

Maintenance and Service Guide

SUMMARY

This guide provides information about spare parts, removal and replacement of parts, security, backing up, and more.

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First Edition: March 2022

Document Part Number: N09587-001

#### **Product notice**

This guide describes features that are common to most models. Some features may not be available on your computer.

Not all features are available in all editions or versions of Windows. Systems may require upgraded and/or separately purchased hardware, drivers, software or BIOS update to take full advantage of Windows functionality. Windows is automatically updated, which is always enabled. High-speed internet and Microsoft account required. ISP fees may apply and additional requirements may apply over time for updates. See http://www.microsoft.com. If your product ships with Windows in S Mode: Windows in S Mode works exclusively with apps from the Microsoft Store within Windows. Certain default settings, features, and apps cannot be changed. Some accessories and apps that are compatible with Windows may not work (including some antivirus, PDF writers, driver utilities, and accessibility apps), and performance may vary, even if you switch out of S Mode. If you switch to Windows, you cannot switch back to S Mode. Learn more at Windows.com/SmodeFAQ.

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## Safety warning notice

Reduce the possibility of heat-related injuries or of overheating the computer by following the practices described.

▲ WARNING! To reduce the possibility of heat-related injuries or of overheating the computer, do not place the computer directly on your lap or obstruct the computer air vents. Use the computer only on a hard, flat surface. Do not allow another hard surface, such as an adjoining optional printer, or a soft surface, such as pillows or rugs or clothing, to block airflow. Also, do not allow the AC adapter to come into contact with the skin or a soft surface, such as pillows or rugs or clothing, during operation. The computer and the AC adapter comply with the user-accessible surface temperature limits defined by applicable safety standards.

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# **1** Product description

This table provides detailed product information.

#### Table 1-1 Product components and their descriptions

Category	Description		
Product Name	HP Elite Dragonfly G3 Notebook PC		
Processors	12th Generation Intel® Core™ processors		
	Intel Core™ i5-1235U (10 cores, 1.30 GHz, Ball-Grid Array (BGA), 12 MB cache, 15W)		
	Intel Core i5-1245U (10 cores, 1.60 GHz, BGA, 12 MB cache, 15W)		
	Intel Core i7-1255U (10 cores, 1.70G, BGA, 12 MB cache, 15W)		
	Intel Core i7-1265U (10 cores, up to 1.80G, BGA, 12 MB 15W)		
Graphics	Internal graphics		
	Unified memory architecture (UMA)		
	External graphics		
	Supports HDMI		
Display	34.2 cm (13.5 in), widescreen ultra extended graphics array (WUXGA), (1920 × 1280), WLED, micro-edge, UWVA, antiglare, touch screen, ultrawide viewing angle (UWVA)		
	400 nits, 72% CG, eDP 1.4 + PSR2, low power		
	400 nits, 72% CG, eDP 1.4 + PSR		
	1000 nits, 72% CG, eDP 1.3 + PSR, privacy panel		
	liquid crystal display (LCD)		
Primary storage	PCIe, Non-Volatile Memory Express (NVMe), M.2 2280 solid-state drives		
	• 2 TB, PCIe, triple layer cell (TLC)		
	• 1 TB, PCIe, TLC		
	• 512 GB, PCIe, TLC		
	• 256 GB, PCIe, TLC		
	PCIe, NVMe, M.2 2230 solid-state drives		
	256 GB, PCIe, TLC		
eMMC	On-board embedded MultiMedia Controller (eMMC v5.0) configurations (MLC/TLC)		
	32 GB		
Audio and video	Audio brand: Bang and Olufson		
	Stereo speakers (2)		
	Microphone (dual array)		
	Camera, IR (infrared), 5 MP, privacy cover		

Category Description		
Wireless	Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN)	
	Intel Wi-Fi® 6E AX211 + Bluetooth® 5.2 (non-vPro®), (802.11ax 2 × 2, multi-user, multiple input, multiple output (MU-MIMO), supporting gigabit file transfer speeds)	
	Compatible with Miracast® devices	
	Wireless Wide Area Network (WWAN)	
	Flbocom LTE-Advanced (Cat 16) with GPS	
Ports	Hot plug/unplug and autodetect for correct output to wide-aspect vs. standard aspect video	
	HDMI v2.0a supporting: up to 4096 × 2160 @ 60 Hz with HDCP 2.2	
	Audio-out (headphone)/audio-in (microphone) combo jack	
	USB 3.1 Gen 2 Type-C with Thunderbolt™ Gen 4 technology (2) (right and left sides) (select products only)	
	AC Smart Pin adapter plug	
Keyboard/pointing	Keyboard	
levices	Full size, backlit, 3-coat paint, island style	
	Full size, backlit, 3-coat paint, island style, privacy models	
	Full size backlit, 3-coat paint, island style, WWAN models	
	Full size backlit, 3-coat paint, island style, WWAN models with privacy	
	Touchpad	
	Clickpad with image sensor	
	Multitouch gestures enabled	
	Precision touchpad support	
	Support for Modern Trackpad Gestures	
	Taps enabled as default	
ower requirements	Battery	
	4 cell, 45 Whr, polymer, HP Long Life	
	6 cell, 68 Whr, polymer, HP Long Life	
	HP Fast Charge Technology	
	Smart AC adapters	
	65 W, straight, slim, nPFC, USB Type-C	
	65 W, straight, standard, nPFC, USB Type-C, 1.8 m (6 ft)	
	100 W +10 W, USB Type-C + USB Type-A, straight, slim	
	Power cord	
	C5, 1.0 m (3.3 ft) premium	
	C5, 1.0 m (3.3 ft) conventional	
Security	Supports Trusted Platform Module (TPM) 2.0, firmware based	
	Integrated fingerprint reader	

## Table 1-1 Product components and their descriptions (continued)

### Table 1-1 Product components and their descriptions (continued)

Category	Description	
	Camera privacy cover	
	Nano security cable lock	
Operating system	Windows® 11 Enterprise 64	
	Windows 11 Home 64	
	Windows 11 Home 64 Advanced	
	Windows 11 Home 64 Advanced Single Language	
	Windows 11 Home 64 Chinese Market CPPP	
	Windows 11 Home 64 High-end Chinese Market CPPP	
	Windows 11 Home 64 Plus	
	Windows 11 Home 64 Plus Single Language	
	Windows 11 Home 64 Plus Single Language Africa Market PPP	
	Windows 11 Home 64 Plus Single Language APAC EM PPP	
	Windows 11 Home 64 Plus Single Language India Market PPP	
	Windows 11 Home 64 Plus Single Language Indonesia Market PPP	
	Windows 11 Home 64 Single Language	
	Windows 11 Home 64 Single Language Africa Market PPP	
	Windows 11 Home 64 Single Language APAC EM PPP	
	Windows 11 Home 64 Single Language India Market PPP	
	Windows 11 Home 64 Single Language Indonesia Market PPP	
	Windows 11 Pro 64	
	Windows 11 Pro 64 Chinese Market	
	Windows 11 Pro 64 Downgrade Win 10 Pro 64	
	Windows 11 Pro 64 Downgrade Win 10 Pro 64 Chinese Market	
	Windows 11 Pro 64 Downgrade Win 10 Pro 64 StF MSNA Standard	
	Windows 11 Pro 64 StF MSNA Standard	
	Windows 10 Enterprise 64	
	Windows 10 OST Enterprise 64 LTSC 2109	
	FreeDos 3.0	
Serviceability	End user replaceable parts	
	AC adapter	

## 2 Components

Your computer features top-rated components. This chapter provides details about your components, where they are located, and how they work.

## Locating hardware

Use these instructions to find out what hardware is installed on your computer.

Select the Search icon in the taskbar, type device manager in the search box, and then select the Device Manager app.

A list displays all the devices installed on your computer.

For information about system hardware components and the system BIOS version number, press fn+esc (select products only).

## Locating software

Use these instructions to find out what software is installed on your computer:

▲ Right-click the **Start** button, and then select **Apps and Features**.

## Right

Use the illustration and table to identify the components on the right side of the computer.

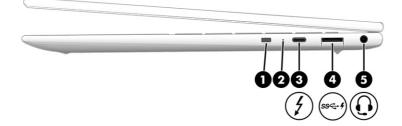


Table 2-1 Right-side components and their descriptions

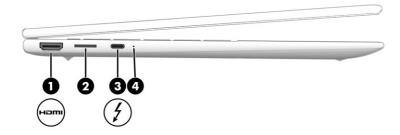
Component		Description
(1)	Security cable slot	Attaches an optional security cable to the computer.
		<b>NOTE:</b> The security cable is designed to act as a deterrent, but it might not prevent the computer from being mishandled or stolen.
(2)	Battery light	When AC power is connected:
		• White: The battery charge is greater than 90 percent.

Component			Description	
			• Amber: The battery charge is from 0 to 90 percent.	
			• Off: The battery is not charging.	
			When AC power is disconnected (battery not charging):	
			<ul> <li>Blinking amber: The battery has reached a low battery level. When the battery has reached a critical battery leve the battery light begins blinking rapidly.</li> </ul>	
			• Off: The battery is not charging.	
(3)	ź	USB Type-C <sup>®</sup> power connector and Thunderbolt™ port with HP Sleep and Charge and DisplayPort™ output	Connects an AC adapter that has a USB Type-C connector, supplying power to the computer and, if needed, charging the computer battery.	
			– and –	
			Connects a USB device, provides high-speed data transfer, and charges small devices (such as a smartphone), even when the computer is off.	
			<b>NOTE:</b> Use a standard USB Type-C charging cable or cable adapter (purchased separately) when charging a small externa device.	
			– and –	
			Connects a display device that has a USB Type-C connector, providing DisplayPort output.	
			<b>NOTE:</b> Your computer might also support a Thunderbolt docking station.	
(4) ऽs∹	ss⇔∮	USB SuperSpeed port with HP Sleep and Charge	Connects a USB device, provides high-speed data transfer, and charges small devices (such as a smartphone), even when the computer is off.	
			<b>NOTE:</b> Use a standard USB Type-A charging cable or cable adapter (purchased separately) when charging a small externa device.	
5)	Q	Audio-out (headphone)/Audio-in (microphone) combo jack	Connects optional powered stereo speakers, headphones, earbuds, a headset, or a television audio cable. Also connects an optional headset microphone. This jack does not support optional standalone microphones.	
			<b>WARNING!</b> To reduce the risk of personal injury, adjust the volume before putting on headphones, earbuds, or a headset. For additional safety information, see the <i>Regulatory, Safety, and Environmental Notices</i> .	
			To access this guide:	
			Select the Search icon in the taskbar, type HP Documentation in the search box, and then select HP Documentation.	
			<b>NOTE:</b> When a device is connected to the jack, the computer speakers are disabled.	

### Table 2-1 Right-side components and their descriptions (continued)

## Left

Use the illustration and table to identify the components on the left side of the computer.



Comp	Component		Description	
(1)	нәті	HDMI port	Connects an optional video or audio device, such as a high- definition television, any compatible digital or audio component, or a high-speed High Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI) device.	
(2)		SIM card slot (select products only)	Supports a wireless subscriber identity module (SIM) card.	
(3)	4	USB Type-C power connector and Thunderbolt port with HP Sleep and Charge and DisplayPort output	Connects an AC adapter that has a USB Type-C connector, supplying power to the computer and, if needed, charging the computer battery.	
			– and –	
			Connects a USB device, provides high-speed data transfer, and charges small devices (such as a smartphone), even when the computer is off.	
			<b>NOTE:</b> Use a standard USB Type-C charging cable or cable adapter (purchased separately) when charging a small external device.	
			– and –	
			Connects a display device that has a USB Type-C connector, providing DisplayPort output.	
			<b>NOTE:</b> Your computer might also support a Thunderbolt docking station.	
(4)		Battery light	When AC power is connected:	
			• White: The battery charge is greater than 90 percent.	
			• Amber: The battery charge is from 0 to 90 percent.	
			• Off: The battery is not charging.	
			When AC power is disconnected (battery not charging):	
			<ul> <li>Blinking amber: The battery has reached a low battery level. When the battery has reached a critical battery level, the battery light begins blinking rapidly.</li> </ul>	
			• Off: The battery is not charging.	

## Display

Use the illustration and table to identify the display components.

## **Auto Lock and Awake**

Auto Lock and Awake monitors your presence in front of the computer to save power and add security.

When you step away from the computer, the proximity sensor puts the computer into the Sleep state. When you return to the computer, the sensor recognizes you and wakes the computer automatically. Auto Lock and Awake is turned on by default.

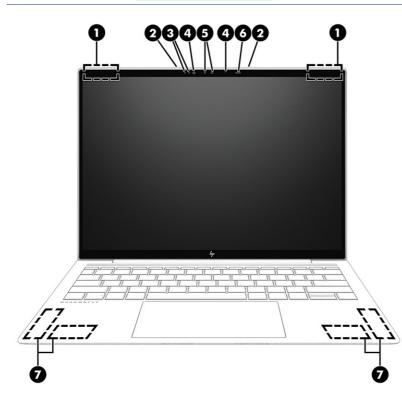
To access Auto Lock and Awake:

- 1. Select the Start button, select Settings, select System, and then select Power & battery.
- 2. Select Screen and sleep, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

## Low blue light mode (select products only)

Your computer display is shipped from the factory in low blue light mode for improved eye comfort and safety. Also, blue light mode automatically adjusts blue light emissions when you are using the computer at night or for reading.

▲ WARNING! To reduce the risk of serious injury, read the Safety & Comfort Guide. It describes proper workstation setup and proper posture, health, and work habits for computer users. The Safety & Comfort Guide also provides important electrical and mechanical safety information. The Safety & Comfort Guide is available on the web at <a href="http://www.hp.com/ergo">http://www.hp.com/ergo</a>.



Compo	nent	Description
(1)	WLAN antennas*	Send and receive wireless signals to communicate with wireless local area networks (WLANs).
(2)	Internal microphones (2)	Record sound.
(3)	Ambient light and color sensors	Adjust the brightness of the display, depending on the ambient light, and manages and controls the color temperature. Color temperature enables you to measure and adjust the warmth or coolness of the light source.
		<b>NOTE:</b> Do not cover the sensor. The display brightness adjusts if the sensor notices light change.
(4)	Camera light(s)	On: One or more cameras are in use.
(5)	Camera(s)	Allow(s) you to video chat, record video, and record still images. Some cameras also allow a facial recognition logon to Windows, instead of a password logon.
		<b>NOTE:</b> Camera functions vary depending on the camera hardware and software installed on your product.
(6)	User-proximity sensor	Uses the Auto Lock and Awake feature to monitor your presence in front of the computer to save power and add security. When you step away from the computer, the proximity sensor puts the computer into the Sleep state. When you return to the computer, the sensor recognizes you and wakes the computer automatically. Auto Lock and Awake is turned on by default.
(7)	WWAN antennas (select products only)*	Send and receive wireless signals to communicate with wireless wide area networks (WWANs).

#### Table 2-3 Display components and their descriptions

\*The antennas are not visible from the outside of the computer. For optimal transmission, keep the areas immediately around the antennas free from obstructions.

For wireless regulatory notices, see the section of the *Regulatory, Safety, and Environmental Notices* that applies to your country or region.

To access this guide:

Select the Search icon in the taskbar, type HP Documentation in the search box, and then select HP Documentation.

## Keyboard area

Keyboards can vary by language.

NOTE: The keyboard, including the function keys and power button (select products only), is disabled in stand, tent, and tablet modes. To enable the keyboard, including the power button, change to the clamshell mode.

## Touchpad

The touchpad settings and components are described here.

## **Touchpad settings**

You learn how to adjust the touchpad settings and components here.

#### Adjusting touchpad settings

Use these steps to adjust touchpad settings and gestures.

- 1. Select the Search icon in the taskbar, type touchpad settings in the search box, and then press enter.
- 2. Choose a setting.

#### Turning on the touchpad

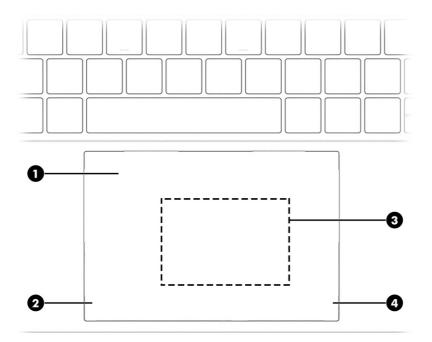
Follow these steps to turn on the touchpad.

- 1. Select the Search icon in the taskbar, type touchpad settings in the search box, and then press enter.
- 2. Using an external mouse, click the **Touchpad** button.

If you are not using an external mouse, press the Tab key repeatedly until the pointer rests on the **touchpad** button. Then press the spacebar to select the button.

## **Touchpad components**

Use the illustration and table to identify the touchpad components.



#### Table 2-4 Touchpad components and their descriptions

Component		Description
(1)	Touchpad zone	Reads your finger gestures to move the pointer or activate items on the screen.
(2)	Left touchpad button	Functions like the left button on an external mouse.
(3)	Near Field Communications (NFC) tapping area and antenna (select products only)*	Allows you to wirelessly share information when you tap it with an NFC-enabled device.
(4)	Right touchpad button	Functions like the right button on an external mouse.

#### Table 2-4 Touchpad components and their descriptions (continued)

Component	Description

\*The antennas are not visible from the outside of the computer. For optimal transmission, keep the areas immediately around the antennas free from obstructions.

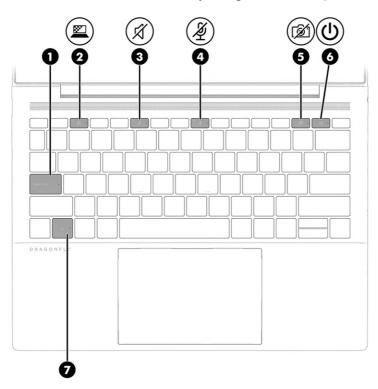
For wireless regulatory notices, see the section of the *Regulatory, Safety, and Environmental Notices* that applies to your country or region.

To access this guide:

Select the Search icon in the taskbar, type HP Documentation in the search box, and then select HP Documentation.

## Lights

Use the illustration and table to identify the lights on the computer.





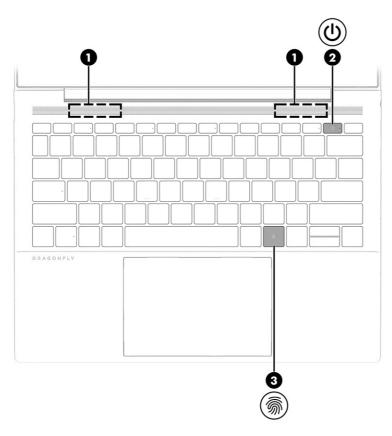
Component			Description
(1)		Caps lock light	On: Caps lock is on, which switches the key input to all capital letters.
(2)		Privacy key light	On: Privacy screen is on, which helps prevent side-angle viewing.
(3)	-1	Mute light	• On: Computer sound is off.
	X		• Off: Computer sound is on.

Component			Description
(4)	Ý	Microphone mute light	<ul><li>On: Microphone is off.</li><li>Off: Microphone is on.</li></ul>
(5)	<b>1</b>	Camera privacy light	On: The camera is off.
	y_		• Off: The camera is on.
(6)	ባ	Power light	<ul> <li>On: The computer is on.</li> <li>Blinking (select products only): The computer is in the Sleep state, a power-saving state. The computer shuts off power to the display and other unnecessary components.</li> </ul>
<u> </u>			Off: Depending on your computer model, the computer is off, in Hibernation, or in Sleep. Hibernation is the power- saving state that uses the least amount of power.
(7)		Fn lock light	On: The fn key is locked. For more information, see <u>Hot keys</u> (select products only) on page 15.

#### Table 2-5 Lights and their descriptions (continued)

## Button, speakers, and fingerprint reader

Fingerprint readers can be located on the touchpad, on a side panel of the computer, or on the top cover below the keyboard.



Comp	Component		Description
(1)		Speakers (2)	Produce sound.
(2)	(I)	Power button	<ul> <li>When the computer is off, press the button briefly to turn or the computer.</li> </ul>
	Ŭ		<ul> <li>When the computer is on, press the button briefly to initiate Sleep.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>When the computer is in the Sleep state, press the button briefly to exit Sleep (select products only).</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>When the computer is in Hibernation, press the button briefly to exit Hibernation.</li> </ul>
			<b>IMPORTANT:</b> Pressing and holding down the power button results in the loss of unsaved information.
			If the computer has stopped responding and shutdown procedures are ineffective, press and hold the power button for a least 4 seconds to turn off the computer.
			To learn more about your power settings, use the Power icon.
			• Right-click the <b>Power</b> icon <b>I</b> , and then select <b>Power</b>
			and sleep settings.
(3)	କ୍ତି	Fingerprint reader	Allows a fingerprint logon to Windows, instead of a password logon.
	//		Touch your finger to the fingerprint reader.
			IMPORTANT: To prevent fingerprint logon issues, make sure when you register your fingerprint that all sides of you finger are registered by the fingerprint reader.

### Table 2-6 Button, speakers, and fingerprint reader and their descriptions

## Special keys

Use the illustration and table to identify the special keys.

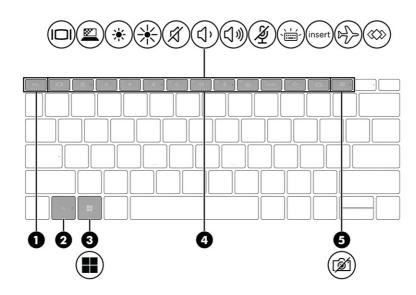


Table 2-7 Special keys and their descriptions

Comp	Component		Description
(1)		esc <b>key</b>	Displays system information when pressed in combination with the fn key.
(2)		fn key	Executes frequently used system functions when pressed in combination with another key. Such key combinations are called <i>hot keys</i> .
			See Hot keys (select products only) on page 15.
(3)		Windows key	Opens the Start menu.
			<b>NOTE:</b> Pressing the Windows key again will close the Start menu.
(4)		Action keys	Execute frequently used system functions.
			See Action keys on page 13.
(5)	Ø	Camera privacy key	Turns the camera off and on.

## **Action keys**

Action keys perform specific functions and vary by computer. To determine which keys are on your computer, look at the icons on your keyboard and match them to the descriptions in this table.

To use an action key, press and hold the key.

**NOTE:** On some products, you must press the fn key in combination with the action key.

#### Table 2-8 Action keys and their descriptions

lcon	Description
	Switches the screen image among display devices connected to the system. For example, if a monitor is connected to the computer, repeatedly pressing the key alternates the screen image from computer display to simultaneous display on both the computer and the monitor.
	Helps prevent side-angle viewing from onlookers. If needed, decrease or increase brightness for well-lit or darker environments. Press the key again to turn off the privacy screen.
	<b>NOTE:</b> This feature is available only on select products. If the feature is not available on your computer, a message is displayed when you press this key.
	<b>NOTE:</b> To quickly turn on the highest privacy setting, press fn+p.
*	Decreases the screen brightness incrementally as long as you hold down the key.

✻	Increases the screen brightness incrementally as long as you hold down the key.
Ŕ	Mutes or restores speaker sound.
<mark>ر</mark> ۲،	Decreases speaker volume incrementally while you hold down the key.
へき	Increases speaker volume incrementally while you hold down the key.
Ý	Mutes the microphone.
, L',	Turns the keyboard backlight off or on. On select products, you can adjust the brightness of the keyboard backlight. Press the key repeatedly to adjust the brightness from high (when you first start up the computer), to low, to off. After you adjust the keyboard backlight setting, the backlight will revert to your previous setting each time you turn on the computer. The keyboard backlight will turn off after 30 seconds of inactivity. To turn the keyboard backlight back on, press any key or tap the touchpad (select products only). To conserve battery power, turn off this feature.
insert	Turns insert function on or off.
\$	Turns the wireless feature on or off. <b>NOTE:</b> A wireless network must be set up before a wireless connection is possible.

Table 2-8 Action keys and their descriptions (continued)

Description	
Executes frequently used tasks. Some tasks might not be available on all products.	
Opens an application, file, or website	
Enters frequently used text into a permanent clipboard	
Ability to change system profiles	
Ability to change system properties	
Executes user-defined key sequences	

### NOTE: The action key feature is enabled at the factory. On select products only, you can disable this feature by pressing and holding the fn key and the left shift key. The fn lock light will turn on. After you have disabled the action key feature, you can still perform each function by pressing the fn key in combination with the appropriate action key.

## Hot keys (select products only)

A hot key is the combination of the fn key and another key. Use the table to identify the hot keys.

To use a hot key:

A Press the fn key, and then press one of the keys listed in the following table.

#### Table 2-9 Hot keys and their descriptions

Key	Description
С	Turns on scroll lock.
E	Turns on the insert function.
R	Breaks the operation.
S	Sends a programing query.
W	Pauses the operation.

## **Bottom**

Use the illustration and table to identify the bottom components.

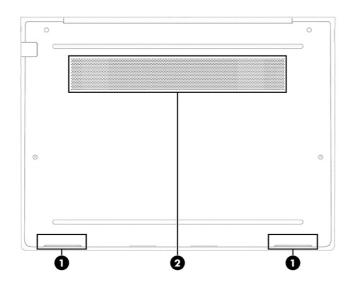


Table 2-10 Bottom components and their descriptions

Component		Description
(1)	Speakers (2)	Produce sound.
(2)	Vent	Enables airflow to cool internal components.
		<b>NOTE:</b> The computer fan starts up automatically to cool internal components and prevent overheating. It is normal for the internal fan to cycle on and off during routine operation.

## Labels

The labels affixed to the computer provide information you might need when you troubleshoot system problems or travel internationally with the computer. Labels might be in paper form or imprinted on the product.

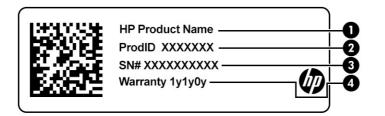
- IMPORTANT: Check the following locations for the labels described in this section: the bottom of the computer, inside the battery bay, under the service door, on the back of the display, or on the bottom of a tablet kickstand.
  - Service label—Provides important information to identify your computer. When contacting support, you might be asked for the serial number, the product number, or the model number. Locate this information before you contact support.

Your service label will resemble one of the examples shown below. Refer to the illustration that most closely matches the service label on your computer.



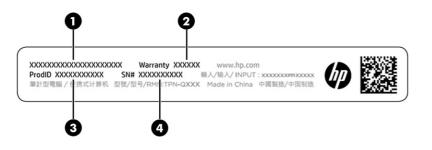
#### Table 2-11 Service label components

# Component (1) Serial number (2) Product ID (3) HP product name



#### Table 2-12 Service label components

# Component (1) HP product name (2) Product ID (3) Serial number (4) Warranty period



#### Table 2-13 Service label components

Com	ponent
(1)	HP product name
(2)	Warranty period
(3)	Product ID

#### Table 2-13 Service label components (continued)

Comp	onent
(4)	Serial number

- Regulatory labels—Provide regulatory information about the computer.
- Wireless certification labels—Provide information about optional wireless devices and the approval markings for the countries or regions in which the devices have been approved for use.

## Using a SIM card (select products only)

Use these instructions to insert a SIM card.

**IMPORTANT:** You can damage the SIM card if you insert the wrong size card or insert it or the SIM card tray in the wrong direction. The card might also become stuck in the slot. Do not use SIM card adapters. To prevent damage to the SIM card or connectors, use minimal force when inserting or removing a SIM card.

## Determining the correct SIM card size for your computer

Before purchasing a SIM card, follow these instructions to determine the correct SIM card size for your computer.

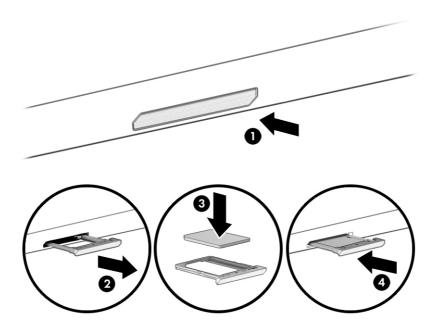
- 1. Go to <u>http://www.hp.com/support</u>, and then search for your computer by product name or number.
- 2. Select Product Information.
- 3. Refer to the listed options to determine which card to purchase.

## **Inserting a nano SIM card**

To insert a nano SIM card, follow these steps.

- 1. Turn off the computer by using the Shut down command.
- 2. Position the computer display-side up on a flat surface.
- 3. Press in gently on the SIM card access tray to disengage the SIM lock, and the tray will pop out of the slot (1).
- 4. Remove the tray (2) from the computer and insert the card (3).

5. Replace the tray in the computer. Press in gently on the tray (4) until it is firmly seated.



To remove the SIM card, press in gently on the SIM card access tray to disengage the SIM lock, and the tray will pop out of the slot. Remove the SIM card. Replace the tray in the computer and press in gently on the tray until it is firmly seated.

## Using Tile (select products only)

Some computers include a Tile<sup>™</sup> Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> device that can help find your computer even when it is off or in the Sleep state. The Tile device operates in combination with the Tile software on your computer.

**NOTE:** The limit of the Tile Bluetooth signal is approximately 76 m (250 feet).

To use the Tile features on your computer:

- 1. Select the **Start** button, select **All apps**, and then select the **Tile** app.
- 2. Follow the on-screen instructions to create a Tile account and activate your Tile features.

# 3 Illustrated parts catalog

Use this table to determine the spare parts that are available for the computer.

## **Computer major components**

To identify the computer major components, use this illustration and table.

- NOTE: HP continually improves and changes product parts. For complete and current information about supported parts for your computer, go to <a href="http://partsurfer.hp.com">http://partsurfer.hp.com</a>, select your country or region, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
- NOTE: Details about your computer, including model, serial number, product key, and length of warranty, are on the service tag at the bottom of your computer.

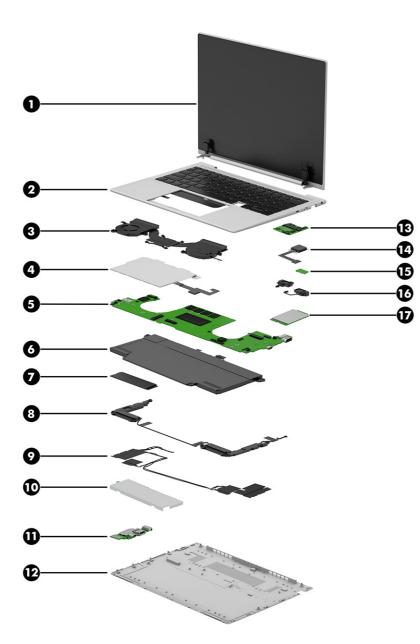


 Table 3-1
 Computer major component descriptions and part numbers

ltem	Component	Spare part number
(1)	Display assembly	
	Widescreen Ultra Extended Graphics Array (WUXGA), 1000 nits, 72% CG, eDP 1.3 + PSR,	N12492-001
	WUXGA, (full high definition) FHD, antiglare, touch screen	N12494-001
	WUXGA, non-antiglare, touch screen, with privacy	N12495s-001
	WUXGA FHD, non-touch screen	N12496-001
	WUXGA, non-antiglare, FHD, touch screen	N12497-001
	BrightView, OLED, non-antiglare, touch screen	N12498-001
(2)	Top cover/keyboard	

ltem	Component	Spare part number
	<b>NOTE:</b> For a detailed list of country codes, see <u>Keyboard with top cover on page 55</u> .	
3)	Heat sink and fan assembly (includes replacement thermal material)	
	Heat sink and fan	N11560-001
	Heat sink and light-weight fan	N11561-001
(4)	Touchpad	
	For models with blue finish	N08577-001
	For models with silver finish	N08578-001
(5)	System board (includes integrated processor)	
	NOTE: All system board spare part kits include replacement thermal material.	
	All system boards use the following part numbers:	
	xxxxxx-001: Non-Windows operating systems	
	xxxxx-601: Windows operating system	
	Intel Core i7-1265U processor with 32 GB of system memory	N08576-xx1
	Intel Core i7-1265U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08575-xx1
	Intel Core i7-1265U processor with 32 GB of system memory (OSR)	N08574-x1
	Intel Core i7-1265U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08573-xx1
	Intel Core i7-1255U processor with 32 GB of system memory	N08572-xx1
	Intel Core i7-1255U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08571-xx1
	Intel Core i7-1255U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08570-xx1
	Intel Core i5-1245U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08569-xx1
	Intel Core i5-1245U processor with 8 GB of system memory (OSR)	N08568-xx1
	Intel Core i5-1245U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08567-xx1
	Intel Core i5-1245U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08566-xx1
	Intel Core i5-1235U processor with 8 GB of system memory	N08565-xx1
	Intel Core i5-1235U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08564-xx1
6)	Battery (3 cell, 41 Whr)	
	4 cell, 45 Whr, 3.11 Ah	M73476-006
	6 cell, 68 Whr, 3.11 Ah	M73478-006
7)	Solid-state drive	
	2 TB, PCle-4 × 4, ZTurbo, M.2 2280, TLC	M52027-002
	1 TB, PCIe-4 × 4, NVMe, M.2 2280, TLC	M16560-002
	512 GB, PCIe NVMe value, M.22280	L85364-002
	512 GB, PCIe-4 × 4, M.2 2280, NVMe, TLC	M17436-002
	512 GB, PCIe-4 × 4, M.2 2280, NVMe, TLC, SED	M52031-002

Table 3-1	Computer ma	aior compone	nt descriptions	and part numbers	(continued)

ltem	Component	Spare part number
	256 GB, PCIe-4 × 4, ZTurbo, TLC, M.2 2280	M52025-002
	256 GB, PCIe-4 × 4, TLC, SED, M.2 2280	M52029-002
	256 GB, PCIe, TLC, SED, M.2 2230, NVMe value	M11042-002
(8)	Speakers	N08563-001
(9)	WWAN antenna	not available in spare parts
(10)	SSD cover	not available in spare parts
(11)	USB board	
	For models in blue finish	N11564-001
	For models in silver finish	N16841-001
(12)	Bottom cover	
	For WLAN models in blue finish	N08560-001
	For WLAN models in silver finish	N08561-001
	For WWAN models in blue finish	N18247-001
	For WWAN models in silver finish	N18248-001
(13)	Transfer board	N11563-001
(14)	Fingerprint reader	Not available in spare kit
(15)	NFC module	M08706-001
(16)	Tweeters (in speaker kit)	N08563-001
(17)	WWAN module (cable kit for WWAN models spare part number N11558-001)	
	LTE, 5G with GPS, M.2	M46335-005
	LTE with GPS, M.2	M52040-005
	LTE with GPS M.2	M52040-005
	LTE, 5G with GPS M.2	M46335-005

#### Table 3-1 Computer major component descriptions and part numbers (continued)

## **Miscellaneous parts**

To identify the miscellaneous parts, use this table.

