIOS where the computer looks for startup information. You can change the selection to an optical drive or a USB flash drive.

To change the boot order:

- **IMPORTANT:** For a tablet with a detachable keyboard, connect the keyboard to the keyboard dock before beginning these steps.
  - 1. Insert the HP Recovery media.
  - 2. Access BIOS:

For computers or tablets with keyboards attached:

▲ Turn on or restart the computer or tablet, quickly press esc, and then press f9 for boot options.

For tablets without keyboards:

Turn on or restart the tablet, and then quickly hold down the volume down button; then select **f9**.
 - or -

Turn on or restart the tablet, and then quickly hold down the Windows button; then select **f9**.

- 3. Select the optical drive or USB flash drive from which you want to boot.
- **4.** Follow the on-screen instructions.

### Removing the HP Recovery partition (select products only)

HP Recovery Manager software allows you to remove the HP Recovery partition to free up storage device space.

- IMPORTANT: After you remove the HP Recovery partition, you will not be able to perform System Recovery or create HP recovery media from the HP Recovery partition. So before you remove the Recovery partition, create HP Recovery media; see <u>Creating HP Recovery media</u> (select products only) on page 172.
- **NOTE:** The Remove Recovery Partition option is only available on products that support this function.

Follow these steps to remove the HP Recovery partition:

- 1. Type recovery in the taskbar search box, and then select HP Recovery Manager.
- 2. Select **Remove Recovery Partition**, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

# **13 Specifications**

# **Computer specifications**

	Metric	U.S.
Dimensions		
Width	38.6 cm	15.2 in
Depth	26.4 cm	10.4 in
Height (front)	2.6 cm	1.0
Weight (computer equipped with the lightest panel, Core i5 processor, discrete graphics, (1) 8-GB SODIMM, SATA SSD, WLAN module, WWAN module, no fingerprint reader, 9-cell battery, backlit keyboard, touchpad)	2.7 kg	5.95 lb
Input power		
Operating voltage and current	19.5 V dc @ 7.69 A - 150 W, Slim Smart AC Adapter	
Temperature		
Operating	5°C to 35°C	41°F to 95°F
Nonoperating	-20°C to 60°C	-4°F to 140°F
Relative humidity (non-condensing)		
Operating	10% to 90%	
Nonoperating	5% to 95%	
Maximum altitude (unpressurized)		
Operating	-15 m to 3,048 m	-50 ft to 10,000 ft
Nonoperating	-15 m to 12,192 m	-50 ft to 40,000 ft

temperatures.

# Hard drive specifications

	1-TB*	500-GB**		
Dimensions				
Height	9.5 mm	9.5 mm		
Length	100.4 mm	100.4 mm		
Width	69.9 mm	69.9 mm		
Weight	110 g	110 g		
Interface type	SATA	SATA		
Transfer rate				
Synchronous (maximum)	1.1 GB/sec	1.1 GB/sec		
Security	ATA security	ATA security		
Seek times (typical read, including setting)				
Single track	1.5 ms	1.5 ms		
Average (read/write)	11/13 ms	11/13 ms		
Maximum	22 ms	22 ms		
Logical blocks	1,953,525,168	976,773,168		
Disk rotational speed	5400 rpm or 7200 rpm	5400 rpm or 7200 rpm		
Operating temperature	0°C to 60	0°C to 60°C (32°F to 140°F)		

\*1 TB = 1 trillion bytes when referring to hard drive storage capacity. Actual accessible capacity is less.

\*\*1 GB = 1 billion bytes when referring to hard drive storage capacity. Actual accessible capacity is less.