### Table 3-2 Miscellaneous part descriptions and part numbers

Component	Spare part number
AC adapters	
280 W, PFC, 3P, 7.4 mm, slim	M52952-001
120 W, PFC, smart adapter, 4.5 mm, slim	M95377-001

Component	Spare part number
120 W, PFC, smart adapter, 7.4 mm, slim	L89695-001
110 W, PFC, smart adapter, USB Type-C, 7.4 mm, slim	M52950-001
65 W adapter, USB Type-C + Full High Definition (FHD) cord, <b>1.8 m</b> (6 feet)	
Argentina	L43180-001
Australia	L43180-002
Brazil	L43180-003
Denmark	L43180-004
Europe	L43180-005
Israel	L43180-006
India	L43180-007
Italy	L43180-008
North America	L43180-010
People's Republic of China	L43180-011
Saudi Arabia	L43180-012
Switzerland	L43180-013`
Thailand	L43180-014
Taiwan	L43180-015
United Kingdom	L43180-016
65 W, USB Type-C high definition	L43181-001
120 W, slim, PFC, smart 7.4mm	L57117-001
65 W, non-PFC, USB Type-C, <b>1.8 m</b> (6 feet)	L67440-001
HP USB Type-C Travel Hub	L72056-001
65 W, travel adapter, non-PFC, USB Type-C	L21487-001
65 W, non-PFC, USB Type-C, RC, <b>1.8 m</b> (6 ft)	L32392-001
Adapters	
HDMI to VGA	701943-001
HDMI to DVI	691227-001
USB 3.0 to gigabit, full duplex (FD)	914031-001
USB Type-C to RJ-45, FD	918779-001
USB Type-C to USB Type-A adapter	L65254-001
USB Type-C to HDMI 2.0 adapter	932777-001
USB Type-C to HDMI 2.0 adapter	935325-001
HP Thunderbolt 0.7 m Combo Cable	L15938-002
USB Type-C to DisplayPort adapter	831753-001

Lomponent	Spare part number
USB Type-C to USB 3.0 adapter	814618-001
USB Type-C to VGA adapter	831751-001
USB Type-C to USB Type-A hub	916838-001
Kits	
Bracket kit	N08562-001
Cable kit for 120 W dock	L15812-002
Cable kit (WLAN)	N11557-001
Cable kit (WWAN)	N11558-001
Interposer kit	N11562-001
Plastic kit	N11559-001
Screw kit	L15820-001
Screw kit	L64089-001
Screw kit	N11556-001
Miscellaneous kit	N19697-001
Thermal pad kit	N19698-001
Repair kit	N19699-888
Power adapter, duckhead, C5NS	
South Korea	L50818-001
North America	L50818-002
Power adapter, duckhead	
Japan	L33157-001
Power cords (C5, conventional, 1.0 m [3.3 ft])	
Argentina	L19357-001
Australia	L19358-001
Brazil	L19359-001
Denmark	L19360-001
Europe (Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, the Netherlands, Norway, and Sweden)	L19361-001
India	L19363-001
Israel	L19362-001
Italy	L19364-001
Japan	L19365-001
North America	L19367-001
South Africa	L19369-001

Component

South Korea

L19366-001

Spare part number

Component	Spare part number
Switzerland	L19370-001
laiwan	L19372-001
Thailand	L19371-001
Jnited Kingdom	L19373-001
ower cord (C5, 1.0 m [3.3 ft], premium)	
rgentina	L30811-001
ustralia	L22327-001
razil	L30812-001
enmark	L22322-001
urope (Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, the Netherlands, Norway, and Sweden)	L22321-001
ndia	L22624-001
aly	L30813-001
apan	L22330-001
orth America	L22319-001
eople's Republic of China	L21930-001
outh Africa	L22325-001
outh Korea	L22328-001
witzerland	L22324-001
aiwan	L22329-001
hailand	L22326-001
nited Kingdom	L22320-001
ower cord (C5, fixed duckhead, premium, 1.0 m [3.3 ft])	
rgentina	L36815-001
ustralia	L36816-001
razil	L44789-001
enmark	L36817-001
urope (Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, the Netherlands, Norway, and Sweden)	L36818-001
dia	L36820-001
srael	L36819-001
aly	L44788-001
lorth America	L36822-001
People's Republic of China	L36823-001
South Africa	L36824-001
Switzerland	L36825-001

Component	Spare part number
Taiwan	L36827-001
Thailand	L36826-001
United Kingdom	L36828-001
Power cord (C5, conventional, 1.8 m [6.0 ft])	
Argentina	L19357-002
Australia	L19358-002
Brazil	L19359-002
Denmark	L19360-002
Europe (Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, the Netherlands, Norway, and Sweden)	L19361-002
India	L19363-002
Israel	L19362-002
Italy	L19364-002
Japan	L19365-002
North America	L19367-002
People's Republic of China	L19368-002
South Africa	L19369-002
South Korea	L19366-002
Switzerland	L19370-002
Taiwan	L19372-002
United Kingdom	L19373-002
Power cord (C13, premium, 1.0 m [3.3 ft])	
Argentina	L32029-001
Australia	100661-021
Brazil	L32030-001
Denmark	130627-014
Europe (Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, the Netherlands, Norway, and Sweden)	100614-016
India	403440-008
Israel	398062-011
Italy	L32031-001
Japan	653326-005
North America	121565-023
People's Republic of China	286496-024
South Africa	187487-012
South Korea	231216-015

Component	Spare part number
Switzerland	150304-015
Taiwan	393312-008
United Kingdom	100613-021
Power cords	
Thailand (Bundle ADP and cord, C5, <b>1.0 m</b> [3.3 ft], Premium)	M85421-001
	M85418-001
Denmark (C5 <b>1.0 m</b> [3.3 ft] conventional, for high-frequency mobile devices)	M79264-001
Europe (Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, the Netherlands, Norway, and Sweden)	M79266-001
Switzerland (C5 <b>1.83 m</b> [6.00 ft], conventional, for HF mobile devices)	M75275-001
Mouse	
Bluetooth travel mouse	L62043-001
USB mouse	L95713-001
Locks	
Nano lock	918431-001
HP Sure Key Cable Lock	L65088-001
External DVD-RW drives	747080-001
	754895-001
Docks	
120 W, G4 with cable	M97105-001
280 W, G4 with combo cable	M97106-001
Executive 14.1 Slim Topload	L59629-001
USB Type-C Mini dock	935327-001
Thunderbolt dock 120 W with cable	L15809-001
Thunderbolt dock 230 W with combo cable	L24855-001
USB Type-C dock with cable	L64086-001
USB Type-C and USB Type-A universal dock with cable	L64087-001
Bottom cases and bags	
Bottom case	L15814-001
Тор сар	L15815-001
HP Executive 15.6 Backpack	L59632-001
Bottom case USB Type-C and USB Type-A universal dock	L64088-001
Bottom case USB Type-C universal dock	L65256-001
Business 14.1 laptop bag	M55007-001

#### Table 3-2 Miscellaneous part descriptions and part numbers (continued)

# 4 Removal and replacement procedures preliminary requirements

Use this information to properly prepare to disassemble and reassemble the computer.

## **Tools required**

You need the following tools to complete the removal and replacement procedures:

- Tweezers
- Nonconductive, nonmarking pry tool
- Magnetic Phillips P1 screwdriver

## Service considerations

The following sections include some of the considerations that you must keep in mind during disassembly and assembly procedures.

NOTE: As you remove each subassembly from the computer, place the subassembly (and all accompanying screws) away from the work area to prevent damage.

## **Plastic parts**

Using excessive force during disassembly and reassembly can damage plastic parts.

## **Cables and connectors**

Handle cables with extreme care to avoid damage.

**IMPORTANT:** When servicing the computer, be sure that cables are placed in their proper locations during the reassembly process. Improper cable placement can damage the computer.

Apply only the tension required to unseat or seat the cables during removal and insertion. Handle cables by the connector whenever possible. In all cases, avoid bending, twisting, or tearing cables. Be sure that cables are routed so that they cannot be caught or snagged as you remove or replace parts. Handle flex cables with extreme care; these cables tear easily.

## **Drive handling**

Note the following guidelines when handling drives.

**IMPORTANT:** Drives are fragile components. Handle them with care. To prevent damage to the computer, damage to a drive, or loss of information, observe these precautions:

Before removing or inserting a hard drive, shut down the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.

Before handling a drive, be sure that you are discharged of static electricity. While handling a drive, avoid touching the connector.

Before removing an optical drive, be sure that a disc is not in the drive, and be sure that the optical drive tray is closed.

Handle drives on surfaces covered with at least 2.54 cm (1 inch) of shock-proof foam.

Avoid dropping drives from any height onto any surface.

After removing a hard drive or an optical drive, place it in a static-proof bag.

Avoid exposing an internal hard drive to products that have magnetic fields, such as monitors or speakers.

Avoid exposing a drive to temperature extremes or liquids.

If a drive must be mailed, place the drive in a bubble pack mailer or other suitable form of protective packaging, and label the package "FRAGILE."

## **Electrostatic discharge information**

A sudden discharge of static electricity from your finger or other conductor can destroy static-sensitive devices or microcircuitry. Often the spark is neither felt nor heard, but damage occurs. An electronic device exposed to electrostatic discharge (ESD) might not appear to be affected at all and can work perfectly throughout a normal cycle. The device might function normally for a while, but it has been degraded in the internal layers, reducing its life expectancy.

Networks built into many integrated circuits provide some protection, but in many cases, the discharge contains enough power to alter device parameters or melt silicon junctions.

**IMPORTANT:** To prevent damage to the device when you remove or install internal components, observe these precautions:

Keep components in their electrostatic-safe containers until you are ready to install them.

Before touching an electronic component, discharge static electricity by using the guidelines described Personal grounding methods and equipment on page 31.

Avoid touching pins, leads, and circuitry. Handle electronic components as little as possible.

If you remove a component, place it in an electrostatic-safe container.

## Generating static electricity

Follow these static electricity guidelines.

- Different activities generate different amounts of static electricity.
- Static electricity increases as humidity decreases.

#### Table 4-1 Static electricity occurrence based on activity and humidity

	Relative humidity		
Event	55%	40%	10%
Walking across carpet	7,500 V	15,000 V	35,000 V
Walking across vinyl floor	3,000 V	5,000 V	12,000 V

#### Table 4-1 Static electricity occurrence based on activity and humidity (continued)

Relative humidity		
55%	40%	10%
400 V	800 V	6,000 V
400 V	700 V	2,000 V
2,000 V	4,000 V	11,500 V
3,500 V	5,000 V	14,500 V
7,000 V	20,000 V	26,500 V
5,000 V	11,000 V	21,000 V
	55% 400 V 400 V 2,000 V 3,500 V 7,000 V	55%         40%           400 V         800 V           400 V         700 V           2,000 V         4,000 V           3,500 V         5,000 V           7,000 V         20,000 V

**NOTE:** As little as 700 V can degrade a product.

## Preventing electrostatic damage to equipment

Many electronic components are sensitive to ESD. Circuitry design and structure determine the degree of sensitivity. The following packaging and grounding precautions are necessary to prevent static electricity damage to electronic components.

- To avoid hand contact, transport products in static-safe containers such as tubes, bags, or boxes.
- Protect all electrostatic parts and assemblies with conductive or approved containers or packaging.
- Keep electrostatic-sensitive parts in their containers until they arrive at static-free stations.
- Place items on a grounded surface before removing them from their container.
- Always be properly grounded when touching a sensitive component or assembly.
- Avoid contact with pins, leads, or circuitry.
- Place reusable electrostatic-sensitive parts from assemblies in protective packaging or conductive foam.

## Personal grounding methods and equipment

Using certain equipment can prevent static electricity damage to electronic components.

- Wrist straps are flexible straps with a maximum of 1 MΩ ±10% resistance in the ground cords. To provide proper ground, a strap must be worn snug against bare skin. The ground cord must be connected and fit snugly into the banana plug connector on the grounding mat or workstation.
- Heel straps/Toe straps/Boot straps can be used at standing workstations and are compatible with most types of shoes or boots. On conductive floors or dissipative floor mats, use them on both feet with a maximum of 1 MΩ ±10% resistance between the operator and ground.

#### Table 4-2 Static shielding protection levels

Static shielding protection levels	
Method	Voltage
Antistatic plastic	1,500

Table 4-2	Static shielding protection levels	(continued)
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Static shielding protection levels	
Carbon-loaded plastic	7,500
Metallized laminate	15,000

## Grounding the work area

To prevent static damage at the work area, follow these precautions.

- Cover the work surface with approved static-dissipative material.
- Use a wrist strap connected to a properly grounded work surface and use properly grounded tools and equipment.
- Use static-dissipative mats, foot straps, or air ionizers to give added protection.
- Handle electrostatic sensitive components, parts, and assemblies by the case or PCB laminate. Handle them only at static-free work areas.
- Turn off power and input signals before inserting and removing connectors or test equipment.
- Use fixtures made of static-safe materials when fixtures must directly contact dissipative surfaces.
- Keep the work area free of nonconductive materials, such as ordinary plastic assembly aids and polystyrene foam.
- Use conductive field service tools, such as cutters, screwdrivers, and vacuums.
- Avoid contact with pins, leads, or circuitry.

## **Recommended materials and equipment**

HP recommends certain materials and equipment to prevent static electricity.

- Antistatic tape
- Antistatic smocks, aprons, or sleeve protectors
- Conductive bins and other assembly or soldering aids
- Conductive foam
- Conductive tabletop workstations with ground cord of 1 MΩ ±10% resistance
- Static-dissipative table or floor mats with hard tie to ground
- Field service kits
- Static awareness labels
- Wrist straps and footwear straps providing 1 M $\Omega$  ±10% resistance
- Material handling packages
- Conductive plastic bags

- Conductive plastic tubes
- Conductive tote boxes
- Opaque shielding bags
- Transparent metallized shielding bags
- Transparent shielding tubes

## **Cleaning your computer**

Cleaning your computer regularly removes dirt and debris so that your device continues to operate at its best. Use the following information to safely clean the external surfaces of your computer.

## Enabling HP Easy Clean (select products only)

HP Easy Clean helps you to avoid accidental input while you clean the computer surfaces. This software disables devices such as the keyboard, touch screen, and touchpad for a preset amount of time so that you can clean all computer surfaces.

- 1. Start HP Easy Clean in one of the following ways:
  - Select the Start menu, and then select HP Easy Clean.

– or –

• Select the HP Easy Clean icon in the taskbar.

– or –

- Select **Start**, and then select the **HP Easy Clean** tile.
- 2. Now that your device is disabled for a short period, see <u>Removing dirt and debris from your computer on</u> <u>page 33</u> for the recommended steps to clean the high-touch, external surfaces on your computer. After you remove the dirt and debris, you can also clean the surfaces with a disinfectant. See <u>Cleaning your</u> <u>computer with a disinfectant on page 34</u> for guidelines to help prevent the spread of harmful bacteria and viruses.

## Removing dirt and debris from your computer

Here are the recommended steps to clean dirt and debris from your computer.

For computers with wood veneer, see Caring for wood veneer (select products only) on page 35.

- 1. Wear disposable gloves made of latex (or nitrile gloves, if you are latex-sensitive) when cleaning the surfaces.
- 2. Turn off your device and unplug the power cord and other connected external devices. Remove any installed batteries from items such as wireless keyboards.
- ▲ CAUTION: To prevent electric shock or damage to components, never clean a product while it is turned on or plugged in.
- 3. Moisten a microfiber cloth with water. The cloth should be moist, but not dripping wet.
- **IMPORTANT:** To avoid damaging the surface, avoid abrasive cloths, towels, and paper towels.

- 4. Wipe the exterior of the product gently with the moistened cloth.
- IMPORTANT: Keep liquids away from the product. Avoid getting moisture in any openings. If liquid makes its way inside your HP product, it can cause damage to the product. Do not spray liquids directly on the product. Do not use aerosol sprays, solvents, abrasives, or cleaners containing hydrogen peroxide or bleach that might damage the finish.
- 5. Start with the display (if applicable). Wipe carefully in one direction, and move from the top of the display to the bottom. Finish with any flexible cables, like power cord, keyboard cable, and USB cables.
- 6. Be sure that surfaces have completely air-dried before turning the device on after cleaning.
- 7. Discard the gloves after each cleaning. Clean your hands immediately after you remove the gloves.

See <u>Cleaning your computer with a disinfectant on page 34</u> for recommended steps to clean the high-touch, external surfaces on your computer to help prevent the spread of harmful bacteria and viruses.

## Cleaning your computer with a disinfectant

The World Health Organization (WHO) recommends cleaning surfaces, followed by disinfection, as a best practice for preventing the spread of viral respiratory illnesses and harmful bacteria.

After cleaning the external surfaces of your computer using the steps in <u>Removing dirt and debris from your</u> <u>computer on page 33</u>, <u>Caring for wood veneer (select products only) on page 35</u>, or both, you might also choose to clean the surfaces with a disinfectant. A disinfectant that is within HP's cleaning guidelines is an alcohol solution consisting of 70% isopropyl alcohol and 30% water. This solution is also known as rubbing alcohol and is sold in most stores.

Follow these steps when disinfecting high-touch, external surfaces on your computer:

- 1. Wear disposable gloves made of latex (or nitrile gloves, if you are latex-sensitive) when cleaning the surfaces.
- 2. Turn off your device and unplug the power cord and other connected external devices. Remove any installed batteries from items such as wireless keyboards.
- ▲ CAUTION: To prevent electric shock or damage to components, never clean a product while it is turned on or plugged in.
- 3. Moisten a microfiber cloth with a mixture of 70% isopropyl alcohol and 30% water. The cloth should be moist, but not dripping wet.
- ▲ CAUTION: Do not use any of the following chemicals or any solutions that contain them, including spray-based surface cleaners: bleach, peroxides (including hydrogen peroxide), acetone, ammonia, ethyl alcohol, methylene chloride, or any petroleum-based materials, such as gasoline, paint thinner, benzene, or toluene.
- **IMPORTANT:** To avoid damaging the surface, avoid abrasive cloths, towels, and paper towels.
- 4. Wipe the exterior of the product gently with the moistened cloth.
- **IMPORTANT:** Keep liquids away from the product. Avoid getting moisture in any openings. If liquid makes its way inside your HP product, it can cause damage to the product. Do not spray liquids directly on the product. Do not use aerosol sprays, solvents, abrasives, or cleaners containing hydrogen peroxide or bleach that might damage the finish.

- 5. Start with the display (if applicable). Wipe carefully in one direction, and move from the top of the display to the bottom. Finish with any flexible cables, like power cord, keyboard cable, and USB cables.
- 6. Be sure that surfaces have completely air-dried before turning the device on after cleaning.
- 7. Discard the gloves after each cleaning. Clean your hands immediately after you remove the gloves.

## Caring for wood veneer (select products only)

Your product might feature high-quality wood veneer. As with all natural wood products, proper care is important for best results over the life of the product. Because of the nature of natural wood, you might see unique variations in the grain pattern or subtle variations in color, which are normal.

- Clean the wood with a dry, static-free microfiber cloth or chamois.
- Avoid cleaning products containing substances such as ammonia, methylene chloride, acetone, turpentine, or other petroleum-based solvents.
- Do not expose the wood to sun or moisture for long periods of time.
- If the wood becomes wet, dry it by dabbing with an absorbent, lint-free cloth.
- Avoid contact with any substance that might dye or discolor the wood.
- Avoid contact with sharp objects or rough surfaces that might scratch the wood.

See <u>Removing dirt and debris from your computer on page 33</u> for the recommended steps to clean the high-touch, external surfaces on your computer. After you remove the dirt and debris, you can also clean the surfaces with a disinfectant. See <u>Cleaning your computer with a disinfectant on page 34</u> for sanitizing guidelines to help prevent the spread of harmful bacteria and viruses.

## Packaging and transporting guidelines

Follow these grounding guidelines when packaging and transporting equipment.

- To avoid hand contact, transport products in static-safe tubes, bags, or boxes.
- Protect ESD-sensitive parts and assemblies with conductive or approved containers or packaging.
- Keep ESD-sensitive parts in their containers until the parts arrive at static-free workstations.
- Place items on a grounded surface before removing items from their containers.
- Always be properly grounded when touching a component or assembly.
- Store reusable ESD-sensitive parts from assemblies in protective packaging or nonconductive foam.
- Use transporters and conveyors made of antistatic belts and roller bushings. Be sure that mechanized equipment used for moving materials is wired to ground and that proper materials are selected to avoid static charging. When grounding is not possible, use an ionizer to dissipate electric charges.

## Accessing support information

Use this information to find the HP support that you need.

#### Table 4-3 Support information locations

Service consideration	Path to access information
Records of reported failure incidents stored	Windows:
on the computer	Pre-operating system failures are logged in the BIOS Event Log. To view the BIOS Event Log:
	1. Press the power button.
	2. Immediately and repeatedly press esc when the power button light turns white
	<b>NOTE:</b> If you do not press esc at the appropriate time, you must restart the computer and again repeatedly press esc when the power button light turns white to access the utility.
	<b>3.</b> Press f10 to enter the BIOS setup.
	<ol> <li>(On commercial products) Under the Main tab, select BIOS event log, and then select View BIOS Event Log.</li> </ol>
	- or -
	(On consumer products) Under the <b>Main</b> tab, select <b>System Log</b> .
	Post operating system failures are logged in the Event Viewer.
	1. Turn on the computer and allow the operating system to open.
	2. Click the search icon pin the taskbar.
	3. Type Event Viewer, and then press enter.
	4. Select the log from the left panel. Details display in the right panel.
	Chrome:
	1. Go to <u>support.google.com/chrome</u> .
	2. Search collect Chrome device logs.
Technical bulletins	To locate technical bulletins:
	1. Go to <u>www.hp.com</u> .
	2. Place the cursor over <b>Problem solving</b> to display more options.
	3. Select Support & Troubleshooting.
	<b>4.</b> Type the serial number, product number, or product name to go to the product support page.
	5. Select Advisories to view technical bulletins.
Repair professionals	To locate repair professionals:
	1. Go to <u>www.hp.com</u> .
	2. Place the cursor over <b>Support resources</b> to display more options.
	3. Select Authorized service providers.
Component and diagnosis information, failure	To locate diagnosis information and actions:
detection, and required action	1. Go to <a href="http://www.hp.com/go/techcenter/pcdiags">http://www.hp.com/go/techcenter/pcdiags</a> .
	2. Select Get Support.

Service consideration	Path to access information	
	<ol> <li>Near the bottom of the window, select Notebook PCs, and then select your location.</li> </ol>	

Table 4-3 Support information locations (continued)

## 5 Removal and replacement procedures for authorized service provider parts

This chapter provides removal and replacement procedures for authorized service provider parts.

- **IMPORTANT:** Components described in this chapter should be accessed only by an authorized service provider. Accessing these parts can damage the computer or void the warranty.
- NOTE: Details about your computer, including model, serial number, product key, and length of warranty, are on the service tag at the bottom of your computer.

## **Component replacement procedures**

To remove and replace computer components, use these procedures.

NOTE: HP continually improves and changes product parts. For complete and current information about supported parts for your computer, go to <a href="http://partsurfer.hp.com">http://partsurfer.hp.com</a>, select your country or region, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

You must remove, replace, or loosen as many as xx screws when you service the parts described in this chapter. Make special note of each screw size and location during removal and replacement.

## Preparation for disassembly

To prepare to disassemble the computer, use these steps.

See <u>Removal and replacement procedures preliminary requirements on page 29</u> for initial safety procedures.

- 1. Turn off the computer. If you are unsure whether the computer is off or in Hibernation, turn the computer on, and then shut it down through the operating system.
- 2. Disconnect the power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the computer.
- 3. Disconnect all external devices from the computer.

## **Bottom cover**

To remove the bottom cover, use this procedure and illustration.

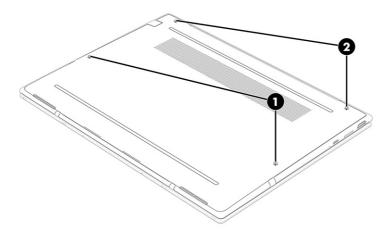
Table 5-1 Bottom cover description and part number

Description	Spare part number
Bottom cover	
For WLAN models in blue finish	N08560-001
For WLAN models in silver finish	N08561-001
For WWAN models in blue finish	N18247-001
For WWAN models in silver finish	N18248-001

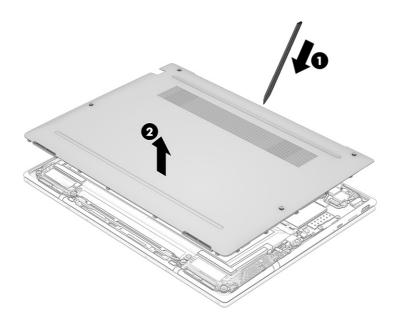
Before removing the bottom cover, prepare the computer for disassembly (see <u>Preparation for disassembly on page 38</u>).

Remove the bottom cover:

1. Remove the two Phillips M2.0 × 5.0 captive screws (1) and the two Phillips M2.0 × 7.5 captive screws that secure the bottom cover to the computer.



- 2. Use a nonmarking, nonconductive tool to release the edges of the bottom cover from the computer (1).
- 3. Remove the bottom cover from the computer (2).



To replace the bottom cover, reverse the removal procedures.

## **Battery**

To remove the battery, use this procedure and illustration.

#### Table 5-2 Battery description and part number

Description	Spare part number
4 cell, 45 Whr, 3.11 Ah	M73476-006
6 cell, 68 Whr, 3.11 Ah	M73478-006

**MARNING!** To avoid personal injury and damage to the product:

- Do *not* puncture, twist, or crack the battery.
- Do *not* cause an external puncture or rupture to the battery. They can cause a short inside the battery, which can result in battery thermal runaway.
- Do *not* handle or touch the battery enclosure with sharp objects such as tweezers or pliers, which might puncture the battery.
- Do *not* compress or squeeze the battery case with tools or heavy objects stacked on top of the case. These actions can apply undue force on the battery.
- Do *not* touch the connectors with any metallic surface or object, such as metal tools, screws, or coins, which can cause shorting across the connectors.

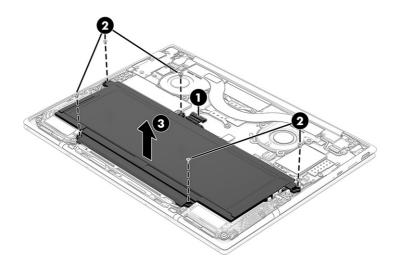
Before removing the battery, follow these steps:

- 1. Prepare the computer for disassembly (see <u>Preparation for disassembly on page 38</u>).
- 2. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 38</u>).
- A WARNING! To reduce potential safety issues, use only the user-replaceable battery provided with the computer, a replacement battery provided by HP, or a compatible battery purchased from HP.
- IMPORTANT: Removing a battery that is the sole power source for the computer can cause loss of information. To prevent loss of information, save your work or shut down the computer through Windows before you remove the battery.

Remove the battery:

- 1. Disconnect the battery cable from the system board (1).
- 2. Remove the five Phillips M2.0 × 3.5 screws (2) that secure the battery to the computer.

3. Remove the battery from the computer (3).



To insert the battery, reverse the removal procedures.

## **USB module**

To remove the USB module, use this procedure and illustration.

#### Table 5-3 USB module description and part number

Description	Spare part number
USB module	
For models in blue finish	N11564-001
For models in silver finish	N16841-001

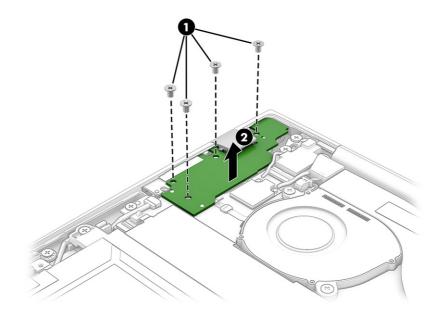
#### Before removing the USB module, follow these steps:

- 1. Prepare the computer for disassembly (Preparation for disassembly on page 38).
- 2. Remove the bottom cover (Bottom cover on page 38).
- 3. Remove the battery (see <u>Battery on page 39</u>).

#### Remove the USB board

1. Remove the four Phillips M2.0 × 3.0 screws (1).

#### 2. Remove the USB board (2).



Reverse this procedure to install the USB module.

## Solid-state drive

To remove the M.2 solid-state drive, use this procedure and illustration.

#### Table 5-4 Solid-state drive descriptions and part numbers

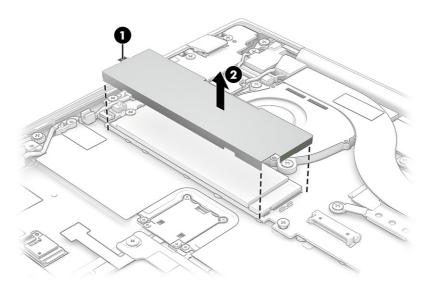
Description	Spare part number
2 TB, PCIe-4 × 4, ZTurbo, M.2 2280, TLC	M52027-002
1 TB, PCIe-4 × 4, NVMe, M.2 2280, TLC	M16560-002
512 GB, PCIe NVMe value, M.22280	L85364-002
512 GB, PCIe-4 × 4, M.2 2280, NVMe, TLC	M17436-002
512 GB, PCIe-4 × 4, M.2 2280, NVMe, TLC, SED	M52031-002
256 GB, PCle-4 × 4, ZTurbo, TLC, M.2 2280	M52025-002
256 GB, PCIe-4 × 4, TLC, SED, M.2 2280	M52029-002
256 GB, PCIe, TLC, SED, M.2 2230, NVMe value	M11042-002

Before removing the solid-state drive, follow these steps:

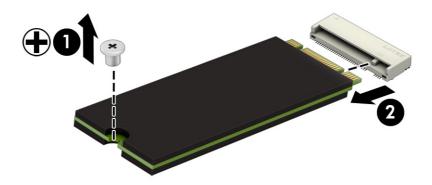
- 1. Prepare the computer for disassembly (see <u>Preparation for disassembly on page 38</u>).
- 2. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 38</u>).
- 3. Remove the battery (see <u>Battery on page 39</u>).

Remove the solid-state drive:

1. Use the tab to lift the metal cover from the solid-state drive (1), and then remove the cover (2).



- 2. Remove the Phillips M2.0 × 2.5 screw (1) that secures the drive to the computer.
- 3. Pull the drive away from the socket to remove it (2).



To install the solid-state drive, reverse the removal procedures.

**NOTE:** Solid-state drives are designed with a notch to prevent incorrect insertion.

## WWAN module

To remove the WWAN module, use this procedure and illustration.

#### Table 5-5 WWAN module descriptions and part numbers

Description	Spare part number
LTE, 5G with GPS, M.2	M46335-005
LTE with GPS, M.2	M52040-005
LTE with GPS M.2	M52040-005
LTE, 5G with GPS M.2	M46335-005
Cable kit for WWAN models	N11558-001

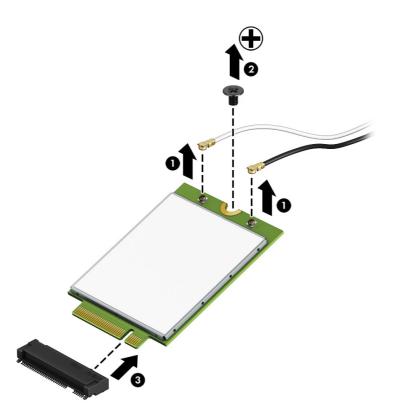
**IMPORTANT:** To prevent an unresponsive system, replace the wireless module only with a wireless module authorized for use in the computer by the governmental agency that regulates wireless devices in your country or region. If you replace the module and then receive a warning message, remove the module to restore device functionality, and then contact technical support.

Before removing the WWAN module, follow these steps:

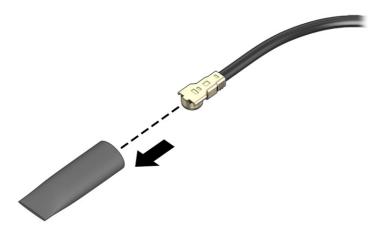
- 1. Prepare the computer for disassembly (see <u>Preparation for disassembly on page 38</u>).
- 2. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 38</u>).
- 3. Remove the battery (see <u>Battery on page 39</u>).

Remove the WWAN module:

- 1. Disconnect the WWAN antenna cables (1) from the terminals on the WWAN module.
- 2. Remove the Phillips M2.0 × 2.0 screw (2) that secures the WWAN module to the bottom cover. (The WWAN module tilts up.)
- 3. Remove the WWAN module (3) by pulling the module away from the slot at an angle.
- NOTE: Models have either one or two WLAN antennas. On models with two antennas, the #1 white WLAN antenna cable connects to the WLAN module #1 Main terminal. The #2 black WLAN antenna cable connects to the WLAN module #1 Aux terminal.



4. If the WWAN antenna is not connected to the terminal on the WWAN module, a protective sleeve must be installed on the antenna connector, as shown in the following illustration.



Reverse this procedure to install the WWAN module.

## **Speakers**

To remove the speakers, use this procedure and illustration.

#### Table 5-6 Speaker description and part number

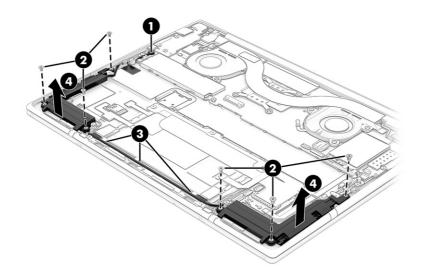
Description	Spare part number
Speaker Kit	N08563-001

Before removing the speakers, follow these steps:

- 1. Prepare the computer for disassembly (see <u>Preparation for disassembly on page 38</u>).
- 2. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 38</u>).
- 3. Remove the battery (see <u>Battery on page 39</u>).

Remove the speakers:

- 1. Disconnect the speaker cable (1).
- 2. Remove the six Phillips M2.0 × 2.0 screws (2) that secure each speaker to the computer.
- 3. Remove the speakers from the computer (3).



Reverse this procedure to install the speakers.

## **Fingerprint reader board**

To remove the fingerprint reader board, use this procedure and illustration.

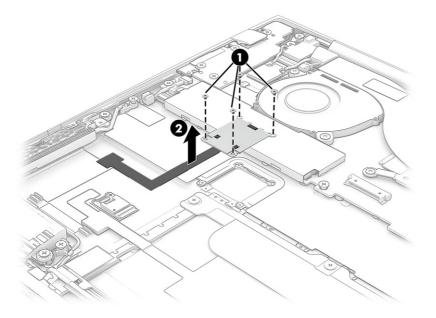
Description	Spare part number
Fingerprint reader board in models with blue finish	N16839-001
Fingerprint reader board in models with silver finish	N16840-001

Before removing the fingerprint reader board, follow these steps:

- 1. Prepare the computer for disassembly (see Preparation for disassembly on page 38).
- 2. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 38</u>).
- 3. Remove the battery (see <u>Battery on page 39</u>).

Remove the fingerprint reader board:

- 1. Disconnect the cable from the ZIF connector on the system board.
- Remove the four Phillips M1.2 × 1.4 screws (1) that secure the fingerprint reader bracket to the computer (2).
- 3. Rotate the bracket upward, and then remove the bracket from the computer (3).
- 4. Remove the fingerprint reader board (4).



Reverse this procedure to install the fingerprint reader board.

## Touchpad

To remove the touchpad, use this procedure and illustration.

Table 5-8	Touchpad description and part number
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Description	Spare part number
Touchpad	
Blue finish	N08577-001
Silver finish	N08578-001

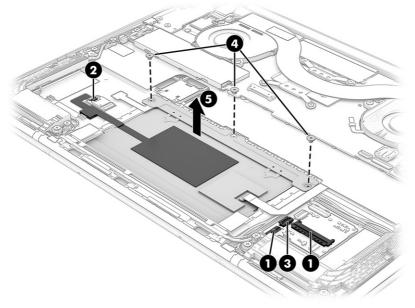
Before removing the touchpad, follow these steps:

1. Prepare the computer for disassembly (see <u>Preparation for disassembly on page 38</u>).

- 2. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 38</u>).
- 3. Remove the battery (see <u>Battery on page 39</u>).

Remove the touchpad:

- 1. Disconnect the keyboard cable (1) from the transfer board.
- 2. Disconnect the fingerprint reader cable (2) from the fingerprint reader board.
- **3.** Disconnect the touchpad cable **(3)** from the transfer board.
- 4. Remove the three Phillips M2.0 × 2.0 screws that secure the touchpad bracket to the computer (4).
- 5. Remove the touchpad bracket and touchpad from the computer (5).



Reverse this procedure to install the touchpad.

## **NFC module**

To remove the NFC module, use this procedure and illustration.

Table 5-9	NFC module description and part number
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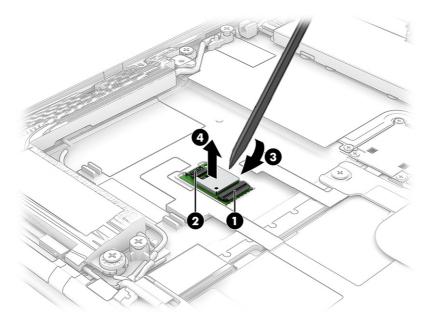
Description	Spare part number
NFC module	M08706-001

Before removing the NFC module, follow these steps:

- 1. Prepare the computer for disassembly (<u>Preparation for disassembly on page 38</u>).
- 2. Remove the bottom cover (Bottom cover on page 38).
- 3. Remove the battery (see <u>Battery on page 39</u>).

Remove the NFC module:

- 1. Release the ZIF connector (1) to which the NFC module cable is connected, and then disconnect the NFC module cable from the system board.
- 2. Release the ZIF connector (2) to which the NFC module cable is connected, and then disconnect the NFC module cable from the SD card board.
- 3. Using a tool, lift the NFC module (3), and then remove the NFC module cable (4).



Reverse this procedure to install the NFC module.

## System board

To remove the system board, use these procedures and illustrations.

Description	Spare part number
System board (includes processor):	
All system boards use the following part numbers:	
xxxxxx-001: Non-Windows operating system	
xxxxxx-601: Windows 10 operating system	
Intel Core i7-1265U processor with 32 GB of system memory	N08576-xx1
Intel Core i7-1265U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08575-xx1
Intel Core i7-1265U processor with 32 GB of system memory (OSR)	N08574-x1
Intel Core i7-1265U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08573-xx1
Intel Core i7-1255U processor with 32 GB of system memory	N08572-xx1
Intel Core i7-1255U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08571-xx1
Intel Core i7-1255U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08570-xx1
Intel Core i5-1245U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08569-xx1

#### Table 5-10 System board descriptions and part numbers (continued)

Description	Spare part number
Intel Core i5-1245U processor with 8 GB of system memory (OSR)	N08568-xx1
Intel Core i5-1245U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08567-xx1
Intel Core i5-1245U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08566-xx1
Intel Core i5-1235U processor with 8 GB of system memory	N08565-xx1
Intel Core i5-1235U processor with 16 GB of system memory	N08564-xx1

Before removing the system board, follow these steps:

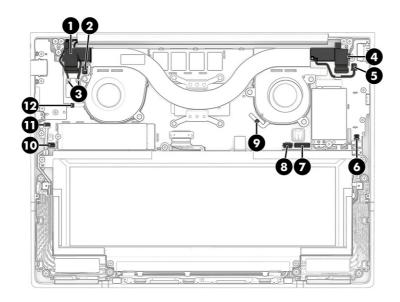
- 1. Prepare the computer for disassembly (see <u>Preparation for disassembly on page 38</u>).
- 2. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 38</u>).
- 3. Remove the battery (see <u>Battery on page 39</u>).

When you replace the system board, be sure to remove the following components (as applicable) from the defective system board and install them on the replacement system board:

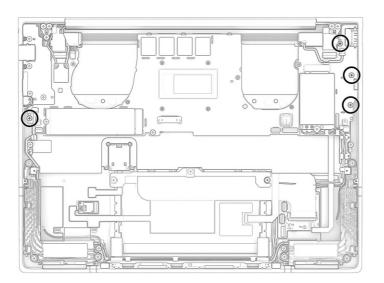
• Heat sink and fan assembly (see <u>Heat sink and fan assembly on page 52</u>).

#### Remove the system board:

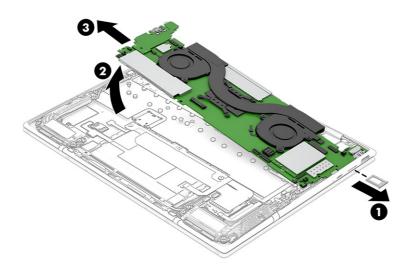
- 1. Disconnect the following cables from the system board:
  - Webcam cable (ZIF) (1)
  - Tweeter cable (2)
  - Antenna cables (2) (3)
  - Display cable (4)
  - Tweeter cable (5)
  - Speaker cable (6)
  - Extend cable (ZIF) (7)
  - Backlight cable (8)
  - Fan cable (9)
  - Fingerprint reader cable (10)
  - Speaker cable (11)
  - Fan cable (12)



2. Remove the four Phillips M2.0 × 3.5 screws that secure the system board.



**3.** Remove the SIM card from the SIM card holder **(1)**. Rotate the system board up **(2)**, and then remove the system board from the computer **(3)**.



Reverse this procedure to install the system board.

## Heat sink and fan assembly

To remove the heat sink, use these procedures and illustrations.

#### Table 5-11 Heat sink descriptions and part numbers

Description	Spare part number
Heat sink with fan	N11560-001
Thermal pad kit	N19698-001

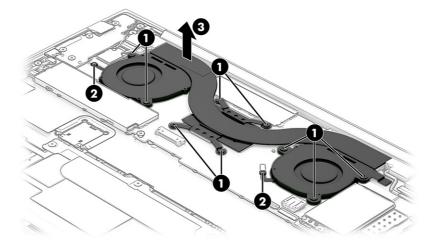
Before removing the heat sink, follow these steps:

- 1. Prepare the computer for disassembly (see <u>Preparation for disassembly on page 38</u>).
- 2. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 38</u>).
- 3. Remove the battery (see <u>Battery on page 39</u>).

Remove the heat sink:

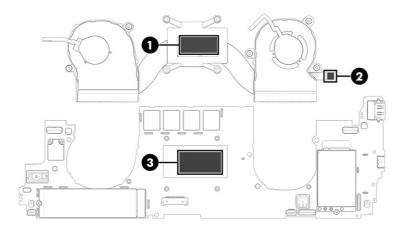
1. In the order indicated on the heat sink, remove the four Phillips M2.0 × 4.0 screws (1) that secure the heat sink to the computer.

2. Remove the heat sink from the computer (2).



3. Thoroughly clean the thermal material from the surfaces of the heat sink and the system board components each time the heat sink is removed. Replacement thermal material is included with the heat sink and system board spare part kits. The following illustration shows the replacement thermal material locations.

Thermal paste is used on the system board components (1), (3) and on the heat sink areas (2), (4) that service them.



Reverse this procedure to install the heat sink.

## **Tweeter modules**

To remove the tweeter modules, use this procedure and illustration.

#### Table 5-12 Tweeter module description and part number

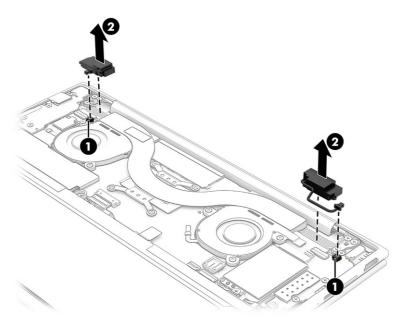
Description	Spare part number
Speaker kit (includes tweeter modules)	N08563-001

Before removing the tweeter modules, follow these steps:

- 1. Prepare the computer for disassembly (<u>Preparation for disassembly on page 38</u>).
- 2. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 38</u>).
- 3. Remove the battery (see <u>Battery on page 39</u>).

Remove the tweeter modules:

- 1. Disconnect the tweeter cables that secure the tweeters to the system board (1).
- 2. Remove the tweeter modules (2).



Reverse this procedure to install the tweeter modules.

## **Display assembly**

To remove and disassemble the display assembly, use these procedures and illustrations.

Full hinge-up displays are not available as spare parts. Spare parts for displays are available only at the subcomponent level.

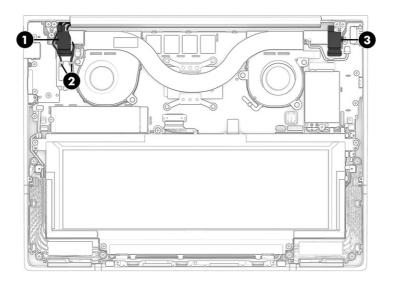
Before removing the display panel, follow these steps:

- 1. Prepare the computer for disassembly (see <u>Preparation for disassembly on page 38</u>).
- 2. Remove the bottom cover (see <u>Bottom cover on page 38</u>).
- 3. Remove the battery (see <u>Battery on page 39</u>).

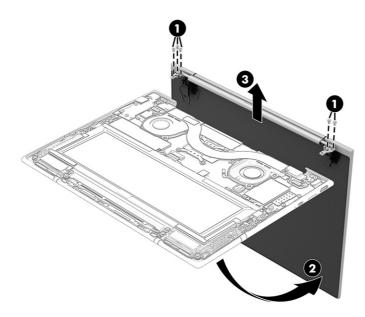
Remove the display assembly:

1. Disconnect the webcam cable from the system board (1), and disconnect the antenna cables from the WLAN module (2).

2. Disconnect the display cable from the system board (3).



- 3. Remove the five Phillips M2.5 × 5.0 screws (1) that secure the display assembly to the computer.
- 4. Rotate the display upward to open the hinges (2).
- **5.** Separate the display assembly from the computer **(3)**.



Reverse this procedure to reassemble and replace the display assembly.

## Keyboard with top cover

The top cover with keyboard remains after removing all other spare parts from the computer. In this section, the first table provides the main spare part number for the top cover/keyboards. The second table provides the country codes.

#### Table 5-13 Keyboard with top cover descriptions and part numbers

Description	Spare part number
Top cover with keyboard, backlit	N08579-001
Top cover with keyboard, backlit, for use in privacy models	N08580-001
Top cover with keyboard, backlit, for use in WWAN models	N08581-001
Top cover with keyboard, backlit, for use in WWAN and privacy models	N08582-001

#### Table 5-14 Spare part country codes

For use in country or region	Spare part number	For use in country or region	Spare part number	For use in country or region	Spare part number
Belgium	-A41	Iceland	-DD1	Saudi Arabia	-171
Brazil	-201	India	-D61	Slovenia	-BA1
Bulgaria	-261	Israel	-BB1	South Korea	-AD1
Chile	-161	Italy	-061	Spain	-071
Czech Republic/Slovakia	-FL1	Japan	-291	Switzerland	-BG1
Denmark, Finland, and Norway	-DH1	Kazakhstan	-DF1	Taiwan	-AB1
French Canada	-DB1	The Netherlands	-B31	Thailand	-281
France	-051	Northern Africa	-FP1	Turkey	-141
Germany	-041	Portugal	-131	Ukraine	-BD1
Greece	-151	Romania	-271	United Kingdom	-031
Hungary	-211	Russia	-251	United States	-001

# 6 Troubleshooting guide

This chapter primarily focuses on troubleshooting HP Mobile Workstations. The information is provided so that you can solve problems yourself or at least narrow down the number of possible causes.

Based on some of the most common symptoms, this chapter identifies logical steps and available resources or tools for resolving an issue. HP recommends that you follow the instructions carefully, observe safety precautions, and note any observations or results. Capturing this information can help identify and resolve the problem more quickly.

**WARNING!** To reduce the risk of electric shock or damage to the equipment:

- Do not disable the power cord grounding plug. The grounding plug is an important safety feature.
- Plug the power cord into a grounded (earthed) outlet that is easily accessible at all times.
- Disconnect power from the equipment by unplugging the power cord from the AC outlet.
- Before disassembling notebooks, always disconnect power and remove the battery.

**IMPORTANT:** Static electricity can damage the electronic components of the computer. To prevent damage to the computer, carefully observe the electrostatic discharge precautions.

- Discharge static electricity by briefly touching a grounded metal object before you begin.
- Work on a static-free mat.
- Wear a static strap to ensure that any accumulated electrostatic charge is discharged from your body to the ground.
- Create a common ground for the equipment that you are working on by connecting the static-free mat, static strap, and peripheral units to that piece of equipment.
- For more information, see <u>Electrostatic discharge information on page 30</u>.

**IMPORTANT:** The computer includes customer self-repair parts and parts that should be accessed only by an authorized service provider. Accessing parts described in the chapter titled "Removal and replacement procedures for authorized service provider only parts" can damage the computer or void the computer warranty.

## Resources

Use this table to locate troubleshooting resources.

HP Resource Tool	Description	Link			
HP Elite Support	Provides live HP Premium support (available 24/7) to Elite computers.	<u>http://www8.hp.com/us/en/ads/elite-</u> products/overview.html			
HP Customer Support	Provides important support, such as warranty, support cases, drivers, Customer Advisories, Customer and Security Bulletins, and Product Change Notices.	https://support.hp.com/us-en/contact-hp			

Table 6-1 Troubleshooting resources and their descriptions

HP Resource Tool	Description	Link
Subscribers Choice	Allows you to sign up for HP product updates.	http://www8.hp.com/us/en/subscribe/
HP Support Forums	Provide discussions about HP products and issues.	http://h30434.www3.hp.com/psg/
Service Access Workbench (SAW) (available for technicians and Business Partners only)	Provides navigable content intended for use by internal and outsourced call center staff and can be a resource for support and product division professionals.	http://sawpro.atlanta.hp.com/km/saw/ home.do
Vendors' web sites	Provide additional information for associated components such as Intel (processor, WLAN), Microsoft (Windows 7, 8, 10), AMD®/NVIDIA® (GPU),	<u>http://www.intel.com/</u> content/www/us/en/homepage.html
	and so on.	http://www.amd.com
		http://www.nvidia.com

## General troubleshooting steps

This section helps you become familiar with troubleshooting methodology and efficiently resolve problems.

Proceed through the steps in the following table until the issue is resolved, and then move on to the next step that is relevant to the issue. For example, if you resolve a memory issue using the HP PC Diagnostics (UEFI) tool in step 6, you can then move on to step 10 to reseat the memory into its memory slot.

**NOTE:** You can ignore troubleshooting steps that do not apply to your issue.

Identify issue	Analyze issue	Resolve issue	Verify solution
<u>1. Understand the issue on</u> page 59	<u>5. Remove or uninstall recently</u> added hardware, software on	8. Hard reset on page 68	Verify solution on page 72
	page 62	9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 69	page / 2
2. Examine the environment on page 61	6. HP Hardware Diagnostics and	10. Reseat cables and connections on page	
3. Perform a visual inspection	Tools on page 62	<u>69</u>	
of hardware on page 61	<u>7. Status lights, blinking light</u> codes, troubleshooting lights, and	11. Test with minimum configuration on page 70	
<u>4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 62</u>	POST error messages on page 65	12. Test with verified working configuration (hardware or operating system) on page 71	
		13. Replace the system board on page 71	

#### Table 6-2 Troubleshooting methodology and general troubleshooting steps

## Identify the issue

Use these guidelines to correctly determine the problem.

## 1. Understand the issue

It is important to understand the issue that occurred, including related symptoms. It helps to understand the basic computer boot-up sequence as well as the failure itself.

#### **Boot up sequence**

The computer performs several steps after you press the power button or restart the computer.

It is important to understand where in the boot-up sequence the symptoms occur. The following table lists the phases of the boot-up sequence and explains the symptoms that may occur in each phase. For example, a blue screen error (BSOD) often occurs during the performance phase.

ltem	Procedure					
Startup	After you press the power button, the computer boots after all internal power rails (such as 5 V, 3.3 V) are stable.					
	Confirm that power lights are on and fan is spinning.					
	Common issues: all lights are off; troubleshooting lights are on; computer does not boot; video is absent.					
POST (UEFI/BIOS)	Power-On Self-Test (POST) verifies that hardware components (such as processor, hard drive, memory) are functional. When POST is complete, the HP logo appears briefly and then disappears.					
	If there are errors, the computer may exhibit blinking lights and POST error messages, and so on.					
	Common issues: lights blink; error message appears; system hangs (lock up or freezes)					
Performance (operating system)	System boots to operating system, and Windows logo screen appears.					
(operating system)	Common issues: hangs, blue screen, distorted video, driver conflict, slow performance, display issue (dead pixel), I/O issue (no speaker sound), wireless/audio unavailable, noise.					
	See <u>Analyze the issue on page 62</u> table for detailed troubleshooting information.					

Table 6-3 Boot-up sequence and associated failures

#### Failure classification

*Failure classification* is a breakdown of different types of failures and symptoms that could occur during the boot-up sequence.

<u>Table 6-4 Failure classification by boot-up sequence on page 60</u> and <u>Table 6-5 Failure classification by</u> <u>hardware devices on page 60</u> represent the failure classification for common notebook failures.

<u>Table 6-4 Failure classification by boot-up sequence on page 60</u> categorizes failures by the boot-up sequence.

- 1. Power-on: Common issues are no power, recycle, or reboot.
- 2. POST: Common issues are no boot (despite power), light flash, or diagnostics error.
- **3.** Performance: Common issues are Intermittent Loss of Power, Blue Screen, Hang. In many cases, issues can be identified and associated with particular hardware (for example, display or storage).

Table 6-5 Failure classification by hardware devices on page 60 categorizes failures by hardware:

- Display
- I/O (input/output) devices

- Storage
- Mechanical

A single symptom can be listed under different groups. For example, No Video can belong to (1) power-on or (4) display; but flickering when turned on should be listed in (4) display. Or, in another example, a blue screen can be caused by a driver conflict in performance (4), but it can also be caused by a defective hard drive under (6) storage. Therefore, failures that share similar symptoms are noted.

If possible, make a record of the failure symptom, the phase of the boot-up sequence where the failure occurs, and the most likely location in the failure tree (<u>Table 6-4 Failure classification by boot-up sequence</u> <u>on page 60</u> and <u>Table 6-5 Failure classification by hardware devices on page 60</u>). This record helps isolate the issue and indicate the next steps. For example, when the computer is running the operating system, it can experience an issue with (4) display, (5) I/O devices (keyboard, wireless, and so on), (6) storage, or (7) mechanical components (stuck buttons, thermal shutdown, and so on).

NOTE: Uncategorized is used if an issue found is not listed. For example, Bluetooth is offered on certain hardware configurations; therefore, you can classify a Bluetooth issue under I/O Device if needed.

#### Failure classification by boot-up sequence

Use this table to locate failure classification information.

#### Table 6-4 Failure classification by boot-up sequence

1. P	1. Power-on		2. POST		3. Performance		
1.	No power on page 74	1.	<u>No video (with power) on page 81</u>	1.	Intermittent shutdown on page 84 <sup>a</sup>		
2.	Intermittent power-on, shutdown,	2.	Blinking lights on page 82	2.	Blue screen on page 85 <sup>b</sup>		
3.	<u>reboot on page 76</u> ª <u>AC adapter issue on page 77</u>	3.	<u>Diagnostic error messages on</u> page 82	3.	Freeze at Windows Logo (hang or lockup on page 87		
4.	Battery not recognized, not charging on page 78	4.	BIOS password on page 83	4.	<u>Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) on</u> page 88		
5.	Battery discharges too fast on page			5.	No wake up on page 88		
6.	<u>79</u> Burnt smell on page 80			6.	Unresponsive on page 89		
0.	built shiell of page 60			7.	Slow performance on page 90 <sup>c</sup>		
				8.	HP Smart Adapter warning message on page 90		
				9.	Incorrect time and date on page 91		

#### Failure classification by hardware devices

To determine failure by device, use this table.

Table 6-5 Failure classification by hardware devices

4. Display		5. I/	/O devices	6. Storage		7. Mechanical	
1.	Display anomalies on page 92	1.	Keyboard on page 98	1.	Hard drive or solid-state drive not recognized on page 107	1.	<u>Noise (sound) on page</u> <u>110</u>

Table 6-5 Failure classification by hardware devices (cor	ntinued)
---	----------

4. Display	5. I/O devices	6. Storage	7. Mechanical
<ol> <li><u>Dead pixel on page 94</u></li> <li><u>No video (internal) on</u></li> </ol>	2. <u>Keyboard pointing stick</u> (select products only) on page 99	2. <u>No boot to operating</u> system (no read-write error) on page 108	<ol> <li>Fan runs constantly on page 111</li> <li>Thermal shutdown (hot)</li> </ol>
<u>page 94</u> <b>d</b> <b>1.</b> <u>No video (external) on</u>	<b>3.</b> <u>Keyboard backlight on</u> page 100	<b>3.</b> <u>Read-write error on page</u> <u>108</u>	on page 112
page 95 <sup>d</sup> 5. <u>DisplayPort/VGA on page</u>	4. <u>Touchpad on page 100</u>	<ol> <li><u>Slow performance on</u> page 109<sup>c</sup></li> </ol>	
<u>95</u> <b>5.</b> HDMI on page 95	5. <u>Network connectivity</u> (RJ-45 jack) on page 101	5. <u>Blue screen (BSOD) error</u> on page 109 <sup>b</sup>	
7. <u>No or bad external video</u> via docking on page 96	6. <u>Network connectivity</u> wireless (WLAN) on page 101	6. <u>Noisy hard drive on page</u> 109	
<b>B.</b> <u>Incorrect or missing color/</u>	<b>7.</b> <u>WWAN on page 102</u>		
<u>distorted image on page</u> <u>97</u>	8. <u>USB on page 102</u>		
<b>9.</b> <u>Touch screen on page 97</u>	9. Smart card reader on page 103		
	<b>10.</b> <u>Speaker, headphone -</u> <u>audio issues on page 104</u>		
	<b>11.</b> <u>Thunderbolt (TB) on page</u> 105		

#### 2. Examine the environment

It is important to examine the computer's environment. If you can quickly identify the cause of the issue, fewer resolution steps might be needed. Perform the following environment inspections:

- Check all cables and connections to be sure that no connections are loose.
- Confirm that power sources are good, such as AC outlet or adapter (110 V/220 V ac), power strip. Test with
  a verified working AC outlet.
- Check for compatibility issues between the computer and third-party devices, peripherals, uncertified devices, incompatible hardware (for instance, Mac OS device). Incompatibility can result in blue screen errors, improper operation, and so on.
- Isolate the computer from sources of electromagnetic interference (EMI), such as cell phones, two-way
  radios, floor mats, fans (and other electronic motors). EMI may contribute to a display freeze issue or
  lock-up.

#### 3. Perform a visual inspection of hardware

Perform a physical inspection of the computer.

- Look for abnormalities such as a cracked display, dented battery, broken latches for battery bay, keyboard key caps popped out, dust over connectors, liquid spill over keyboard.
- Look for signs of drop, movement, or vibration that may cause internal and external loose connections.

### 4. Update BIOS and drivers

Whenever possible, update to the latest BIOS, firmware, and drivers before troubleshooting.

IMPORTANT: Note that some customer company policies prohibit updates. Check your company policy before taking action.

The updates may include fixes for your computer issues, and they may also enhance system performance. HP continually improves the update process to make it easier. You can update the BIOS locally through a manual process, through an automatic installation, or through a remote installation on multiple units.

#### Manually updating BIOS and drivers

Use this information to update the BIOS.

- To manually update the BIOS and drivers, see the Setup Utility (BIOS) chapter.
- See the specific BIOS update installation instructions that accompany the download.

#### Remotely deploying the BIOS and drivers

Instead of manually searching for and downloading each SoftPaq, users and IT personnel can use two tools to identify and download all appropriate SoftPaqs for the selected HP models.

- HP SoftPaq Download Manager (SDM) is a software tool that streamlines the download, extraction, and installation process of SoftPaqs, including BIOS and drivers.
- HP System Software Manager (SSM) is a software tool that simplifies the deployment of SoftPaqs to HP computers.

## Analyze the issue

Use these steps to evaluate and interpret the problem.

#### 5. Remove or uninstall recently added hardware, software

HP has designed this computer and validated it using a full-range hardware and software qualification matrix. If an issue appears to have started recently, it may be related to the recent addition of hardware or software.

A good method to determine the root cause is to remove recently added components or uninstall applications one at a time and restart the computer when necessary.

IMPORTANT: After you have completed the process of uninstalling hardware or software and are ready to reinstall, be sure that the new device seated properly and all cables are correctly connected. After installing the device, restart the computer, and be sure that the new device is turned on. In addition, if the new device is a root cause of a problem, it could cause a conflict in drivers or incompatibility issues with other installed programs. For any new hardware you have added, be sure to install the latest drivers available from the device vendor website.

#### 6. HP Hardware Diagnostics and Tools

HP offers diagnostics and tools to diagnose hardware failure. This section describes how to use some of these tools. Make sure to check for the latest versions before use.

#### HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI)

HP PC Hardware Diagnostics is a Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) that allows you to run diagnostic tests to determine whether the computer hardware is functioning properly.

The HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool is built within BIOS (basic memory and hard drive diagnostics only), or within new hard drives themselves. These drives contain more advanced versions of the diagnostic tool than the BIOS-based version.

In addition, for HP authorized service partners and IT professionals who need to support a mixed environment of older and newer HP/Compaq PCs, the HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Tool

http://www8.hp.com/us/en/campaigns/hpsupportassistant/pc-diags.html?jumpid=va\_r602\_us/en/any/pps/pl\_ot\_ob\_ds ) supports a wide range of HP computers.

The tool runs outside the operating system so that it can isolate hardware failures from software issues, whether caused by the operating system or applications. In reality, you can determine many problems using this tool if the issue is a defective part or a loose connection (for example, reseating the keyboard cable after the tool reports a keyboard error).

The tool has three major functions:

- System Tests check the computer's hardware to verify that everything is functioning properly. If your system won't boot into Windows, try the Quick System Test. For more comprehensive testing, use the Extensive System Test option. If the System Test did not detect a hardware problem, continue with the Component Tests.
- Component Tests focus on selected hardware components in your computer.
- Firmware Management update your computer's BIOS to the latest version (available separately) or rolls back to a previous version.
- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, quickly press the esc key on the computer, and then press f2. The BIOS searches three places for the diagnostic tools, in the following order:
  - a. Connected USB drive
    - **b.** Hard drive
    - c. BIOS
- 2. When the diagnostic tool opens, use the keyboard arrow keys to select the type of diagnostic test you want to run, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

Screen capture appearance may vary.

HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI Version 5.8.0.
System Information System Tests Component Tests Firmware Management Test Logs Language Exit
Component Tests Select one of the following tests to check the associated sub-system.

- **NOTE:** Use this tool, especially when the computer cannot boot to Windows.
- NOTE: If a component fails a test, write down the information so that it is available when you contact support. The information is also available in **Test Logs** on the Main Menu.

For more information, see Using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics on page 142

## HP BIOS Configuration Utility (BCU)

HP BCU is a free utility that captures the BIOS settings and their values. This tool provides a text file of the computer's BIOS configuration. This file can help identify any settings that may be contributing to an issue.

In some cases, it may help to compare this BIOS text file to the default settings of the computer.

For more information, see the <a href="http://ftp.hp.com/pub/caps-softpaq/cmit/whitepapers/BIOS\_Configuration\_Utility\_User\_Guide.pdf">http://ftp.hp.com/pub/caps-softpaq/cmit/whitepapers/BIOS\_Configuration\_Utility\_User\_Guide.pdf</a>.

NOTE: HP recommends that you reset BIOS before trying BCU. Resetting the BIOS is always available and relatively quick to try, whereas BCU takes extra time and effort.

#### **HP Image Diagnostic Tool**

Available to HP Authorized Support Partners (ASPs) and users, this tool collects information about the current state of the computer, including product serial number, platform and BIOS information, and information about user-installed software and hardware components.

Access this tool at <u>ftp://ftp.hp.com/pub/idr/ImageDiags/</u>. HP encourages you to review the report before sending it to support. The report may assist you with diagnostics and solutions to problems you encounter.

#### **HP Thermal Monitor**

You can use HP Thermal Monitor to stress the processor and GPU and monitor the temperature values of various components in the system.

### **NOTE:** Available only to authorized service providers and technicians.

The components that are currently monitored include the processor, GPU, ACPI thermal zones, hard drive, and battery. The tool reads the temperatures of the components, logs the data, and helps to determine whether the computer would overheat in the event of thermal shutdown, fan spinning loud, and so on.

#### Non HP diagnostics tools

Refer to the following diagnostic tools for troubleshooting help.

#### Windows-to-Go USB

Windows-To-Go USB is a Microsoft-based tool for Enterprise editions of Windows that can help in troubleshooting. You can find a process online about how to create a live Windows USB drive. For more information, see <a href="https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh831833.aspx">https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh831833.aspx</a>.

#### Intel Processor Diagnostic Tool

Determine what processor is in your computer and verify the processor operating frequency. The tool also tests specific processor features and performs a stress test on the processor. For more information, see <a href="http://www.intel.com/support/processors/sb/CS-031726.htm?iid=subhdr+tools\_procdiagtool">http://www.intel.com/support/processors/sb/CS-031726.htm?iid=subhdr+tools\_procdiagtool</a>.