**NOTE:** Certain restrictions and exclusions apply. Contact technical support for details.

# M.2 solid-state drive specifications

	256-GB*	512-GB*
Dimensions		
Height	1 mm	1 mm
Length	50.8 mm	50.8 mm
Width	28.9 mm	28.9 mm
Weight	< 10 g	< 10 g
Interface type	ATA-7	ATA-7
Transfer rate		
Sequential Read	Up to 540 MB/s	Up to 500 MB/s
Random Read	Up to 85K IOPs	Up to 84K IOPs
Sequential Write	Up to 280 MB/s	Up to 455 MB/s
Random Write	Up to 67K IOPs	Up to 59K IOPs
Ready time, Maximum (to not busy)	1.0 s	3.0 s
Access times		
Logical	0.1	0.1
Total logical sectors	500,118,192	1.000.215.216
Operating temperature		
Operating	0° to 70°C (32°F to 158°F)	0° to 70°C (32°F to 158°F)
		-40° to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F)

**NOTE:** Certain restrictions and exclusions apply. Contact technical support for details.

# M.2 PCIe solid-state drive specifications

	256-GB*	512-GB*
Dimensions		
Height	1 mm	1 mm
Length	50.8 mm	50.8 mm
Width	28.9 mm	28.9 mm
Weight	< 10 g	< 10 g
Interface type	ATA-7	ATA-7
Transfer rate		
Sequential Read	Up to 2150 MB/s	Up to 2150 MB/s
Random Read	Up to 300,000 IOPs	Up to 300,000 IOPs
Sequential Write	Up to 1260 MB/s	Up to 1550 MB/s
Random Write	Up to 100,000 IOPs	Up to 100,000 IOPs
Ready time, Maximum (to not busy)	1.0 s	1.0 s
Access times		
Logical	0.1	0.1
Total logical sectors	500,118,192	1,000,215,216
Operating temperature		
Operating	0° to 70°C (32°F to 158°F)	0° to 70°C (32°F to 158°F
Non-operating	-40° to 80°C (-40°F to 176°F)	-40° to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F)

NOTE: Certain restrictions and exclusions apply. Contact technical support for details.

# 14 Statement of memory volatility

The purpose of this chapter is to provide general information regarding nonvolatile memory in HP Business PCs. This chapter also provides general instructions for restoring nonvolatile memory that can contain personal data after the system has been powered off and the storage device has been removed.

HP Business PC products that use Intel<sup>®</sup>-based or AMD<sup>®</sup>-based system boards contain volatile DDR memory. The amount of nonvolatile memory present in the system depends upon the system configuration. Intelbased and AMD-based system boards contain nonvolatile memory subcomponents as originally shipped from HP, assuming that no subsequent modifications have been made to the system and assuming that no applications, features, or functionality have been added to or installed on the system.

Following system shutdown and removal of all power sources from an HP Business PC system, personal data can remain on volatile system memory (DIMMs) for a finite period of time and will also remain in nonvolatile memory. Use the steps below to remove personal data from the PC, including the nonvolatile memory found in Intel-based and AMD-based system boards.

NOTE: If your tablet has a keyboard base, connect to the keyboard base before beginning steps in this chapter.

#### **Current BIOS steps**

- Follow steps (a) through (l) below to restore the nonvolatile memory that can contain personal data. Restoring or reprogramming nonvolatile memory that does not store personal data is neither necessary nor recommended.
  - a. Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
    - **IMPORTANT:** If the **Main** menu displays **Restore Defaults** instead of **Apply Factory Defaults and Exit**, go to Legacy BIOS Steps on page 182.
  - **NOTE:** If the system has a BIOS administrator password, enter the password at the prompt.
  - b. Select Main, select Apply Factory Defaults and Exit, and then select Yes to load defaults.

The computer will reboot.

- **c.** During the reboot, press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
  - **NOTE:** If the system has a BIOS administrator password, enter the password at the prompt.
- d. Select the Security menu, select Restore Security Settings to Factory Defaults, and then select Yes to restore security level defaults.

The computer will reboot.

- **e.** During the reboot, press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
  - **NOTE:** If the system has a BIOS administrator password, enter the password at the prompt.
- f. If an asset or ownership tag is set, select the Security menu and scroll down to the Utilities menu. Select System IDs, and then select Asset Tracking Number. Clear the tag, and then make the selection to return to the prior menu.

- g. If a DriveLock password is set, select the Security menu, and scroll down to Hard Drive Utilities under the Utilities menu. Select Hard Drive Utilities, select DriveLock, then uncheck the checkbox for DriveLock password on restart. Select OK to proceed.
- h. Select the Main menu, and then select **Reset BIOS Security to factory default**. Click **Yes** at the warning message.

The computer will reboot.