## 7. Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting lights, and POST error messages

Carefully observe any behavior that the computer may be exhibiting: status lights, blinking lights, and POST error messages during boot. It is important to understand what these indicators mean.

## Status lights

The following table describes basic lights on the computer.

#### Table 6-6 Power button functions and lights and their descriptions

Component	Description
Power button	When the computer is off, press the button to turn on the computer.
	When the computer is on, press the button briefly to initiate Sleep (Windows) or Suspend (Linux®).
	When the computer is in the Sleep state, press the button briefly to exit Sleep (Windows) or Suspend (Linux).
	When the computer is in Hibernation, press the button briefly to exit Hibernation.
	<b>IMPORTANT:</b> Pressing and holding down the power button results in the loss of unsaved information.

Component	Description
	If the computer stops responding and operating system shutdown procedures are ineffective, press and hold the power button.
Front power light	On: The computer is on.
	Blinking: The computer is in the Sleep state.
	Off: The computer is off.
Front AC adapter and battery light	White: The computer is connected to external power, and the battery is charged from 90% to 99%.
	Amber: The computer is connected to external power, and the battery is charged from 0 to 90%.
	Blinking amber: A battery that is the only available power source has reached a low battery level. When the battery reaches a critical battery level, the battery light blinks rapidly. By default, the critical battery level is defined in Power Options as 5%.
	Off: The battery is fully charged.
Front hard drive light	Blinking white: The hard drive is being accessed.
	Amber: HP 3D DriveGuard has temporarily parked the hard drive.
Rear AC adapter light	White: The computer is connected to external power.
	Off: The computer is not connected to external power.

#### Table 6-6 Power button functions and lights and their descriptions (continued)

## Blinking light codes

During startup, the computer may not boot properly. If this occurs, blinking light codes can help identify the cause.

The computer uses the following blinking lights to identify a hardware component that reports an error during startup. For more information, see <u>Blinking lights and boot error codes on page 114</u>.

Blink codes	Error
Amber battery light: blinks 1 Hz continuously	Embedded controller unable to load firmware
Caps and num lk lights = 1 blink	Processor not executing code
Caps and num lk lights = 2 blinks	BIOS recovery code unable to find valid BIOS recovery image
Caps and num lk lights = 3 blinks	Memory module error
Caps and num lk lights = 4 blinks	Graphics controller error
Caps and num lk lights = 5 blinks	System board error
Caps and num lk lights = 6 blinks	Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) Error
Caps and num lk lights = 7 blinks	Sure Start unable to find valid BIOS Boot Block image
Caps and num lk lights = 8 blinks	Sure Start has identified a problem (Manual Recovery Policy Set)

Table 6-7	Blinking light codes and what they mean
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## **POST error messages**

The Power-On Self-Test (POST) is a series of diagnostic tests that runs automatically when the computer is turned on. If the POST encounters a problem, visual error messages are displayed before the operating system starts.

POST checks the following items to ensure that the computer system is functioning properly:

- Memory
- Processors
- BIOS
- Mass storage devices
- Fans

The following table describes errors encountered during HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI).

#### Table 6-8 System diagnostics failure codes and actions to address the failure

Test description	Failure description	Error code	Suggested user actions
Startup Test	Memory module	200	Attempt to reseat the memory module, and then repeat the test.
			For details on troubleshooting issues related to the memory module, search for support documentation at <a href="http://www.hp.com/support">http://www.hp.com/support</a> .
Startup Test	Hard Disk 1 SMART	301	Attempt to reseat the hard drive, and repeat the test. The hard drive may have failed.
Boot Device Manager	Boot device not found	3F0	Reset BIOS. Then reseat the hard drive, and repeat the test.
BIOS Recovery	BIOS Recovery Occurred	500	This message indicates that BIOS recovery was completed successfully. No further action is required.
BIOS Application	BIOS Application Error	501	The BIOS installation may have become corrupted. Download the latest version of the BIOS and install it.
			If reinstalling the BIOS fails, contact support for further assistance.
CMOS Recovery	CMOS Recovery Occurred	502	This message indicates that CMOS recovery was completed successfully. No further action is required.
Battery Check	Primary Battery Replace	601	This message indicates that the primary battery has very low capacity. Search for support documentation at <u>http://www.hp.com/support</u> for details on using the HP Support Assistant to verify the battery capacity and, if necessary, order a replacement.
Wireless Modules	Not installed or responding	701	Reseat the wireless LAN adapter module and antennas.
			Because seating or reseating a wireless LAN adapter is unique to each computer model, see the WLAN module removal section in the removal and replacement chapter for further details.
			Contact support if third-party wireless adapters are installed in the computer.
Fan	Fan not operating correctly	90B	The system fan may be malfunctioning. Replace the fan.

# **Resolve the issue**

The following sections help you fix the issue.

## 8. Hard reset

A hard reset (or forced reset) erases all information in the computer's memory and may restore functionality. Resetting the computer forces the system to clear and reestablish the connections between the BIOS and the hardware.

For more information, see http://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c01684768.

Performing a hard reset might fix the following common conditions:

- Windows stops responding.
- Computer stops before Windows loads, indicated by incomplete startup, blinking cursor on a black background, and errors relating to operating system not found or a missing drive.
- Display suddenly goes blank and stays blank.
- Software freezes.
- Keyboard stops responding.
- The computer does not exit Sleep or Suspend state.
- An external device stops responding. Turn off the power to that device in addition to performing the steps in this document.

Before performing a hard reset, you must disconnect or remove all peripheral devices. Start and test the computer by itself, and if the problem is not resolved, reconnect one peripheral device at a time. To resolve the startup or operational problem, run HP Support Assistant, or manually install all updated drivers from Microsoft and HP.

Before beginning, turn the computer over and look for a battery compartment door (service door). On some platforms, the battery is considered removable but not accessible.

- 1. Turn off the computer.
- 2. Remove the computer from any port replicator or docking station.
- **3.** Disconnect all external connected peripheral devices such as USB storage devices, external displays, and printers.
- 4. Unplug the AC adapter from the computer.
- 5. Disconnect the battery.
- 6. Press and hold the power button for at least 15 seconds to drain residual power.
- 7. Reconnect the battery and plug the AC adapter back into the computer, but do not connect any of the peripheral devices.
- 8. Press the power button to turn on the computer.
- **9.** If a startup menu appears, use the arrow keys to select **Start Windows Normally**, and then press the enter key.

**10.** After reconnecting each of the peripheral devices, run Windows Update and HP Support Assistant to update all device drivers.

CMOS refers to the battery-powered semiconductor chip located on computer's system board. Notebooks store low-level settings like the system time and hardware settings in CMOS. Sometimes you must clear CMOS, which requires removing and reinserting the 3 V RTC battery for a short time (a few minutes before reinserting), in addition to removing the AC adapter and battery.

NOTE: Clearing the CMOS should only be performed for troubleshooting purposes. There is no reason to clear CMOS if the computer is working properly.

You must remove the notebook service door to access the CMOS battery. If the computer has a replaceable RTC battery, see the RTC battery replacement section for the battery removal or replacement.

## 9. Soft reset (Default Settings)

If your computer has issues booting, has errors during boot, has issues after you add hardware, or has other abnormal system behaviors that you cannot resolve through any other methods (for example, hard reset), it may be necessary to reset the system BIOS to default settings.

NOTE: Some company policies prohibit updates or changes. Check whether the computer has custom BIOS settings before taking action.

To load BIOS to default settings: Reboot the computer, and then press **f10 > Main > Restore defaults**. For more information, see <u>http://support.hp.com</u>, and the search for **BIOS Setup Utility Information and Menu Options**.

## 10. Reseat cables and connections

Many problems are caused by improper connections or loose connections because of abnormal movement and vibration.

NOTE: Before disassembling the computer to reseat cables and connections, always disconnect power and remove the battery, or disconnect a nonremovable battery.

See <u>Cable management on page 125</u> and <u>Connector types on page 126</u> for suggested cable management practices when you remove and install components.

You can access and reseat connections for Customer Self-Repair (CSR) parts. Examples of reseating hardware include:

- Reseating the battery into the battery bay can resolve no-battery found and no-charging issues.
- Reseating memory modules can resolve memory error, no-boot, and blue screen issues.
- Reseating the hard drive can resolve a POST error 3F0 (no boot device) issue (see <u>POST error messages</u> and user actions on page 116).
- Reseating the keyboard cable can resolve an unrecognized keys error.
- Reseating the wireless module and antenna cable can resolve a wireless connection issue.

For field replaceable units (FRUs), authorized service providers can try the following steps. For more information, see <u>Removal and replacement procedures for authorized service provider parts on page 38</u>.

- Reseating the fan cable can fix POST error 90B (no fan detected) issue (see <u>POST error messages and user</u> actions on page 116).
- Reseating the power cable can fix a no-boot issue.

- Reseating the daughterboards can resolve their functional issues. Some models may have items such as a power button board, VGA board, and others.
- Reseating graphics cables and panel connectors can fix distorted or flickering video.
- Replacing thermal pads may resolve thermal power-down issue.

## 11. Test with minimum configuration

The factory-shipped computer (hardware configuration and preinstalled operating system image) is well tested and ready for use. Therefore, using the original factory hardware configuration or booting to operating system safe mode often resolves issues quickly.

- Disconnect any external USB storage, remove any discs in optical drives, remove the computer from a docking station, remove external video, and others.
- In addition to removing recently added components, you can narrow the issue down further with a minimum configuration. For example, if HP PC Diagnostics reports a memory error, test one memory module at a time to isolate the defective module.
- If the computer does not successfully boot the operating system, booting to safe mode may help identify the following possible causes of the issue.

## Essential hardware configuration

If none of the previous steps resolve the issue, start the computer with essential hardware only. The purpose is to remove as much as hardware as possible while still maintaining the computer's ability to turn on.

NOTE: This step is to be used by authorized service providers only. HP will not honor the warranty for a system tested with the system board removed without the heat sink or fan.

This essential configuration is often used to troubleshoot power-on related issues, such as no-boot, reboot, and freezing issues.

The essential hardware consists of the following components:

- System board
- AC adapter (unplug nonremovable battery or remove battery)
- Processor (and heat sink or fan). (Processor may be integrated into the system board.)
- Memory (one verified working memory DIMM)
- Graphics card (if no VGA port is available on the system board). Platform may have both Intel integrated graphics and discrete graphics. Therefore, you might not need a discrete graphics card.
- External VGA monitor
- External USB keyboard
- External mouse

NOTE: After you remove the service door, disconnect all connections (internal keyboard, display, discrete GPU, hard drive or solid-state drive, daughterboards, and so on) to achieve the essential hardware configuration. **Do not** disassemble the system board from its enclosure at this time.

Reverse the previous procedure by reinstalling each piece of hardware removed, one piece at a time, and testing your computer after each installation. Because your computer works with only the essential hardware

installed, those parts must be working properly. This means that one of the hardware components removed is causing the computer to fail. By installing each device back into the computer and testing each time, you eventually identify the failing hardware.

#### Safe mode

A driver conflict often results in a blue screen error message. Booting in safe mode can resolve many issues in Windows because safe mode forces the computer to load a limited version of Windows which contains only essential files.

Safe mode is useful for troubleshooting problems with programs and drivers that might not start correctly or that might prevent Windows from starting correctly. If a problem does not reappear when you start in safe mode, eliminate the default settings and basic device drivers as possible causes. Refer to the following links for how to start your computer in safe mode:

- http://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c01835750
- <u>http://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c03439317</u>

## 12. Test with verified working configuration (hardware or operating system)

One troubleshooting technique that can quickly isolate an issue is using a verified working part while testing. A good example is to use an external keyboard, mouse, or VGA monitor when you have issues with an internal keyboard, touchpad, or display.

Testing with a verified working AC adapter can identify an error caused by a faulty one. Similarly, testing with a verified working operating system can determine bad behaviors of the current operating system. See <u>Non HP</u> <u>diagnostics tools on page 65</u> for instructions about obtaining and using a Windows-To-Go USB.

**NOTE:** In some situations, more than one item may contribute to a problem.

## 13. Replace the system board

Only authorized service providers may replace the system board. This should not be considered an initial step taken to resolve an issue.

Review and perform all steps discussed previously before replacing the system board. <u>4. Update BIOS and</u> <u>drivers on page 62, 7. Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting lights, and POST error messages</u> <u>on page 65, 8. Hard reset on page 68, and 9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 69, or 10. Reseat cables</u> <u>and connections on page 69</u> can resolve many system board issues without requiring the effort of replacing unnecessary hardware.

Review <u>Table 6-2 Troubleshooting methodology and general troubleshooting steps on page 58</u> for appropriate troubleshooting steps.

- **IMPORTANT:** System board failure is not common. Do not replace the system board until you have tried all other troubleshooting options.
- NOTE: Determine whether a previous service case might be related to the current problem. For example, a fan detection issue could be caused by a loose connection resulting from previous service.
- TIP: Without an RTC battery (3 V coin-cell battery), the computer automatically reboots. This feature is useful when the power connector cable (between external AC adapter and system board) is defective.
- **NOTE:** Most of the time, effective troubleshooting can prevent a system board replacement.

Situations that can prevent resolution of the issue:

- The information provided about the issue omits key details, including any actions taken before the issue occurred.
- BIOS, software, and drivers have not been updated.
- Cables or connections are loose.
- Technician is unaware of information available from the HP Support website (CA Customer Advisory).
- The issue is related to existing or known issues that might be identified in existing support articles.
- Technician might have omitted steps in the provided repair instructions (for example, Spare Part Replacement Instructions).
- Skipping one of steps from Troubleshooting Methodology table results in No Defect Found (NDF)/No Fault Found (NFF)/No Issue Detected (NID) messages.

# Verify solution

Confirm that the implemented solution works.

- Reboot the system or device, and try to complete the task that produced the issue.
- If a part has been replaced, verify other basic functions. For example, GPU replacement requires keyboard removal. Therefore, it is good practice to verify all basic components to be sure that the solution is complete.
- Explain to the customer why the issue occurred and what was done to resolve it. If the solution you used was in an HP public document, provide the document information to the customer, letting them know they can locate it on <a href="http://www.hp.com">http://www.hp.com</a>. Also, tell them that there are other solutions available on the website. Advise the customer to check the website first when they have an issue. It might save them time calling in.
- Document the correct issue. Update the case with as many details as possible for other agents and engineers to analyze and study for lessons learned.

# **Helpful Hints**

After you become familiar with the troubleshooting steps, use the helpful hints before running diagnostics and troubleshooting.

# At startup

These steps provide simple, useful checks that you can perform when troubleshooting.

- TIP: If you have installed an operating system other than the factory-installed operating system, go to <a href="http://www.hp.com/go/quickspecs">http://www.hp.com/go/quickspecs</a> and verify that it is supported on your system.
  - 1. Be sure that the computer is plugged into a working AC outlet.
  - 2. Be sure that power is connected to the docking station if you use a dock.
  - 3. Be sure that the AC adapter light is on.
  - 4. Be sure that the AC adapter is connected when you update BIOS to avoid BIOS corruption.

- 5. Be sure that the computer is turned on, the rear power light is solid white (connected to an external power source), and the front power light is solid white (normal operation).
- 6. Remove all optical and flash drives from your system before turning it on.
- 7. Be sure that the boot option is set to a working operating system drive.
- 8. Be sure that externally connected monitors are turned on and their power lights are on. Not all monitors are equipped with lights to indicate their functionality.
- 9. Turn up the brightness and contrast controls of a display or external display device if the screen is dim.

## **During operation**

The following steps provide simple, useful checks that you can perform when troubleshooting.

- 1. To wake the computer:
  - a. Press the power button or any key on the keyboard.
  - b. If the system remains in the Sleep (Windows), Suspend (Linux), or Hibernate state, shut down the system by pressing and holding the power button for at least 4 seconds.
  - c. If the system does not shut down, unplug the power cord, wait a few seconds, and then plug it in again. Then press the power button again to restart the system.
- 2. Look for blinking lights on the computer. The blinking lights could be error codes that help diagnose the problem.
- 3. Check all cables for loose or incorrect connections (external devices, power cords, dock, and so on).
- 4. After installing a non–Plug and Play expansion board or other option, reconfigure the computer. For example, if you upgrade to a solid-state drive, you might have to reconfigure the boot order.
- 5. Be sure that all required device drivers have been installed. For example, if you have connected a printer, you must install a printer driver.
- 6. If there is a network connection issue, plug another computer with a different cable into the network connection. There might be a problem with the network plug or cable.
- **7.** If hardware has recently been installed, remove it and determine whether the computer functions properly.
- 8. If software has recently been installed, uninstall it and determine whether the computer functions properly.
- **9.** If the screen is blank, confirm the display choice by pressing Windows logo + p and set to screen

only. Or plug an external monitor into a different video port on the computer, if one is available, and close the computer lid.

- **10.** Verify that the latest version of BIOS, drivers, and software are installed. A new release might support new features or fix the problem.
- **11.** Press the caps lock or num lk key. If the caps lock or num lk light toggles on or off, the keyboard is likely operating correctly.
- **12.** Press the touchpad On/Off button light. If the light toggles on or off, the touchpad is likely operating correctly.

# **Consulting with HP Service**

If further HP support is required, this information may be requested when you call. So it may be helpful to take notes.

- Technical support registration number (if applicable)
- Product serial number
- Product model name and number
- Product identification number
- Applicable error messages
- Add-on boards or hardware
- Third-party hardware or software
- Operating system type and revision level
- Description of symptom or failure

# Common issues and possible solutions

This section contains common issues, symptoms, and a series of tables that describe possible solutions to issues from Failure Classification tables. The following sections identify the issue with symptoms and solutions to resolve an issue.

## **Power-on issues**

Use the following sections to troubleshooting power issues.

## No power

When a unit experiences no power, there are several contributing factors to consider. Be sure to consider all symptoms related to this behavior when troubleshooting.

Table 6-9 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

Items	Procedures	
Symptoms	Possible causes	
Computer does not start	Failed power input to the computer (external power source, AC adapter, faulty battery).	
Display is black or blank	Bad connection to the computer (bad power button, power connector).	
No fan noise	Defective parts (memory, hard drive, graphics) or failed system board.	
• No hard drive spinning		
Lights do not glow		
	Troubleshooting steps	
	Perform quick check	
	Remove all external devices, including docking station.	

## Table 6-9 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

Items	Procedures			
	Verify external power source (2. Examine the environment on page 61).			
	Perform a hard reset (8. Hard reset on page 68).			
	Verify AC adapter			
	Verify the battery before verifying the AC adapter. However, you can verify the AC adapter first, before opening the service door for a battery check.			
	• Verify AC adapter is compatible with product. Verify that the part number is for this computer if possible.			
	• Verify AC adapter and power cord are good (no physical damage, bent middle ID pin).			
	• Verify AC adapter works on a verified working computer.			
	• Plug in AC adapter and power on computer without battery.			
	• Inspect power port on computer side for any damage, dust, or debris.			
	• Check power light (7. Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting lights, and POST error messages on page 65). Rear power light indicates external power to the computer is good.			
	Verify battery condition and status			
	<ol> <li>Check battery condition (overall result, cycle life, voltage) using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool.</li> </ol>			
	<ol><li>Verify that battery is installed properly in battery bay without a gap and that latch locks are tight (for models with removable batteries).</li></ol>			
	3. Check battery status light (7. <u>Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting lights, and POST error messages on page 65</u> ). Be sure that battery is not fully discharged, preventing system from booting.			
	4. Determine whether the computer can turn on with battery only.			
	<ol> <li>Remove service door and test with a verified working battery. If the computer boots, inspect original battery before replacement.</li> </ol>			
	<b>6.</b> Test battery with a verified working computer to verify that it works.			
	7. If the computer still does not boot, remove battery and boot on AC power only.			
The following steps are for authorized provider	s or technicians.			
	Verify AC adapter voltage			
	<ol> <li>Measure DC voltage output, which should be approximately 19.5 V dc. Acceptable voltage range is from 18.5 to 20.5 V dc.</li> </ol>			
	<b>2.</b> If the DC voltage is out of range, replace the AC adapter.			
	NOTE: This action requires a digital voltmeter.			
<b>IOTE:</b> Select models include a power cable	Verify power button, power connector			
between the system board and chassis power connector.	1. Be sure that power button is not stuck.			
0	2. Reseat power connector cable (if applicable).			
	3. Replace new power connector cable (if the cable exists and is defective)			

### Table 6-9 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

Items	Procedures			
	<ol> <li>To isolate faulty power connector cable and power button, technicians can short power-on pads or pins to turn on the computer. Contact HP Engineering for this information.</li> </ol>			
	<b>Verify blinking lights (</b> 7. <u>Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting lights, and</u> <u>POST error messages on page 65</u> )			
	At this point, there should be sufficient power from the AC adapter to the system board. Expect to hear the fan spinning and see blinking lights or error messages (for example, faulty memory, HDD).			
	Verify system board			
	<ol> <li>Test essential hardware configuration (<u>11. Test with minimum configuration on page 70, 12. Test with verified working configuration (hardware or operating system) on page 71, <u>13. Replace the system board on page 71</u>) by removing nonessential parts.</u></li> </ol>			
	<b>2.</b> If the computer still does not boot, replace system board.			
Tips	Computer automatically boots without pressing power button when the RTC 3 V battery is removed. Therefore, after the service door and RTC 3 V battery are removed, you do not have to press power button from top side.			
	In essential hardware configuration, mWS G1 and G2 may require discrete graphics processing unit (GPU) to boot. However, mWS G3 can boot with integrated graphics.			

# Intermittent power-on, shutdown, reboot

Use this information to troubleshoot power-on, shutdown, and reboot issues.

Table 6-10	Issues, possible	causes, and fixes
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lten	ns	Pro	redures
Syn	nptoms	Pos	sible causes
•	Does not always turn on Intermittently hangs	stra	trical short, fluctuating power source, unstable power rails, loose connections, bent pins, y wires, dust, obvious damage, nearly faulty parts (bulging or leaking capacitor). entially turn into a no-power issue ( <u>No power on page 74</u> ).
•	Intermittently shuts down		
•	Spontaneously reboots		
		Tro	ıbleshooting steps
		1.	Visually check power ports on both AC adapter and computer sides.
		2.	Inspect power sources:
			<ul> <li>Verify that the AC adapter is working correctly. Use a confirmed working adapter to test.</li> </ul>
			b. Verify that battery is not depleted while system is in the Sleep state. Test with a confirmed working battery.
The	following steps are for authoriz	zed pro	viders or technicians.
		1.	Follow actions in <u>No power on page 74</u> .

a. Be sure that AC adapter has correct DC voltage.

## Table 6-10 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

ltems	Procedures		
	b. Verify battery: test with a confirmed working battery.		
	c. Verify that power button is not stuck.		
	d. Verify that power connector is not loose.		
	e. Remedy loose connections and reseat major components (processor, memory, GPU hard drive, solid-state drive, and others).		
	<ol> <li>Perform visual check for loose connections, bent pins, stray wires, dust, nearly faulty pa (bulging or leaking capacitor).</li> </ol>		
	3. Test essential hardware configuration ( <u>11. Test with minimum configuration on page 70</u> )		
	<ul> <li>a. If system boots, reinstall nonessential hardware one component at a time to isolat issue.</li> </ul>		
	b. If system does not boot, replace essential hardware with verified working parts, on component at a time. If system still does not boot, replace system board.		

# AC adapter issue

Use this information to troubleshoot AC adapter issues.

Table 6-11         Issues, possible causes, and fixes	

		Solution	
Syn	nptoms	Possible causes	
	No sign of power	AC adapter and others (for example, external power source). <i>Troubleshooting steps</i>	
	No boot		
	No rear power light	Quick check	
	No front power light	1. Verify external power source ( <u>2. Examine the environment on page 61</u> ).	
)	Battery does not charge when AC	2. Remove all external devices, including docking station.	
	adapter is connected	<b>3.</b> Perform a hard reset for the computer ( <u>8. Hard reset on page 68</u> ).	
		<ol> <li>Disconnect and reassemble the power cord and adapter in case the adapter experienced short circuit, over current, over temperature events.</li> </ol>	
		<ol> <li>Use a verified working adapter. If the computer operates normally, there is a problem with the original adapter.</li> </ol>	
		<ol> <li>Verify that the AC adapter works on a verified working computer. If the comput- operates normally, there is no problem with the adapter. See <u>HP Smart Adapter</u> <u>warning message on page 90</u> for further information.</li> </ol>	
		Verify AC adapter	
		1. Remove working battery.	
		2. Verify that AC adapter is compatible with product. Verify that part number is for this computer if possible.	
		3. Inspect AC adapter and power cord for physical damage, bent middle ID pin.	
		<b>4.</b> Plug in AC adapter and power the computer without battery.	

### Table 6-11 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

	Solution	
	5. Inspect the power port on computer side for any damage, dust, debris.	
	6.	Check power light ( <u>7. Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting lights, and POST error messages on page 65</u> ). Rear power light indicates that external power to the computer is good.
	7.	If there is still no rear power light or no boot, replace the AC adapter.
Tips	The HP Smart AC adapter has a special pin in the middle, called the ID pin, for power rating and throttling. If this pin is broken, the rear power light turns on, but the power button and front power lights blink continuously, and the computer does not turn on. Third-party AC adapters do not work with the computer. Use the AC adapter that came with the computer for better performance.	

# Battery not recognized, not charging

Use this information to troubleshoot battery issues.

<b>Table 6-12</b>	lssues,	possible	causes,	and fixes
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lter	ns Procedures			
Symptoms		Possible causes		
•	No battery status light	Defective AC adapter , battery, or both.		
•	Blinking amber (critically low battery level)	NOTE: Before proceeding, verify that the computer can boot to BIOS or Windows with a good AC adapter.		
•	No boot without AC adapter			
		Troubleshooting steps		
		Visual inspections		
		<b>1.</b> Inspect battery connectors for any signs of damage.		
		2. Verify that battery is installed properly in battery bay without gap or obstructions and latch locks are tight. Reseat battery (for models with removable batteries).		
		<ol> <li>Determine whether battery gets hot (batteries heat up when charging, but not too ho to touch).</li> </ol>		
		<b>Check battery warranty</b> to see whether the battery is new or its warranty is expired. Batter capacity degrades over time.		
		Verify front battery status light		
		1. Battery status light is off: battery not recognized.		
		2. Battery status light is blinking amber: critically low battery level.		
		Reset		
		1. Hard reset ( <u>8. Hard reset on page 68</u> )		
		2. Soft reset ( <u>9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 69</u> )		
		Verify AC adapter		

ltems	Procedures
	<ol> <li>Determine whether the computer needs the AC adapter to boot and operate. Sometimes, an intermittently bad AC adapter and loose connection between adapter and computer results in inability to charge battery, which causes short run time.</li> </ol>
	<b>2.</b> Inspect AC adapter to verify that it is functioning.
	3. Test with a working AC adapter and confirm whether battery is charging.
	<b>4.</b> Be sure that battery is fully charged (AC adapter plugged in at least 2.5 hours).
	<b>Diagnostics:</b> HP tools report results such as passed, calibrate, weak, replace, no battery, and unknown, and they suggest corresponding actions.
	Use HP Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) (6. HP Hardware Diagnostics and Tools on page 62)
	HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) is a good tool to use to isolate and determine faulty battery, especially for quickly discharging (short life) battery.
	1. Verify that battery is recognized and charging.
	<ol> <li>Verify battery condition if battery cycle life is past its life expectancy (that is, past 1000-cycle life and 3-year warranty). Battery might need to be replaced.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>If issue remains, test with a verified working battery and verify battery status lights an battery conditions.</li> </ol>
	<b>4.</b> If issue remains, replace system board.
	5. Verify the new replacement.
Tips	See the computer user guide for instructions regarding battery maintenance and increasing battery life. Also see <a href="http://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c01297640?jumpid=hpr_r1002_usen_link3">http://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c01297640?jumpid=hpr_r1002_usen_link3</a> .

# Battery discharges too fast

Use this information to troubleshoot battery issues.

Table 6-13 Iss	sues, possible	causes, and	fixes
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Items	Procedures
Symptoms	Possible causes
Battery has good status light but discharges	AC adapter, battery, or both.
too fast	Troubleshooting steps
	Verify AC adapter
	Determine whether the computer needs the AC adapter to boot and operate. Sometimes an intermittently bad AC adapter and loose connection between adapter and computer results in the inability to charge the battery and causes short runtime.
	1. Inspect AC adapter to verify that it is working.
	2. Test with AC adapter alone and with a verified working AC adapter.
	<b>Verify battery:</b> Because battery capacity can degrade over time, check the warranty coverage. Run a battery test to confirm whether issue is hardware related.

## Table 6-13 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

Items	Procedures	
	<ol> <li>Review battery power plans in Control Panel &gt; Power Options that may consume more energy and discharge battery faster. Resetting default to Power Saver option can conserve battery power.</li> </ol>	
	2. Determine whether any graphics are processing.	
	<b>3.</b> Verify battery maintenance and operations. Leaving the battery at a high level of charge in a high-temperature environment for extended periods accelerates the loss of capacity.	
	4. Test and calibrate battery using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI).	
	5. Verify battery life cycle using HP Support Assistant tool.	
	If battery cycle life is past its life expectancy (past the 1000-cycle life and 3-year warranty), the battery might need to be replaced.	
	<ol> <li>Compare discharge time with a verified working battery (remove AC adapter) using Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI)&gt;Hard Drive Tests&gt;Extensive Test&gt;Loop until error.</li> </ol>	
Tips	To conserve battery power, turn off Wireless On-Off button and other peripherals and USB devices, applications, processes (in Task Manager) when not in use; also, reduce screen brightness. Follow HP instructions about how to maintain battery and increase battery life. Also reference <a href="http://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c01297640?jumpid=hpr_r1002_usen_link3">http://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c01297640?jumpid=hpr_r1002_usen_link3</a> .	

# **Burnt smell**

Use this information to troubleshoot burnt-odor issues.

Items	Procedures		
Symptoms	Possible causes		
Emits smoke, burnt smell	Defective on-board components.		
	Troubleshooting steps		
	General visual inspection		
	<b>1.</b> Disconnect the computer from power source (AC adapter and battery).		
	<ol> <li>Inspect for visual damage on AC adapter and battery. Test on a known working computer to isolate issue. If issue follows AC adapter or battery, replace it.</li> </ol>		
	<b>3.</b> Inspect any sign of liquid spill on the computer (back of keyboard).		
The following steps are for authorized providers or technicians.			
	Further inspection on components		
	<ol> <li>Inspect further sources internally after disassembling chassis, such as burnt or damaged components.</li> </ol>		
	2. If the issue persists, replace boards, AC adapter, and battery for safety concern, and report issues to HP.		

# POST

Use the following sections to troubleshoot Power-on Self Test issues.

# No video (with power)

Use this information to troubleshoot video issues.

## Table 6-15 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

Items		Procedures		
Symptoms		Possible causes		
No video (black or blank image)     hut have power		Failed display		
•	but have power Light activity	Failed critical components (memory, hard drive, system board)		
•	No error messages	Loose connection Recently added hardware		
•	Fan noise Hard drive light blinking and hard	<b>NOTE:</b> These suggestions assume that the computer has not previously been set up for multiple displays.		
	drive noise	Troubleshooting steps		
		<b>Quick check</b> <ol> <li>Verify that system light activity is OK.</li> </ol>		
		<ol> <li>Remove all external devices, including docking station. Recently added hardware or applications may cause graphics driver conflict and result in loss of video.</li> </ol>		
		<b>3.</b> Perform hardware reset ( <u>8. Hard reset on page 68</u> ) and verify that HP Logo is presente correctly on display screen when pressing f10.		
		<ol> <li>Test with external monitor via VGA port (or DisplayPort, HDMI, or other). Press power button and close the computer lid to force video output to external video. If unsuccessful, contact HP service.</li> </ol>		
		<ol> <li>If external video is OK, update BIOS, software, and drivers (<u>4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 62</u>), and perform soft reset (<u>9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 69</u>) if needed. Go to next step to verify display.</li> </ol>		
		Verify display		
		• When booting to Windows, determine whether image appears on display screen (via		
		Windows Screen Solutions or Windows logo + p for display switcher).		
		• If there is video on the display, disconnect external display device, open the computer lid, and restart.		
The following steps are for authorized pr		roviders or technicians.		
		1. Reseat display cable connection on system board.		
		2. Reseat display cable connection on display panel side.		
		<b>3.</b> Examine and reseat major components, such as hard drive and memory.		
		4. Test with minimum configuration (11. Test with minimum configuration on page 70) by		

### Table 6-15 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

ltems F	Procedures		
5	5.	If video is present, restart and retest the computer.	
6	6.	If video is present but bad, go to <u>Display on page 92</u> section.	
7	7. If issue persists (no video), test with external video.		
ε	<b>8.</b> If issue persists, test or replace a confirmed working display.		
g	9.	If issue persists, replace discrete graphics card.	
1	10.	. If issue persists, replace system board because of defective video function.	
•		vipe a metal piece (screwdriver) over wireless or mute buttons to act as if closing lid to rce video output to external display device.	

# **Blinking lights**

Use this information to interpret blinking lights on the computer.

<b>Table 6-16</b>	lssues, possi	ble causes,	and fixes
-------------------	---------------	-------------	-----------

Items	Procedures		
Symptoms	Possible causes		
Lights blink on keyboard caps lock/num lock keys	Blinking lights on startup usually indicate a problem with basic functionality of a critical component (processor, BIOS, graphics cards, memory, and so on) because of a loose connection, defective parts, or recently added parts.		
	Troubleshooting steps		
	<ol> <li>Check for any blink patterns. Count the number of blinks in a sequence, followed b pause for a few seconds.</li> </ol>		
	2. See status, blinking lights, and error message ( <u>7. Status lights, blinking light codes,</u> <u>troubleshooting lights, and POST error messages on page 65</u> ) for corrective actions.		
	<ol> <li>If internal hardware components (such as memory, hard drive) have been recently added, a component may not be connected properly. Remove and reseat new components (<u>10. Reseat cables and connections on page 69</u>) one at a time.</li> </ol>		
Note	Because the display might not be functional, lights are used to indicate an error.		

# **Diagnostic error messages**

Use the information in the table to help you understand diagnostic error messages.

<b>Table 6-17</b>	Issues, possible causes, and fixes
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lter	ns	Procedures
Syn	nptoms	Possible causes
•	Computer has power	Diagnostic error messages indicate a problem. There may be a problem with the instruction being sent from the BIOS to a hardware component (for example, keyboard failures), or
•	POST error message displays (Windows logo has not yet appeared)	incompatible hardware. Can usually be resolved by installing updated firmware for the component.

### Table 6-17 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

Items	Procedures
	Troubleshooting steps
	1. See <u>7. Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting lights, and POST error</u> <u>messages on page 65</u> for corrective actions. An example of a POST error message might be "Boot Device Not Found."
	<ol> <li>If there is power, you might be able to access BIOS. Reset BIOS to its default condition.</li> <li>(9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 69)</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Restore hardware to its original condition (for example, bootable solid-state drive instead of hard drive).</li> </ol>
	4. Reseat suspected components and verify connection.
	5. Test suspected components using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool.
Note	An Error Message means that the system has finished BIOS hardware validation and is ready to launch the <b>Startup Menu</b> . To access the <b>Startup Menu</b> for further options, press the esc key while restarting the computer.

## **BIOS password**

Use the information in the table to troubleshoot BIOS password issues.

Table 6-18	Issues,	possible	causes,	and fixes
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Items	Procedures		
Symptoms	Possible causes		
Some sections are unavailable (grayed out)	You must use an administrator password.		
	Troubleshooting steps		
	1. Review F10 BIOS Setup Overview to determine which features must be enabled.		
	2. Your BIOS settings may be managed by a BIOS administrator password setup.		
	<b>3.</b> If you lost or forgot the user password, contact your IT personnel.		
Reference	HP F10 Setup Overview		
	http://h10032.www1.hp.com/ctg/Manual/c04460979		
	http://h10032.www1.hp.com/ctg/Manual/c04685655		
	2015 Business PC models: see the HP PC BIOS F10 Setup Guide at <u>http://support.hp.com</u> .		

# **Performance (OS)**

Most software problems occur as a result of certain situations.

- The application was not installed or configured correctly.
- There is insufficient memory available to run the application.

• There is a conflict between applications.

Make sure that all the necessary device drivers are installed.

If an operating system other than the factory operating system is installed, check whether the operating system is supported and the application is certified for the version of the operating system.

## Intermittent shutdown

Use this information to troubleshoot shutdown issues.

Table 6-19	lssues,	possible	causes,	and fixes
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Ite	ns	Pro	cedures				
Symptoms		Pos	Possible causes				
•	Shutdown during startup	lt is	It is often difficult to troubleshoot an intermittent issue. Possible causes include:				
•	Shutdown during operation	Pow	ver-related issue: defective or insufficient power sources, poor connection.				
		0S (	Custom Setting: Energy Saver (Power Management).				
		The	rmal-related issue: thermal sensors reach limits.				
		Har	dware related issue, voltage, out-of-range current, electrical short.				
		Tro	ubleshooting steps				
		1.	Update BIOS and drivers. (4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 62)				
		2.	Perform hard reset (8. Hard reset on page 68)				
		3.	Perform soft reset (9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 69)				
		Pow	ver-related issue				
		1.	Verify functionality of AC adapter alone. If it does not work, test with a verified working adapter.				
		2.	Verify battery alone. Verify that battery is not depleted. Test battery using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool.				
		З.	Verify connection of power button and cable.				
		0S o	custom settings				
		1.	Advise users to reset power options and close all applications that are not in use, including applications in the background.				
		2.	Test with a confirmed working operating system to isolate custom settings by users of any conflicting applications that cause shutdown.				
<b>Th</b>	e following steps are for authorized	d provide	providers or technicians.				
		The	rmal-related issue				
		1.	Verify thermal condition:				
			a. Test fan using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool ( <u>6. HP Hardware</u> <u>Diagnostics and Tools on page 62</u> )				
			b. Check fan and connection. Reseat fan cable.				
			c. Be sure that no obstructions or dust are in heat sink fan, fin, or vent.				
			d. Test with a verified working fan.				

Table 6-19 Is:	sues, possible cau	ses. and fixes	(continued)
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ltems	Procedures			
	e. Remove old thermal compound and pads and replace with new compound and pads.			
	2. Verify thermal solution:			
	<ul> <li>Use Thermal Monitor tool (available only to authorized service providers/ technicians) to perform stress test (processor and GPU) (<u>6. HP Hardware</u> <u>Diagnostics and Tools on page 62</u>), and verify that thermal sensors are within limits after thermal condition is serviced.</li> </ul>			
	Hardware-related issue			
	<ol> <li>Check for any signs of loose connections, bent pins, stray wires, dust, nearly faulty parts (bulging/leaking capacitor).</li> </ol>			
	2. Verify that lights are solid.			
	<b>3.</b> If shutdown is reproducible, test essential hardware configuration:			
	<ul> <li>a. If no issue with hardware configuration, reinstall one nonessential component at time to determine faulty hardware.</li> </ul>			
	b. If issue persists, replace essential hardware with a confirmed working part, one at a time. If the computer does not boot, replace system board.			
Tips	Intermittent issues are difficult to reproduce and troubleshoot. It is important to record details about shutdown frequencies, system configuration (3D video application), and operating conditions.			

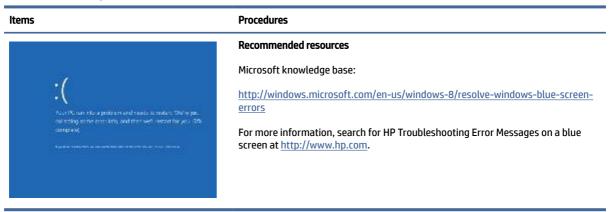
# **Blue screen**

Use this information to troubleshoot blue screen issues.

## Table 6-20 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

Items Symptoms		Procedures		
		Possible causes		
•	Have power, light activity, fan spinning HP Logo displays briefly Fails to boot into Windows operating system, displays blue screen, and then crashes, restarts, or stops responding	Recent changes: conflict of instructions from multiple programs or just added hardware. Incompatible hardware and driver. Poor connection (hard drive, memory). Hardware malfunctioning due to overheating (GPU, processor).		
		Defective hardware (memory, hard drive).		
Important Notes & Resources		Troubleshooting steps		
		There are many different ways to troubleshoot a blue screen error. Therefore, you need to identify working configuration and specific symptoms of the failure to narrow down the issue. See <u>Blue screen (BSOD) error on page 109</u> .		

#### Table 6-20 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)



### Overview of general troubleshooting steps for a blue screen error

- 1. Note the blue screen error message and what activity was performed at the time.
- 2. Perform a hard reset (<u>8. Hard reset on page 68</u>) after disconnecting all external peripherals.
- 3. Reset BIOS to default (<u>9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 69</u>) to prevent booting to another device.
- 4. Run HP Hardware Diagnostics (<u>6. HP Hardware Diagnostics and Tools on page 62</u>) to isolate major faulty hardware issues.
  - HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool to test hard drive, memory, and system.
  - Thermal Monitor (available only to authorized service providers and technicians) tool to monitor temperature limits of processor and GPU. See "HP Thermal Monitor" in <u>6. HP Hardware Diagnostics</u> and Tools on page 62.
- 5. Remove or undo recently added hardware (<u>5. Remove or uninstall recently added hardware, software on page 62</u>). For example, incompatible memory or new solid-state drive storage.
- 6. Reseat cables and connections (<u>10. Reseat cables and connections on page 69</u>). Pay attention to proper installation of memory and hard drive.
- 7. Verify that a minimum of at least 100 MB of free space is available on your Windows partition.
- 8. If you can start Windows:
  - **a.** Update BIOS and drivers (<u>4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 62</u>) to support updates for incompatibilities.
  - **b.** Get all the latest updates, using Windows Update.
  - c. Undo recent changes:
    - Startup using Last Known Good Configuration.
    - Use System Restore.
    - Roll back device driver in Device Manager.
  - d. Check for specific Error Message. See <u>Common blue screen error messages on page 119</u>.

- e. Boot to safe mode (<u>11. Test with minimum configuration on page 70</u>) to troubleshoot issues.
- 9. If you cannot start Windows:
  - a. Boot to safe mode. (<u>11. Test with minimum configuration on page 70</u>)
  - **b.** Use Startup Repair to fix Windows startup files.
  - c. Undo recent changes using System Restore to revert to a previous working state.
  - **d.** Check for specific STOP error by analyzing Crash Dump (retrieved via a bootable USB). See <u>Use</u> <u>Windows Debugging Tool on page 120</u>.
  - e. Restore computer using System Recovery or image backup to factory settings.
- Test with essential hardware configuration (<u>11. Test with minimum configuration on page 70</u>) with a verified working operating system (for instance, USB Windows-To-Go), if available, to isolate the software issue.

## Freeze at Windows Logo (hang or lockup)

Use the following information to troubleshoot hang or lockup issues.

#### Table 6-21 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

Items Symptoms		Procedures		
		Possible causes		
•	Has power, light activity, fan spinning	Conflict of instructions from multiple programs or drivers; installing a new hardware or program that is not compatible (may also cause a blue screen error—see blue		
•	HP Logo displays briefly	screen issue).		
•	Attempt to boot to operating system and freeze/hang at Windows logo			

 No response to pressing num lk or caps lock key



#### Troubleshooting steps

Perform the following steps one at a time to verify normal boot process:

- Disconnect all external peripherals, and perform a hard reset (<u>8. Hard reset on page 68</u>).
- 2. Perform soft reset (9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 69).
- 3. Update BIOS and drivers (4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 62).
  - a. Roll back to previous version may be necessary.
  - b. Go to safe mode to install drivers.

## Table 6-21 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

Items	Procedures	
	4.	Run Hardware Diagnostics ( <u>6. HP Hardware Diagnostics and Tools on page 62</u> ) to isolate hardware issue.
	5.	Undo recent changes in Windows ( <u>5. Remove or uninstall recently added</u> hardware, software on page 62).
	6.	Reseat cables and connections ( <u>10. Reseat cables and connections on page</u> <u>69</u> ).
	7.	Start Windows in safe mode ( <u>11. Test with minimum configuration on page</u> <u>70</u> ).
	<b>8.</b> Use Startup Repair Windows to fix Windows damaged files.	
	9.	Test with essential hardware configuration ( <u>11. Test with minimum</u> <u>configuration on page 70</u> ) with a verified working operating system (for instance, USB Windows-To-Go), if available, to isolate the software issue.
Tips	For more information, see <a href="http://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c03671001">http://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c03671001</a> .	

# **Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)**

Use this information to troubleshoot EMI issues.

Table 6-22	lssues,	possible	causes,	and fixe	s
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Items	Procedures		
Symptoms	Pos	Possible causes	
System locks up, freezes in certain	Electromagnetic interference (EMI). Troubleshooting steps		
physical area or location			
	1.	See ( <u>2. Examine the environment on page 61</u> ). Pay attention to external power source, high-frequency signals such as cell phones, microwave ovens.	
	2.	Move the computer to different locations nearby to determine where it fails and where it does not fail.	
	3.	Test with a verified working computer in original factory configuration.	
	4.	Consult with support.	

# No wake up

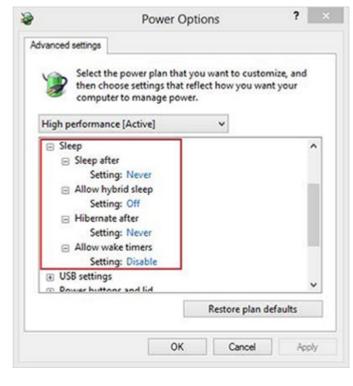
Use this information to troubleshoot wake-up issues.

Items	Procedures
Symptoms	Possible causes
When resuming from a power	Power-saving mode; multiple-display setting.
management state the computer may display:	Troubleshooting steps

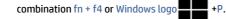
Table 6-23 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (c	(continued)
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Items		Pro	Procedures		
•	Blank screen	1.	Verify that front power light (7. <u>Status lights, blinking light codes, troubleshooting</u> lights, and POST error messages on page 65) is blinking (indicating Sleep state). Press		
•	Some light activity		power button to exit Sleep.		
		2.	Reset BIOS to default (associated with <b>OS Power Management</b> in <b>Power Menu)</b> ( <u>4.</u> <u>Update BIOS and drivers on page 62</u> )		

 Check power management settings in Windows Power Options. Disable Sleep options if the issue is resolved.



- **4.** Screen saver is set. Press any key or touch touchpad to resume.
- 5. Verify that Display Choice is set to external video only. Toggle screen control key



Tips

If you are using a docking station, set your notebook display as a primary display. When the computer is undocked, you may think it is in a power-saving state, but the screen image may actually appear on an external display device in the docking configuration.

## Unresponsive

Use this information to troubleshoot issues with responsiveness.

Table 6-24	lssues,	possible causes	, and fixes
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ltems	Procedures
Symptom	Possible causes
Unresponsive	Program in use has stopped responding to commands.

### Table 6-24 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

Items	Procedures	
	Troubleshooting steps	
	1.	If possible, use the Windows Task Manager to isolate and terminate the offending process.
	2.	Attempt the normal Windows shutdown procedure.
	3.	Restart the computer using the power button.

# **Slow performance**

Use this information to troubleshoot performance issues.

### Table 6-25 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

ltems	Procedures	
Symptom	Possible causes	
Slow performance when performing small tasks, or even in idle mode	Processor is hot or hard drive is full.	
	Troubleshooting steps	
	Processor is hot	
	<b>1.</b> Verify that airflow to the computer is not blocked.	
	2. Verify that chassis fans are connected and working properly. Some fans operate only when needed.	
	<b>3.</b> Verify that the processor heat sink is installed properly.	
	Hard drive is full	
	<ol> <li>Transfer data from the hard drive to create more space on the hard drive. Microsoft recommends at least 200 MB to sync system files.</li> </ol>	
	2. Perform disk defragmentation to consolidate fragmented data on the hard drive so it works more efficiently.	
Tips	See Routine maintenance for performance improvement on page 118).	
	See <a href="http://windows.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-8/free-up-disk-space">http://windows.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-8/free-up-disk-space</a> .	
	See <a href="http://windows.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/optimize-windows-better-performance=windows-vista">http://windows.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/optimize-windows-better-performance=windows-vista</a> .	

# HP Smart Adapter warning message

Use this information to troubleshoot power adapter warning messages.

#### Table 6-26 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

Items	Procedures
Symptom	Possible causes

Warning message appears in window Less powerful AC adapter, BIOS out of date.



#### Troubleshooting steps

- 1. Update BIOS, which may contain information that assigns an appropriate adapter for the configuration.
- 2. Update the latest HP Hotkey Support software from Drivers website.
- 3. Be sure that the power source is sufficient (where adapter is connected).
- **4.** Use appropriate AC adapter (often supplied with system) for optimum system performance.
- 5. Test with a verified working AC adapter.
- 6. Test the adapter on a verified working computer.
- 7. Contact HP for configuration details.

**HP Smart AC adapter warning message:** informs you that as power demands increase, the notebook may not perform at full capacity, which may result in longer battery-charging time. In cases of extreme power demands, the system may also throttle back the processor, or with systems that have a discrete video subsystem, a video balance mode may occur to further balance the power needs of the system.

Because system processor functions always have priority over battery charging, charging delays occur first.

## Incorrect time and date

Note

Use the following information to troubleshoot time and date issues.

ltem	Procedure	
Symptom	Possible cause	
Incorrect date and time	Real-time clock (RTC) battery might need replacement. Troubleshooting steps	
	1. Reset the date and time in the operating system Control Panel.	
	2. Replace the RTC battery.	
	3. Verify that date and time are correct.	

#### Table 6-27 Issues. possible causes, and fixes

# Display

Use these sections to troubleshoot display issues.

## **Display anomalies**

The display panel is a field-replaceable unit (FRU) and must be replaced by only authorized technicians. However, HP highly recommends that users and technicians observe symptoms and use the HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool before any replacement.

## Symptom

This section includes common display issues with symptoms:

- Blank or black video
- Incorrect color, missing color, distorted image
- Flickering image
- Vertical lines (because of LDVS, decreased signal integrity, and data loss)
- Dead pixel (because of display liquid, internal transistor, and others)
- Horizontal lines (because of video memory)
- Distorted when hot (because of thermal issue)
- Cracked screen/image (physical damage)
- Light leakage/bleeding

Contact support for assistance.

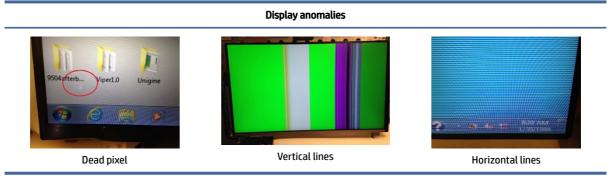
• Humming noise (due to frequency settings)

Contact support for assistance.

### Table 6-28 Display anomaly illustrations



#### Table 6-28 Display anomaly illustrations (continued)



## **Quick check**

Use these steps to check the display.

- Visually examine the display for cracked screen, liquid crystal leak, dirty spots on glass, and other issues.
- Reset and update BIOS and docking firmware.
- Update operating system (OS), graphics or video drivers (Intel, AMD, NVIDIA, and others).

For custom images, HP highly recommends upgrading or installing Windows in UEFI mode (or Legacy disabled) to fully support hybrid graphics and avoid unexpected behaviors (for example, blue screen error, graphics or video issues) in the BIOS Legacy setting.

- Configure Windows settings (Power options, Screen brightness, Personalization, Screen resolution, and so on).
- Test with a verified working external display.
- Boot to Windows in safe mode.
- Test with a verified working operating system (for instance, shipping image).

#### HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) for video test

Use this tool to quickly determine if the display issue is related to a real hardware issue.

To start HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) (<u>6. HP Hardware Diagnostics and Tools on page 62</u>), when the computer is at boot, press the f2 key, select **Component Tests**, and then select **Video**.

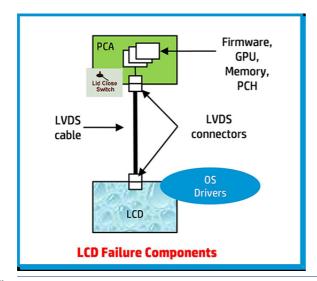
There are three options:

- Video Memory Check: to test video memory
- Palette Check: to test the three video color components (red, green, blue)
- Dead Pixel Check: to check dead pixels in eight different colors (Dead Pixel Check is available with the HP PC Diagnostics 3-in-1 USB Key tool)

Review the video troubleshooting in the following Display section for specific issues and possible solutions. For additional information about display problems, see documentation provided by the product manufacturer.

#### Display assembly diagram

The display assembly diagram shows basic video components: system board, graphics cards, display cables, display connectors, operating system (OS), graphics driver, and LCD display panel. Any component or a combination of these components can contribute to a video issue.



NOTE: The lid close switch is a Hall-effect sensor located in the top cover. When the display is closed, the sensor acts like a switch is closed. A notebook can force a video output to an external monitor, or go to hibernation or standby mode through power management. If the display screen does not light up when the display is open, the lid close switch (Hall-effect sensor) could be faulty.

## **Dead pixel**

Display panel may show one or more pixels that are not properly lit when displaying a single color over the screen area. Use HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool to determine those defective pixels.

There is no solution for dead pixels. See <u>Display issue: pixel anomalies on page 124</u> for the HP dead pixel policy.

## No video (internal)

Use this information to troubleshoot video issues.

Table 6-29	Issues,	possible	causes,	and	fixes
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Items	Procedures
Symptoms	Possible causes
No internal video with certain programs (for example, video- intensive games)	Display resolution, brightness, faulty lid switch, running a program requiring a higher resolution than the display screen can support.
intensive games/	Faulty lid switch may put the system into Sleep or Hibernation mode.
	Troubleshooting steps
	Use an external monitor with higher resolution.
	Test with external monitor using HDMI or HP port. Press the power button and close the computer lid to force video output to external video. If there is still no video, contact support.
References	See section <u>No video (with power) on page 81</u> for display information.

## No video (external)

Use this information to troubleshoot external video issues.

ltems	Pro	cedures			
Symptom	Pos	sible causes			
No image on external	Exte	ernal monitor, resolution, display configuration, drivers.			
monitor	Tro	Troubleshooting steps			
	1.	Be sure external monitor is compatible with the computer.			
	2.	Be sure that external monitor is turned on.			
	3.	Press any key to exit the power-saving mode.			
	4.	Adjust the brightness of the monitor.			
	5.	Test with a verified working monitor.			
	6.	Test the monitor via internal ports (VGA, DP ports).			
	7.	Install latest video driver.			
	8.	Reset the screen resolution as described in the documentation.			
	9.	Configure display choice, and then force output to external video by closing the notebook lid or pressing fn + f4 to switch screen output.			

### Table 6-30 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

# DisplayPort/VGA

Use this information to troubleshoot DisplayPort and VGA issues.

See No video (external) on page 95.

## HDMI

Use this information to troubleshoot HDMI issues.

Table 6-31	Issues,	possible ca	auses, a	and fixes
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Iten	ns	Procedures	
Syn	nptoms	Possible causes	
•	Display issue	Cable, connection, settings.	
•	Sound issue		
		Troubleshooting steps	
		Quick Check	
		1. Verify that the HDMI device input source is set correctly (for example, HDMI1).	
		2. Be sure you are using the correct HDMI cable.	

### Table 6-31 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

Items	Procedures	
	3.	Check connection and reconnect the HDMI cable.
	4.	Verify whether sound output is configured correctly in <b>Control Panel &gt; Sound Manager</b> .
	1.	Perform hard reset ( <u>4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 62</u> ).
	2.	Update BIOS and drivers ( <u>4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 62</u> ) when you hear sound but do not see video on HDTV.
References	<u>http</u>	://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c01186408

# No or bad external video via docking

Use this information to troubleshoot video issues while docking.

Items	Procedures	
Symptoms	Possible causes	
No or bad image on external monitor via ports of docking station (such as VGA, DP, TB, display port, and others)	Rooted from system board, software or drivers, dock connectors, docking station hardware or firmware, dock video ports (DP, VGA, and others).	
	Troubleshooting steps	
	1. Be sure that external monitor is turned on.	
	<b>2.</b> Be sure that external monitor is compatible with the computer.	
	<b>3.</b> If applicable, plug the dock in different Type-C ports.	
	For more information, see the technical white paper titled "HP Elite Dock with Thunderbolt 3 & HP ZBook Dock with Thunderbolt 3." Go to <u>http://www.hp.com/</u> and search for HP ZBook Thunderbolt 3 Dock User Guide.	
	<ol> <li>If the screen image is distorted, try a DP-to-VGA adapter. Connect the adapter to each DisplayPort and VGA port of the dock.</li> </ol>	
	5. Test the monitor via internal ports (such as VGA, DP, HDMI, and others).	
	6. Verify that dock connectors of the notebook and the dock are clean, without dust, debris (for example, using air duster).	
	<ol> <li>Ideally, use a verified working operating system or system connected to the dock to isolate the issue of the current operating system.</li> </ol>	
	8. Ideally, use a verified working docking station to isolate the faulty dock.	
	9. Update latest dock firmware. Follow the installation instructions carefully. You may want to try a DP-to-VGA adapter if you have a distorted screen image. Connect the adapter to each DisplayPort of the dock. If you still cannot update the dock, attempt to update it on a confirmed working notebook before having the dock replaced.	
Note	See the technical white paper titled "Multiple displays on HP ZBook Mobile Workstations" from HP platform support website. Go to <a href="http://h20195.www2.hp.com/v2/getpdf.aspx/4aa5-2657enw">http://h20195.www2.hp.com/v2/getpdf.aspx/4aa5-2657enw</a> .	

Table 6-32 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

# Incorrect or missing color/distorted image

Use this information to troubleshoot image issues.

## Table 6-33 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

Items	Procedures		
Symptoms	Possible causes		
Symptoms System works normally but the display shows: Missing or strange color Image distortion	Possible causes         Loose connection, display cable, display, graphics card.         Troubleshooting steps         Verify with external monitor         1.       Use combination fn + f4 to enable output to external monitor.         2.       Close the lid.         If the external monitor also shows incorrect color, it is graphics card issue. Test with a verifier working graphics card.         Verify monitor cable and cable connection (Monitor disassembly is required.)         Be sure the monitor cables are not pinched or damaged.         Be sure the monitor cables have good connection at both ends (system board and display panel).         •       If moving cables affects the image, the monitor cable is the cause of the issue. Test with a confirmed working cable.		
	<ul> <li>If moving cables does not affect the image, the monitor has an issue. Test with a confirmed working monitor.</li> </ul>		

# **Touch screen**

Use this information to troubleshoot touch screen issues.

Table 6-34	Issues,	possible	causes,	and fixes
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Items	Procedures	
Symptoms	Possible causes	
Unresponsive	Dirt and smudge, driver, touch display configuration, power management.	
Inaccurate	Troubleshooting steps	
	Quick check	
	Turn off the computer, spray glass cleaner onto a soft, damp cloth, and gently wipe the screen to remove dirt and smudge.	
	NOTE: Do not spray cleaner directly onto the screen.	
Configure the touch display in <b>Control Panel &gt;</b> Tablet PC Settings	<ol> <li>Restart the computer.</li> <li>Verify touch screen and graphics drivers.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Configure the touch display to identify the screen as a touch screen as shown in the image at left.</li> </ol>	

Table 6-34 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

Items	Procedures		
Tablet PC Settings	<ol> <li>Calibrate the screen and reset if touch functionality is still not working correctly.</li> </ol>		
Display Other Configure Configure your pen and touch displays.	<ul> <li>Perform diagnostic test in HP Hardware Diagnostics under Component Tests</li> <li>&gt; Touch Screen.</li> </ul>		
Display options Display: 1. Generic Non-PnP Monitor 🗸	If the diagnostics tests pass but the touch screen still does not respond, continue following the steps.		
Details: Limited Touch Support	<b>6.</b> Adjust the power management settings for your touch screen.		
Choose the order in which your screen rotates. Go to Orientation	If the touch screen stops working after waking from sleep, adjust the power management settings so that the touch screen device stays active while the computer is in Sleep mode.		
	7. Perform Microsoft System Restore, and restore to a time when the system was working.		
OK Cancel Apply	8. Perform HP System Recovery if none of the previous actions resolve the issue.		
References	https://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c03488148		

# I/O devices

Use this information to troubleshoot I/O device issues.

NOTE:

- Be sure that external devices are supported and compliant (for example, USB Type-C<sup>®</sup>, Thunderbolt 3, PCI Express).
- If you have problems with external devices not provided by HP, contact device manufacturers for • compatibility and latest drivers before troubleshooting (for example, USB devices, Thunderbolt devices, PCI express card reader, VGA, display, HDMI monitors, speakers).
- Be sure I/O devices are properly inserted into the I/O ports, and then be sure that Windows Device • Manager recognizes the I/O devices.

# Keyboard

Use this information to troubleshoot keyboard issues.

Table 6-35 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

Items Procedures	ltems	Procedures

Items	Procedures	
Symptoms	Possible causes	
Keystrokes not recognized	Dust trapped under keycap, loose keycap, loose keyboard connection, defective keyboard.	
Characters not matched		
	Troubleshooting steps	
	<ol> <li>Inspect the keyboard for any signs of dust, liquid, or debris trapped under sticky keys that might prevent keystroke recognition.</li> </ol>	

Items	Procedures		
	2. Check for incomplete connection between keyboard and system board by verifying the caps lock or num lk light turns on when you press the key.		
	<ol> <li>Verify whether the keyboard is recognized in Windows Device Manager, and verify whether the keyboard driver is installed properly.</li> </ol>		
	<b>4.</b> Test with a working external keyboard (such as a USB keyboard).		
	Also test in Windows for special keys (caps lock, shift, ctrl, fn, Windows, alt) if necessary.		
	<ol> <li>Test with HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) to isolate a hardware issue from a software issue.</li> </ol>		
	6. Verify that BIOS is up to date. If so, resetting BIOS to default may help.		
	<ol> <li>Test with a verified working operating system, or restore the operating system to be sure that the issue is not caused by items such as different language settings, sticky keys feature, and so on.</li> </ol>		
	8. Verify that keyboard flex cables are fully inserted and in good condition.		
The following steps are for aut	horized providers and technicians.		
	<ol> <li>Verify whether keyboard flex cable is in good condition (no delamination or torn cable end, no missing or cracked tracks, pads).</li> </ol>		
	2. Verify that keyboard flex cable ends are fully inserted and aligned with connectors on system board, and those connector tabs are properly closed. Reseat cables.		
	3. Replace new internal keyboard and retest.		
Tips	If a key works only when pressed with force, inspect and remove debris trapped under keycap.		

# Keyboard pointing stick (select products only)

Use this information to troubleshoot pointing stick issues.

Table 6-36	Issues,	possible causes,	and fixes
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Items	Procedures	
Symptom	Possible causes	
Point stick not working properly	Dust trapped under point stick, loose point stick cap.	
	Troubleshooting steps	
	1. Inspect for any signs of dust or liquid spill that prevents point stick from working.	
2. Check whether point stick cap is loose, and reseat it if necessary.		
The following steps are for authorized providers and technicians.		

#### Table 6-36 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

Items		Procedures	
Point stick cable	1.	Verify cable e	
	2.	Verify systen	
Keyboard cable	3.	Reseat	

- 1. Verify whether keyboard flex cables are in good condition (no delamination or torn cable end, no missing or cracked tracks, pads).
- 2. Verify that keyboard flex cable ends are fully inserted and aligned with connectors on system board and back of keyboard, and that connector tabs are properly closed.
- 3. Reseat point stick cables.

Example of back of keyboard, including keyboard, point stick, and backlight cables.

## Keyboard backlight

Use this information to troubleshoot keyboard backlight issues.

#### Table 6-37 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

ltems	Proc	Procedures		
Symptom	Poss	ible causes		
Backlight function not working properly	Back	Backlight disabled, loose connection.		
	Trou	Troubleshooting steps		
	NOT	E: Not all notebook computers have backlit keyboards.		
		yboard function key lets you turn the light on and off. Verify whether backlit feature is disabled by pressing a combination of fn + backlit key.		
The following steps are for authorized p	rovide	rs or technicians.		
	1.	Verify whether backlight flex cables are in good condition (no delamination or torn cable end, no missing or cracked tracks or pads).		
	2.	Verify that backlight flex cable ends are fully inserted and aligned with connectors on system board and that connector tabs are properly closed.		
	3.	Reseat backlight cable.		

## Touchpad

Use this information to troubleshoot touchpad issues.

Table 6-38 Is	sues, possible	causes, and fixes
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ltems	Procedures	
Symptoms	Possible causes	
Not working properly	Touchpad turned off, driver, settings.	
(1) Touchpad on/off button	Troubleshooting steps	

Table 6-38 Issu	es, possible causes,	, and fixes	(continued)
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ltems	Procedures			
(2) Touchpad	1. Ensure touchpad on/off light is not amber (disabled). Double tap to enable.			
-	<ol> <li>Verify whether touchpad device is listed in Device Manager &gt; Mice and other pointing devices.</li> </ol>			
	3. Install the latest touchpad driver.			
	<ol> <li>Adjust touchpad settings (Control Panel &gt; Mouse).</li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>Test touchpad controller using the HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool (f2&gt; Component Tests &gt; Mouse Test &gt; Pointer Test &amp; Drag and Drop Test).</li> </ol>			
• •				

1.	Check the touchpad cable for damage or a loose connection, and then reseat the
	touchpad cable.

2. If issue persists, replace the touchpad and verify the change.

## Network connectivity (RJ-45 jack)

Use this information to troubleshoot network issues.

Table 6-39	lssues,	possible	causes,	and fi	ixes
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lter	ns	Procedures
Syn	nptoms	Possible causes
•	Unable to find networks (yellow bang)	Network source, cable, connection, RJ-45 (network) jack, driver, settings.
•	Connection dropouts	
•	Slow performance	
		Troubleshooting steps
		<b>Quick Check:</b> verify the network status lights that supposed to flash when there is network activity.

## Network connectivity wireless (WLAN)

Use this information to troubleshoot wireless connectivity issues.