- **i.** During the reboot, press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
  - **NOTE:** If the system has a BIOS administrator password, enter the password at the prompt.
- j. Select the Main menu, select Apply Factory Defaults and Exit, select Yes to save changes and exit, and then select Shutdown.
- k. Reboot the system. If the system has a Trusted Platform Module (TPM) and/or fingerprint reader, one or two prompts will appear—one to clear the TPM and the other to Reset Fingerprint Sensor; press or tap F1 to accept or F2 to reject.
- I. Remove all power and system batteries for at least 24 hours.
- 2. Complete one of the following:
  - Remove and retain the storage drive.

– or –

• Clear the drive contents by using a third party utility designed to erase data from an SSD.

– or –

• Clear the contents of the drive by using the following BIOS Setup Secure Erase command option steps:

**IMPORTANT:** If you clear data using Secure Erase, it cannot be recovered.

- **a.** Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- b. Select the Security menu and scroll down to the Utilities menu.
- c. Select Hard Drive Tools.
- **d.** Under **Utilities**, select **Secure Erase**, select the storage device storing the data you want to clear, and then follow the on-screen instructions to continue.

#### Legacy BIOS Steps

Use the steps for older versions of BIOS.

**NOTE:** If you already completed the steps in <u>Current BIOS steps on page 181</u>, skip this section.

 Follow steps (a) through (i) below to restore the nonvolatile memory that can contain personal data. Restoring or reprogramming nonvolatile memory that does not store personal data is neither necessary nor recommended.

**NOTE:** If you have not already done so, access the BIOS menu.

• Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

#### **NOTE:** If the system has a BIOS administrator password, enter the password at the prompt.

- a. Select Main, select Restore Defaults, and then select Yes to load defaults.
- **b.** Select the **Security** menu, select **Restore Security Level Defaults**, and then select **Yes** to restore security level defaults.
- c. If an asset or ownership tag is set, select the **Security** menu and scroll down to the **Utilities** menu. Select **System IDs**, and then select **Asset Tracking Number**. Clear the tag, and then make the selection to return to the prior menu.
- d. If a DriveLock password is set, select the **Security** menu, and scroll down to **Hard Drive Tools** under the **Utilities** menu. Select **Hard Drive Tools**, select **DriveLock**, then uncheck the checkbox for **DriveLock password on restart**. Select **OK** to proceed.
- e. If an Automatic DriveLock password is set, select the **Security** menu, scroll down to **Hard Drive Tools** under the **Utilities** menu. Select **Hard Drive Tools**, scroll down to **Automatic DriveLock**, then select the desired storage device and disable protection. At the automatic drive lock warning screen, select **Yes** to continue. Repeat this procedure if more than one storage device has an Automatic DriveLock password.
- f. Select the Main menu, and then select **Reset BIOS Security to factory default**. Click **Yes** at the warning message.
- g. Select the Main menu, select Save Changes and Exit, select Yes to save changes and exit, and then select Shutdown.
- h. Reboot the system. If the system has a Trusted Platform Module (TPM) and/or fingerprint reader, one or two prompts will appear—one to clear the TPM and the other to Reset Fingerprint Sensor; press or tap F1 to accept or F2 to reject.
- i. Remove all power and system batteries for at least 24 hours.
- 2. Complete one of the following:
  - Remove and retain the storage drive.

– or –

• Clear the drive contents by using a third party utility designed to erase data from an SSD.

– or –

- Clear the contents of the drive by using the following BIOS Setup Secure Erase command option steps:
- **IMPORTANT:** If you clear data using Secure Erase, it cannot be recovered.
  - a. Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
  - **b.** Select the **Security** menu and scroll down to the **Utilities** menu.
  - c. Select Hard Drive Tools.
  - **d.** Under **Utilities**, select **Secure Erase**, select the storage device storing the data you want to clear, and then follow the on-screen instructions to continue.

– or –

• Clear the contents of the drive by using the following Disk Sanitizer command steps:

**IMPORTANT:** If you clear data using Disk Sanitizer, it cannot be recovered.

**NOTE:** The amount of time it takes for Disk Sanitizer to run can take several hours. Plug the computer into an AC outlet before starting.