#### Table 6-40 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

Items		Procedures
Syn	nptoms	Possible causes
•	Unable to find networks (yellow bang)	Network source, cable, connection, wireless module, driver, settings.
•	Connection dropouts	
•	Slow performance	

#### Table 6-40 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

Items	Procedures		
The following steps are for authorized providers or technicians.			
	1.	Verify that the wireless module and its antenna cables are fully inserted and in good condition (see WLAN module removal and replacement section). Reseat wireless module and antenna connection.	
	2.	Verify the module antenna cable connection is not loose.	
	3.	Verify that antenna cables are properly connected to the MAIN and AUX terminals (see WLAN module removal and replacement section).	

#### **WWAN**

#### Use this information to troubleshoot WWAN issues.

#### Table 6-41 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

Items	Procedures		
Symptom	Possible causes		
Unable to find networks or service	Network source, cable, connection, driver, settings.		
	Troubleshooting steps		
	1. Update to the latest driver and utility.		
	2. Check with network service provider for signal coverage.		
	3. Be sure signal strength is good.		
	<b>4.</b> Be sure that your service is active.		
The following steps are for authorize	ed providers or technicians.		
1	Verify module and antenna cable connections are not loose.		
	<ul> <li>Verify antenna cables are properly connected to the correct terminals. For example, the antenna cable labeled 1 connects to the Main terminal labeled 1. The antenna cable labeled 2 connects to the Aux terminal labeled 2.</li> </ul>		

## USB

Use this information to troubleshoot USB port issues.

#### Table 6-42 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

Items	Procedures
Symptoms	Possible causes
USB devices are not recognized	

#### Table 6-42 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

tems	Procedures
<ul> <li>USB devices are not charging</li> </ul>	USB devices do not have the latest software drivers or port insufficient power, or the devices are not compliant.
	NOTE: USB Type-C uses a different connector entirely.
xamples of USB device Not Recognized	Troubleshooting steps
USB Device Not Recognized     V X One of the US9 devices attached to this computer has maifunctioned, and Windows does not recognize it.	<ol> <li>Unplug the USB device. Restart the computer (wait for 2–5 minutes) to reset the USB port or hub in case of a power surge.</li> </ol>
For assistance in solving this problem, click this message.	<ol> <li>Perform a soft reset (<u>9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 69</u>), and verify if the USB device is recognized.</li> </ol>
Device Manager	<ol> <li>Verify whether the USB device is recognized in Device Manager &gt; Universal Serial Bus Controller, or the USB is recognized without a yellow warning symbol, or ban</li> </ol>
Gomputer     Disk drives	4. Verify whether the latest USB driver, USB chipset driver, or both are installed. You can remove or reinstall the USB driver.
> Display adapters       > DVD/CO-ROM drives       > Display adapters       > Monitors       > Metwork adapters       > Metwork adapters       > Post (COM & LPT)	5. Be sure the USB device is supported, for example, USB 3.0 device requires more power draw (0.9 A) from a USB port than a USB 2.0 device (0.5 A). As a result, identify the USB charging port to be used for charging a USB device, or an externa AC power adapter might be required for an external USB storage device to work properly.
Processors     Sound, video and game controllers     Sound, video and game controllers     Subscript Sources     Ward System devices     Ward System devices	<ol> <li>Test with verified working USB devices (keyboard, mouse, USB key) to be sure USI ports are functional.</li> </ol>
Standard Enhanced PCI to USB Host Controller     Standard Enhanced PCI to USB Host Controller     USB Composite Device     USB Composite Device     USB Composite Device     USB Root Hub     USB Root Hub	<ol> <li>Test the USB device on a verified working computer to be sure the USB device is n malfunctioning.</li> </ol>

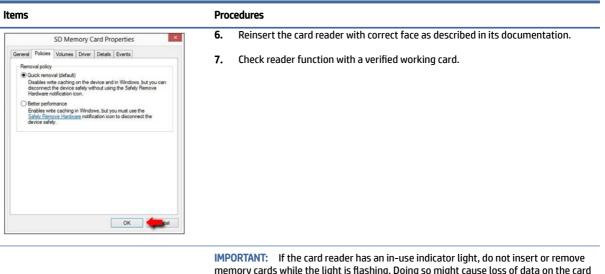
## **Smart card reader**

Use this information to troubleshoot smart card reader issues.

Table 6-43	Issues, possible causes, and fi	xes
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ltems	Procedures
Symptoms	Possible causes
Not recognized	Physical damage, incorrect insertion, dirt, driver, malfunctioning card reader.
Unable to write	<b>NOTE:</b> Some cards have a read-write security switch on the card. Be sure that switch is set to Write Enabled before attempting to write data to it.
Card Reader Removal Policy	Troubleshooting steps
	1. Verify card reader removal policy.
	2. Make sure there is no physical damage to the card.
	<ol> <li>Inspect the ends of the memory cards for dirt or material closing a hole or spoiling a metal contact. Clean the contacts with a lint-free cloth and small amounts of isopropyl alcohol. Replace the memory card if necessary.</li> </ol>
	4. Reinstall and update the drivers for the card reader.
	5. Make sure the smart card reader is compliant with ISO 7816 Class A, B, and C.

#### Table 6-43 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)



memory cards while the light is flashing. Doing so might cause loss of data on the card or might permanently damage the card reader.

## Speaker, headphone - audio issues

Use this information to troubleshoot audio issues.

#### Table 6-44 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

lter	Items		Procedures		
Symptoms		Pos	Possible causes		
•	No sound from external or internal speakers		ume turned down, sound card not recognized, malfunctioning hardware, electronic rference.		
•	Distorted sound, too soft, too loud, intermittent				
		Tro	ubleshooting steps		
		1.	Remove any device connected to the audio jack to enable the internal speaker.		
		2.	Close all open programs.		
		3.	Adjust volume by pressing $fn + f6$ or f7. Be sure that volume button light is not amber (mute).		
			- or -		
			Adjust Windows volume control by clicking the speaker icon on the Windows taskbar. Be sure that the sound is not muted.		
		4.	Verify that the sound card is detected in Windows Device Manager.		
		5.	Reinstall the <b>latest audio driver</b> .		
		6.	Test audio device using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool (f2 > <b>Component Tests</b> > <b>Audio</b> ).		
		7.	Test with a verified working operating system. If issue is resolved, restore full operatin system.		

#### Table 6-44 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

Items	Pro	cedures
	8.	Test with verified working external speakers or headset.
	9.	Reseat internal speaker connections.
	10.	Test with verified working internal speakers.
	11.	Replace internal speakers.
No sound from headphones	1.	Adjust volume by pressing fn + f6 or f7. Be sure that volume button light is not amber (mute). Or adjust Windows volume control by clicking the speaker icon on the Windows taskbar. Be sure that the sound it not muted.
	2.	Check headphone cable connection.
	3.	Test with a verified working audio board.
	4.	Replace audio board and verify the change.
No sound from external speakers	1.	Verify that external speakers are turned on.
	2.	Disconnect headphones from headphone jack.
	3.	Adjust volume by pressing fn + f6 or f7. Be sure that volume button light is not amber (mute).
		- or -
		Adjust Windows volume control by clicking the speaker icon on the Windows taskbar. Be sure that the sound is not muted.
	4.	Check for possible interference devices nearby that might affect the audio (cell phone or portable communications handset.)

## Thunderbolt (TB)

Use this information to troubleshoot Thunderbolt issues.

#### Table 6-45 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

ltems	Procedures	
Symptom	Possible causes	
Thunderbolt device not working	BIOS, drivers, and user settings.	
	Troubleshooting steps	
	1.	Update to the latest BIOS and choose appropriate TB Port settings.
	2.	Reset User Account Settings to default.
	2 Update Intel Thunderbolt cofficient that includes firmware version (for TP controller) driver	

**3.** Update Intel Thunderbolt software that includes firmware version (for TB controller), driver version (operating system driver), and application version.

Table 6-45 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

62 Thunderbolt™ Settings
Thunderbolt <sup>™</sup> Information Security Level: No security (SLO) Firmware Version: 11.80 Driver Version: 2.0.4.8 Application Version: 2.0.4.54
<ul> <li>Device Connection Options</li> <li>Only allow Thunderbolt Certified for PC devices</li> <li>Allow any Thunderbolt device Thunderbolt devices not certified for PC may not operate properly.</li> </ul>
Override first device in chain restriction Some Thunderbolt devices are restricted to being the first device in the chain. Overriding this restriction allows you to use these devices anywhere in the Thunderbolt chain, but may result in lower performance or quality of service.
OK Cancel

- 4. Verify that Windows Device Manager detects the TB device.
- 5. Verify cable connection to TB port.
- 6. Test with a verified working TB board, if possible.

**NOTE:** Thunderbolt is new technology. Thunderbolt cable and Thunderbolt device must be compatible with Windows. To determine whether your device is Thunderbolt Certified for Windows, see <a href="https://thunderbolttechnology.net/products">https://thunderbolttechnology.net/products</a>.

## Storage

Use this information to troubleshoot storage issues.

### NOTE:

- Back up all critical data before troubleshooting the drive.
- Before contacting support, HP recommends that you run a drive (HDD, SSD, M.2 drive) test using the HP
  PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool on the suspected failed drive.
- Diagnose the hard drive using BIOS, Diagnostics built in the shipping image, or an external USB
   (
   <u>http://www8.hp.com/us/en/campaigns/hpsupportassistant/pc-diags.html?jumpid=va\_r602\_us/en/any/pps/pl\_ot\_ob\_</u>
   ).
- HP recommends the drive quick test to quickly (less than 10 minutes) identify the malfunctioning drive. If the issue still exists, run Extensive Test (more than 2 hours, or loop mode, which runs until an error occurs).

- If any test fails, record failure code and contact support for instructions about how to order a replacement hard drive.
- If all of the tests pass, the hard drive is not damaged. As a rule, HP will not replace a hard drive under warranty that does not fail the HP Hard Drive Self-Test.
- If there is no physical problem with the hard drive (or memory), then try reinstalling the Windows operating system to troubleshoot the problem.

Hard Drive Tests
The Hard Drive Tesls will check your system to make sure the system hard drives (hard disk or solid state drive) are functioning properly. You can select the following tests.
Quick Test Extensive Test SMART Check Short DST Optimized DST Long DST Read Test Back

## Hard drive or solid-state drive not recognized

Use this information to troubleshoot storage device issues.

#### Table 6-46 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

Items	Pro	Procedures	
Symptom	Pos	sible causes	
Hard drive is not recognized during		se connection, faulty hard drive, faulty drive configuration/BIOS setting.	
POST	Tro	Troubleshooting steps	
	1.	Perform a hard reset (8. Hard reset on page 68).	
	2.	Reset BIOS to default.	
	3.	Verify hard drive connection and flex cable. Reseat hard drive and cable connection. For multiple storage devices, keep the primary drive with the operating system and remove other devices.	
	4.	Use the HP Hardware Diagnostics tool to verify that the drive is recognized and test it.	
	5.	If the hard drive fails diagnostics, record failure and have the drive replaced.	
	6.	Identify when the issue is related to software. If the hard drive passes diagnostics, test the drive on a verified working computer. If the failure follows the drive, reinstall the operating system to be sure that software is not an issue.	

#### Table 6-46 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

Items	Procedures	
	<ol> <li>Test with a verified working hard drive. If it is still not recognized, the system board is faulty.</li> </ol>	
	<b>NOTE:</b> If the drive is seen in BIOS and Diagnostics, try a secure erase before replacing a drive as this might resolve related issues.	

## No boot to operating system (no read-write error)

Use this information to troubleshoot issues with booting to the operating system.

#### Table 6-47 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

lten	ns	Procedures			
Syn	nptoms	Possible causes			
•	POST error message: Boot Device not found (3F0) Hang when booting to operating system	<ul> <li>Operating system, loose connection, faulty hard drive, BIOS configuration, Secure Boot.</li> <li><i>Troubleshooting steps</i></li> <li>1. Verify whether Secure Boot is enabled in BIOS. Secure Boot prevents legacy boot devices from starting the computer, including bootable CDs and DVDs. For more information, see <a href="http://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c03653226">http://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c03653226</a>.</li> <li>2. Reset BIOS to default. Be sure that BIOS Boot Mode in Boot Option is set up properly for bootable device and its operating system (for example, UEFI Native for Windows 8).</li> <li>Another example, choosing Legacy Boot Order for an UEFI device causes "Boot Device not found (3F0)" error.</li> <li>3. Verify hard drive connection and flex cable. Reseat connection. For multiple storage devices, keep the primary drive with the operating system and remove other devices.</li> <li>4. Use PC Hardware Diagnostics tool to test. Record failure code and have the hard drive replaced.</li> </ul>			
		<ol> <li>If there is no error, reinstall the operating system using HP Restore.</li> <li>Test with a verified working operating system hard drive, if available.</li> </ol>			
Not	e	If there is a hard drive POST error message, see <u>POST error messages and user actions on</u> page 116.			

## **Read-write error**

Use this information to troubleshoot read and write errors.

#### Table 6-48 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

Items		Proc	cedures	
Symptoms		Possible causes		
•	• POST error message (for example, error code 301)		Loose connection, faulty hardware.	
			ubleshooting steps	
•	Hang when working on data, files, documents	1.	Perform a hard reset (8. Hard reset on page 68).	

#### Table 6-48 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

ltems	Pro	Procedures	
	2.	Reset BIOS to default (9. Soft reset (Default Settings) on page 69).	
	3.	Verify the drive connection and flex cable. Reseat connection ( <u>10. Reseat cables and</u> <u>connections on page 69</u> ).	
	4.	Use the HP Hardware Diagnostics tool to test. If failed, record failure code and have the hard drive replaced.	
	5.	If no error with HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool, try to repair the hard drive and its files in Windows (using command "CHKDSK /f /r /x"). Use HP Restore to reinstall the operating system, if needed.	
	6.	Test with a verified working hard drive. If it is not recognized, the system board is faulty.	
Note		ere is a hard drive POST error message, see <u>POST error messages and user actions on</u> e <u>116</u> .	

## **Slow performance**

Use this information to troubleshoot performance issues.

Table 6-49 Issues, possible causes, and fix
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Items	Procedures	
Symptoms	Possible causes	
Slow performance even when	Operating system files, hard drive is full.	
performing small read-write operations	Troubleshooting steps	
	<ol> <li>Transfer data from the hard drive to create more space. Microsoft recommends at least 200 MB to sync system files.</li> </ol>	
	2. Perform disk defragmentation to consolidate fragmented data on the hard drive so that it works more efficiently.	
	NOTE: Do not defragment an SSD.	
Tips & tricks	For optimal system performance, place your operating system and all of your most commonly used applications and files on the fastest hard drive (solid-state drive) and fastest areas on the drive (primary partition of 200 GB max).	
	See Routine maintenance for performance improvement on page 118).	

## Blue screen (BSOD) error

A faulty hard drive can cause a blue screen error. Perform the drive tests using the HP Diagnostics Tool to be sure that the drive is functional.

If all of the tests are successful, see <u>Common blue screen error messages on page 119</u> for detailed troubleshooting steps.

## Noisy hard drive

Use this information to troubleshoot a noisy hard drive.

#### **IMPORTANT:** Because an SSD has no moving parts, it does not make loud or clicking noises.

Depending on type and rotational speed, some hard drives make more noise than others.

Not all noises are related to the fan or hard drive.

Items		Procedures		
Symptoms		Possible causes		
<ul><li>Loud noise from hard drive</li><li>Clicking noise from hard drive</li></ul>		BIOS, hard drive firmware, driver, faulty drive, power supply (AC adapter). Troubleshooting steps		
	and operates normally	2.	Examine AC adapter to be sure that it is not faulty or overloaded. Disconnect all peripherals (USB storages, dock, and others.	
		3.	Remove hard drive to isolate the noise.	
		4.	Test the hard drive on a verified working computer if the noise continues. If the hard drive makes the same noise or clicking sounds, the sounds are either normal sounds for the hard drive or a fault with the hard drive.	
		5.	Verify original hard drive connection and flex cable. Reseat hard drive and connection.	
		6.	Run HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI). If failed, record failure code and replace hard drive replace.	
		7.	If you find no error with HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI), perform disk defragmentation. Some hard drives make a clicking noise when highly fragmented.	
Tip	5	com	optimal system performance, place your operating system and all of your most nmonly used applications and files on the fastest hard drive or solid-state drive and the fastest areas on the drive (primary partition of 200 GB max).	
		See	Routine maintenance for performance improvement on page 118).	

#### Table 6-50 Issues, possible causes, and fixes

## **Mechanical**

Use this information to troubleshoot mechanical issues.

## Noise (sound)

Use this information to troubleshoot abnormal noise issues.

Table 6-51 Issues, possible causes, and fixes	Table 6-51	Issues, possible causes, a	and fixes
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Items	Procedures	
Symptoms	Possible causes	
Computer emits abnormal noise	Aside from basic components (power adapter, supply, fan, speaker, hard drive, optical drive, display panel, external devices), it is also common for electronic components to produce noise.	
	Troubleshooting steps	
	1. Inspect external power source and change to verified working one.	

#### Table 6-51 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

Items	Procedures		
	2. Determine whether the noise comes from AC power adapter. Test with a verified working AC adapter.		
	Disconnect external devices and all cables connected to the computer to isolate issue to computer only.		
Noisy fan	Determine whether the noise comes from the fan. Disconnect the fan briefly to isolate whether noise originates from fan. If noise is absent with fan disconnected, see <u>Fan runs</u> constantly on page 111.		
Noisy hard drive	Determine whether the noise comes from the hard drive.		
	See Noisy hard drive on page 109.		
Noisy optical drive	1. Determine whether the noise comes from an optical drive.		
	2. Remove CD/DVD from the optical drive.		
Noisy speaker	1. Determine whether the noise comes from speaker.		
	2. Test with a verified working external headset/speaker.		
Noisy display	Determine whether the noise comes from display panel (humming noise). Change display frequency settings. See <u>Display on page 92</u> .		
The section below is intended	for authorized service providers and technicians.		
	<ol> <li>After disassembling the chassis, inspect components of the interior for excessive wear or damage.</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>If noise issues persist, proceed with process of elimination for battery, AC adapter, or boards.</li> </ol>		

## Fan runs constantly

Use this information to troubleshoot a constantly running fan.

Table 6-52 Issues, possible cause	s, and fixes
-----------------------------------	--------------

Items Symptoms		Proc	Procedures	
		Pos	Possible causes	
•	Fan never stops running	٠	BIOS not up to date.	
•	Generates heat	•	Thermal condition (fan, air flow)—fan might not be defective but must run constantly to remove excess heat generated by electrical components.	
•	Decreased computer performance	•	Inappropriate configuration.	
		Trou	ibleshooting steps	
		Gen	eral actions	
		1.	Verify whether BIOS is set to <b>Fan Always on while on AC Power</b> F10 Setup. When booting the computer, press f10 to open Setup, and then select <b>Advanced &gt; Built-In Device Options Menu</b> .	
		2.	Update BIOS and drivers ( <u>4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 62</u> ) and reset BIOS to default. BIOS can implement new fan characteristics and updates for other components.	

#### Table 6-52 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

Items	Procedures
	<ol> <li>Perform a hard reset (<u>8. Hard reset on page 68</u>). Performing a hard reset can reset recorded thermal values in memory.</li> </ol>
	Thermal-related issue
	<b>1.</b> Verify that fan is spinning. Reseat fan cable before moving to next step.
	a. Check fan and connection. Reseat fan cable.
	b. Be sure that no obstructions or dust are in heat sink fan, heat sink fin, or vent.
	<ul> <li>Test fan using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool (<u>6. HP Hardware</u> <u>Diagnostics and Tools on page 62</u>). Be sure that the fan is not producing loud noise and that fan blades spin correctly.</li> </ul>
	d. Test with a verified working fan.
	e. Replace the fan.
	2. Verify thermal solution
	Use Thermal Monitor tool (available only to authorized service providers and technicians)( <u>HP Thermal Monitor on page 65</u> ) to run stress test (processor and GPU) and verify that thermal sensors are within limits after thermal condition is serviced.
	User configuration
	Change Power Options in Windows (for example, choosing <b>Balanced mode</b> instead of <b>High</b> <b>performance</b> ). High performance and extensive graphics might cause the fan run constantly to release the heat.
Notes	BIOS currently omits fan presence detection to shorten boot time delay less than four seconds. Therefore, the fan error is generated based on previous boot to operating system that found system fan error.
	Fan often is part of thermal solution, including heat sink, heat sink fin/muffler, and thermal grease. Fan replacement requires reboot and fan function verification using HP PC Hardwar Diagnostics (UEFI) tool.
	For more information, see the following links:
	• <u>http://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c01007591</u> .
	<ul> <li>https://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c01657439.</li> </ul>

## Thermal shutdown (hot)

Use this information to troubleshoot a thermal shutdown.

Table 6-53 Issues, possible cau	uses. and fixes
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Items	Procedures			
Symptoms	Possible causes			
Similar to fan runs constantly issue	BIOS not up to date, thermal condition (fan, air flow)			
(Fan runs constantly on page 111)	Troubleshooting steps			
System shutdown	1. Update BIOS and drivers (4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 62) and reset BIOS to			
Abnormal heat	default. BIOS can implement new fan characteristics and updates for other component.			

lter	Items Procedures						
Continually running fan			Perform a hard reset ( <u>8. Hard reset on page 68</u> ). Performing a hard reset can reset ecorded thermal values in memory.				
•	Decreased computer performance	3.	Determine whether you are using a correct AC adapter.				
		4.	Be sure to turn power off completely when putting a notebook in a travel bag.				
		The	Thermal-related issue				
		1.	Verify thermal condition:				
			a. Check fan and connection. Check if fan is spinning when computer is on. Reseat fan cable.				
			b. Be sure that no obstructions or dust are in heat sink fan, fin, or vent.				
			c. Be sure that the notebook is not sitting on a hot surface that blocks vent intakes.				
			d. Test fan using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool ( <u>6. HP Hardware Diagnostics</u> <u>and Tools on page 62</u> ). Be sure that the fan is not producing a loud noise and that fan blades spin correctly.				
			e. Test with a verified working fan.				
			f. Remove old thermal compound and pads, and replace properly with new pads.				
		2.	Verify thermal solution:				
			<ul> <li>Use Thermal Monitor tool (available only to authorized service providers and technicians) to run stress test (processor and GPU), and verify that thermal sensor are within limits after thermal condition is serviced.</li> </ul>				
Not	e	See	https://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c01657439.				

#### Table 6-53 Issues, possible causes, and fixes (continued)

## **Additional information**

The following sections provide additional information that you can use during the troubleshooting process.

## Acronyms

These acronyms are used in this chapter.

**Blue screen (BSOD)**—A Windows error screen that can occur if a problem causes your computer to shut down or restart unexpectedly. When you experience this type of error, you cannot see items such as the Start menu or the taskbar when your computer is turned on. Instead you might see a blue screen with a message that your computer ran into a problem and needs to restart.

CPU—Central processing unit

DIMM—Dual in-line memory module

**Daughterboard**—Type of circuit board that plugs into or is attached to the system board or similar expansion card to extend its features and services.

GPU–Graphics processor unit

**GTS**–General Troubleshooting Step

HDD–Hard drive

**KB**–Keyboard

LVDS–Low-Voltage Differential Signaling

MSG–Maintenance and Service Guide

**mWS**–Mobile Workstations

**WS**–Workstations

**OS**–Operating system

PC-Personal computer

POST-Power-On Self-Test

SSD-Solid-state drive

TSG-Troubleshooting Guide

**UEFI**–Unified Extensible Firmware Interface

WLAN–Wireless local area network

WWAN-Wireless wide area network

## Blinking lights and boot error codes

In some cases, when the host processor is not executing code or does not have the necessary code to drive the display, light blink codes inform you of a problem.

The following information is from the white paper <u>http://h10032.www1.hp.com/ctg/Manual/c04685655</u>.

#### Table 6-54 Blinking lights and boot error codes

Blink codes	Error
Amber battery light: blinks 1 Hz continuously	Embedded Controller unable to load firmware
Caps and num lk lights = 1 blink	Processor not executing code
Caps and num lk lights = 2 blinks	BIOS recovery code unable to find valid BIOS recovery image
Caps and num lk lights = 3 blinks	Memory module error
Caps and num lk lights = 4 blinks	Graphics controller error
Caps and num lk lights = 5 blinks	System board error
Caps and num lk lights = 6 blinks	Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) Error
Caps and num lk lights = 7 blinks	Sure Start unable to find valid BIOS Boot Block image
Caps and num lk lights = 8 blinks	Sure Start has identified a problem (Manual Recovery Policy Set)

### Processor not executing code

This computer experienced a problem due to the failure of certain code to execute, resulting in a failed startup of the processor.

The issue could be related to the processor or the system board in the computer. If the processor is socketed, be sure that the processor is seated correctly in the socket. If this error reoccurs, see <u>General troubleshooting</u> <u>steps on page 58</u>.

NOTE: The computer attempts to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an Off or Hibernated state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lk keys both **blink once**, followed by a pause, and then continue in a repeating pattern.

#### BIOS recovery code unable to find valid BIOS recovery image

This computer has experienced a problem in locating a valid BIOS image, resulting in a failed startup.

You can resolve this problem by placing a clean copy of the system BIOS on a USB key or in the appropriate hard drive directory and performing a reboot. If this error reoccurs, see <u>General troubleshooting steps on page</u> <u>58</u>.

NOTE: The computer attempts to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an Off or Hibernated state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lock keys both **blink twice**, followed by a pause, and then continue in a repeating pattern.

### Memory module error

This computer has experienced a memory initialization problem resulting in a failed startup. This issue might be related to the memory modules in the computer. You can resolve this problem by ensuring that memory modules are correctly inserted and seated.

If this error reoccurs, you must use a service event to determine the source of the error (memory modules or system board) and take the appropriate corrective action.

NOTE: The computer attempts to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an Off or Hibernated state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lock keys both **blink three times**, followed by a pause, and then continue in a repeating pattern.

## **Graphics Controller Error (No Controller)**

This computer has experienced a graphics controller initialization problem resulting in a failed startup. This issue might be related to the graphics controller in your machine.

You can resolve this problem by ensuring that the graphics controller module is seated correctly in machines with modular graphics. If this error reoccurs, you must use a service event to identify the source of the error and take the appropriate corrective action.

NOTE: The computer attempts to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an Off or Hibernated state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lock keys both **blink four times**, followed by a pause, and then continue in a repeating pattern.

#### Failure System Board Error

This computer has experienced a system board initialization problem resulting in a failed startup. This issue might be related to the system board in the computer. You must use a service event to identify the source of the error and take the appropriate corrective action.

NOTE: The computer attempts to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an Off or Hibernated state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lock keys both **blink five times**, followed by a pause, and then continue in a repeating pattern.

## Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) Error

This computer has experienced a problem related to the Intel Trusted Execution Technology resulting in a failed startup. The error occurs when three situations are true:

- The Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) has been enabled on the computer.
- Policies have been set to prevent startup if the BIOS measurement has changed.
- The BIOS measurement has changed.

#### For more information about Intel TXT, go to

http://www.intel.com/content/dam/www/public/us/en/documents/white-papers/trusted-execution-technology-security-p

You must use a service event to resolve this issue.

NOTE: The computer attempts to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an Off or Hibernated state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lock keys both **blink six times**, followed by a pause, and then continue in a repeating pattern.

### Sure Start unable to find valid BIOS Boot Block image

This computer has experienced a problem in locating a valid BIOS image, resulting in a failed startup. You must use a service event to identify the source of the error and take appropriate corrective action.

NOTE: The computer attempts to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an Off or Hibernated state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lock keys both **blink seven times**, followed by a pause, and then continue in a repeating pattern.

### Sure Start has identified a problem (Manual Recovery Policy Set)

This computer has experienced a problem in locating a valid BIOS image, resulting in a failed startup. HP Sure Start normally repairs this type of issue; however, on this computer HP Sure Start has been configured to operate in manual mode key sequence.

To proceed with the repair, press and hold the following keys: esc + up arrow + down arrow. To avoid the need for this manual recovery step, set the HP Sure Start recovery policy to automatic. If this error reoccurs, you must use a service event to identify the source of the error and take appropriate corrective action.

NOTE: The computer attempts to notify you of this problem through a series of blinking lights. When you attempt to turn on the computer from an Off or Hibernated state, lights associated with the caps lock and num lk keys both **blink eight times**, followed by a pause, and then continue in a repeating pattern.

## POST error messages and user actions

Use this information to determine the meaning of POST error messages.

Test description	Failure descriptions	Error code	Possible user actions
Product information	Invalid value	00A	Contact support for assistance.
Startup test	Memory module	200	Attempt to reseat the memory module and then repeat the test.
			Search <a href="http://www.hp.com/support">http://www.hp.com/support</a> for details about troubleshooting issues related to the memory module.

Table 6-55	POST error messages and user actions to address the error
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Test description	Failure descriptions	Error code	Possible user actions
			If the memory module still fails, contact support.
Startup test	Hard Disk 1 SMART	301	Attempt to reseat the hard drive and repeat the test.
			The hard disk drive might have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Startup test	Hard Disk 2 SMART	302	The hard drive might have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Startup test	Hard Disk 1 Quick	303	The hard drive might have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Startup test	Hard Disk 2 Quick	304	The hard drive might have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Run-in test	Memory module	200	Attempt to reseat the memory module and then repeat the test.
			Search <a href="http://www.hp.com/support">http://www.hp.com/support</a> for details about troubleshooting issues related to the memory module.
			If the memory module still fails, contact support.
Run-in test	Hard Disk 1 SMART	301	Attempt to reseat the hard drive and repeat the test.
			The hard drive might have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Run-in test	Hard Disk 2 SMART	302	The hard drive might have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Run-in test	Hard Disk 1 Quick	303	The hard drive might have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Run-in test	Hard Disk 2 Quick	304	The hard drive might have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Hard Disk Test	Hard Disk 1 SMART	301	Attempt to reseat the hard drive and repeat the test.
			The hard drive might have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Hard Disk Test	Hard Disk 2 SMART	302	The hard drive might have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Hard Disk Test	Hard Disk 1 Quick	303	The hard drive might have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Hard Disk Test	Hard Disk 2 Quick	304	The hard drive might have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Hard Disk Test	Hard Disk 1 Full	305	The hard drive might have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Hard Disk Test	Hard Disk 2 Full	306	The hard drive might have failed. Contact support for assistance.
Boot Device Manager	Boot device not found	3F0	This code indicates a potential problem with the hard drive. Run the hard drive test.
			See <u>https://support.hp.com/emea_africa-en/document/c01443371</u> for more information.
Boot Device	Hard Disk 1 Error	3F1	Indicates a potential problem with the hard drive. Run the hard drive test
Manager			See <a href="https://support.hp.com/emea_africa-en/document/c01443371">https://support.hp.com/emea_africa-en/document/c01443371</a> for more information.
Boot Device Manager	Hard Disk 2 Error	3F2	This code indicates a potential problem with the hard drive. Run the hard drive test.
			See <a href="https://support.hp.com/emea_africa-en/document/c01443371">https://support.hp.com/emea_africa-en/document/c01443371</a> for more information.
Boot Device Manager	Hard Disk 1 SMART	301	This code indicates a potential problem with the hard drive. Run the hard drive test.
			See <u>https://support.hp.com/emea_africa-en/document/c01443371</u> for more information.

#### Table 6-55 POST error messages and user actions to address the error (continued)

Test description	Failure descriptions	Error code	Possible user actions
Boot Device Manager	Hard Disk 2 SMART	302	This code indicates a potential problem with the hard drive. Run the hard drive test.
			See <a href="https://support.hp.com/emea_africa-en/document/c01443371">https://support.hp.com/emea_africa-en/document/c01443371</a> for more information.
BIOS Recovery	BIOS Recovery Occurred	500	This message indicates that BIOS recovery was completed successfully. No further action is required.
BIOS Application	BIOS Application Error	501	The BIOS installation might have become corrupted. Download the latest version of the BIOS and install it. See <u>4. Update BIOS and drivers on page 62</u> for more information.
			If reinstalling the BIOS fails, contact support for further assistance.
CMOS Recovery	CMOS Recovery Occurred	502	This message indicates that CMOS recovery was completed successfully. No further action is required.
Battery Check Primary Battery 601 This Replace		601	This code indicates that the primary battery has very low capacity.
	neplace		Search <a href="http://www.hp.com/support">http://www.hp.com/support</a> for details about using the HP Support Assistant to verify the battery capacity and, if necessary, order a replacement.
Battery Check Secondary Battery 602 Replace		602	This indicates that the secondary battery has very low capacity.
	heplace		Search <a href="http://www.hp.com/support">http://www.hp.com/support</a> for details about using the HP Support Assistant to verify the battery capacity and, if necessary, order a replacement.
Wireless Module	Not installed or	701	Reseat the wireless LAN adapter module, if your notebook supports it.
	responding		Because seating or reseating a wireless LAN adapter is unique to each computer model.
Fan	Fan not operating correctly	90B	The system fan might be malfunctioning.
	conectiy		For information about troubleshooting heat-related issues, see <a href="http://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c01007591">http://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c01007591</a> .
			A hard reset can sometimes restore the system fan to working order. Se <a href="https://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c01684768">https://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c01684768</a> for details.
			If the system fan continues to malfunction, contact support.