- **a.** Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- **b.** Select the **Security** menu and scroll down to the **Utilities** menu.
- c. Select Hard Drive Tools.
- **d.** Under **Utilities**, select **Disk Sanitizer**, select the storage device storing the data you want to clear, and then follow the on-screen instructions to continue.

# Nonvolatile memory usage

Nonvolatile Memory Type	Amount (Size)	Does this memory store customer data?	Does this memory retain data when power is removed?	What is the purpose of this memory?	How is data input into this memory?	How is this memory write-protected?
HP Sure Start flash (select models only)	2 MBytes	No	Yes	Provides protected backup of critical System BIOS code, EC firmware, and critical PC configuration data for select platforms that support HP Sure Start.	Data cannot be written to this device via the host processor. The content is managed solely by the HP Sure Start Embedded Controller.	This memory is protected by the HP Sure Start Embedded Controller.
				For more information, see <u>Using HP</u> <u>Sure Start</u> (select models only) on page 188.		
Real Time Clock (RTC) battery backed-up CMOS configuration memory	256 Bytes	No	Yes	Stores system date and time and noncritical data.	RTC battery backed-up CMOS is programmed using the Computer Setup (BIOS), or changing the Microsoft Windows date & time.	This memory is not write- protected.
Controller (NIC) EEPROM	64 KBytes (not customer accessible)	No	Yes	Stores NIC configuration and NIC firmware.	NIC EEPROM is programmed using a utility from the NIC vendor that can be run from DOS.	A utility is required to write data to this memory and is available from the NIC vendor. Writing data to this ROM in an inappropriate manner will render the NIC non- functional.
DIMM Serial Presence Detect (SPD) configuration data	256 Bytes per memory module, 128 Bytes programmable (not customer accessible)	No	Yes	Stores memory module information.	DIMM SPD is programmed by the memory vendor.	Data cannot be written to this memory when the module is installed in a PC. The specific write- protection method varies by memory vendor.
System BIOS	4 MBytes to 5 MBytes	Yes	Yes	Stores system BIOS code and PC configuration data.	System BIOS code is programmed at the factory. Code is updated when the system BIOS is updated. Configuration data and settings are input using the Computer Setup (BIOS) or a custom utility.	NOTE: Writing data to this ROM in an inappropriate manner can render the PC non- functional. A utility is required for writing data to this memory and is available on the HP website; go to http://www.hp.com/ support, and select your country. Select <b>Drivers &amp;</b>

Nonvolatile Memory Type	Amount (Size)	Does this memory store customer data?	Does this memory retain data when power is removed?	What is the purpose of this memory?	How is data input into this memory?	How is this memory write-protected?
						<b>Downloads</b> , and then follow the on-screen instructions.
Intel Management Engine Firmware (present in only specific ZBook and EliteBook models. For more information, go to <u>http://www.hp.com/</u> <u>support</u> , and select your country. Select <b>Drivers &amp;</b> <b>Downloads</b> , and then follow the on-screen instructions.)	1.5 MBytes or 5 MBytes	Yes	Yes	Stores Management Engine Code, Settings, Provisioning Data and iAMT third-party data store.	Management Engine Code is programmed at the factory. Code is updated via Intel secure firmware update utility. Unique Provisioning Data can be entered at the factory or by an administrator using the Management Engine (MEBx) setup utility. The third party data store contents can be populated by a remote management console or local applications that have been registered by an administrator to have access to the space.	The Intel chipset is configured to enforce hardware protection to block all direct read/write access to this area. An Intel utility is required for updating the firmware. Only firmware updates digitally signed by Intel can be applied using this utility.
Bluetooth flash	2 Mbit	No	Yes	Stores Bluetooth configuration and firmware.	Bluetooth flash is programmed at the factory. Tools for writing data to this memory are not publicly available but can be obtained from the silicon vendor.	A utility is required for writing data to this memory and is made available through newer versions of the driver whenever the flash requires an upgrade.
802.11 WLAN EEPROM	4 Kbit to 8 Kbit	No	Yes	Stores configuration and calibration data.	802.11 WLAN EEPROM is programmed at the factory. Tools for writing data to this memory are not made public.	A utility is required for writing data to this memory and is typically not made available to the public unless a firmware upgrade is necessary to address a unique issue.
Web camera	64 Kbit	No	Yes	Stores webcam configuration and firmware.	Webcam memory is programmed using a utility from the device manufacturer that can be run from Windows.	A utility is required for writing data to this memory and is typically not made available to the public unless a firmware upgrade is necessary to address a unique issue.
Fingerprint reader	512 KByte flash	Yes	Yes	Stores fingerprint templates.	Fingerprint reader memory is programmed by user enrollment in HP ProtectTools Security Manager.	Only a digitally signed application can make the call to write to the flash.

# **Questions and answers**

#### 1. How can the BIOS settings be restored (returned to factory settings)?

**IMPORTANT:** Restore defaults does not securely erase any data on your storage device. See question and answer 6 for steps to securely erase data.

Restore defaults does not reset the Custom Secure Boot keys. See question and answer 7 for information about resetting the keys.

- **a.** Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- b. Select Main, and then select Restore defaults.
- c. Follow the on-screen instructions.
- d. Select Main, select Save Changes and Exit, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

#### 2. What is a UEFI BIOS, and how is it different from a legacy BIOS?

The Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) BIOS is an industry-standard software interface between the platform firmware and an operating system (OS). It is a replacement for the older BIOS architecture, but supports much of the legacy BIOS functionality.

Like the legacy BIOS, the UEFI BIOS provides an interface to display the system information and configuration settings and to change the configuration of your computer before an OS is loaded. BIOS provides a secure run-time environment that supports a Graphic User Interface (GUI). In this environment, you can use either a pointing device (Touchscreen, TouchPad, pointing stick, or USB mouse) or the keyboard to navigate and make menu and configuration selections. The UEFI BIOS also contains basic system diagnostics.

The UEFI BIOS provides functionality beyond that of the legacy BIOS. In addition, the UEFI BIOS works to initialize the computer's hardware before loading and executing the OS; the run-time environment allows the loading and execution of software programs from storage devices to provide more functionality, such as advanced hardware diagnostics (with the ability to display more detailed system information) and advanced firmware management and recovery software.

HP has provided options in Computer Setup (BIOS) to allow you to run in legacy BIOS, if required by the operating system. Examples of this requirement would be if you upgrade or downgrade the OS.

#### 3. Where does the UEFI BIOS reside?

The UEFI BIOS resides on a flash memory chip. A utility is required to write to the chip.

# 4. What kind of configuration data is stored on the DIMM Serial Presence Detect (SPD) memory module? How would this data be written?

The DIMM SPD memory contains information about the memory module, such as size, serial number, data width, speed/timing, voltage, and thermal information. This information is written by the module manufacturer and stored on an EEPROM. This EEPROM cannot be written to when the memory module is installed in a PC. Third-party tools do exist that can write to the EEPROM when the memory module is not installed in a PC. Various third-party tools are available to read SPD memory.

#### 5. What is meant by "Restore the nonvolatile memory found in Intel-based system boards"?

This message relates to clearing the Real Time Clock (RTC) CMOS memory that contains PC configuration data.

#### 6. How can the BIOS security be reset to factory defaults and data erased?

**IMPORTANT:** Resetting will result in the loss of information.

These steps will not reset Custom Secure Boot Keys. See question and answer 7 for information about resetting the keys.

- **a.** Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- b. Select Main, and then select Reset BIOS Security to Factory Default.
- c. Follow the on-screen instructions.
- d. Select Main, select Save Changes and Exit, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

#### 7. How can the Custom Secure Boot Keys be reset?

Secure Boot is a feature to ensure that only authenticated code can start on a platform. If you enabled Secure Boot and created Custom Secure Boot Keys, simply disabling Secure Boot will not clear the keys. You must also select to clear the Custom Secure Boot Keys. Use the same Secure Boot access procedure you used to create the Custom Secure Boot Keys, but make the selection to clear or delete all Secure Boot Keys.

- **a.** Turn on or restart the computer, and then press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- **b.** Select the **Security** menu, select **Secure Boot Configuration**, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
- c. At the Secure Boot Configuration window, select Secure Boot, select Clear Secure Boot Keys, and then follow the on-screen instructions to continue.