Table 6-55 POST error messages and user actions to address the error (continued	Table 6-55 POS	T error messages and	l user actions to a	address the error	(continued)
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## Routine maintenance for performance improvement

The table presents a summary of the suggested times for performing the routine maintenance tasks that are described in this document.

· · · · · ·	-	
Tasks		Weekly
Parfar was also also a		X

Tasks	Weekly	Monthly	Occasionally
Perform a system tune up.	Х		
Run Windows Update.	Х		
Scan for and remove viruses.	Х		
Scan for and remove spyware and adware.	Х		

#### Table 6-56 Routine maintenance tasks to improve performance (continued)

Tasks	Weekly	Monthly	Occasionally
Empty the Recycle Bin.	х		
Delete temporary Internet files.	Х		
Back up user files.		х	
Create a restore point.		х	
Defragment the hard drive.		х	
Run Scan Disk.		х	
Clean the exterior of the computer.			х
Close programs that are not being used.			Х
Prevent programs from loading at startup.			х
Remove rear cover and clean fan blades and vents with compressed air.			х

## Common blue screen error messages

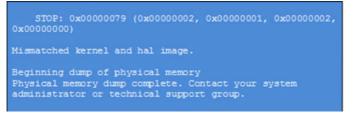
The following sections define blue screen error messages.

### Error message list

For an example of a Bug Check Code Reference, use this image.

#### For more information, see

https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/hardware/hh994433(v=vs.85).aspx.



Note that the hexadecimal number following the word "STOP" is called the bug check code or Stop code.

### **Bug check symbolic names**

Each bug check code also has an associated symbolic name.

In the example, the screen shows https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/hardware/ff559209(v=vs.85).aspx

### Microsoft general troubleshooting of Windows bug check codes

Use this information to troubleshoot Windows bug codes.

- If you recently added hardware to the system, try removing or replacing it. Or check with the manufacturer to see if any patches are available.
- Try running HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI).

- Check with the manufacturer to see if an updated system BIOS or firmware is available.
- Be sure that any expansion board is properly seated and all cables are completely connected.
- Confirm that any new hardware that is installed is compatible with the installed version of Windows.
- If new device drivers or system services have been added recently, try removing or updating them.
- NOTE: Use safe mode when removing or disabling components. Safe mode loads only the minimum required drivers and system services during the Windows startup. To enter safe mode, restart your computer and press f8 at the menu that displays the operating system choices. At the resulting **Windows Advanced Options** menu, choose **Safe Mode**.
- Run a virus detection program. Viruses can infect all types of hard drives formatted for Windows, and resulting drive corruption can generate system bug check codes. Be sure that the virus detection program checks the Master Boot Record for infections.
- Verify that the system has the latest service pack installed. To detect which service pack, if any, is installed on your system, click **Start**, click **Run**, type winver, and then press enter. The **About Windows** dialog box displays the Windows version number and the version number of the service pack, if one has been installed.
- Disable BIOS memory options such as caching or shadowing.
- Check the System Log and Application Log in Event Viewer to see if any additional error messages have been logged recently. These might pinpoint the cause of the error.

## **Use Windows Debugging Tool**

Debugging Tools for Windows are the primary tools used by Microsoft software developers to analyze and resolve errors that result in memory dumps.

Use the tool (<u>https://msdn.microsoft.com/library/windows/hardware/ff551063%20(v=vs.85).aspx</u>) to determine the cause of the error. Follow general steps for downloading, setting up, and using the Windows 10 debugging tool. A similar process is used for Windows 7 or Windows 8.

NOTE: The following screen shots provide only an example of the tool. Specifics shown are not representative of all applications of the debugging tool. This is a Microsoft tool supported by Microsoft.

### Windows Software Development Kit (SDK)

Use these steps to download and use the Windows SDK.

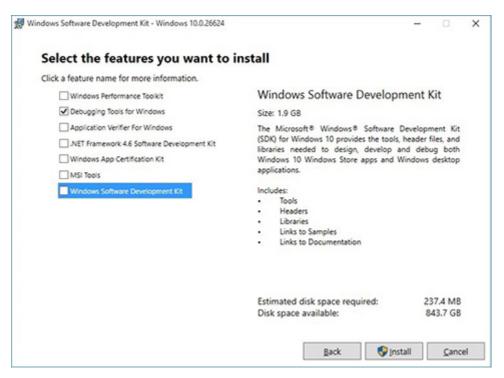
1. Download the SDK from the following link:

https://dev.windows.com/en-US/downloads/windows-10-sdk

2. Set up the SDK in the configuration window (Windows 10 shown).

Specify Location		
and the first set of the state		
Install the Windows Software Development Kit - W	indows 10.0.26624 to this compute	r
Install Path:		
C:\Program Files (x86)\Windows Kits\10\		Bro <u>w</u> se
<ul> <li>Download the Windows Software Development Kit computer</li> <li>Download Path:</li> </ul>	- Windows 10.0.26624 for installat	ion on a separate
computer		ion on a separate Browse
computer Download Path:		
computer Download Path:		
computer Download Path: C:\Users\admin\Downloads\Windows Kits\10\Stand	aloneSDK	
computer Download Path: C:\Users\admin\Downloads\Windows Kits\10\Stand Estimated disk space required:	aloneSDK 2.5 GB	

#### 3. Select features to install.



4. Run the SDK as an administrator.



- 5. Set the symbol path. Select File > Symbol File Path.
  - In the **Symbol path** box,

type SRV\*C:\Windows\symbol\_cache\*http://msdl.microsoft.com/download/ symbols.

• Save the workspace.

Edit View	Debug	Window	Help
Open Source F	ile		Ctrl+O
Close Current	Window		Ctrl+F4
Open Executal	ble		Ctrl+E
Attach to a Pre	ocess		F6
Open Crash D	ump		Ctrl+D
Connect to Re	mote Se	sion	Ctrl+R
Connect to Re	mote Stu	ib	
Kernel Debug.	-		Ctrl+K
Symbol File Pa	ith		Ctrl+S
Source File Pat	th		Ctrl+P
Image File Pat	h		Ctrl+I
Open Workspi	oce		Ctrl+W
Save Workspa	ce		
Save Workspa	ce As		
Clear Workspa	ce		
Delete Worksp	aces		
Open Workspi	ace in File	e	
Save Workspa	ce to File		
Map Network	Drive		
Disconnect Ne	twork Dr	ive	
Recent Eiles			
Exit			Alt+F4

#### 6. Open the crash dump file.

WinDbg:10.0.10240.9 AMD64 Edit View Debug Window	Help								
Open Source File	Ctrl+O								
Close Current Window	Ctrl+F4								
Open Executable	Ctrl+E	14							_
		8		Open Crash Dump					
Attach to a Process	F6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	This PC + Local Disk (C) + Windows +			v č	Search Windows		p
Open Crash Dump	Ctrl+D								
Connect to Remote Session	Ctrl+R	Organize · New fol	der					a • 0	0
Connect to Remote Stub Kernel Debug	Ctrl+K	Favorites	Name System32 SystemResources SystemResources	Date modified 12/5/2013 2:06 PM 8/22/2013 10:36 AM 12/5/2013 2:04 PM	Type File folder File folder File folder	Size			
Symbol File Path	Ctrl+S	32 years have	👗 TAPI	8/22/2013 10:36 AM	File folder				
		SkyDrive	👗 Taska	10/10/2013 1-23 PM	File folder				
Source File Path	Ctrl+P	Se selfune	👗 Temp	12/4/2013 12:04 PM	Filefolder				
Image File Path	Ctrl+I	This PC	🐊 ToestOute	11/18/2013 10:50					
		E Desitop	a tracing	8/22/2013 10:36 AM					
Open Workspace	Ctrl+W	E Decuments	👗 teain,32	8/22/2013 10:36 AM					
Save Workspace		Countrats	🌲 vprętlugins	8/22/2013 10:36 AM					
		Music	Ja Vas	8/22/2013 10:36 AM					
Save Workspace As		E Pictures	🗼 Web	6/22/2013 10:36 AM					
Clear Workspace		Videos	Ja Windtone	11/16/2013 10:50					
		Local Disk (C)	🐊 Wieds	11/16/2013 11:04			-		
Delete Workspaces			MEMORY.DMP	10/24/2013 12:18		2,141,047			
Open Workspace in File		Ge Maturity V	MEMORY, HEDRE	10/17/2013 3:15 PM	OMP File	12,502,99	9_		
Save Workspace to File		Fie:	pame MEMORX.0MP			¥	Crash Dump File	6	v
Market Bin							Quen N	Can	od
Map Network Drive Disconnect Network Drive		-					13		_
Recent Files	>								
Exit	Alt+F4								

7. Analyze the file. In the following memory dump sample, look for Bug Check 0x3B. The ATIKMAG driver needs to be investigated for further root cause.

Lookup for Bug Check 0xC2.

```
1: kd> lanalyze -v
                  Bugcheck Analysis
 ......
 SYSTEM_SERVICE_EXCEPTION (3b)
 An exception happened while executing a system service routine.
 Arguments:
Arg1: 000000000000000005, Exception code that caused the bugcheck
Arg2: fffff8006d927acf, Address of the instruction which caused the bugcheck
Arg3: ffffd00020e4e500, Address of the context record for the exception that caused the bugcheck
 Arg4: 000000000000000, zero.
 Debugging Details:
 BUGCHECK_P1: c0000005
 BUGCHECK_P2: fffff8006d927acf
 BUGCHECK_P3: ffffd00020e4e500
 BUGCHECK P4: 0
EXCEPTION_CODE: (NTSTATUS) 0xc0000005 - The instruction at 0x0p referenced memory at 0x0p. The memory
 FAULTING IP:
 atikmpag+2facf
 fffff800'6d927acf 4539bc2434030000 cmp dword ptr [r12+334h],r15d
SYMBOL_STACK_INDEX: 0
SYMBOL_NAME: atikmpag+2facf
FOLLOWUP NAME: MachineOwner
MODULE_NAME: atikmpag
 IMAGE NAME:
             atikmpag.sys
DEBUG_FLR_IMAGE_TIMESTAMP: 55479b42
STACK_COMMAND: .cxr 0xffffd00020e4e500 ; kb
BUCKET_ID_FUNC_OFFSET: 2facf
 FAILURE BUCKET_ID: 0x38_atikmpag!Unknown_Function
 BUCKET_ID: 0x38_atikmpag!Unknown_Function
 PRIMARY_PROBLEM_CLASS: 0x38_atikmpag!Unknown_Function
 ANALYSIS SOURCE: KM
 FAILURE_ID_HASH_STRING: km:0x3b_atikmpag!unknown_function
 FAILURE_ID_HASH: {adb80875-801c-005a-68e8-645bb2f2c848}
                                                                                         x
Command - Dump C:\Windows\MEMORY.DMP - WinDbg:6.3.9600.16384 AMD64
Loading User Symbols
Loading unloaded module list
                            Bugcheck Analysis
       Use <u>lanalyze -v</u> to get detailed debugging information
BugCheck C2, {7, 1205, 1159400, ffffe00001137358}
*** ERROR: Module load completed but symbols could not be loaded for nldrv.sys
Probably caused by : NETIO.SYS ( NETIO! ?? ::FNODOBFM::'string'+797c )
Followup: MachineOwner
 < 11
0: kd>
```

## Display issue: pixel anomalies

All HP notebook displays adhere to strict quality and reliability specifications. A small percentage of display panels might have minor cosmetic manufacturing anomalies or irregularities such as bright or dark dots in the viewable area. These cosmetic imperfections are common to all display panel types, not specifically HP products.

All display panel defects should be examined at the highest possible resolution using both the brightest and darkest possible backgrounds, because some subpixel failures might not be readily visible under certain conditions.

- Type 1: Bright dot on a dark background = Always On
- Type 2: Dark dot on a bright background = Always Off
- Combination = in any combination and any color that are always on or off

Use the HP PC Hardware Diagnostics (UEFI) tool to determine numbers of pixels and their distance. HP uses the following set of criteria when damaged displays are submitted for warranty coverage.

Source: http://support.hp.com/us-en/document/c00035844

#### Table 6-57 Electrical defect criteria

Panel resolution	Accept	Reject
Subpixel faults		
VGA, SVGA, SD, WSVGA, XGA, 720p, SD+, WXGA, HD	N ≤ 2 Type 1	N ≥ 3 Type 1
	N ≤ 2 Type 2	
WXGA+, SXGA+, HD+, SXGA+	N ≤ 3 Type 1	N ≥ 4 Type 1
	N ≤ 3 Type 2	
WSXGA+, UXGA, FHD, WUXGA	N ≤ 4 Type 1	N ≥ 5 Type 1
	N ≤ 4 Type 2	
QHD, QHD+, WQXGA, UD	N ≤ 5 Type 1	N ≥ 6 Type 1
	N ≤ 5 Type 2	
Electrical defect clusters (defects within a 5x5 pixel block)		
Minimum distance between ANY allowable defects (unless otherwise specified)	S ≥ 25 mm	S < 25 mm
Cluster with 2 or more subpixels with subpixel faults		Not allowed
Dim lines		Not allowed
Cross lines on/off		Not allowed
Horizontal lines on/off		Not allowed
Vertical lines on/off		Not allowed

NOTE: Examine all LCD panel defects at the highest possible resolution using both the brightest and darkest possible backgrounds, because some subpixel failures might not be readily visible under certain conditions.

**NOTE:** Contact support for assistance if issues are not listed.

## **Cable management**

Proper routing of the internal cables is critical to the operation of the computer. Follow good cable management practices when you have to remove and install components.

- Handle cables with care to avoid damage.
- Apply only the tension required to seat or unseat cables during insertion or removal from the connector.

- When possible, handle cables by the connector or pull-strap.
- Route cables in such a way that they cannot be caught or snagged by parts being removed or replaced.
- Keep cables away from direct contact with major heat sources, such as the heat sink. (Some air flow guides have a cable guide that lets you route cables safely around the heat sink.)
- Do not jam cables on top of daughterboards or memory modules (DIMMs). Circuit cards and DIMMs are not designed to take excessive pressure.
- Keep cables clear of any movable or rotating parts (such as a fan) to prevent them from being cut or crimped when the component is lowered into its normal position.
- In all cases, avoid bending or twisting the cables. Do not bend any cable sharply. A sharp bend can break the internal wires.
- Do not rely on components like the keyboard or service door to push cables down internally. Always position the cables to lie properly by themselves or in the cable guides and chassis areas designed for cable routing.
- **IMPORTANT:** Always release connector latch before removing the cable. Otherwise, pulling the cable could damage the cable pins and result in a failed device.

## **Connector types**

There are several types of connectors on the system board with different requirements for cable removal or insertion.

**IMPORTANT:** Do not touch connector pins and connector gold fingers directly with bare hands.

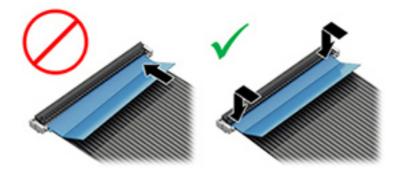
## **Flex cable**

Use this information to properly use flex cables.

When connecting flex cables to a ZIF connector, rotate the latch to 90°, push the cable completely, evenly into the connector, and then close the latch.

When removing flex cables from a ZIF connector on the system board, you must release the latch before removing the cable. Always follow these steps:

- 1. Flip the connector latch 90° to release the cable.
- 2. Grasp the cable end of the connector and pull it straight out.
- **IMPORTANT:** Always release connector latch before removing the cable. Otherwise, pulling the cable could damage the cable pins and result in a failed device.



## Horizontal cable insertion

Use flat tool to pull connector evenly. Do not pull on cable to remove.

Slide connector into receptacle on same horizontal plane as board and use a flat tool to push evenly into receptacle.



## Multiple-pin horizontal connector (LVDS cable to display panel)

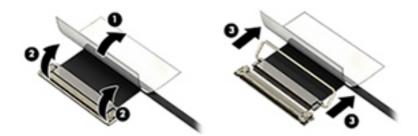
Use these procedures to properly insert and remove a multiple-pin horizontal connector.

Insert procedure:

- 1. Slide connector evenly into receptacle on same horizontal plane as PCB connector.
- 2. Pull lock bar to insert and push both side connector horizontally to firmly lock.
- 3. Tape down lock bar over the panel to hold in position.

Reverse the previous procedure to remove the connector:

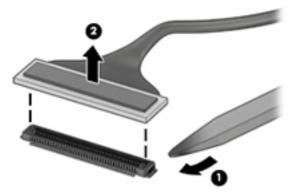
- 1. Remove tape.
- 2. Pull up bar (pull tape) and release the lock with the PCB connector.
- 3. Pull to the direction in parallel with PCB to withdraw the connector.



## Multiple-pin vertical connector (LVDS cable to system board)

Use this procedure to properly insert and remove a multiple-pin vertical connector.

- Remove the connector gasket before removing the connector.
- If the connector has a plastic pull tab, pull the tab to disconnect. Otherwise, use flat tool under the connector to remove evenly. Do not pull on the cable to remove.
- Press evenly when reseating, reconnecting, or installing the connector.



For more information about cable management, see <u>Cable management on page 125</u>.

# 7 Using Setup Utility (BIOS)

Setup Utility, or Basic Input/Output System (BIOS), controls communication between all the input and output devices on the system (such as disk drives, display, keyboard, mouse, and printer). Setup Utility (BIOS) includes settings for the types of devices installed, the startup sequence of the computer, and the amount of system and extended memory.

NOTE: To start Setup Utility on convertible computers, your computer must be in notebook mode and you must use the keyboard attached to your notebook.

## Starting Setup Utility (BIOS)

You have several ways to access the Setup Utility (BIOS).

- **IMPORTANT:** Use extreme care when making changes in Setup Utility (BIOS). Errors can prevent the computer from operating properly.
  - ▲ Turn on or restart the computer and quickly press f10.
    - or –

Turn on or restart the computer, quickly press esc, and then press f10 when the Start menu is displayed.

## Updating Setup Utility (BIOS)

Updated versions of Setup Utility (BIOS) might be available on the HP website. Most BIOS updates on the HP website are packaged in compressed files called *SoftPaqs*. Some download packages contain a file named Readme.txt, which contains information regarding installing and troubleshooting the file.

## **Determining the BIOS version**

To decide whether you need to update Setup Utility (BIOS), first determine the BIOS version on your computer.

To reveal the BIOS version information (also known as ROM date and System BIOS), use one of these options.

- HP Support Assistant
  - 1. Type support in the taskbar search box, and then select the HP Support Assistant app.

– or –

Select the question mark icon in the taskbar.

- 2. Select My notebook, and then select Specifications.
- Setup Utility (BIOS)
  - 1. Start Setup Utility (BIOS) (see <u>Starting Setup Utility (BIOS) on page 129</u>).
  - 2. Select Main, and then make note of the BIOS version.

- 3. Select **Exit**, select one of the options, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
- In Windows, press ctrl+alt+s.

To check for later BIOS versions, see Preparing for a BIOS update on page 130.

## Preparing for a BIOS update

Be sure to follow all prerequisites before downloading and installing a BIOS update.

- IMPORTANT: To reduce the risk of damage to the computer or an unsuccessful installation, download and install a BIOS update only when the computer is connected to reliable external power using the AC adapter. Do not download or install a BIOS update while the computer is running on battery power, docked in an optional docking device, or connected to an optional power source. During the download and installation, follow these instructions:
  - Do not disconnect power from the computer by unplugging the power cord from the AC outlet.
  - Do not shut down the computer or initiate Sleep.
  - Do not insert, remove, connect, or disconnect any device, cable, or cord.

NOTE: If your computer is connected to a network, consult the network administrator before installing any software updates, especially system BIOS updates.

## **Downloading a BIOS update**

After you review the prerequisites, you can check for and download BIOS updates.

1. Type support in the taskbar search box, and then select the HP Support Assistant app.

– or –

Select the question mark icon in the taskbar.

- 2. Select **Updates**, and then select **Check for updates and messages**.
- **3.** Follow the on-screen instructions.
- 4. At the download area, follow these steps:
  - a. Identify the most recent BIOS update and compare it to the BIOS version currently installed on your computer. If the update is more recent than your BIOS version, make a note of the date, name, or other identifier. You might need this information to locate the update later, after it has been downloaded to your hard drive.
  - b. Follow the on-screen instructions to download your selection to the hard drive.

Make a note of the path to the location on your hard drive where the BIOS update is downloaded. You will need to access this path when you are ready to install the update.

## **Installing a BIOS update**

BIOS installation procedures vary. Follow any instructions that appear on the screen after the download is complete. If no instructions appear, follow these steps.

- 1. Type file in the taskbar search box, and then select **File Explorer**.
- 2. Select your hard drive designation. The hard drive designation is typically Local Disk (C:).

- 3. Using the hard drive path you recorded earlier, open the folder that contains the update.
- 4. Double-click the file that has an .exe extension (for example, *filename*.exe).

The BIOS installation begins.

- 5. Complete the installation by following the on-screen instructions.
- NOTE: After a message on the screen reports a successful installation, you can delete the downloaded file from your hard drive.

# 8 Computer Setup (BIOS), TPM, and HP Sure Start

HP provides several tools to help set up and protect your computer.

## **Using Computer Setup**

Computer Setup, or Basic Input/Output System (BIOS), controls communication between all the input and output devices on the system (such as hard drives, display, keyboard, mouse, and printer). Computer Setup includes settings for types of devices installed, the startup sequence of the computer, and amount of system and extended memory.

NOTE: Use extreme care when making changes in Computer Setup. Errors can prevent the computer from operating properly.

To start Computer Setup, turn on or restart the computer, and when the HP logo appears, press f10 to enter Computer Setup.

## Navigating and selecting in Computer Setup

You can navigate and select in Computer Setup using one or more methods.

- To select a menu or a menu item, use the tab key and the keyboard arrow keys and then press enter, or use a pointing device to select the item.
- To scroll up and down, select the up arrow or the down arrow in the upper-right corner of the screen, or use the up arrow key or the down arrow key on the keyboard.
- To close open dialog boxes and return to the main Computer Setup screen, press esc, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

To exit Computer Setup, choose one of the following methods:

- To exit Computer Setup menus without saving your changes, select **Main**, select **Ignore Changes and Exit**, and then select **Yes**.
- **NOTE:** If you are using arrow keys to highlight your choice, you must then press enter.
- To save your changes and exit Computer Setup menus, select Main, select Save Changes and Exit, and then select Yes.
- **NOTE:** If you are using arrow keys to highlight your choice, you must then press enter.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

## **Restoring factory settings in Computer Setup**

To return all settings in Computer Setup to the values that were set at the factory, follow these steps.

- **NOTE:** Restoring defaults will not change the hard drive mode.
  - 1. Start Computer Setup. See <u>Using Computer Setup on page 132</u>.
  - 2. Select Main, select Apply Factory Defaults and Exit, and then select Yes.
  - NOTE: If you are using arrow keys to highlight your choice, you must then press enter.
  - NOTE: On select products, the selections might display **Restore Defaults** instead of **Apply Factory Defaults and Exit**.

Your changes go into effect when the computer restarts.

NOTE: Your password settings and security settings are not changed when you restore the factory settings.

## **Updating the BIOS**

Updated versions of the BIOS might be available on the HP website. Most BIOS updates on the HP website are packaged in compressed files called *SoftPags*.

Some download packages contain a file named Readme.txt, which contains information regarding installing and troubleshooting the file.

#### **Determining the BIOS version**

To decide whether you need to update Computer Setup (BIOS), first determine the BIOS version on your computer.

You can access BIOS version information (also known as *ROM date* and *System BIOS*) by pressing fn+esc (if you are already in Windows) or by using Computer Setup.

- 1. Start Computer Setup. See <u>Using Computer Setup on page 132</u>.
- 2. Select Main, and then select System Information.
- **3.** To exit Computer Setup menus without saving your changes, select **Main**, select **Ignore Changes and Exit**, and then select **Yes**.
- **NOTE:** If you are using arrow keys to highlight your choice, you must then press enter.

To check for later BIOS versions, see <u>Preparing for a BIOS update on page 133</u>.

## **Preparing for a BIOS update**

Be sure to follow all prerequisites before downloading and installing a BIOS update.

IMPORTANT: To reduce the risk of damage to the computer or an unsuccessful installation, download and install a BIOS update only when the computer is connected to reliable external power using the AC adapter. Do not download or install a BIOS update while the computer is running on battery power, docked in an optional docking device, or connected to an optional power source. During the download and installation, follow these instructions:

Do not disconnect power on the computer by unplugging the power cord from the AC outlet.

Do not shut down the computer or initiate Sleep.

Do not insert, remove, connect, or disconnect any device, cable, or cord.

#### Downloading a BIOS update

After you review the prerequisites, you can check for and download BIOS updates.

1. Type support in the taskbar search box, and then select the HP Support Assistant app.

– or –

Select the question mark icon in the taskbar.

- 2. Select **Updates**, and then select **Check for updates and messages**.
- **3.** Follow the on-screen instructions.
- 4. At the download area, follow these steps:
  - a. Identify the most recent BIOS update and compare it to the BIOS version currently installed on your computer. Make a note of the date, name, or other identifier. You might need this information to locate the update later, after it has been downloaded to your hard drive.
  - **b.** Follow the on-screen instructions to download your selection to the hard drive.

Make a note of the path to the location on your hard drive where the BIOS update is downloaded. You will need to access this path when you are ready to install the update.

NOTE: If you connect your computer to a network, consult the network administrator before installing any software updates, especially system BIOS updates.

#### **Installing a BIOS update**

BIOS installation procedures vary. Follow any instructions that are displayed on the screen after the download is complete. If no instructions are displayed, follow these steps.

- **1.** Type file in the taskbar search box, and then select **File Explorer**.
- 2. Select your hard drive designation. The hard drive designation is typically Local Disk (C:).
- 3. Using the hard drive path you recorded earlier, open the folder that contains the update.
- 4. Double-click the file that has an .exe extension (for example, *filename*.exe).

The BIOS installation begins.

- 5. Complete the installation by following the on-screen instructions.
- NOTE: After a message on the screen reports a successful installation, you can delete the downloaded file from your hard drive.

## Changing the boot order using the f9 prompt

To dynamically choose a boot device for the current startup sequence, follow these steps.

- 1. Access the Boot Device Options menu:
  - Turn on or restart the computer, and when the HP logo appears, press f9 to enter the Boot Device Options menu.
- 2. Select a boot device, press enter, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

## TPM BIOS settings (select products only)

TPM provides additional security for your computer. You can modify the TPM settings in Computer Setup (BIOS).

- IMPORTANT: Before enabling Trusted Platform Module (TPM) functionality on this system, you must ensure that your intended use of TPM complies with relevant local laws, regulations and policies, and approvals or licenses must be obtained if applicable. For any compliance issues arising from your operation or usage of TPM that violates the previously mentioned requirement, you shall bear all the liabilities wholly and solely. HP will not be responsible for any related liabilities.
- **NOTE:** If you change the TPM setting to Hidden, TPM is not visible in the operating system.

To access TPM settings in Computer Setup:

- 1. Start Computer Setup. See Using Computer Setup on page 132.
- 2. Select Security, select TPM Embedded Security, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

## Using HP Sure Start (select products only)

Select computer models are configured with HP Sure Start, a technology that monitors the computer's BIOS for attacks or corruption. If the BIOS becomes corrupted or is attacked, HP Sure Start automatically restores the BIOS to its previously safe state, without user intervention.

HP Sure Start is configured and already enabled so that most users can use the HP Sure Start default configuration. Advanced users can customize the default configuration.

To access the latest documentation on HP Sure Start, go to <u>http://www.hp.com/support</u>. Select **Find your product**, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

# 9 Backing up, resetting, and recovering

This chapter provides information about processes that are standard procedure for most products.

# **Backing up**

You can back up your data to an optional USB flash drive or SD memory card or through Google Drive.

For detailed information about creating a backup, go to <u>http://www.support.google.com</u>.

# Resetting

A factory reset erases all the information on your computer hard drive, including all the files in the Downloads folder. Before you reset, make sure to back up your files to an optional USB flash drive, SD memory card, or through Google Drive. The factory reset will not delete any of your files on Google Drive or an external storage device.

**IMPORTANT:** Resetting permanently erases everything on your computer hard drive, including your downloaded files. If possible, back up your files before you reset your computer.

You might want to reset your computer in the following circumstances:

- You see the message "Reset this Chrome device."
- You are having problems with your user profile or settings.
- You have tried restarting your computer, and it is still not working properly.
- You want to change the owner of your computer.

To reset your computer:

- 1. Under the Settings menu, click Advanced.
- 2. In the **Powerwash** section, click **Powerwash**.
- 3. Click **Restart**, and then sign in with your Google Account.
- NOTE: The account you sign in with after you reset your computer will be recognized as the owner account.
- 4. Follow the on-screen instructions to reset your computer.
- 5. Once you complete the reset, you can set up your computer and check to see whether the problem is fixed.

# Recovering

When your Chrome OS<sup>™</sup> operating system is not working properly, you can perform a recovery. A recovery reinstalls the operating system and software programs and restores the original factory settings. Locally

saved files and saved networks are deleted for all accounts. Your Google Accounts and any data synced to your Google Drive™ storage are not affected by a system recovery.

**NOTE:** For more information about performing a system recovery on your computer, go to <a href="http://www.support.google.com">http://www.support.google.com</a>

Before beginning the recovery process, you need the following:

- A USB flash drive or SD memory card with a capacity of 4 GB or greater. All data is erased from this storage device when the recovery media is created, so back up any files from the device before you begin.
- A computer with internet access. You must also have administrative rights to the computer.
- Computer AC adapter. The computer must be plugged into AC power during recovery.
- The "Chrome OS is missing or damaged" screen displaying on your computer. If this message is not already displayed:
  - Turn on the computer, press and hold the esc + f3 keys, and then press the power button. The computer restarts, and the screen shows the "Chrome OS is missing or damaged" screen.

## Installing the Chromebook Recovery Utility

The Chromebook<sup>™</sup> Recovery Utility is an app used to recover the original operating system and software programs that were installed at the factory. This utility can be installed from the Chrome Web Store on any computer.

To install the Chromebook Recovery Utility:

Open the Chrome Web Store, search for , click Chromebook Recovery Utility from the Apps list, and follow the on-screen instructions.

#### Creating recovery media

Recovery media is used to recover the original operating system and software programs that were installed at the factory.

To create recovery media:

- 1. Turn on a computer with Internet access.
- **NOTE:** You must have administrative rights to the computer.
- 2. Click the Launcher icon, and then click All Apps.
- 3. In the Apps window, click **Recovery**, and then click **Get started**.
- 4. Follow the on-screen instructions to create the recovery media.
- NOTE: All data and partitions on your recovery media will be deleted. Do not remove the USB fl ash drive or SD memory card until the process is complete.

### Recovering the Chrome operating system

To recover the Chrome operating system on your computer using the recovery media you created:

1. Disconnect any external devices connected to your computer, plug in the power cord, and then turn on the computer.

- 2. To enter recovery mode, press and hold esc + f3, and then press the power button. When the "Chrome OS is missing or damaged" screen displays, insert the recovery media into your computer. The recovery process begins immediately.
- 3. Wait while Chrome verifies the integrity of the recovery media.
- NOTE: If you need to cancel the recovery during the verification process, press and hold the power button until the computer turns off. Do not disrupt the system recovery process after the verification step is complete.
- NOTE: If an error message displays, you might need to run the Chrome Recovery Utility again, or use a different USB flash drive or SD memory card.
- 4. When the "System Recovery is complete" message displays, remove the recovery media.

The computer restarts with Chrome OS reinstalled.

# Setting up your computer after a reset or recovery

After a reset or recovery is complete, perform the initial setup process.

For details on setting up the computer, go to <a href="http://www.support.google.com">http://www.support.google.com</a>.

# Erase and reformat the recovery media

During the process of creating recovery media, the USB flash drive or SD memory card is formatted for use as a recovery tool. After you recover your computer, you will need to erase the recovery media if you want to reuse your USB flash drive or SD memory card to store other files. Use the steps in this section to erase the recovery media using the Chromebook Recovery Utility.

- 1. Click the Launcher icon, and then click All Apps.
- 2. In the apps window, click **Recovery**.
- 3. Click the Settings icon, and then click Erase recovery media.
- 4. Select the USB flash drive or SD memory card you inserted, click **Continue**, and then click **Erase now**.
- 5. After the recovery media is erased, click **Done** to close the Chromebook Recovery Utility, and then remove the USB flash drive or SD memory card.

The media is ready to be formatted using a formatting tool provided by your operating system.

# 10 Backing up, restoring, and recovering

You can use Windows tools or HP software to back up your information, create a restore point, reset your computer, create recovery media, or restore your computer to its factory state. Performing these standard procedures can return your computer to a working state faster.

- **IMPORTANT:** If you will be performing recovery procedures on a tablet, the tablet battery must be at least 70% charged before you start the recovery process.
- IMPORTANT: For a tablet with a detachable keyboard, connect the tablet to the keyboard base before beginning any recovery process.

# Backing up information and creating recovery media

These methods of creating recovery media and backups are available on select products only.

# Using Windows tools for backing up

HP recommends that you back up your information immediately after initial setup. You can do this task either using Windows Backup locally with an external USB drive or using online tools.

- **IMPORTANT:** Windows is the only option that allows you to back up your personal information. Schedule regular backups to avoid information loss.
- **NOTE:** If computer storage is 32 GB or less, Microsoft<sup>®</sup> System Restore is disabled by default.