# Using HP Sure Start (select models only)

Select computer models are configured with HP Sure Start, a technology that continuously monitors your computer's BIOS for attacks or corruption. If the BIOS becomes corrupted or is attacked, HP Sure Start restores the BIOS to its previously safe state, without user intervention. Those select computer models ship with HP Sure Start configured and enabled. HP Sure Start is configured and already enabled so that most users can use the HP Sure Start default configuration. The default configuration can be customized by advanced users.

To access the latest documentation on HP Sure Start, go to <u>http://www.hp.com/support</u>, and select your country. Select **Drivers & Downloads**, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

# **15 Power cord set requirements**

The wide-range input feature of the computer permits it to operate from any line voltage from 100 to 120 volts AC, or from 220 to 240 volts AC.

The 3-conductor power cord set included with the computer meets the requirements for use in the country or region where the equipment is purchased.

Power cord sets for use in other countries and regions must meet the requirements of the country or region where the computer is used.

# **Requirements for all countries**

The following requirements are applicable to all countries and regions:

- The length of the power cord set must be at least 1.0 m (3.3 ft) and no more than 2.0 m (6.5 ft).
- All power cord sets must be approved by an acceptable accredited agency responsible for evaluation in the country or region where the power cord set will be used.
- The power cord sets must have a minimum current capacity of 10 amps and a nominal voltage rating of 125 or 250 V AC, as required by the power system of each country or region.
- The appliance coupler must meet the mechanical configuration of an EN 60 320/IEC 320 Standard Sheet C13 connector for mating with the appliance inlet on the back of the computer. Requirements for all countries 113

# **Requirements for specific countries and regions**

Country/region	Accredited agency	Applicable note number
Australia	EANSW	1
Austria	OVE	1
Belgium	CEBC	1
Canada	CSA	2
Denmark	DEMKO	1
Finland	FIMKO	1
France	UTE	1
Germany	VDE	1
Italy	IMQ	1
Japan	METI	3
The Netherlands	КЕМА	1
Norway	NEMKO	1
The People's Republic of China	COC	5

Country/region	Accredited agency	Applicable note number
South Korea	EK	4
Sweden	СЕМКО	1
Switzerland	SEV	1
Taiwan	BSMI	4
The United Kingdom	BSI	1
The United States	UL	2

1. The flexible cord must be Type HO5VV-F, 3-conductor, 1.0-mm<sup>2</sup> conductor size. Power cord set fittings (appliance coupler and wall plug) must bear the certification mark of the agency responsible for evaluation in the country or region where it will be used.

- 2. The flexible cord must be Type SPT-3 or equivalent, No. 18 AWG, 3-conductor. The wall plug must be a two-pole grounding type with a NEMA 5-15P (15 A, 125 V) or NEMA 6-15P (15 A, 250 V) configuration.
- 3. The appliance coupler, flexible cord, and wall plug must bear a "T" mark and registration number in accordance with the Japanese Dentori Law. The flexible cord must be Type VCT or VCTF, 3-conductor, 1.00-mm<sup>2</sup> conductor size. The wall plug must be a two-pole grounding type with a Japanese Industrial Standard C8303 (7 A, 125 V) configuration.
- 4. The flexible cord must be Type RVV, 3-conductor, 0.75-mm<sup>2</sup> conductor size. Power cord set fittings (appliance coupler and wall plug) must bear the certification mark of the agency responsible for evaluation in the country or region where it will be used.
- 5. The flexible cord must be Type VCTF, 3-conductor, 0.75-mm<sup>2</sup> conductor size. Power cord set fittings (appliance coupler and wall plug) must bear the certification mark of the agency responsible for evaluation in the country or region where it will be used.

# 16 Recycling

When a non-rechargeable or rechargeable battery has reached the end of its useful life, do not dispose of the battery in general household waste. Follow the local laws and regulations in your area for battery disposal.

HP encourages customers to recycle used electronic hardware, HP original print cartridges, and rechargeable batteries. For more information about recycling programs, see the HP Web site at <a href="http://www.hp.com/recycle">http://www.hp.com/recycle</a>.

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