# Using the HP Cloud Recovery Download Tool to create recovery media (select products only)

You can use the HP Cloud Recovery Download Tool to create HP Recovery media on a bootable USB flash drive.

For details:

- ▲ Go to <u>http://www.hp.com</u>, search for HP Cloud Recovery, and then select the result that matches the type of computer that you have.
- NOTE: If you cannot create recovery media yourself, contact support to obtain recovery discs. Go to <a href="http://www.hp.com/support">http://www.hp.com/support</a>, select your country or region, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
- IMPORTANT: HP recommends that you follow the <u>Restoring and recovery methods on page 140</u> to restore your computer before you obtain and use the HP recovery discs. Using a recent backup can return your machine to a working state sooner than using the HP recovery discs. After the system is restored, reinstalling all the operating system software released since your initial purchase can be a lengthy process.

# Restoring and recovering your system

You have several tools available to recover your system both within and outside of Windows if the desktop cannot load.

HP recommends that you attempt to restore your system using the <u>Restoring and recovery methods on page</u> <u>140</u>.

## Creating a system restore

System Restore is available in Windows. The System Restore software can automatically or manually create restore points, or snapshots, of the system files and settings on the computer at a particular point.

When you use System Restore, it returns your computer to its state at the time you made the restore point. Your personal files and documents should not be affected.

## **Restoring and recovery methods**

After you run the first method, test to see whether the issue still exists before you proceed to the next method, which might now be unnecessary.

- 1. Run a Microsoft System Restore.
- 2. Run Reset this PC.
- NOTE: The options **Remove everything** and then **Fully clean the drive** can take several hours to complete and leave no information on your computer. It is the safest way to reset your computer before you recycle it.
- Recover using HP Recovery media. For more information, see <u>Recovering using HP Recovery media on</u> page 140.

For more information about the first two methods, see the Get Help app:

Select the **Start** button, select the **Get Help** app, and then enter the task you want to perform.

**NOTE:** You must be connected to the internet to access the Get Help app.

## **Recovering using HP Recovery media**

You can use HP Recovery media to recover the original operating system and software programs that were installed at the factory. On select products, it can be created on a bootable USB flash drive using the HP Cloud Recovery Download Tool.

For details, see <u>Using the HP Cloud Recovery Download Tool to create recovery media (select products only) on</u> page 139.

NOTE: If you cannot create recovery media yourself, contact support to obtain recovery discs. Go to <u>http://www.hp.com/support</u>, select your country or region, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

To recover your system:

- ▲ Insert the HP Recovery media, and then restart the computer.
- NOTE: HP recommends that you follow the <u>Restoring and recovery methods on page 140</u> to restore your computer before you obtain and use the HP recovery discs. Using a recent backup can return your machine to a working state sooner than using the HP recovery discs. After the system is restored, reinstalling all the operating system software released since your initial purchase can be a lengthy process.

# Changing the computer boot order

If your computer does not restart using the HP Recovery media, you can change the computer boot order, the order of devices listed in BIOS for startup information. You can select an optical drive or a USB flash drive, depending on the location of your HP Recovery media.

IMPORTANT: For a tablet with a detachable keyboard, connect the tablet to the keyboard base before beginning these steps.

To change the boot order:

- 1. Insert the HP Recovery media.
- 2. Access the system Startup menu.
  - For computers or tablets with keyboards attached, turn on or restart the computer or tablet, quickly press esc, and then press f9 for boot options.
  - For tablets without keyboards, turn on or restart the tablet, quickly press and hold the volume up button, and then select **f9**.

– or –

Turn on or restart the tablet, quickly press and hold the volume down button, and then select **f9**.

3. Select the optical drive or USB flash drive from which you want to boot, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

## Using HP Sure Recover (select products only)

Select computer models are configured with HP Sure Recover, a PC operating system (OS) recovery solution built into the hardware and software. HP Sure Recover can fully restore the HP OS image without installed recovery software.

Using HP Sure Recover, an administrator or user can restore the system and install:

- Latest version of the operating system
- Platform-specific device drivers
- Software applications, in the case of a custom image

To access the latest documentation for HP Sure Recover, go to <u>http://www.hp.com/support</u>. Follow the on-screen instructions to find your product and locate your documentation.

# 11 Using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics

You can use the HP PC Hardware Diagnostics utility to determine whether your computer hardware is running properly. The three versions are HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows, HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI (Unified Extensible Firmware Interface), and (for select products only) Remote HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI, a firmware feature.

# Using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows (select products only)

HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows is a Windows-based utility that allows you to run diagnostic tests to determine whether the computer hardware is functioning properly. The tool runs within the Windows operating system to diagnose hardware failures.

If HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows is not installed on your computer, first you must download and install it. To download HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows, see <u>Downloading HP PC Hardware Diagnostics</u> <u>Windows on page 143</u>.

# Using an HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows hardware failure ID code

When HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows detects a failure that requires hardware replacement, a 24-digit failure ID code is generated for select component tests. For interactive tests, such as keyboard, mouse, or audio and video palette, you must perform troubleshooting steps before you can receive a failure ID.

- You have several options after you receive a failure ID:
  - Select Next to open the Event Automation Service (EAS) page, where you can log the case.

– or –

• Scan the QR code with your mobile device, which takes you to the EAS page, where you can log the case.

– or –

• Select the box next to the 24-digit failure ID to copy your failure code and send it to support.

## Accessing HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows

After HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows is installed, you can access it from HP Support Assistant or the Start menu.

#### Accessing HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows from HP Help and Support (select products only)

After HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows is installed, follow these steps to access it from HP Help and Support.

- 1. Select the Start button, and then select HP Help and Support.
- 2. Select HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows.
- **3.** When the tool opens, select the type of diagnostic test that you want to run, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

NOTE: To stop a diagnostic test, select **Cancel**.

#### Accessing HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows from Support Assistant

After HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows is installed, follow these steps to access it from HP Support Assistant.

1. Type support in the taskbar search box, and then select the HP Support Assistant app.

– or –

Select the question mark icon in the taskbar.

- 2. Select Troubleshooting and fixes.
- 3. Select Diagnostics, and then select HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows.
- 4. When the tool opens, select the type of diagnostic test that you want to run, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
- **NOTE:** To stop a diagnostic test, select **Cancel**.

#### Accessing HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows from the Start menu (select products only)

After HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows is installed, follow these steps to access it from the Start menu.

- 1. Select the **Start** button.
- 2. Right-click HP PC Hardware Diagnostics for Windows, select More, and then select Run as administrator.
- 3. When the tool opens, select the type of diagnostic test that you want to run, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
- NOTE: To stop a diagnostic test, select **Cancel**.

## **Downloading HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows**

The HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows downloading instructions are provided in English only. You must use a Windows computer to download this tool because only .exe files are provided.

#### Downloading the latest HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows version from HP

To download HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows from HP, follow these steps.

- 1. Go to <u>http://www.hp.com/go/techcenter/pcdiags</u>. The HP PC Diagnostics home page is displayed.
- Select Download HP Diagnostics Windows, and then select the specific Windows diagnostics version to download to your computer or a USB flash drive.

The tool downloads to the selected location.

#### Downloading the HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows from the Microsoft Store

You can download the HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows from the Microsoft Store.

1. Select the Microsoft Store app on your desktop or enter Microsoft Store in the taskbar search box.

- 2. Enter HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows in the Microsoft Store search box.
- **3.** Follow the on-screen directions.

The tool downloads to the selected location.

#### Downloading HP Hardware Diagnostics Windows by product name or number (select products only)

You can download HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows by product name or number.

- NOTE: For some products, you might have to download the software to a USB flash drive by using the product name or number.
  - 1. Go to <u>http://www.hp.com/support</u>.
  - 2. Select **Software and Drivers**, select your type of product, and then enter the product name or number in the search box that is displayed.
  - 3. In the **Diagnostics** section, select **Download**, and then follow the on-screen instructions to select the specific Windows diagnostics version to be downloaded to your computer or USB flash drive.

The tool downloads to the selected location.

#### Installing HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows

To install HP PC Hardware Diagnostics Windows, navigate to the folder on your computer or the USB flash drive where the .exe file downloaded, double-click the .exe file, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

# Using HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI

HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI (Unified Extensible Firmware Interface) allows you to run diagnostic tests to determine whether the computer hardware is functioning properly. The tool runs outside the operating system so that it can isolate hardware failures from issues that are caused by the operating system or other software components.

NOTE: For Windows 10 S computers, you must use a Windows computer and a USB flash drive to download and create the HP UEFI support environment because only .exe files are provided. For more information, see <u>Downloading HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI to a USB flash drive on page 145</u>.

If your PC does not start in Windows, you can use HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI to diagnose hardware issues.

## Using an HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI hardware failure ID code

When HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI detects a failure that requires hardware replacement, a 24-digit failure ID code is generated.

For assistance in solving the problem:

Select Contact HP, accept the HP privacy disclaimer, and then use a mobile device to scan the failure ID code that appears on the next screen. The HP Customer Support - Service Center page appears with your failure ID and product number automatically filled in. Follow the on-screen instructions.

– or –

Contact support, and provide the failure ID code.

- NOTE: To start diagnostics on a convertible computer, your computer must be in notebook mode, and you must use the attached keyboard.
- **NOTE:** If you need to stop a diagnostic test, press esc.

## Starting HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI

To start HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI, follow this procedure.

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, and quickly press esc.
- 2. Press f2.

The BIOS searches three places for the diagnostic tools, in the following order:

- a. Connected USB flash drive
- NOTE: To download the HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI tool to a USB flash drive, see <u>Downloading the latest HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI version on page 145</u>.
- b. Hard drive
- c. BIOS
- **3.** When the diagnostic tool opens, select a language, select the type of diagnostic test you want to run, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

# Downloading HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI to a USB flash drive

Downloading HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI to a USB flash drive can be useful in some situations.

- HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI is not included in the preinstallation image.
- HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI is not included in the HP Tool partition.
- The hard drive is damaged.
- NOTE: The HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI downloading instructions are provided in English only, and you must use a Windows computer to download and create the HP UEFI support environment because only .exe files are provided.

### Downloading the latest HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI version

To download the latest HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI version to a USB flash drive, follow this procedure.

- 1. Go to <u>http://www.hp.com/go/techcenter/pcdiags</u>. The HP PC Diagnostics home page is displayed.
- 2. Select Download HP Diagnostics UEFI, and then select Run.

#### Downloading HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI by product name or number (select products only)

You can download HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI by product name or number (select products only) to a USB flash drive.

- NOTE: For some products, you might have to download the software to a USB flash drive by using the product name or number.
  - 1. Go to <u>http://www.hp.com/support</u>.

- 2. Enter the product name or number, select your computer, and then select your operating system.
- **3.** In the **Diagnostics** section, follow the on-screen instructions to select and download the specific UEFI Diagnostics version for your computer.

# Using Remote HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI settings (select products only)

Remote HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI is a firmware (BIOS) feature that downloads HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI to your computer. It can then execute the diagnostics on your computer, and it might upload results to a preconfigured server.

For more information about Remote HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI, go to http://www.hp.com/go/techcenter/pcdiags, and then select **Find out more**.

# **Downloading Remote HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI**

HP Remote PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI is also available as a SoftPaq that you can download to a server.

### Downloading the latest Remote HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI version

You can download the latest HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI version to a USB flash drive.

- 1. Go to http://www.hp.com/go/techcenter/pcdiags. The HP PC Diagnostics home page is displayed.
- 2. Select **Download Remote Diagnostics**, and then select **Run**.

#### Downloading Remote HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI by product name or number

You can download HP Remote PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI by product name or number.

- NOTE: For some products, you might have to download the software by using the product name or number.
  - 1. Go to http://www.hp.com/support.
  - 2. Select **Software and Drivers**, select your type of product, enter the product name or number in the search box that is displayed, select your computer, and then select your operating system.
  - 3. In the **Diagnostics** section, follow the on-screen instructions to select and download the **Remote UEFI** version for the product.

## **Customizing Remote HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI settings**

Using the Remote HP PC Hardware Diagnostics setting in Computer Setup (BIOS), you can perform several customizations.

- Set a schedule for running diagnostics unattended. You can also start diagnostics immediately in interactive mode by selecting **Execute Remote HP PC Hardware Diagnostics**.
- Set the location for downloading the diagnostic tools. This feature provides access to the tools from the HP website or from a server that has been preconfigured for use. Your computer does not require the traditional local storage (such as a hard drive or USB flash drive) to run remote diagnostics.
- Set a location for storing the test results. You can also set the user name and password that you use for uploads.

• Display status information about the diagnostics run previously.

To customize Remote HP PC Hardware Diagnostics UEFI settings, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn on or restart the computer, and when the HP logo appears, press f10 to enter Computer Setup.
- 2. Select Advanced, and then select Settings.
- 3. Make your customization selections.
- 4. Select Main, and then Save Changes and Exit to save your settings.

Your changes take effect when the computer restarts.

# **12** Specifications

This chapter provides specifications for your computer.

# **Computer specifications**

This section provides specifications for your computer. When traveling with your computer, the computer dimensions and weights, as well as input power ratings and operating specifications, provide helpful information.

<b>Table 12-1</b>	Computer specifications
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	Metric	U.S.		
Dimensions				
Width	34.2 mm	13.5 in		
Depth	197.5 mm	7.78 in		
Height	16.1 mm	0.63 in		
Weight	1.13 kg	2.49 lbs		
Input power				
Operating voltage and current	19.5 V dc @ 3.33 A – 65 W	19.5 V dc @ 3.33 A – 65 W		
Temperature				
Operating	5°C to 35°C	41°F to 95°F		
Nonoperating	-20°C to 60°C	–4°F to 140°F		
Relative humidity (noncondensing)				
Operating	10% to 90%			
Nonoperating	5% to 95%			
Maximum altitude (unpressurized)				
Operating	–15 m to 3,048 m	–50 ft to 10,000 ft		
Nonoperating	–15 m to 12,192 m	–50 ft to 40,000 ft		

**NOTE:** Applicable product safety standards specify thermal limits for plastic surfaces. The device operates well within this range of temperatures.

# 34.3 cm (13.5 in) display specifications

This section provides specifications for your display.

#### Table 12-2 Display specifications

	Metric	U.S.	
Active diagonal size	34.3 cm	13.5 in	
Resolution	1920 × 1080 (FHD)		
	3840 × 2160 (UHD)		
Surface treatment	Antiglare (FHD, UHD panels)		
	BrightView (OLED panel)		
Brightness			
	300 nits (FHD, 72% NTSC/100% sRG	B panels)	
	400 nits (UHD panel)		
Viewing angle	UWVA		
Backlight	WLED		
	AMOLED		
Display panel interface	eDP		

# Solid-state drive specifications

This section provides specifications for your solid-state drives.

#### Table 12-3 Solid-state drive specifications

	256 GB*	512 GB*	1 TB*	
Dimensions				
Height	1.0 mm	1.0 mm	1.0 mm	
Length	50.8 mm	50.8 mm	50.8 mm	
Width	28.9 mm	28.9 mm	28.9 mm	
Weight	< 10 g	< 10 g	< 10 g	
Interface type	PCIe	PCIe	PCIe	
Ready time, maximum (to not busy)	1.0 ms	< 1.0 ms	1.0 ms	
Access times, logical	0.1 ms	0.1 ms	0.1 ms	
Transfer rate				
Sequential read	up to 2150 MB/s	up to 2150 MB/s	up to 2150 MB/s	
Random read	Up to 300,000 IOPs	Up to 300,000 IOPs	Up to 300,000 IOPs	
Sequential write	up to 1550 MB/s	up to 1550 MB/s	up to 1550 MB/s	
Random write	Up to 100,000 IOPs	Up to 100,000 IOPs	Up to 100,000 IOPs	
Total logical sectors	468,883,296	1,000,215,216	1,500,336,388	
Operating temperature	<b>0°C to 70°C</b> (32°F to 1	<b>0°C to 70°C</b> (32°F to 158°F)		

#### Table 12-3 Solid-state drive specifications (continued)

	256 GB*	512 GB*	1 TB*			
*1 GB = 1 billion bytes when referring to hard drive storage capacity. Actual accessible capacity is less. Actual drive specifications may differ slightly.						
NOTE: Certain restrictions and exclusions apply. Con	tact support for detai	ls.				

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# 13 Statement of memory volatility

For general information regarding nonvolatile memory in HP business computers, and to restore nonvolatile memory that can contain personal data after the system has been turned off and the hard drive has been removed, use these instructions.

HP business computer products that use Intel®-based or AMD®-based system boards contain volatile DDR memory. The amount of nonvolatile memory present in the system depends upon the system configuration. Intel-based and AMD-based system boards contain nonvolatile memory subcomponents as originally shipped from HP, with the following assumptions:

- No subsequent modifications were made to the system.
- No applications, features, or functionality were added to or installed on the system.

Following system shutdown and removal of all power sources from an HP business computer system, personal data can remain on volatile system memory (DIMMs) for a finite period of time and also remains in nonvolatile memory. Use the following steps to remove personal data from the computer, including the nonvolatile memory found in Intel-based and AMD-based system boards.

NOTE: If your tablet has a keyboard base, connect to the keyboard base before beginning steps in this chapter.

# **Current BIOS steps**

Use these instructions to restore nonvolatile memory.

- Follow these steps to restore the nonvolatile memory that can contain personal data. Restoring
  or reprogramming nonvolatile memory that does not store personal data is neither necessary nor
  recommended.
  - **a.** Turn on or restart the computer, and then quickly press esc.
  - **NOTE:** If the system has a BIOS administrator password, enter the password at the prompt.
  - b. Select Main, select Apply Factory Defaults and Exit, and then select Yes to load defaults. The computer restarts.
  - c. During the restart, press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
  - **NOTE:** If the system has a BIOS administrator password, enter the password at the prompt.
  - d. Select the Security menu, select Restore Security Settings to Factory Defaults, and then select Yes to restore security level defaults. The computer reboots.
  - e. During the reboot, press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
  - NOTE: If the system has a BIOS administrator password, enter the password at the prompt.

- f. If an asset or ownership tag is set, select the Security menu and scroll down to the Utilities menu. Select System IDs, and then select Asset Tracking Number. Clear the tag, and then make the selection to return to the prior menu.
- g. If a DriveLock password is set, select the Security menu, and scroll down to Hard Drive Utilities under the Utilities menu. Select Hard Drive Utilities, select DriveLock, and then clear the check box for DriveLock password on restart. Select OK to proceed.
- **h.** Select the **Main** menu, and then select **Reset BIOS Security to factory default**. Select **Yes** at the warning message. The computer reboots.
- i. During the reboot, press esc while the "Press the ESC key for Startup Menu" message is displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- **NOTE:** If the system has a BIOS administrator password, enter the password at the prompt.
- j. Select the Main menu, select Apply Factory Defaults and Exit, select Yes to save changes and exit, and then select Shutdown.
- Reboot the system. If the system has a Trusted Platform Module (TPM), fingerprint reader, or both, one or two prompts will appear—one to clear the TPM and the other to Reset Fingerprint Sensor.
   Press or tap f1 to accept or f2 to reject.
- I. Remove all power and system batteries for at least 24 hours.
- 2. Complete one of the following:
  - Remove and retain the storage drive.

– or –

• Clear the drive contents by using a third-party utility designed to erase data from an SSD.

– or –

- Clear the contents of the drive by using the following BIOS Setup Secure Erase command option steps:
- **NOTE:** If you clear data using Secure Erase, you cannot recover it.
  - **a.** Turn on or restart the computer, and then quickly press esc.
  - **b.** Select the **Security** menu and scroll down to the esc menu.
  - c. Select Hard Drive Utilities.
  - **d.** Under **Utilities**, select **Secure Erase**, select the hard drive storing the data you want to clear, and then follow the on-screen instructions to continue.

– or –

Clear the contents of the drive using the following Disk Sanitizer commands steps:

- i. Turn on or restart the computer, and then quickly press esc.
- ii. Select the **Security** menu and scroll down to the **Utilities** menu.
- iii. Select Hard Drive Utilities.

- iv. Under Utilities, select Disk Sanitizer, select the hard drive with the data that you want to clear, and then follow the on-screen instructions to continue.
- NOTE: The amount of time it takes for Disk Sanitizer to run can take several hours. Plug the computer into an AC outlet before starting.

# Nonvolatile memory usage

Use this table to troubleshooting nonvolatile memory usage.

Nonvolatile memory type	Amount (Size)	Does this memory store customer data?	Does this memory retain data when power is removed?	What is the purpose of this memory?	How is data entered into this memory?	How is this memory write-protected?
HP Sure Start flash (select models only)	8 MB	No	Yes	Provides protected backup of critical System BIOS code, EC firmware, and critical computer configuration data for select platforms that support HP Sure Start. For more information, see <u>Using HP</u> <u>Sure Start</u> (select products only) on page 157.	Data cannot be written to this device via the host processor. The content is managed solely by the HP Sure Start Embedded Controller.	This memory is protected by the HP Sure Start Embedded Controller.
Real Time Clock (RTC) battery backed-up CMOS configuration memory	256 bytes	No	Yes	Stores system date and time and noncritical data.	RTC battery backed-up CMOS is programmed using Computer Setup (BIOS), or by changing the Windows date & time.	This memory is not write-protected.
Controller (NIC) EEPROM	64 KB (not customer accessible)	No	Yes	Stores NIC configuration and NIC firmware.	NIC EEPROM is programmed using a utility from the NIC vendor that can be run from DOS.	A utility must be used to write data to this memory and is available from the NIC vendor. Writing data to this ROM in an inappropriate manne will render the NIC nonfunctional.
DIMM Serial Presence Detect (SPD) configuration data	256 bytes per memory module, 128 bytes programmabl	No	Yes	Stores memory module information.	DIMM SPD is programmed by the memory vendor.	Data cannot be writte to this memory when the module is installed in a computer. The specifi

Table 13-1 Troub	leshooting steps	for nonvolatile memor	ry usage
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Nonvolatile memory type	Amount (Size)	Does this memory store customer data?	Does this memory retain data when power is removed?	What is the purpose of this memory?	How is data entered into this memory?	How is this memory write-protected?
						write-protection method varies by memory vendor.
System BIOS	9 MB	Yes	Yes	Stores system BIOS code and computer configuration data.	System BIOS code is programmed at the factory. Code is updated when the system BIOS is updated. Configuration data and settings are entered using the Computer Setup (BIOS) or a custom utility.	NOTE: Writing data to this ROM in an inappropriate manner can render the computer nonfunctional. A utility must be used for writing data to this memory and is available on the HP website; go to http://www.hp.com, support. Select Find your product, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
Intel Management Engine Firmware (present only in select Elite or Z models. For more information, go to http://www.hp.co Identify your product for manuals and specific product information, and then follow the on-screen instructions.)	1.5 MB or 7 MB <u>m/support</u> . Select	Yes	Yes	Stores Management Engine Code, Settings, Provisioning Data and iAMT third-party data store.	Management Engine Code is programmed at the factory. Code is updated via Intel secure firmware update utility. Unique Provisioning Data can be entered at the factory or by an administrator using the Management Engine (MEBx) setup utility. The third-party data store contents can be populated by a remote management console or local applications that have been registered by an administrator to have access to the space.	The Intel chipset is configured to enforce hardware protection to block all direct read- write access to this area. An Intel utility must be used for updating the firmware. Only firmware updates digitally signed by Intel can be applied using this utility.
Bluetooth flash (select products only)	2 megabits	No	Yes	Stores Bluetooth configuration and firmware.	Bluetooth flash is programmed at the factory. Tools for writing data to this memory are not publicly available but can be obtained from the silicon vendor.	A utility must be used for writing data to this memory and is made available through newer versions of the driver whenever the flash requires an upgrade.
802.11 WLAN EEPROM	4 kilobits to 8 kilobits	No	Yes	Stores configuration and calibration data.	802.11 WLAN EEPROM is programmed at the factory. Tools for writing data to this memory are not made public.	A utility must be used for writing data to this memory and is typically not made available to the public unless a firmware upgrade is necessary to address a unique issue.

Table 13-1 Troubleshoo	ing steps for nonvolatile memory usage	(continued)
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Nonvolatile memory type	Amount (Size)	Does this memory store customer data?	Does this memory retain data when power is removed?	What is the purpose of this memory?	How is data entered into this memory?	How is this memory write-protected?
Camera (select products only)	64 kilobits	No	Yes	Stores camera configuration and firmware.	Camera memory is programmed using a utility from the device manufacturer that can be run from Windows.	A utility must be used for writing data to this memory and is typically not made available to the public unless a firmware upgrade is necessary to address a unique issue.
Fingerprint reader (select products only)	512 KB flash	Yes	Yes	Stores fingerprint templates.	Fingerprint reader memory is programmed by user enrollment in HP ProtectTools Security Manager.	Only a digitally signed application can make the call to write to the flash.

# **Questions and answers**

Use this section to answer your questions about nonvolatile memory.

- 1. How can the BIOS settings be restored (returned to factory settings)?
- **IMPORTANT:** The restore defaults feature does not securely erase any information on your hard drive. See question and answer 6 for steps to securely erase information.

The restore defaults feature does not reset the Custom Secure Boot keys. See question and answer 7 for information about resetting the keys.

- a. Turn on or restart the computer, and then quickly press esc.
- b. Select Main, and then select Apply Factory Defaults and Exit.
- c. Follow the on-screen instructions.
- d. Select Main, select Save Changes and Exit, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

#### 2. What is a UEFI BIOS, and how is it different from a legacy BIOS?

The Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) BIOS is an industry-standard software interface between the platform firmware and an operating system (OS). It replaces the older BIOS architecture but supports much of the legacy BIOS functionality.

Like the legacy BIOS, the UEFI BIOS provides an interface to display the system information and configuration settings and to change the configuration of your computer before an OS is loaded. BIOS provides a secure runtime environment that supports a Graphic User Interface (GUI). In this environment, you can use either a pointing device (touch screen, touchpad, pointing stick, or USB mouse) or the keyboard to navigate and make menu and configuration selections. The UEFI BIOS also contains basic system diagnostics.

The UEFI BIOS provides functionality beyond that of the legacy BIOS. In addition, the UEFI BIOS works to initialize the computer's hardware before loading and executing the OS; the runtime environment allows the loading and execution of software programs from storage devices to provide more functionality, such as advanced hardware diagnostics (with the ability to display more detailed system information) and advanced firmware management and recovery software.

HP has provided options in Computer Setup (BIOS) to allow you to run in legacy BIOS, if required by the operating system. Examples of this requirement would be if you upgrade or downgrade the OS.

#### 3. Where is the UEFI BIOS located?

The UEFI BIOS is located on a flash memory chip. You must use a utility to write to the chip.

# 4. What kind of configuration data is stored on the DIMM Serial Presence Detect (SPD) memory module? How would this data be written?

The DIMM SPD memory contains information about the memory module, such as size, serial number, data width, speed and timing, voltage, and thermal information. This information is written by the module manufacturer and stored on an EEPROM. You cannot write to this EEPROM when the memory module is installed in a computer. Third-party tools do exist that can write to the EEPROM when the memory module is not installed in a computer. Various third-party tools are available to read SPD memory.

5. What is meant by "Restore the nonvolatile memory found in Intel-based system boards"?

This message relates to clearing the Real Time Clock (RTC) CMOS memory that contains computer configuration data.

#### 6. How can the BIOS security be reset to factory defaults and erase the data?

#### **IMPORTANT:** Resetting results in the loss of information.

These steps do not reset Custom Secure Boot Keys. See question and answer 7 for information about resetting the keys.

- a. Turn on or restart the computer, and then quickly press esc.
- b. Select Main, and then select Reset Security to Factory Defaults.
- c. Follow the on-screen instructions.
- d. Select Main, select Save Changes and Exit, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

#### 7. How can the Custom Secure Boot Keys be reset?

Secure Boot is a feature to ensure that only authenticated code can start on a platform. If you enabled Secure Boot and created Custom Secure Boot Keys, disabling Secure Boot does not clear the keys. You must also select to clear the Custom Secure Boot Keys. Use the same Secure Boot access procedure that you used to create the Custom Secure Boot Keys, but select to clear or delete all Secure Boot Keys.

- a. Turn on or restart the computer, and then quickly press esc.
- b. Select the **Security** menu, select **Secure Boot Configuration**, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
- c. At the **Secure Boot Configuration** window, select **Secure Boot**, select **Clear Secure Boot Keys**, and then follow the on-screen instructions to continue.

# Using HP Sure Start (select products only)

Select computer models are configured with HP Sure Start, a technology that continuously monitors your computer's BIOS for attacks or corruption.

If the BIOS becomes corrupted or is attacked, HP Sure Start restores the BIOS to its previously safe state, without user intervention. Those select computer models ship with HP Sure Start configured and enabled. HP Sure Start is configured and already enabled so that most users can use the HP Sure Start default configuration. Advanced users can customize the default configuration.

To access the latest documentation on HP Sure Start, go to <u>http://www.hp.com/support</u>.

# **14 Power cord set requirements**

This chapter provides power cord requirements for countries and regions.

The wide-range input feature of the computer permits it to operate from any line voltage from 100 V ac to 120 V ac, or from 220 V ac to 240 V ac.

The three-conductor power cord set included with the computer meets the requirements for use in the country or region where the equipment is purchased.

Power cord sets for use in other countries or regions must meet the requirements of the country and region where the computer is used.

# **Requirements for all countries**

These power cord requirements are applicable to all countries and regions.

- The length of the power cord set must be at least 1.0 m (3.3 ft) and no more than 2.0 m (6.5 ft).
- All power cord sets must be approved by an acceptable accredited agency responsible for evaluation in the country or region where the power cord set will be used.
- The power cord sets must have a minimum current capacity of 10 A and a nominal voltage rating of 125 V ac or 250 V ac, as required by the power system of each country or region.
- The appliance coupler must meet the mechanical configuration of an EN 60 320/IEC 320 Standard Sheet C13 connector for mating with the appliance inlet on the back of the computer.

# **Requirements for specific countries and regions**

To determine power cord requirements for specific countries and regions, use this table.

Country/region	Accredited agency	Applicable note number
Argentina	IRAM	1
Australia	SAA	1
Austria	OVE	1
Belgium	CEBEC	1
Brazil	ABNT	1
Canada	CSA	2
Chile	IMQ	1
Denmark	DEMKO	1
Finland	FIMKO	1
France	UTE	1
Germany	VDE	1

 Table 14-1
 Power cord requirements for specific countries and regions

· .		
Country/region	Accredited agency	Applicable note number
India	BIS	1
Israel	SII	1
Italy	IMQ	1
Japan	JIS	3
Netherlands	KEMA	1
New Zealand	SANZ	1
Norway	NEMKO	1
People's Republic of China	CCC	4
Saudi Arabia	SASO	7
Singapore	PSB	1
South Africa	SABS	1
South Korea	KTL	5
Sweden	SEMKO	1
Switzerland	SEV	1
Taiwan	BSMI	6
Thailand	TISI	1
United Kingdom	ASTA	1
United States	UL	2

Table 14-1 Power cord requirements for specific countries and regions	(continued)
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- 1. The flexible cord must be Type HO5VV-F, three-conductor, 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> conductor size. Power cord set fittings (appliance coupler and wall plug) must bear the certification mark of the agency responsible for evaluation in the country or region where it will be used.
- 2. The flexible cord must be Type SVT/SJT or equivalent, No. 18 AWG, three-conductor. The wall plug must be a two-pole grounding type with a NEMA 5-15P (15 A, 125 V ac) or NEMA 6-15P (15 A, 250 V ac) configuration. CSA or C-UL mark. UL file number must be on each element.
- 3. The appliance coupler, flexible cord, and wall plug must bear a T mark and registration number in accordance with the Japanese Dentori Law. The flexible cord must be Type VCTF, three-conductor, 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> or 1.25 mm<sup>2</sup> conductor size. The wall plug must be a two-pole grounding type with a Japanese Industrial Standard C8303 (7 A, 125 V ac) configuration.
- 4. The flexible cord must be Type RVV, three-conductor, 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> conductor size. Power cord set fittings (appliance coupler and wall plug) must bear the CCC certification mark.
- 5. The flexible cord must be Type H05VV-F three-conductor, 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> conductor size. KTL logo and individual approval number must be on each element. Approval number and logo must be printed on a flag label.
- 6. The flexible cord must be Type HVCTF three-conductor, 1.25 mm<sup>2</sup> conductor size. Power cord set fittings (appliance coupler, cable, and wall plug) must bear the BSMI certification mark.
- 7. For 127 V ac, the flexible cord must be Type SVT or SJT 3-conductor, 18 AWG, with plug NEMA 5-15P (15 A, 125 V ac), with UL and CSA or C-UL marks. For 240 V ac, the flexible cord must be Type H05VV-F three-conductor, 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> or 1.00 mm<sup>2</sup> conductor size, with plug BS 1363/A with BSI or ASTA marks.

# 15 Recycling

When a nonrechargeable or rechargeable battery has reached the end of its useful life, do not dispose of the battery in general household waste. Follow the local laws and regulations in your area for battery disposal.

HP encourages customers to recycle used electronic hardware, HP original print cartridges, and rechargeable batteries. For more information about recycling programs, see the HP website at <a href="http://www.hp.com/recycle">http://www.hp.com/recycle</a>.

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